Healmore op-un

y = x

a) Cronoro qui y: R - R zaguer yp-e? Berronemo unon:

X = R : F(x) = x, x e X

f(x) = -x, x & X

- S) Chause nempepulnon gr-nin y: R R zagat yp-e? 4:

 x, -x, |x|, -|x|
- b) C_{κ} nenp c_{ρ} un $y: [1; z] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ zagaët $y_{\rho} e$? 21 x, -x
- 2) Ca. uenp. gr-un y:[1;2] 1R zagaés yp-e! 1:

Teopera o resbroi que un

Types f(x,y) nemp. equep. $f(x_0,y_0)$, $f(x_0,y_0) = 0$, $f'(x_0,y_0) \neq 0$, Tenga $\exists \Pi = \{x_0 - a \in x < x_0 + a, y_0 - b \in y \in y_0 + b\}$ $b \in x_0 - a$ $f(x,y) = 0 \iff f(x) = y$.

Thus show f(x) herp. grep. In $(x_0 - a, x_0 + a)$. $f'(x) = -\frac{F_{x'}(x, f(x))}{F'_{y}(x, f(x))}$

F(x, f(x)) = 0 $F_{x}'(x, f(x)) + F_{y}'(x, f(x)) \cdot f'(x) = 0 \Rightarrow graphyra - ne gax - bo!$

Darmena Sura + 0 repouzh zon repenennoù, koropar zabuenna (pubna go -un),

Nº 1

43 - x4+y =0, u=u(x,y)

Manin Ux, U, u du b T. (3,-2,2) n (3,-2,-1) - nage zogain u · unore venenzine vio za soma

x=3, y=-2, u=? $u^3-34-2=0$ | u=2-pem,

$$(u-z)(u^{2}+2u+1)=0$$

$$(u-z)(u+1)^{2}=0$$

$$(u-z-1)$$

$$\frac{u^{3}-3u-2}{2u^{2}-2u^{2}}$$

$$\frac{u^{3}-2u^{2}}{2u^{2}-3u}$$

$$\frac{2u^{2}-3u}{2u^{2}-4u}$$

$$\frac{2u^{2}-4u}{2u-2}$$

$$\frac{2u-2}{2u-2}$$

$$3 u^{2} u^{2} - x u^{2} + 1 = 0$$

 $u^{2} - \frac{1}{3u^{2} - x}$
 $u^{2} \times (A) = \frac{2}{9}$ $u^{2} \times (A) = -\frac{1}{9}$

$$du(3,-2,2) = \frac{2}{9} dx - \frac{1}{9} dy$$

$$3u^2du - Xdu - ud \times + dy = 0$$

$$4u = \frac{udx - dy}{3u^2 - x}$$

$$f(x-y, y-z, z-x)=0 \Rightarrow z=z(x,y)$$
 - naûm dz $f(u, v, w)$

$$dz = \frac{f'_{1} dx - f'_{2} dy + f'_{2} dy - f'_{2} dx}{f'_{2} - f'_{2}}$$

$$\begin{cases} x e^{u+v} + 2uv = 1 & u = u(x,y) & u(1,2) = v(1,2) = 0 & (nogramyni) \\ y e^{u-v} - \frac{u}{1+v} = 2x & v = v(x,y) & Nonian U'_x, u'y, v'_x, v'y & nym & x = 1, y = 2, u = v = 0, \end{cases}$$

