```
In [6]: import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
        from sklearn.manifold import TSNE
        from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
        from sklearn.model selection import cross validate, StratifiedKFold, train
        from sklearn.svm import SVC
        from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
        from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
        from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
        from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
        import seaborn as sns
        %matplotlib inline
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        # from tpot import TPOTClassifier
        # from xgboost import XGBClassifier
```

Load Data

```
In [7]: nt_all = pd.read_csv('data/nt.all.csv')
In [8]: nt_coding = pd.read_csv('data/nt.coding.csv')
In [9]: nt_all.head()
Out[9]:
```

Out[9]:

	Туре	ENSG0000000003.13	ENSG0000000005.5	ENSG00000000419.11	ENSG00000000457.12	ENS
0	0	150265.480539	4327.845865	713909.310619	59794.653619	
1	0	913228.181789	2326.284691	828500.414250	50302.756694	
2	0	359658.934678	228971.470681	483960.593070	69872.468893	
3	1	135634.675596	0.000000	748257.784782	75504.611322	
4	0	81454.831124	177.310309	363281.940134	45622.048124	

5 rows × 60484 columns

```
In [10]: nt_all.shape
```

Out[10]: (1400, 60484)

```
In [11]: nt_coding.head()
```

Out[11]:

_		Туре	ENSG0000000003.13	ENSG00000000005.5	ENSG00000000419.11	ENSG00000000457.12	ENS
-	0	0	150265.480539	4327.845865	713909.310619	59794.653619	
	1	0	913228.181789	2326.284691	828500.414250	50302.756694	
	2	0	359658.934678	228971.470681	483960.593070	69872.468893	
	3	1	135634.675596	0.000000	748257.784782	75504.611322	
	4	0	81454.831124	177.310309	363281.940134	45622.048124	

5 rows × 19562 columns

```
In [12]: nt_coding.shape
Out[12]: (1400, 19562)
```

Pre-processing

Seperate labels and features

```
In [13]: y_coding = nt_coding['Type']
X_coding = nt_coding.drop('Type', axis=1)

In [14]: y_all = nt_all['Type']
X_all = nt_all.drop('Type', axis=1)
```

Split into training and validation sets

Classification

- · k-nearest neighbors
- Support Vector Machine (SVM)
- · Naive Bayes
- · Decision Tree
- · Random Forest

k-nearest neighbors

```
In [40]: knn = KNeighborsClassifier()
In [41]: knn scores coding = cross validate(estimator=knn,
                                        X=X coding train,
                                        y=y coding train,
                                        scoring=metrics,
                                        cv=skf)
In [42]: knn scores all = cross validate(estimator=knn,
                                        X=X all train,
                                        y=y all train,
                                        scoring=metrics,
                                        cv=skf)
In [43]: display_cv_metrics(knn_scores_coding)
         fit time: 0.81
         score time: 11.025
         test accuracy: 0.891
         test f1: 0.882
         test precision: 0.982
         test recall: 0.802
         test roc auc: 0.966
```

```
In [44]: display_cv_metrics(knn_scores_all)

fit_time: 3.364
    score_time: 32.006
    test_accuracy: 0.841
    test_f1: 0.817
    test_precision: 0.984
    test_recall: 0.7
    test_roc_auc: 0.956
```

Support Vector Machine

```
In [97]: svc = SVC(kernel='linear')
In [98]: svc_scores_coding = cross_validate(estimator=svc,
                                         X=X coding train,
                                         y=y coding train,
                                         scoring=metrics,
                                         cv=skf)
In [99]: svc_scores_all = cross_validate(estimator=svc,
                                         X=X all train,
                                         y=y_all_train,
                                         scoring=metrics,
                                         cv=skf)
In [100]: |display_cv_metrics(svc_scores_coding)
          fit time: 4.691
          score time: 2.066
          test accuracy: 0.972
          test f1: 0.973
          test precision: 0.98
          test recall: 0.966
          test roc auc: 0.992
In [101]: | display_cv_metrics(svc_scores_all)
          fit time: 20.542
          score time: 9.303
          test accuracy: 0.972
          test f1: 0.973
          test precision: 0.981
          test recall: 0.965
          test_roc_auc: 0.993
```

