



Alexandria/Arlington Resource Recovery Facility
Fiscal Year 2016
Second Quarter Operating Report

FDS

January **2016**

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Definition of Abbreviations & Acronym

Abbreviation/Acronym
APC

Definition
Air Pollution Control

April August Avg Average

Btu British thermal unit

CAAI Covanta Alexandria Arlington, Inc.
CEMS Continuous Emissions Monitoring System

CO Carbon Monoxide
Dec December

ECOM Emergency Communications

Feb February

FMG Facility Monitoring Group

FY Fiscal Year gal Gallon

GAT Guaranteed Annual Tonnage
HCI Hydrochloric (Hydrogen Chlorides)

HDR HDR Engineering Inc

IDInduced DraftJanJanuaryJulJulyJunJune

klbs Kilo-pounds (1,000 lbs)

kWhr Kilowatt hours (1,000 watt-hours)

lbs Pounds

LOA Letter of Agreement

Mar March
Max Maximum
May May
Min Minimum

MSW Municipal Solid Waste MWhr Megawatt hours

No Number

NOV Notice of Violation
Nov November
NO_x Nitrogen Oxide
Oct October

Occupational Safety and Health

OSHA Administration

PDS Potomac Disposal Services

ppm Parts per million

ppmdv Parts per million dry volume

PSD Prevention of Significant Deterioration

Q1 First Quarter
Q2 Second Quarter
Q3 Third Quarter
Q4 Fourth Quarter
RE Reportable Exempt
RNE Reportable Non-Exempt
SDA Spray Dryer Absorber

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \mathsf{Sep} & & \mathsf{September} \\ \mathsf{SO}_2 & & \mathsf{Sulfur\ Dioxide} \end{array}$

TCLP Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure

Virginia Department of Environmental

VADEQ Quality

WL Warning Letter

yr Year YTD Year to date

Alexandria/Arlington Waste-to-Energy Facility **Second Quarter Operating Report – Fiscal Year 2016**

Purpose of Report 1.0

HDR Engineering, Inc. (HDR) was authorized by the Facility Monitoring Group (FMG) to conduct quarterly inspections and provide quarterly reports regarding the operation and maintenance of the Covanta Alexandria/Arlington Waste-to-Energy Facility (Facility) for the 2016 calendar year. This report is prepared for the second quarter of the 2016 fiscal year and summarizes Facility operations between October 1, 2015 and December 31, 2015. This report identifies the fiscal year beginning on July 1, 2015 as FY16 and the quarter beginning on October 1, 2015 as Q2FY16.

This report is based upon HDR's experience in the waste-to-energy industry, upon site observation visits and previous reports provided by HDR, and upon data provided by Covanta Alexandria / Arlington, Inc. (CAAI), the Facility owner and operator.

2.0 **Executive Summary**

CAAI operated the Facility in an acceptable manner and in accordance with established waste-to-energy industry practices during Q2FY16. The operation of the Facility, maintenance, safety, and overall cleanliness continue to be above average. Environmental performance was acceptable with one (1) reportable environmental excursion throughout the quarter.

During Q2FY16, the Facility experienced one (1) instance of unscheduled downtime for the boilers totaling 7.1 hours, and no unscheduled downtime for the turbine generators. Beginning October 10, 2015, Boiler No. 2 experienced 112.0 hours of downtime for scheduled maintenance, and beginning November 7, 2015 Boiler No. 3 experienced 121.5 hours for scheduled maintenance. Note that Boiler No. 1 scheduled maintenance was conducted last quarter in the month of September (Q1FY16). During Q2FY16, the boilers experienced two (2)

instances of standby time totaling 84.8 hours, and Turbine Generator No. 1 experienced three (3) instances of standby time totaling 173.1 hours. Note that standby time isn't factored into reported availability. A detailed listing of downtime is provided in Section 5.2 of this report.

Average waste processed during the quarter was 930.1 tons per day, or 95.4% of nominal facility capacity. Waste deliveries averaged 928.9 tons per day, which is 0.1% lower than the burn rate. The capacity utilization of 95.4% compares favorably to industry averages, which are generally in the 88% to 92% range.

Performance trends for various measurements are presented in Section 4. In general, the Facility continues to demonstrate reasonable consistency in month to month performance throughout the most recent three-year period tracked for detailed comparisons.

