# British/US culture (Pr. EL HADARI)

## Lecture3:

### Dating system in the UK:

Some abbreviations:

B.C: Before Christ (Jesus Christ).

B.C.E: Before Christian era.

A.D: After the birth of Jesus / in the year of lord.

C.E: Common/Current Era.

C.: Cicera (about / approximatly).

A.U.C: (Roman time) from the founding of the city of Rome.

There are three main calendars which can be considered when we talk about the dating system in the UK:

Roman calendar	Julian calendar	Gregorian calendar
<ul> <li>It is lunar</li> <li>It was originally made up of 10 months and of a year of 304 days</li> <li>Developed in Rome before the C.E</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>It is solar</li> <li>Made up of 12 months and of a year 365/366 days</li> <li>Created by Julius CEASAR who added two months January and February</li> <li>Made official in 46 B.C</li> <li>Replaced with the Gregorian calendar in 1582</li> <li>Used by the Orthodox Christians</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>It is solar</li> <li>Made up of 12 months</li> <li>It was created by Pope Gregory who wanted to change Julian calendar with ran a few minutes each day</li> <li>Great Britain changed to the Gregorian calendar in 1752</li> <li>This calendar used in most parts of the world</li> <li>It is used by the Catholic Christians</li> </ul>

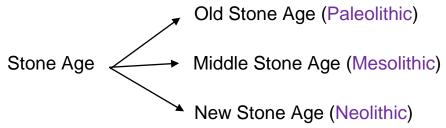
### Britain's pre-History:

(Period before the invention of writing and the beginning of history)

- 1) There is no accurate picture about Britain's pre-history because of the absence of written records.
- 2) A lot of islands in the UK were not inhabited.
- 3) The identity of very first Britons is still a mystery. Nothing is dead sure about this period.
- 4) Recent archeological finds/discoveries and the use of highly developed and sophisticated tools to know more about this period have over-turned the ideas already established about Britain's pre-History.
- 5) Different human species visited prehistoric Britain according to archeological research, for instance:
  - O Homo Heidelbergensis: These are the oldest human remains found in England date from about C. 500.000 years ago belonged to a tall man from this species. In 2010 archeologists found some tools which dated back to C. 900.000 years ago. They used these tools by early humans known as Hominids.
  - Hominids: Who periodically visited Britain in warmer eras between Ice-ages
- 6) Britain was a peninsula of the European continent.
- 7) Pre-historic British society was not static. It was in constant change as it moved from one age to another.

## Britain in the Stone Age:

- 1) This age dates back C. 2,5 million years ago.
- 2) This age is most often divided to three main Ages:



## Paleolithic Age:

- -During the Old Stone Age, British people used mainly Stones to make tools that help them overcome the difficulties/hardships/challenges imposed on them by nature.
- -They were nomads who travelled from mainland, Europe to Britain by land and sea.
- -They used stones with cutting edges for hunting animals.
- -They rubbed stones to get fire for cooking.

#### Mesolithic Age:

- -British people sharpened stones to do well in hunting. They consumed the flesh (meat) of animals and the fruits they gathered (collected).
- -They also consumed fish.

## o Neolithic Age:

- -They started learning farming.
- -They started cultivating the land with help of animals. They started producing grains, fruits and vegetables from seeds.
- -They used stones and wood to prepare food.

### > Britain in the Ice-Age:

The Ice-Ages started C.2, 4 million years ago



- Glacial Age: The period was marked with cold temperature and the advances of Glaciers (large body of ice covering mountain/lands.....)
- Inter-glacial Age: The period between two Glaciers. Caracterized by warm temperature.