Naive Bayes Classifier

```
In [50]: nb = GaussianNB()
```

```
In [51]: nb_scores_coding = cross_validate(estimator=nb,
                                        X=X coding train,
                                        y=y coding train,
                                        scoring=metrics,
                                        cv=skf)
In [73]: | nb_scores_all = cross_validate(estimator=nb,
                                        X=X all train,
                                        y=y_all_train,
                                        scoring=metrics,
                                        cv=skf)
In [53]: display cv metrics(nb scores coding)
         fit_time: 0.444
         score time: 0.095
         test_accuracy: 0.918
         test f1: 0.921
         test precision: 0.91
         test_recall: 0.933
         test_roc_auc: 0.922
In [74]: display_cv_metrics(nb_scores_all)
         fit_time: 2.445
         score time: 0.309
         test accuracy: 0.657
         test_f1: 0.708
         test precision: 0.629
         test recall: 0.812
         test roc auc: 0.654
```

Decision Tree Classifier

```
In [58]: display_cv_metrics(dt scores_coding)
         fit time: 6.907
         score_time: 0.02
         test_accuracy: 0.909
         test f1: 0.91
         test precision: 0.914
         test_recall: 0.907
         test_roc_auc: 0.909
In [59]: |display_cv_metrics(dt_scores_all)
         fit_time: 14.78
         score_time: 0.06
         test_accuracy: 0.905
         test_f1: 0.906
         test_precision: 0.913
         test recall: 0.899
         test_roc_auc: 0.905
```

Random Forest Classifier

```
In [60]: rf = RandomForestClassifier(max_depth=3, random state=1)
In [61]: rf_scores_coding = cross_validate(estimator=rf,
                                        X=X coding train,
                                        y=y coding train,
                                        scoring=metrics,
                                        cv=skf)
In [62]: rf scores all = cross validate(estimator=rf,
                                        X=X_all_train,
                                        y=y all train,
                                        scoring=metrics,
                                        cv=skf)
In [63]: display cv metrics(rf scores coding)
         fit_time: 1.971
         score time: 0.037
         test accuracy: 0.957
         test f1: 0.958
         test precision: 0.956
         test recall: 0.961
         test roc auc: 0.991
```

```
In [64]: display_cv_metrics(rf_scores_all)

fit_time: 3.422
score_time: 0.067
test_accuracy: 0.956
test_f1: 0.957
test_precision: 0.961
test_recall: 0.953
test_roc_auc: 0.992
```

Selecting the best performer

For all genes

In [109]: pd.DataFrame(scores_all, index=names)

Out[109]:

	fit_time	score_time	test_accuracy	test_f1	test_precision	test_recall	test_roc_auc
K-Nearest Neighbors	3.364365	32.006083	0.840952	0.816745	0.984169	0.699533	0.955647
Support Vector Classifier	20.541505	9.303161	0.972381	0.972630	0.981336	0.964521	0.992669
Naive Bayes Classifier	2.191593	0.295318	0.657143	0.707806	0.629284	0.811578	0.653981
Decision Tree Classifier	14.779774	0.060417	0.904762	0.905943	0.912786	0.899290	0.904899
Random Forest Classifier	3.422036	0.067356	0.956190	0.956934	0.960781	0.953340	0.992069

For only protein-coding genes

In [110]: pd.DataFrame(scores_coding, index=names)

