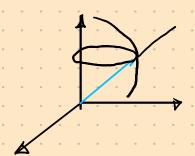
Kunematura marepuaronon Forku

Copennecuo cue-mo



$$\vec{q} = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda \\ \psi \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{r} = \begin{bmatrix} r \cos \psi \cos \lambda \\ r \cos \psi \sin \lambda \\ r \sin \psi \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{V} = \vec{q} \cdot \vec{q}_i = \sum_i K_i \cdot \vec{q} \cdot \vec{e}_i$$

$$K_i = |\vec{r}_{i,i}|$$

Fearerp. crowd pourers lave

(2):
$$\frac{V^2}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \left[r^2 + r^2 \cos^2 \varphi \lambda^2 + r^2 \varphi^2 \right]$$

$$W_{K} = \overrightarrow{W} \cdot \overrightarrow{\ell}_{N}$$

$$(v^{2}/z), r = r$$
; $\frac{d}{dt}(v^{2}/z), r = r$
 $(v^{2}/z), r = r(\lambda^{2} \cos^{2} q + iq^{2}) = \lambda W_{r} = r - r(\lambda^{2} \cos^{2} q + iq^{2})$

$$2-\hat{n}$$
 zanon Morovona le rolaquaninon gropne $\vec{m}\vec{v}=\vec{f}(\vec{g}_a)$

$$\frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{mv^2}{2}\right)_{,a}-\left(\frac{mv^2}{2}\right)_{,a}=F,g_0=Q_a$$



$$\begin{cases} x' = a \cos \omega_t \\ x' = a \sin \omega_t \\ x' = b t \end{cases}$$

$$V = \sqrt{\alpha^2 \omega^2 + 6^2}$$

$$\vec{v} = V \vec{\ell} + \frac{V^2}{9} \vec{n}$$

$$\hat{W}_{n} = \alpha \hat{M}^{2}$$

$$\hat{P} = \frac{\hat{M}^{2} + \hat{M}^{2}}{\hat{M}^{2}}$$

$$\hat{Q} \hat{M}^{2}$$

Bogara

$$V_r = \frac{a}{r^2}$$

$$V_{\psi} = \frac{b}{r}$$

$$wy = \frac{1}{r} \frac{d}{dt} \left(r^2 \dot{y} \right) = 0$$

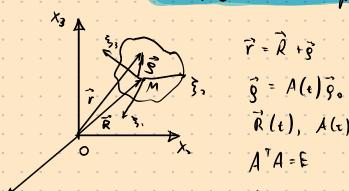


$$\vec{k} = \frac{\vec{n}}{9}$$
 (bewrop kymbuyna)

$$\int \vec{V} \cdot \vec{r}_{2} = 0$$

$$\begin{cases} \vec{w} & \vec{r}_{,3} = 0 \end{cases}$$

Kupenatura Thépgors Tera



$$\vec{g} = A(\epsilon)\vec{g}$$
.

$$\frac{d}{dt} | A^{T}A = E \Rightarrow A^{T}(0) A(0) + A(0) A^{T} = 0$$

$$A(0) = \hat{\Omega} \cdot \hat{\Omega}^{T} = -\hat{\Omega} \cdot \hat{E}$$

$$A(0) = 0$$

$$\vec{\nabla} = \vec{r} = \vec{R} + \vec{p} \qquad q = A q_0$$

$$\vec{\nabla} = \vec{\nabla}_{0} + \vec{\Omega} \vec{g}$$

$$\vec{D} = \vec{D} \vec{g}$$

$$\vec{D} = \vec{D}$$

a.

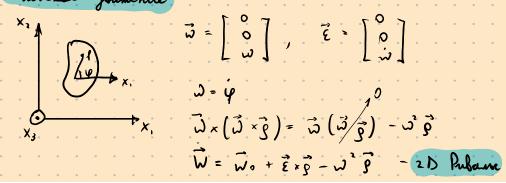
$$\vec{V} = \vec{V}_0 + \vec{\omega} \times \vec{p} - \vec{q}$$

$$\vec{\omega} = \lim_{\Delta t \to 0} \frac{\vec{e} \, \Delta t}{\Delta t}$$

$$\vec{e} \, \Delta t = \Delta \vec{v} - \text{benzop Jinepa}$$

$$\vec{W} = \vec{V} = \vec{w}_0 + \vec{\epsilon} \times \vec{p} + \vec{w} \times (\vec{\omega} \times \vec{p})$$

Phesical glumenue



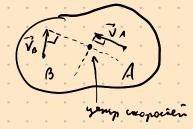
$$\vec{\omega} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \omega \end{bmatrix}, \quad \vec{\xi} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \dot{\omega} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{\omega} = \vec{\varphi}$$

