British/US culture (Pr. EL HADARI)

Lecture3:

Dating system in the UK:

Some abbreviations:

B.C: Before Christ (Jesus Christ).

B.C.E: Before Christian era.

A.D: After the birth of Jesus / in the year of lord.

C.E: Common/Current Era.

C.: Cicera (about / approximatly).

A.U.C: (Roman time) from the founding of the city of Rome.

There are three main calendars which can be considered when we talk about the dating system in the UK:

Roman calendar	Julian calendar	Gregorian calendar
 It is lunar It was originally made up of 10 months and of a year of 304 days Developed in Rome before the C.E 	 It is solar Made up of 12 months and of a year 365/366 days Created by Julius CEASAR who added two months January and February Made official in 46 B.C Replaced with the Gregorian calendar in 1582 Used by the Orthodox Christians 	 It is solar Made up of 12 months It was created by Pope Gregory who wanted to change Julian calendar with ran a few minutes each day Great Britain changed to the Gregorian calendar in 1752 This calendar used in most parts of the world It is used by the Catholic Christians

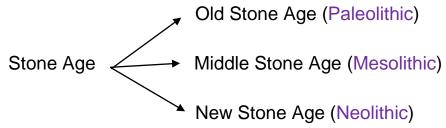
Britain's pre-History:

(Period before the invention of writing and the beginning of history)

- 1) There is no accurate picture about Britain's pre-history because of the absence of written records.
- 2) A lot of islands in the UK were not inhabited.
- 3) The identity of very first Britains is still a mystery. Nothing is dead sure about this period.
- 4) Recent archeological finds/discoveries and the use of highly developed and sophisticated tools to know more about this period have over-turned the ideas already established about Britain's pre-History.
- 5) Different human species visited prehistoric Britain according to archeological research, for instance:
 - O Homo Heidelbergensis: These are the oldest human remains found in England date from about C. 500.000 years ago belonged to a tall man from this species. In 2010 archeologists found some tools which dated back to C. 900.000 years ago. They used these tools by early humans known as Hominids.
 - Hominids: Who periodically visited Britain in warmer eras between Ice-ages
- 6) Britain was a peninsula of the European continent.
- 7) Pre-historic British society was not static. It was in constant change as it moved from one age to another.

Britain in the Stone Age:

- 1) This age dates back C. 2,5 million years ago.
- 2) This age is most often divided to three main Ages:



Paleolithic Age:

- -During the Old Stone Age, British people used mainly Stones to make tools that help them overcome the difficulties/hardships/challenges imposed on them by nature.
- -They were nomads who travelled from mainland, Europe to Britain by land and sea.
- -They used stones with cutting edges for hunting animals.
- -They rubbed stones to get fire for cooking.

Mesolithic Age:

- -British people sharpened stones to do well in hunting. They consumed the flesh (meat) of animals and the fruits they gathered (collected).
- -They also consumed fish.

o Neolithic Age:

- -They started learning farming.
- -They started cultivating the land with help of animals. They started producing grains, fruits and vegetables from seeds.
- -They used stones and wood to prepare food.

> Britain in the Ice-Age:

The Ice-Ages started C.2, 4 million years ago



- Glacial Age: The period was marked with cold temperature and the advances of Glaciers (large body of ice covering mountain/lands.....)
- Inter-glacial Age: The period between two Glaciers. Caracterized by warm temperature.