April nonverse maiser u, v - spanus. yp. e. A month & T. - une inde

```
u^{3} + 2yu + xy = 0 u(1, -1) = -1 (npolymen: OK)
Navien d'a (1,-1,-1)
342du + 24dy + 2ydu + dx y + dy x =0
 du = -\frac{2u\,dy + dxy + dy x}{3u^2 + 2y}
du = dx + dy
 64du + 3 m d 4 + 2 dudy + 2 y d 4 + 2 dudy + dxdy + dxdy = 0
 d'u (3u +2y) + du'- 6u + ududy + 2 dxdy = 0
 d'u - 6 (dx +dy) + 4 dx dy + u dy + 2 dx dy = 0
 d'u = 60x2 + 12dxdy + 6dy2 - 4dxdy - 4dy2 - 2dxdy = 60x2 + 2dy2 + 60xdy
No Ty
  F: R > R x= rosy y=rsing
  Bupuzning rx, ry, 4x, 4'y repez r, 4
 Si= rysiny + rcosy qy
                                   Sizerx cosy - rsingyx
 lo=rycory=rsingly
                                   lo=rxshq+rasqqx
                                    ∆ = r
  V = - L
                                    Ar = rcosy
  Ar = -rsiny
                                    Δφ = - s'm φ
 ٧ وم - - ي ۵
                                                    y'x = - siny
                                     r'x = cos q
 r'y = sin u
 No novemy bie são dous?
 u=u(x, y)
 Permis ype xu'y-yu'x = 0
 Marphar zonena: X= rosy
 ly is byrazur repez ur, u'e
 ux = u'r rx +uy yx
```

uy = u'r - ry + uq · q'y

```
u'y = 42 · sin 4 + 44 · cos4
  ux= ur. cosy - up. siny
                                              - rsing (ur cosy - u'y siny) = u'y
  rcosy · (w' siny wy wy · cosy)
  u'y = 0
  4p-e u=f(r)
    r= Jx2+y2
  Oil u= F(x2+y2)
  (y-z)z/x + (y+z) z/z = 0 z= = (x,y)
  Bahnena: notore negat repenentione 4=y-z, v=y+z
             hobar q-us x=x(u,v).
  dz = z'xdx + z'ydy = z'x (x', du +x',dv) + z 'ydy = z'xx',(dy-dz) +
 dx = x'udu + x'vdv + z'x x'v (dy+dz) + z'ydy
 (=x x'u + z'x x'v + z'y) dy + (-z'x x'u + z'x x'v - 1) dz = 0
  dy, de-nponzbaronoue => kosqu-son you mue =0.
\begin{cases} z'_{x} \times x'_{y} + z'_{x} \times x'_{y} + z'_{y} = 0 \\ -z'_{x} \times x'_{y} + z'_{x} \times x'_{y} = 0 \end{cases}
\begin{cases} z'_{x} = \frac{1}{x'_{y} - x'_{y}} \\ z'_{y} = -\frac{x'_{y} + x'_{y}}{x'_{y} - x'_{y}} \end{cases}
   Rogeraberen.
\frac{y}{x' \sqrt{x''}} - v\left(\frac{x'' + x''}{x' \sqrt{x''}}\right) = 0
                                                \frac{u}{v} = \chi'_u + \chi'_v
  No T3
  f: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2, u = \mathbb{R}^2 \cos y, v = \mathbb{R}^2 \sin y
 1) D-in, 200 J = / v'x v'y | x 0, no f ne sl-cs
```

2) Mairin $f(R^2)$ -un-le znorenin f. $\int = \begin{vmatrix} e^* \cos y & -e^* \sin y \\ e^* \sin y & e^* \cos y \end{vmatrix} = e^{2x} > 0$

He 96-u duentiulnoù le very reprogramative:
$$u(r, q) = u(r, q + 2\pi)$$

$$v(r, q) = v(r, q + 2\pi)$$

Freipengus p-un reckonskur repenennum

$$u = F(x_1, ..., x_n)$$

Neodn. ye. e: Eam & Tronke non descriptingua Fgusque, To
$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial x_1} = \dots = \frac{\partial F}{\partial x_n} = 0$$
 (changer)

$$d^{2}F(\bar{x}_{o}) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} f_{x_{i}x_{i}}^{"}(\bar{x}_{o})dx^{2} + 2\sum_{\substack{i,j=1\\i < j}}^{n} f_{x_{i}x_{j}}^{"}(\bar{x}_{o})dx_{i}dx_{j}$$

