OAY - Observalenne guapapepennement ypalmens

Of Y & ody. cyme

$$F(x, y(x), y'(x), y'(x)) = 0$$
 - odimno bennoe - npouze ranno no ognér representació (x)

Pac-un au-my;

$$\begin{cases}
F_{2}(x, y', ..., y''), z, z', ..., z'') = 0 \\
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\end{cases}$$

yp-a 1-20 nopsyn

· Euse monge: yp-1 1-10 regrages, pasperiennoue oanor spough:

$$y' = F(x, y);$$
 $dy = df(x, y) dx$
 $P(x, y) dy + Q(x, y) dx = 0$ $f(x, y) dx = 0$ $f(x, y) dx = 0$

· Macinin ayran: yp-3 c pazgersonymunco repenentum

$$F(x) = \int F(x) dx$$
 $G(x) = \int g(x) dx$

$$F(x) + G(x) = const$$

$$\langle - \rangle \int f(x) dx + \int g(y) dy = 0$$

 $\int \frac{dy}{y(1+y)} = \int \frac{(1+y)-y}{y(1+y)} dy = \int \left(\frac{1}{y} - \frac{1}{1+y}\right) dy = \ln \left|\frac{y}{1+y}\right| + C_1$

Sinx dx =- Sdesx = - In cosx + C2

C2 Nº 4

$$\frac{dy}{y(1+y)} + \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} dx = 0$$

$$\int \frac{dy}{y(1+y)} + \int \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} dx = 0$$

$$\frac{y}{(1+y)\cos x}$$
 = $\frac{1}{2}e^{\frac{x}{3}}$ $C \in \mathbb{R}$ $(C=0-tome personne!)$

$$\frac{y}{(1+y)\cos x} = 0$$
 hum $y = -1$ (pernenner reproves xongu um yemm!)

$$y = \frac{C\cos x}{1 - C\cos x}$$

$$\int \frac{3y^3 dy}{y^3 - 8} = \int 2x dx - notepom y^3 = 8$$

$$\ln |y^3 - g| = x^2 + C,$$

Optionalionne Trackiopur

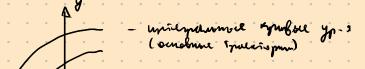
Pose-um 2 opinonomissance manue.

$$K_{z} = ty \varphi_{z} = ty (\psi_{z} + \frac{1}{2}) = -cty \varphi_{z} = -\frac{1}{ty}$$

Myin um. yp-e:

Oprovondunae specksopmi

$$y' = -\frac{1}{F(x,y)}$$

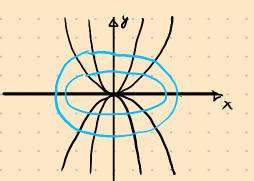


Tpunep

$$0 = \frac{y^2x^2-2xy}{x^4}$$

$$y' = 2 \frac{y}{x}$$

Due oprior. rymbra: $y' = -\frac{x}{2y}$
 $2y \, dy + x \, dx = 0$
 $y' + \frac{x^2}{2} = C - y_p - e$ summol



Ognopognus ypalnema

Clogaries
$$x$$
 yp-10 c pargersemme repersemme $y'=f(\frac{y}{x})$

Someone:
$$y = x Z(x)$$

 $y' = z + x Z'$

$$z'+z-f(z)=0$$
 $\left(\frac{dz}{z-f(z)}+dx=0\right)$

yp-e, choyenzea & ognopognamy

$$\eta' = f\left(\frac{d, \xi + b, \eta + \alpha, x_0 + b, y_0 + C,}{\alpha, \xi + b, \eta + \alpha, x_0 + b, y_0 + C,}\right)$$

$$(y+2) dx = 2x+y-4dy$$

$$\begin{cases} y + 1 = 0 \\ 2x + y - y = 0 \end{cases} \begin{cases} y = -2 \\ x = 3 \end{cases} - x_0, y_0$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \geq \xi \, d\xi = \left(2\xi + 2\xi\right) \left(\frac{z}{z} \, d\xi + \xi \, dz\right) \\
& \left(2\xi - 2\left(2\xi + 2\xi\right)\right) \, d\xi = \xi \cdot \left(2\xi + 2\xi\right) \, dz \\
& \geq \xi \left(1 - 2 - 2\right) \, d\xi = \xi^2 \left(2 + 2\right) \, dz \quad \Big| \quad \xi = 0 - \text{ne pent-e} \\
& - Z\left(1 + Z\right) \, d\xi = \xi \left(2 + 2\right) \, dz \\
& - \frac{d\xi}{\xi} = \frac{2 + Z}{\xi(z + 1)} \, dz
\end{aligned}$$