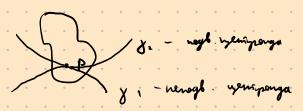
$$\vec{\omega} \times (\vec{\omega} \times \vec{g}) = \vec{\omega} (\vec{\omega} / \vec{g}) - \vec{\omega} \vec{g}$$

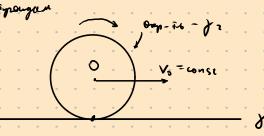
Muchemore yenipor exopociei . yesquenin

Yenry expositer: P: Vp =0 = Vo + W × Pp $\vec{J} \times V_0 - \vec{v}_0^2 = 0 \Rightarrow 0 = \frac{\vec{v}_0 \times V_0}{\vec{v}_0^2} - \text{league eas}$



Ho! P youmered was & my be, Fax a b real - no yenispougan





Kareme dez njamanzabanus (B 7. Koramus V Ten palonos)

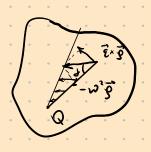
Mersy yeropenin Q
$$\vec{\nabla}_{Q} = 0 = \vec{W}_{0} + \vec{E} \times \vec{\varphi}_{Q} - \vec{W}_{0}^{2} \vec{\varphi}_{Q}$$

$$\vec{E} \times \vec{W}_{0} - \vec{E}^{2} \vec{\varphi}_{Q} - \vec{W}^{2} \vec{E} \times \vec{\varphi}_{Q} = 0$$

$$\vec{E} \times \vec{W}_{0} - \vec{E}^{2} \vec{\varphi}_{Q} - \vec{W}^{2} \vec{\varphi}_{Q} + \vec{W}^{2} \vec{W}_{0} = 0$$

$$\vec{E} \times \vec{W}_{0} + \vec{W}^{2} \vec{W}_{0}$$

$$\vec{F}_{Q} = \frac{\vec{E} \times \vec{W}_{0} + \vec{W}^{2} \vec{W}_{0}}{\vec{E}^{2} + \vec{W}^{2}}$$

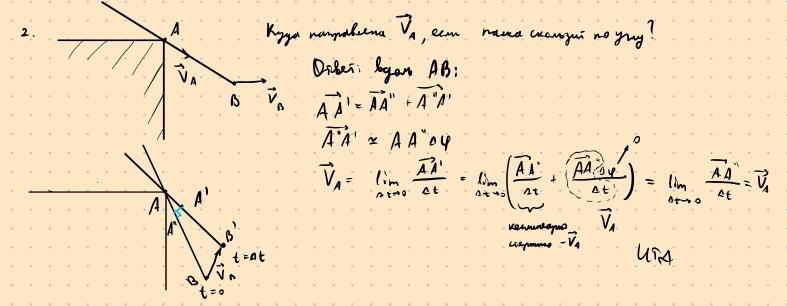


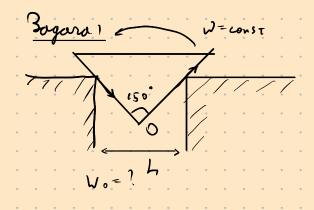
Moveznoù part (nomeno l 3D u b 2D)

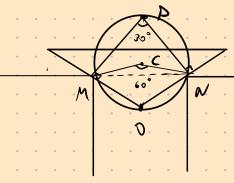


1.
$$\overrightarrow{V}_{B} = \overrightarrow{V}_{A} + \overrightarrow{\omega} \times \overrightarrow{AB} | \overrightarrow{e}_{AB} | \overrightarrow{AB}$$

$$\overrightarrow{V}_{B} \cdot \overrightarrow{e}_{AB} = \overrightarrow{V}_{A} \cdot \overrightarrow{e}_{AB}$$

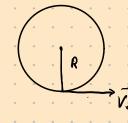


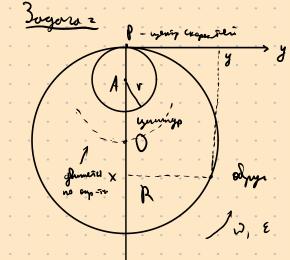




$$MN = L = 2R \sin 30^\circ = R$$

 $P9 = 2L$ $V_0 = 2WL$





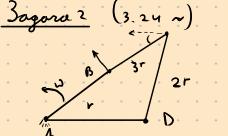
Gez mountywhemi

$$\vec{V} = \vec{V}_0 + \vec{J} \times \vec{g}$$

 $\vec{V} = \vec{V}_0 + \vec{E} \times \vec{g} - \vec{v}^2 \vec{g}$
 $\vec{V}_0 = \vec{J} \times \vec{g}_0 = \vec{J} \times \vec{g}$