Ucceyobanne Kb. gropu

1. Nymbegenne le kononureum lug
$$k(x) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} E_i \chi_i^{(i)}$$
, $E_i = 0, \pm 1$
From lug ognozuaren e Tornoviero yo reperianolore E_i

Thoronum: ongrey (== here
$$E_i = +1$$
 $P = n$, $q = 0$ $P = n$, $q = 0$ $P = 0$, $q = n$ $P = 0$, $q = 0$ $P = 0$, $q = 0$ $P = 0$, $q = 0$ $P = 0$, $Q = 0$

$$\beta = (\beta_{ij})$$

A , O 2, ..., On

Novom, onney e=> lee 1:>0

Not

$$\begin{cases} xy=2 \\ x^2+y^2=5 \end{cases} \implies \begin{cases} x=\pm 2, \pm 1 \\ y=\pm 1, \pm 2 \end{cases}$$

$$u_{xx}^{"} = 6y$$
 $u_{xy}^{"} = 6x$

$$\frac{d^2 f(z, i)}{6} = dx^2 + dy^2 + 4dxdy \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{array}\right) \quad \Delta_1 > 0, \quad \Delta_2 < 0 \quad - \text{ recompley}.$$

$$\frac{d^{2}F(1,2)}{6} = 2dx^{2} + 2dy^{2} + 2dxdy \qquad \left(\begin{array}{c} 21\\12\\12\\\end{array}\right) \begin{array}{c} A_{1}>0\\ A_{2}>0 \end{array} - howmin. oney, -min$$

```
Nº2
```

$$U = xyz \left(16-x-y-2z\right), \quad x,y,z=0$$

$$U = 16xyz - x^{2}yz - xy^{2}z - 2xyz^{2}$$

$$U_{x} = 16yz - 2xyz - y^{2}z - 2yz^{2}, \quad U_{y} = 16xz - x^{2}z - 2xyz - 2xz^{2}$$

$$U_{x}^{2} = 16xy - x^{2}y - xy^{2} - 4xyz$$

$$\begin{cases} yz \left(16-2x-y-2z\right)=0 \\ xz \left(16-x-y-2z\right)=0 \\ xy \left(16-x-y-4z\right)=0 \end{cases} \begin{cases} 2x+y+2z=16 \\ x+y+7z=16 \end{cases} \begin{cases} x=u \\ y=u \\ z=z \end{cases}$$

$$U_{xy}^{2} = -2yz = -16 \qquad U_{yy}^{2} = -2xz = -16 \qquad U_{xz}^{2} = -4xy = -64$$

$$U_{xy}^{2} = z \left(16-2x-y-2z\right)-yz=-8 \qquad U_{xz}^{2} = y\left(16-2x-y-2z\right)-2yz=-16$$

$$U_{xy}^{2} = x\left(16-x-2y-2z\right)-2xz=-16$$

$$U_{xy}^{2$$

u(t1+0x,0y)-u(t1,0)=(t1+0x4)+0y4-2(t1+0x)+1=

 $= \Delta x^{4} + 40x^{3} + 40x^{4} + 40x^{4} + 40x^{4} = 40x^{2}(4x-2)^{2} + 6y^{4} > 0$

No T5

B crows to kl. grapma d'I navom nayonney.

- d) Monet on sino South min? Da.
- S) Momer un dons max? Her (beerga erits ident ax usy, vio nyupamenne >0 boung d'f)
- B) He down skerpenyna? Da

Nº 4

$$(u+2) du + (x+1) dx + (y-1) dy = 0$$

 $(x+1) dx + (y-1) dy$

$$du = -\frac{(x+1)dx + (y+1)dy}{u+2}$$

$$d^{2}u = \frac{-dx^{2} - dy^{2}}{U+2}$$
 $d^{2}u \left(-1, 1, 1\right) = -dx^{2} - dy^{2} - cigmy, conjug. (max)$

$$d^{2}u \left(-1, 1, -5\right) = \frac{dx^{2}}{3} + \frac{dy}{3} - nour, conjug. (min)$$