Out[110]:

	fit_time	score_time	test_accuracy	test_f1	test_precision	test_recall	test_roc_auc
K-Nearest Neighbors	0.809870	11.025419	0.891429	0.882157	0.981738	0.802077	0.965718
Support Vector Classifier	4.690663	2.065730	0.972381	0.972663	0.979575	0.966390	0.992378
Naive Bayes Classifier	0.443795	0.095060	0.918095	0.920576	0.909718	0.932866	0.921958
Decision Tree Classifier	6.906948	0.019686	0.908571	0.910091	0.913765	0.906819	0.908616
Random Forest Classifier	1.971109	0.036887	0.957143	0.958180	0.956230	0.960782	0.991180

Important RNA-sequences in Classifying Tumor

Support Vector Classifier with linear kernel seems to have a slightly higher cross validated ROC AUC and accuracy scores across both datasets, closely followed by the Random Forest Classifier.

Dataset with just the protein-coding genes seems to be performing as well as the full dataset despite having fewer features. We will compute Random Forest feature importances based on

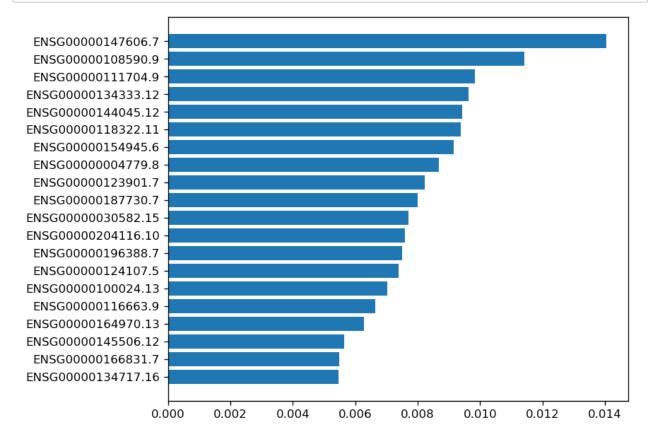
mean decrease in impurity and display the first 10 genes that are the best predictors of tumor.

Random Forest Feature Importances

```
In [76]: rf.fit(X_all_train, y_all_train)
Out[76]: RandomForestClassifier(max_depth=3, random_state=1)
In [77]: importances = rf.feature_importances_
In [78]: feature_names = list(nt_coding.columns[1:])
In [79]: importance_df = pd.DataFrame(zip(feature_names, importances), columns=['gen]
```

Top 20 genes for predicting tumor

```
In [191]: top_20_rf = importance_df.sort_values('importance', ascending=False).head(2
In [194]: plt.figure(figsize=(7, 6), dpi=120)
    plt.barh(y=top_20_rf.gene[::-1], width=top_20_rf.importance[::-1]);
```

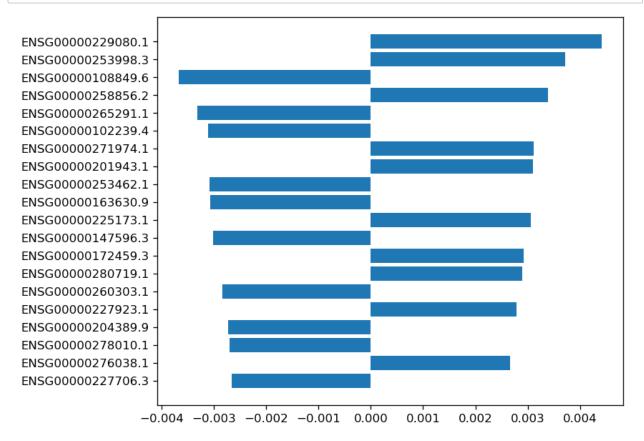


SVC Feature Importances

```
In [111]: svc = SVC(kernel='linear')
    svc.fit(X_all_train, y_all_train)
Out[111]: SVC(kernel='linear')
In [175]: names, imp = zip(*sorted(zip(nt_all.columns[1:], svc.coef_[0]), key=lambda
```

Highest coefficients where higher absolute value means more influence on the decision of the classifier:

```
In [198]: plt.figure(figsize=(7, 6), dpi=120)
plt.barh(y=names[-20:], width=imp[-20:]);
```



