

ADVANCED DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM LAB**Name: VYSHNAVI BABU S****Roll No: 55****Batch: B****Date: 08/04/2022****Experiment No.: 3****Aim**

To Familiarize DDL Commands- ALTER, DROP, TRUNCATE, RENAME.

1.Create a table emp with attributes empno number(4)as primary key, ename char(10),hiredate, salary, commission

insert 5 rows of data

101	Ramesh	17-Jan 1980	5000	
102	Ajay	05-Jul 1985	5000	500
103	Ravi	12-Aug 1981	1500	
104	Nikesh	03-Mar 1983	3000	700
105	Ravi	05-jul 1985	3000	

2.Modifying the structure of tables

- Add new columns: sal number (7,2)
- Dropping a column from a table: sal
- Modifying existing column:ename varchar2(15)
- Renaming the tables: emp to emp1
- Truncating the tables: emp1
- Destroying tables:emp

3.Create a table stud with sname varchar2(20) primary key, rollno number (10) not null,dob date not null

4.Create a table student as regno number (6), mark number (3) check constraint (mark >=0 and mark <=100));

5.Create a table cust with (custid number (6) constraint unique, name char(10))

Procedure

SQL Commands

```
CREATE DATABASE EMPLOYEE;
```

```
USE EMPLOYEE;
```

```
CREATE TABLE EMP (EMPNO int(4) PRIMARY KEY,ENAME char(10), HIREDATE date, SALARY int(5),COMMISSION int(5));
```

```
INSERT INTO emp(EMPNO, ENAME,HIREDATE,SALARY,COMMISSION) VALUES (101,'RAMESH','1980-01-17',5000,0),(102,'AJAY','1985-07-05',5000,500), (103,'RAVI','1981-08-12',1500,0),(104,'Nikesh','1983-03-03',3000,700), (105,'Ravi','1985-07-05',3000,0);
```

Output Screenshot

1.

```
SELECT *FROM EMP;
```

	EMPNO	ENAME	HIREDATE	SALARY	COMMISSION
▶	101	RAMESH	1980-01-17	5000	0
	102	AJAY	1985-07-05	5000	500
	103	RAVI	1981-08-12	1500	0
	104	Nikesh	1983-03-03	3000	700
	105	Ravi	1985-07-05	3000	0
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

2.

a.

```
ALTER TABLE emp ADD sal int;
```

	EMPNO	ENAME	HIREDATE	SALARY	COMMISSION	sal
▶	101	RAMESH	1980-01-17	5000	0	NULL
	102	AJAY	1985-07-05	5000	500	NULL
	103	RAVI	1981-08-12	1500	0	NULL
	104	Nikesh	1983-03-03	3000	700	NULL
	105	Ravi	1985-07-05	3000	0	NULL
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

EMP 10 ×

b.

ALTER TABLE emp DROP COLUMN sal;

	EMPNO	ENAME	HIREDATE	SALARY	COMMISSION
▶	101	RAMESH	1980-01-17	5000	0
	102	AJAY	1985-07-05	5000	500
	103	RAVI	1981-08-12	1500	0
	104	Nikesh	1983-03-03	3000	700
	105	Ravi	1985-07-05	3000	0
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

c.

ALTER TABLE emp MODIFY ename VARCHAR (15);

	EMPNO	ename	HIREDATE	SALARY	COMMISSION
▶	101	RAMESH	1980-01-17	5000	0
	102	AJAY	1985-07-05	5000	500
	103	RAVI	1981-08-12	1500	0
	104	Nikesh	1983-03-03	3000	700
	105	Ravi	1985-07-05	3000	0
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

d.

RENAME table emp to emp1;

SELECT *FROM emp1;

	EMPNO	ename	HIREDATE	SALARY	COMMISSION
▶	101	RAMESH	1980-01-17	5000	0
	102	AJAY	1985-07-05	5000	500
	103	RAVI	1981-08-12	1500	0
	104	Nikesh	1983-03-03	3000	700
	105	Ravi	1985-07-05	3000	0
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

e.

TRUNCATE TABLE emp1;

	EMPNO	ename	HIREDATE	SALARY	COMMISSION
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

f.

```
DROP TABLE emp1;
```

```
SELECT *FROM emp1;
```



3.

```
CREATE TABLE stud (sname varchar (20) PRIMARY KEY, rollno int NOT NULL, dob date NOT NULL);
```

	sname	rollno	dob
	NULL	NULL	NULL

4.

```
Create table student (regno int, mark int(3) constraint b check (mark >=0 and mark <=100)); SELECT * from STUDENT;
```

	regno	mark
--	-------	------

5.

```
CREATE TABLE cust(custid int(6) UNIQUE, name char(10));
```

```
select *from cust;
```

	custid	name
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