$$-\int \frac{d\zeta}{\zeta} = \left(\frac{2}{Z} - \frac{1}{Z+1} \right) dZ$$

$$\frac{1}{y+z} = C \implies \frac{(y+z)^2}{y+x-1} = C \implies [(y+z)^2 = C(y+x-1)] \quad (Ne Tepsen x+y=1)$$

luneinore yp-a I hopogra

$$\frac{dy}{y} + a(x)dx = 0$$

$$ln|y| + \int d(x)dx = 0$$

$$y = C \cdot y(x) - \alpha_{physigna}$$
 remenns ognopognos yp-3; $y(x)$ -rousince pernenne

Banena
$$y = C(x) \cdot y(x)$$
 b neognopognon yp-un;

$$C'(x)y(x) = b(x) - yp - e c pazg. nepenension$$

$$x^2y' = 5xy + 6$$
, $y(1)=1$

$$\frac{dy}{y} = 5 \frac{dx}{x}$$

$$y = x^{5} C_{0} | y(x) = C_{0}(x) x^{5}$$

$$x^{2} (C'x^{5} + C5x^{4}) = 5x Cx^{5} + 6$$

$$C' = \frac{6}{x^2} ; \qquad C = -\frac{1}{x^6} + \mathcal{D}$$

$$y = \left(-\frac{1}{x^6} + \Omega\right) x^5 \Rightarrow y = -\frac{1}{x} + \Omega x^5 - \text{pem-e}$$

$$y(1) = 1 + 1 = -1 + \Omega \Rightarrow \Omega = 2$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{x} + 2x^5$$

$$\frac{dy}{y} = 2 \frac{dx}{x}$$

$$y = Cx^2$$

$$C' = 2x = 1$$
 $C = x^2 + C$

$$\frac{xy^{-2xy}}{x^4} = 2x$$

$$\left(\frac{y}{x^2}\right)^{1} = 2x$$

$$\frac{y}{x^2} = x^2 + C = y = x^4 + Cx^2$$

Momeno nepersabasto y
$$u \times k$$
 guapeo, apopule: $(1+y^2) dx + (2xy-1) dy = 0$

$$(1+y^2)\frac{dx}{dy} = 1-2xy - mn \cdot yp - e$$

$$\frac{dx}{dy} = -\frac{2yx}{1+y^2} + \frac{1}{1+y^2}$$

$$0 y_1 \frac{dx}{dy} = -\frac{2yx}{1+y^2}$$

$$x = \frac{C}{1+y^2}$$

$$\frac{y'}{y''} + \frac{a(x)}{y'''} = b(x)$$

Banena:
$$Z = \frac{1}{y^{n-1}} = y^{n-1}$$

$$z' = (1-n)y^{-n}y' = (1-n)\frac{y'}{y''}$$

$$Z = \frac{1}{y^2} \qquad Z' = -\frac{2}{y^3} y'$$

$$-\frac{z^{1}}{2}-z+2x=0$$

$$2x = \frac{z!}{2} + z$$

$$\frac{dz}{dx} + 2z = 4x$$

$$\frac{dz}{z} = -zdx = 0$$
 $z = Ce^{-2x}$

$$C'(x)e^{-2x} - 2((x)e^{-2x} + 2C(x)e^{-2x} = 4)$$

$$C'(x) = 4xe^{2x}$$

$$C(x) = \int uxe^{2x} dx = 2xe^{2x} - e^{2x} + C$$

$$\frac{1}{y} = (2xe^{2x} - e^{2x} + C) \cdot e^{-2x}$$

$$Other: \int y^2 = ((2x-1) + Ce^{-2x})^{-1}$$

$$4 = 0$$

Ypalneme Punkattu

$$y' + a(x) y + b(x) y' = f(x)$$

Physics y. - pemerue

Nº 5

$$x^{2}y' - 5xy + x^{2}y^{2} + 8 = 0$$

$$y = \frac{K}{x}$$

$$-\frac{x^{2}K}{x^{2}} - \frac{5xK}{x} + x^{2}\frac{k^{2}}{x^{2}} + 8 = 0$$

$$-\frac{x^{2}K}{x^{2}} - \frac{5xK}{x} + x^{2}\frac{k^{2}}{x^{2}} + 8 = 0$$

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$$-\frac{x^{2}K}{x^{2}} - \frac{x^{2}K}{x^{2}} + \frac{x^{2}}{x^{2}} + \frac{x^{2}}{x$$