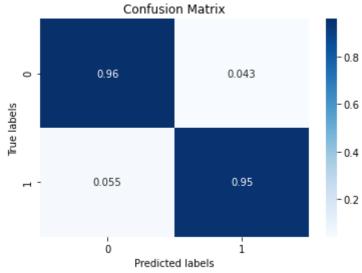
Check to see if any common features for SVC and Random Forest in the top 20:

```
In [206]: set(names[-20:]) & set(top_20_rf.gene)
Out[206]: set()
```

Nope.

Confusion matrix with the predictions on the holdout set

Random Forest

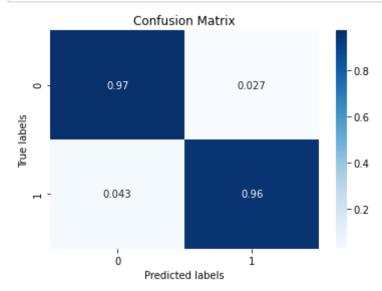


Support Vector Machine

```
In [215]: y_all_pred = svc.predict(X_all_test)
In [216]: cf_matrix = confusion_matrix(y_all_test, y_all_pred, normalize='true')
In [217]: test_accuracy = (y_all_pred == y_all_test).sum() / len(y_all_test)
    print(f"Test accuracy is {test_accuracy * 100}%")
```

Test accuracy is 96.57142857142857%

```
In [218]: ax = plt.axes()
    sns.heatmap(cf_matrix, annot=True, cmap='Blues', ax=ax)
    ax.set_title('Confusion Matrix')
    ax.set_xlabel('Predicted labels')
    ax.set_ylabel('True labels');
```



Deep Learning Classifier

```
In [1]: import keras
    from keras.layers import Input, Dense
    from keras.models import Model

In [21]: input_layer = Input(shape=(19561,))
    dense = Dense(8192, activation='relu')(input_layer)
    dense = Dense(2048, activation='relu')(input_layer)
    dense = Dense(512, activation='relu')(input_layer)
    dense = Dense(128, activation='relu')(dense)
    dense = Dense(64, activation='relu')(dense)
    dense = Dense(32, activation='relu')(dense)
    dense = Dense(8, activation='relu')(dense)
    output = Dense(1, activation='relu')(dense)

In [22]: model = Model(input_layer, output)

In [23]: model.compile(loss='binary crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accur
```

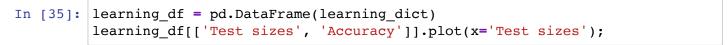
```
In [30]: test_sizes = np.arange(0.05, 0.8, 0.05)
        learning dict = {'Test sizes': test sizes,
                      'Accuracy': [],
                      'Loss': [],
                      'AUC': []}
        random weights = model.get_weights()
        for size in test sizes:
           model.set weights(random weights)
           X coding train, X coding test, y coding train, y coding test = train te
                                                        test size=.25, rand
           scaler = StandardScaler()
           X coding train = scaler.fit transform(X coding train)
           X coding test = scaler.transform(X coding test)
           model.fit(X_coding_train, y_coding_train, epochs=100,
              batch size=20)
           loss, accuracy, auc = model.evaluate(X coding test, y coding test, verb
           learning_dict['Loss'].append(loss)
           learning dict['Accuracy'].append(accuracy)
           learning dict['AUC'].append(auc)
        Epoch 1/100
        ccuracy: 0.6610 - auc: 0.7505
        Epoch 2/100
        ccuracy: 0.6838 - auc: 0.7626
        Epoch 3/100
        53/53 [============== ] - 0s 5ms/step - loss: 0.5190 - a
        ccuracy: 0.6848 - auc: 0.7749
        Epoch 4/100
        53/53 [=============== ] - 0s 5ms/step - loss: 0.5076 - a
        ccuracy: 0.6981 - auc: 0.7988
        Epoch 5/100
        53/53 [============== ] - 0s 5ms/step - loss: 0.4973 - a
        ccuracy: 0.7038 - auc: 0.8091
        Epoch 6/100
        53/53 [============= ] - 0s 5ms/step - loss: 0.4868 - a
        ccuracy: 0.7076 - auc: 0.8193
        Epoch 7/100
```

