Penenne unemors ypobneme 2 regorges

P-ra lugbur - Ociparpognes:
$$W(y_i, y) = Ce^{-\sum_{x_i} \frac{a_i(t)}{a_i(t)} dt} = C_i(x)$$

$$\left(\frac{y}{y}\right)' = \frac{C\varphi(x)}{y^2}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{F}}{\mathcal{F}} = C_2 \int \frac{\psi(\mathbf{k})}{y_1^2} d\mathbf{x} + C_1$$

$$y = C_1 y_1(x) + C_2 y_2(x)$$

OPMY: baymanne novinsemen:
$$y = (, lx)y, (x) + (, lx)y, (x)$$

$$C'_{1}(x) y_{1} + C'_{2}(x) y_{2} = 0$$
 $C'_{1}(x) y'_{1} + C'_{2}(x) y'_{2} = \frac{B(x)}{a}$

$$\Delta = W(y_1, y_2) \neq 0$$

$$C_{1}(x) = ...$$
 $C_{2}(x) = ...$

Bagara 1

$$2xy'' + (4x+1)y' + (2x+1)y = e^{-x}$$
, $x>0$

$$\int_{x_{2}}^{x} \frac{u_{X+1}}{z_{X}} dx = 2x + \frac{1}{z} \int_{x_{2}}^{x} \frac{1}{z} dx = 2x + \frac{1}{z} \ln x + C,$$

$$W(y,y) = \begin{vmatrix} e^{-x} & y \\ -e^{-x} & y \end{vmatrix} = y \cdot e^{-x} + y \cdot e^{-x}$$

Drum no
$$e^{-2x}$$
:

 $\frac{y' e^{-x} + y e^{-x}}{e^{-2x}} = Cx^{-1/2}$
 $(x-x)' = Cx^{-1/2}$

$$\begin{cases} ('(x) e^{-x} + C_2'(x) e^{-x} \int_x^{\infty} = 0 \\ -C_1'(x) e^{-x} - C_2'(x) e^{-x} \int_x^{\infty} + C_1'(x) \frac{e^{-x}}{2\sqrt{x}} = \frac{1}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$C_{2}(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$C_{1}(x) = -1$$

$$C_{2}(x) = 2\sqrt{x} + C_{2}$$

$$C_{1}(x) = -x + C_{1}$$

$$(x^{2}(\ln x - 1)y^{2} - xy^{2} + y = x(\ln x - 1)^{2}, x > e)$$

UPOY 1 $y_{1} = x$

$$\begin{vmatrix} y_1 & y_2 \\ y_1 & y_2 \end{vmatrix} = Ce^{\int \frac{dx}{x(\ln x - 1)}} = C(\ln x - 1)$$

$$\int \frac{dx}{x(\ln x - i)} = \int \frac{d(\ln x - i)}{\ln x - i} = \ln (\ln x - i) + C$$

$$\frac{y, y' - y \cdot y}{y^2} = \frac{C(\ln x - 1)}{x^2}$$

$$\left(\frac{\ln x}{x}\right)^2 = \frac{1 - \ln x}{x^2}$$

$$\left(\frac{y}{y}\right)^4 = \frac{C(\ln x - 1)}{x^2}$$

$$\frac{x}{y} = c \frac{\ln x}{x} + C,$$

$$\begin{cases} C_1'(x) \times + C_2'(x) \ln x = 0 \\ C_1'(x) + C_2'(x) \frac{1}{x} = \frac{\ln x - 1}{x} \quad | \cdot x \rangle \\ C_1'(x) \times + C_2'(x) \ln x = 0 \\ C_1'(x) \times + C_2'(x) = \ln x - 1 \\ C_2'(x) = -1 \qquad C_1'(x) = \frac{\ln x}{x} \\ C_1(x) = -x + C_2 \qquad C_1(x) = \frac{\ln^2 x}{2} + C_1 \end{cases}$$

Orber:
$$y = \frac{(\ln^2 x)}{2} + (1) \times + (C_2 - x) \ln x$$

 $y = C_1 \times + (2 \ln x) + \frac{x \ln^2 x}{2} - x \ln x$

Bogora 3

$$(2x+3) y'' - 2y' - \frac{6}{\lambda^2} y = 3(2x+3)^2$$
Wuyen 4POY B large x^{K} :
$$K(K-1) \cdot (2x+3) x^{k-2} - 2Kx^{k-1} - 6x^{k-2} = 0$$

$$(2x+3) k(k-1) - 2Kx - 6 = 0$$

$$(2x+3) k(k-1) - 6 = 0$$

$$K=2 \Rightarrow y = x^2$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} y_1 & y_2 \\ y_1 & y_3 \end{vmatrix} = Ce^{\int \frac{2}{2x_1} dx} = C(2x_1)$$

$$\left(\frac{y}{y}\right)^{2} = \frac{2C}{x^{3}} + \frac{3C}{x^{3}} \Rightarrow \frac{y}{y} = C\left(\frac{1}{x^{2}} + \frac{1}{x^{3}}\right) + C$$

$$OP OY \quad y = C, \quad x^{2} + C_{2}\left(\frac{1}{x} + 1\right)$$

OPNY: Bn:
$$y = (1/x)x^2 + (1/x)(\frac{1}{x} + 1)$$

$$\begin{cases} C_1^3(x) x^2 + C_2^3(x)(\frac{1}{x} + 1) = 0 \\ C_1^3(x) 2x - (1/x)(\frac{1}{x^2} + 1) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$- \begin{cases} 2C_1 \times^2 + 2C_2 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{x} + 1\right) = 0 \\ 2C_1 \times^2 - C_2 \cdot \frac{1}{x} = 6x^2 + 9x \end{cases}$$

$$3C_{1}^{2}\frac{1}{x}+2C_{1}^{2}=-6x^{2}-9x$$

$$C_{2}' = -3x^{2}$$

$$C_{1}' = 3 + \frac{3}{x}$$

$$C_{2} = -x^{3} + C_{1}$$

$$C_{1} = 3x + 3 \ln x + C_{1}$$

$$y = (3x + 3 \ln x + C_{1})x^{2} + (-x^{3} + C_{2})(\frac{1}{x} + 1)$$

$$y = C_{1}x^{2} + C_{2}(\frac{1}{x} + 1) + 3x^{2} \ln x + 2x^{3} - x^{2}$$

$$y = C_{1}x^{2} + C_{2}(\frac{1}{x} + 1) + 2x^{3} + 3x^{2} \ln x$$

Ypabneme Beccess

$$x^{2}y'' + xy' + (x^{2} \cdot y^{2}) y = 0, y = const$$

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D Regneronne y, u y2 - 2 rance pen -9.

$$W(y,y) = \begin{vmatrix} y' & y_2 \\ y' & y_2 \end{vmatrix} = Ce^{-\int_{x_0}^{x} \frac{dx}{x}} = \frac{C}{x}, C \neq 0 \text{ i.e. } y, u, y, \text{ sum. negal.}$$

$$y, y', -y', y_2 = \frac{C}{x}$$

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