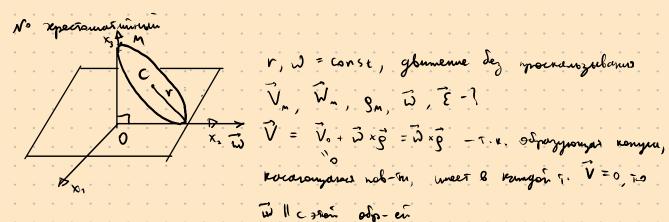
$$\begin{array}{c|c}
A & \overline{\overrightarrow{v}} & \overline{\overrightarrow{v}} \\
\hline
O & \overrightarrow{\overrightarrow{v}} & \overline{\overrightarrow{V}} & \overline{\overrightarrow{V}} & \overline{\overrightarrow{V}} & \overline{\overrightarrow{V}} & \overline{\overrightarrow{V}} \\
\hline
C & \overrightarrow{OA} & \overrightarrow{V} & \overrightarrow{V} & \overline{\overrightarrow{V}} & \overline{\overrightarrow{V}}$$

$$\Omega$$
 - ym. crop. AD
 $V_0 = WR = \Omega(R-r)$
 $\Omega = \frac{R}{R-r}$
 $E = \frac{R}{R-r}$



?
$$\vec{V}_g \cdot \vec{R} \vec{c} = 0 = \vec{V}_c \cdot \vec{R} \vec{c} \Rightarrow V_c = 0$$
?

(notacon epypinaer 6 m-in mere a remet year)



$$V_n = const$$
, glumenne dez mockanozubanno
 $\vec{V}_n = \vec{V}_n + \vec{V}_n + \vec{V}_n = \vec{V}_n + \vec{V$

$$\vec{V} = \vec{V}_0 + \vec{\omega} \times \vec{g} = \vec{\omega} \times \vec{g} - \tau \cdot \kappa$$
. Objectional conjuer, Rocaronyarous nob-ten, wheet & Kennyon τ . $\vec{V} = 0$, to

$$\vec{\omega} = \begin{bmatrix} \omega \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \vec{\nabla}_{m} = \vec{\omega} \times \vec{\rho}_{m} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \omega \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \sqrt{2}r \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{2} & \omega r \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{\lambda} = \vec{\omega} \vec{e}_{\perp} = \vec{\omega}$$

$$\vec{\epsilon} = \vec{\omega} \vec{e}_{\perp} + \vec{\omega} \vec{e}_{\perp}$$

$$\vec{\epsilon} = \vec{\omega} \vec{\Omega} \times \vec{\epsilon}_{\omega}$$
 (39eur $\vec{\epsilon}_{\omega} \propto \vec{\kappa}_{\omega} = \vec{\kappa}_{\omega} = \vec{\kappa}_{\omega}$)

$$\vec{\nabla}_c = \vec{\omega} \times \vec{g}_c = \vec{\Omega} \times \vec{g}_c$$

$$\chi', \quad \Im \frac{\mathcal{U}}{\mathcal{L}} = \mathcal{U} \frac{\mathcal{U}}{\mathcal{L}} = \Im \mathcal{V} = \Im$$

$$\vec{U} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \vec{E} = \vec{v}_{1} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \vec{v}_{1} \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\overrightarrow{V}_{n} = \overrightarrow{\varepsilon} \times \overrightarrow{p}_{n} + \overrightarrow{\omega} \times (\overrightarrow{\omega} \times \overrightarrow{p}_{n})$$

$$\overrightarrow{V}_{n} \text{ (was appalane)}, \overrightarrow{L} \overrightarrow{\varepsilon}$$

$$\overrightarrow{V}_{n} = \overrightarrow{W}_{n}^{T} \overrightarrow{\varepsilon} + \frac{V_{n}^{2}}{p_{n}} \overrightarrow{n}$$

$$\vec{W}_n = \vec{W}_n^T \vec{\ell} + \frac{V_n^2}{P_n} \vec{n}$$

$$\vec{V}_A \parallel \vec{x}, \Rightarrow \vec{k} = \vec{x},$$

Taxens odpegon
$$\vec{V}_n = \frac{\vec{V}_m}{\vec{g}_n} \vec{h} = V_m = \frac{\vec{V}_m}{\vec{v}_n}$$

Type reviewe des your new, chapters & hange \bar{r} , none reconn = 0, $\bar{\epsilon} = \bar{J} \bar{e}_{\omega} + \bar{\omega} \bar{e}_{\omega}$