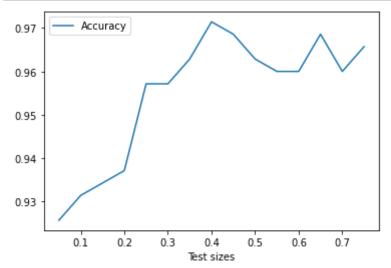
Learning Curve

In [37]: learning_df

Out[37]:

	Test sizes	Accuracy	Loss	AUC
0	0.05	0.925714	0.510010	0.956825
1	0.10	0.931429	0.710257	0.953400
2	0.15	0.934286	0.364858	0.970873
3	0.20	0.937143	0.490639	0.967381
4	0.25	0.957143	0.474641	0.966726
5	0.30	0.957143	0.609394	0.967889
6	0.35	0.962857	0.968809	0.965087
7	0.40	0.971429	0.969524	0.976118
8	0.45	0.968571	0.566424	0.975741
9	0.50	0.962857	0.687308	0.967545
10	0.55	0.960000	0.541426	0.975446
11	0.60	0.960000	0.771379	0.970397
12	0.65	0.968571	0.656924	0.975856
13	0.70	0.960000	0.720427	0.967939
14	0.75	0.965714	0.348426	0.978708





Test accuracy peaks at 97.14 when we use 40% of the data for testing and 60% for training. Which is higher than the best performing traditinoal ML methods Support Vector Machine and Random Forest.

```
In [38]: model.set weights(random weights)
     X coding train, X coding test, y coding train, y coding test = train test s
                                       test_size=.4, rando
     scaler = StandardScaler()
     X_coding_train = scaler.fit_transform(X_coding_train)
     X coding test = scaler.transform(X coding test)
     model.fit(X coding train, y coding train, epochs=100,
         batch size=20)
     Epoch 1/100
     ccuracy: 0.7786 - auc: 0.8987
     Epoch 2/100
     ccuracy: 0.9167 - auc: 0.9812
     Epoch 3/100
     ccuracy: 0.9393 - auc: 0.9805
     Epoch 4/100
     ccuracy: 0.9417 - auc: 0.9846
     Epoch 5/100
     ccuracy: 0.9512 - auc: 0.9917
     Epoch 6/100
     ccuracy: 0.9536 - auc: 0.9928
     Epoch 7/100
In [45]: y_coding_pred == y_coding_test
```

Confusion Matrix for the Deep Learning Classifier

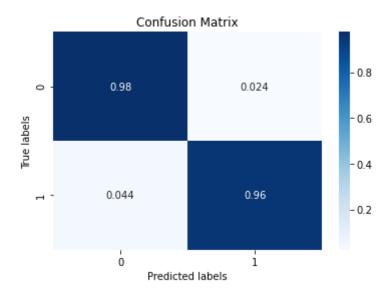
```
In [76]: y_coding_pred = (model.predict(X_coding_test) > .5).reshape(560)

cf_matrix = confusion_matrix(y_coding_test, y_coding_pred, normalize='true'

test_accuracy = (y_coding_pred == y_coding_test).sum() / len(y_coding_test)
print(f"Test accuracy is {test_accuracy * 100}%")

ax = plt.axes()
sns.heatmap(cf_matrix, annot=True, cmap='Blues', ax=ax)
ax.set_title('Confusion Matrix')
ax.set_title('Predicted labels')
ax.set_ylabel('True labels');
```

Test accuracy is 96.60714285714286%



Slightly different accuracy score.