Your location: Assessments > View All Submissions > View Attempt

## View Attempt 1 of 2

Title: Review Quiz Tutorial 03: Validating an XML Document

Started: February 9, 2011 9:39 PM Submitted: February 9, 2011 10:26 PM

Time spent: <u>00:46:27</u>

**Total score: 19/20 = 95%** Total score adjusted by 0.0 Maximum possible score: 20

### Done

1.

It is not required that all elements be declared in the DTD in a valid document.

	Student Response		Correct Answer	Feedback
	L. False	100%	$\checkmark$	
2	2. True			

Score: 1/1

2.

An element type declaration cannot specify the order in which elements appear in the document.

	Student Response	Value	Correct Answer	Feedback
1. 7	True			
	False	100%	✓	

Score: 1/1

3.

It is very common to specify the exact number of duplicate elements in a content model.

	Student Response		<b>Correct Answer</b>	Feedback
1	True			
₽ 2	. False	100%	$\checkmark$	

Score: 1/1

4.

The four modifying symbols available can modify entire element sequences or choices

Student V Response	alue Correct A	nswer Feedback	
1. True			

Student Respon		Correct Answer	Feedback
2. False	100%	$\checkmark$	

Score: 1/1

5.

Declarations for elements with multiple attributes are often easier to interpret if the attributes are declared separately rather than in one long declaration.

	Student Response		<b>Correct Answer</b>	Feedback
□ 1	. True	100%	$\checkmark$	
2	. False			

Score: 1/1

6.

A DTD is entered into the document in a statement called a document \_\_\_\_\_ declaration.

	Student Response		<b>Correct Answer</b>	Feedback
<b>∌</b> 1.	type	100%	<b>✓</b>	
2.	index			
3.	basis			
4.	element			

Score: 1/1

7.

External subsets have \_\_\_\_\_ types of locations.

	Student Response		<b>Correct Answer</b>	Feedback
1	six			
2	2. three			
	3. two	100%	✓	
4	l. four			

Score: 1/1

8.

Which of the following is a type of location for an external subset?

		Student Response	Value	<b>Correct Answer</b>	Feedback
	1. undeclared				
1	<b>)</b> 2.	public	100%	$\checkmark$	

Student Response	 Correct Answer	Feedback
3. qualified		
4. internal		

Score: 1/1

9.

The \_\_\_\_\_ value for the content model in an element declaration does not place any restrictions on the element's content.

	Student Response		<b>Correct Answer</b>	Feedback
1.	EMPTY			
2.	Mixed			
3.	ANY	100%	<b>✓</b>	
4.	#PCDATA			

Score: 1/1

### 10.

The \_\_\_\_\_ value for the content model in an element declaration means the element can contain both parsed character data and child elements.

	Student Response		Correct Answer	Feedback
1.	Mixed	100%	<b>✓</b>	
2.	вотн			
3.	Elements			
4.	#PCDATA			

Score: 1/1

### 11.

The most general type of content model is \_\_\_\_\_.

	udent sponse		<b>Correct Answer</b>	Feedback
1. mi	xed			
	CDATA	0%		
3. EM	IPTY			
4. AN	Υ		<b>✓</b>	

Score: 0/1

The declaration \_\_\_\_\_ would permit this element in an XML document: <name>Lea Ziegler</name>.

	Student Response	Value	Correct Answer	Feedback
1.	ELEMENT<br products ALL>			
2.	ELEMENT<br products EMPTY>			
3.	ELEMENT<br name (#PCDATA)>		<b>✓</b>	
4.	ELEMENT<br products (#CHAR)>			

Score: 1/1

#### 13.

The \_\_\_\_\_ symbol indicates that an element occurs zero or one time.

	Student Response		<b>Correct Answer</b>	Feedback
1.	&			
2.	?	100%	$\checkmark$	
3.	^			
4.	+			

Score: 1/1

### 14.

The \_\_\_\_\_ symbol indicates that an element occurs 0 times or more.

			Student Response	Value	<b>Correct Answer</b>	Feedback
	1	L.	?			
E	h 2	2.	*	100%	<b>✓</b>	
	3	3.	+			
	_	1.	^			

Score: 1/1

# 15.

The attributes of the attribute value type \_\_\_\_\_ contain an accepted XML name.

Student Valu Response	e Correct Answer	Feedback
1. IDREF		

		Student Response		<b>Correct Answer</b>	Feedback
2	<u>)</u> 2.	NMTOKEN	100%	$\checkmark$	
	3.	ENTITY			
	4.	ID			

16.

Score:

1/1

Identify the letter of the choice that best matches the phrase or definition.

References content that is either nontextual or that cannot be interpreted by an  $\mathsf{XML}$  parser

Used when you want to insert content into a DTD itself

The smaller chunks into which a DTD can be broken

Enables you to divide a DTD into two parts: one interpreted by parsers and one containing declarations that parsers ignore

References content to be used within an XML document

general entity
module
internal entity
unparsed
entity
conditional
section
parsed entity
external entity
parameter
entity

Statement	Response	Value	Correct Match
References content that is either nontextual or that cannot be interpreted by an XML parser	unparsed entity	20.0%	unparsed entity
Used when you want to insert content into a DTD itself	parameter entity	20.0%	parameter entity
The smaller chunks into which a DTD can be broken	module	20.0%	module
Enables you to divide a DTD into two parts: one interpreted by parsers and one containing declarations that parsers ignore	conditional section	20.0%	conditional section
References content to be used within an XML document	general entity	20.0%	general entity

Score: 5/5

Done