$$K=2, K=y$$

$$\frac{z \times -z}{z^2} = -x \implies \left(\frac{x}{z}\right) = x$$

$$\frac{x}{z} = \frac{1}{2} x^2 + C \implies \frac{x^2}{xy-2} = \frac{x^2}{2} + C \implies y = \frac{2}{x}$$

Ypabneme & norman gupppepenyediae

$$A = \frac{A}{A} =$$

Pyers P-glamque nenp. guppp & 0:

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial P}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial^2 F}{\partial y \partial x} \\ \frac{\partial Q}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial^2 F}{\partial x \partial y} \end{cases} = governs for pulmi! - Neodnogunoe yn e namma novempuana$$

Yerobre el-ce gociationnem, econ ode. G ognochezna.

Nº 6

$$(1+3x^2 \ln y) dx + (3y^2 + \frac{x^3}{y}) dy = 0$$

$$\exists F: \frac{\partial F}{\partial x} = P, \quad \frac{\partial F}{\partial y} = Q$$

Monno gragasa, no ecu nei:

$$\begin{cases} \frac{dF}{dx} = 1 + 3x^{2} \ln y & \frac{umenympyen}{no \times} \\ \frac{dF}{dy} = 3y^{2} + \frac{x^{3}}{y} \end{cases} \qquad F = x + x^{3} \ln y + C(y)$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{dF}{dx} = x^{3} + C'(y) = x^{3} + C$$

Unserproporação unomunicas

Eun novemmentariosin coary met:

$$\mu P = \frac{\partial F}{\partial x}$$
, $\mu Q = \frac{\partial F}{\partial y}$ - nego pennis me ny - konerno, Tax munio ne gender.

Not

$$(y-3x^2y^3) dx - (x+x^3y^2) dy = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial y} = 1 - 9x^2y^2 \qquad \frac{\partial Q}{\partial x} = -1 - 3x^2y^2 - ne palmi$$

$$y dx - x dy - 3x^2y^3 dx - x^3y^2 dy = 0$$
 | $y = 0 - pem$, $x = 0 - pem$

$$\frac{y dx - x dy}{y^2} = 3x^2 y dx - x^3 dy$$

$$d\left(\frac{x}{y}\right) = d\left(x^3y\right) = \frac{x}{y} = x^3y + C; \quad y = 0; \quad x = 0.$$

Ypalnemus bourners ropegra

F(x, y, y', ..., y'))=0 - nago nomumario nopeyor! nosquet nopeyor! nosquet nopeyor!

Metagu nommenn ropagna

(1) Ker abnoro
$$y! y'=z$$
, $F(x,y,y',...,y^{(n)}) \rightarrow F(x,z,z',...,z^{(n-1)})$
 $xy'' + xy'' + y'=0$, $y'=z$; $y=const-pem-e$

$$x \frac{z^{1}}{z^{2}} + x + \frac{1}{z} = 0$$
, $\frac{1}{z} = u$

$$\frac{u - xu'}{x^2} + \frac{1}{x} = 0 \Rightarrow d\left(\frac{u}{x}\right) = \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow \frac{u}{x} = \ln x + C, \quad \frac{1}{zx} = \ln x + C$$

$$Z=y'=\frac{1}{x(\ln x+C)} \qquad y=\int \frac{dx}{x(\ln x+C)} = \ln|\ln x+C|+C_1 \qquad \left[\begin{array}{c} y=\ln|\ln x+C|+C_1 \\ y=const \end{array} \right]$$

$$F(y, y', y'') = 0$$
; $y - nobas negal. nepenennus$

$$y'' = (y'_{x})'_{x} = (y'_{x})'_{y} \cdot y'_{x} = z \cdot z'_{y}$$