Opier. naspunge

$$e_{1} = \frac{1}{2\sin \varphi} (a_{1}^{3} - a_{3}^{3})$$
 $e_{2} = \frac{1}{2\sin \varphi} (a_{3}^{3} - a_{3}^{3})$

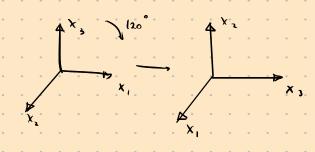
Monnep

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} , \vec{e}, q-?$$

$$\cos \varphi = \frac{\epsilon r A - 1}{2} = -\frac{1}{2} = 0 \quad \varphi = \frac{2\pi}{3}$$

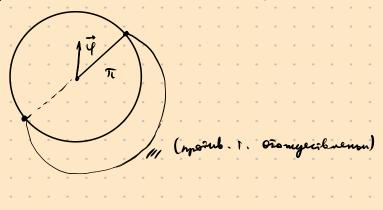
$$\sin y = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$e' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$
 $e' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ $e'' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$



Kpyibie wym.

Grynne notoposiol 50 (3) orangerabelies c major :



Mnoroodpague - mockour dez pazprabal a (odomo) raguar

Roboposos

naccubuse - branzaeres dazue, a se-in quine.

Aktubnoin;

Desognareme! F' (1) - bearap F ne sporau, ujuemm Lugue

$$r^i = a_i^i r^i \iff \vec{r} = A \vec{r}^{(i)}$$

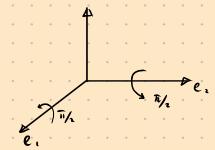
(1) Comenne centubusin nobogosab

$$\vec{r}' = A_1 \vec{r}$$
, $\vec{r}'' = A_2 \vec{r}'$

2 Cromerne nacembrone noboposob

$$\vec{r}$$
 (a) = $A_{r}^{\dagger}A_{r}^{\dagger}\vec{r}$ = $(A_{r}A_{r})^{\dagger}\vec{r}$ = $A = A_{r} \cdot ... \cdot A_{n}$

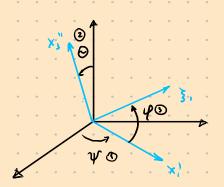
Tymnep 1



Cruiven nobopoise cereinbrum (Luzue gruneupaban)

$$A = A_{\lambda}A_{\lambda}$$

Pyrumep 2 (yrus Dimepu & warpung)



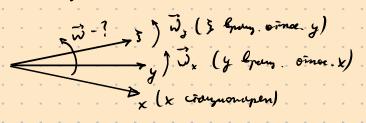
Nobessi raccubrani - Fan nobession Syggs boupys dozuca

$$A_{\gamma \gamma} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \gamma \gamma & -\sin \gamma \gamma & 0 \\ \sin \gamma \gamma & \cos \gamma \gamma & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A_{\Theta} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ 0 & \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A_{\psi} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \psi & -\sin \psi & 0 \\ \sin \psi & \cos \psi & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Cromenne groben cropocien

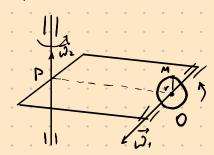


$$t = \Delta t$$

$$C \rightarrow y$$

$$A \simeq E + \hat{U}_x \Delta t$$
 $B \simeq E + \hat{U}_y \Delta t$
 $C = AB \simeq E + (\hat{U}_x + \hat{U}_y) \Delta t$

Thrumep



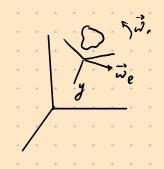
Pelmee apyring + koeeco apyrings no pame
$$\vec{J}$$
, $\vec{E} = ?$ \vec{J} , $\vec{U}_{2} = const$ \vec{V}_{m} , $\vec{W}_{m} = ?$ $\vec{J} = \vec{\omega}_{1} + \vec{\omega}_{2}$

Brownene T.T. la branzavouseur dazuel

$$\vec{z} = \vec{u}_e + \vec{u}_r \vec{y}_r$$

$$\vec{z} = \vec{u}_e + \vec{u}_r \vec{y}_r + \vec{u}_r \vec{u}_e \times \vec{y}_r$$

$$\vec{z} = \vec{z}_e + \vec{z}_r + \vec{u}_e \times \vec{u}_r$$



B zergore:
$$\vec{\xi} = \vec{\omega}, \times \vec{\omega}$$

 $\vec{\nabla}_n = \vec{V}_0 + \vec{\omega} \times \vec{O}_M$
 $\vec{\omega}_1 \times \vec{P}_0$