During the quarter, MSW processed increased 0.1% from the corresponding quarter in FY15; steam production decreased 1.1%, and electricity generated (gross) decreased 2.7% from the corresponding quarter in FY15. The decrease in steam generation was attributable to the decrease (1.0%) in the calculated average waste heating value, offset by less downtime (31.5 fewer hours) experienced by the boilers. The decrease in gross electrical generation in Q2FY16 as compared to Q2FY15 is partially attributable to the decrease in steam production, offset by less downtime (6.2 fewer hours) experienced by the Turbine Generators.

3.0 Facility Inspection and Records Review

In November 2015, HDR met with the Facility management and other plant personnel to discuss Facility operations, and maintenance, acquire Facility data and reports, perform an independent visual inspection of the operating Facility, photograph areas of interest, and perform a review of recent Facility activity. This visit was coordinated with the scheduled FMG meeting. At the time of the inspection, HDR reviewed CAAI records, discussed performance issues with

CAAI staff, and provided a verbal report and performance statistics at the FMG meeting. HDR maintains a running tabulation of the status of corrective actions and plant performance trends. CAAI provides the following documents for each month:

- Facility Monthly Operating Reports
- Monthly Continuous Emissions Monitoring System (CEMS) Reports

Table 1 summarizes maintenance, repair, and plant condition issues reported during this and prior audit reporting periods. An "A" indicates an issue of the highest priority and worthy of immediate attention. Such items are usually safety or operability issues. A "B" indicates that the issue needs to be dealt with as quickly as possible, but is not urgent. These items will usually result in a process improvement or will help avoid future "urgent" issues. A "C" indicates that the issue should be dealt with at the earliest convenience, but is not a priority issue. This category might include issues related to aesthetics, non-urgent maintenance, or housekeeping improvements which are not safety related.

Table 1: Summary of Audit Report Deficiencies

*A is highest priority & demands immediate attention: B needs attention, but is not urgent; C can be addressed at earliest opportunity & is not

urgent.

_	urgent.					
Item No.	Audit Report Deficiencies	Issue Reported	Priority*	HDR Recommendation	Status	Open / Closed
1	Concrete to roadway drain at truck entrance damaged – exposing reinforcing bar	May 2014	С	Repair damaged concrete	CAAI reports that it is experimenting with epoxy-based material to cover the exposed rebar to avoid significant cutting of the surrounding concrete.	Open
2	Corrosion on ceiling panels in Turbine Generator Enclosure	August 2014	С	Sand, Prime, Paint and Preserve, and replace deteriorated panels as necessary	HDR observed the corroded/deteriorated sections had been primed, but no panels were replaced. CAAI reports that it plans to replace panels in 1 to 2 years.	Open
3	Corrosion on ceiling panels in Turbine Generator Enclosure (Alternate Location)	August 2014	С	Sand, Prime, Paint and Preserve, and replace deteriorated panels as necessary	HDR observed the corroded/deteriorated sections had been primed, but no panels were replaced. CAAI reports that it plans to replace panels in 1 to 2 years.	Open
4	Deteriorated purlin east wall in Tipping Floor Enclosure	November 2014	С	Replace deteriorated purlin	CAAI reports that it will replace the entire east wall of the Tipping Floor Enclosure as a 2016 Budget Item.	Open
5	Damaged curbing northeast corner of Facility near Citizen's Drop-off	November 2014	С	Repair curbing	Status Unchanged	Open
6	Damaged curbing west side of Cooling Towers	November 2014	С	Repair curbing	Status Unchanged	Open
7	Damaged curbing near Ash Trailer Parking Area	November 2014	С	Repair curbing	Status Unchanged	Open
8	Panels on east wall in Charging Floor damaged	February 2015	С	Replace damaged wall panels	Status Unchanged	Open

Item No.	Audit Report Deficiencies	Issue Reported	Priority*	HDR Recommendation	Status	Open / Closed
9	Rotary Sootblower Gears Exposed (typical of all 3 boilers) at Crane Pulpit Elevation	May 2015	А	Install protective cages around all sides of exposed gears.	Complete	Closed
10	Induced Draft Fan No. 1 Lagging deteriorated, west side of CEMS Enclosure	May 2015	С	Replace deteriorated Induced Draft Fan Lagging	Status Unchanged	Open
11	Emergency light fixture, east side of Tipping Floor, not functioning in test mode	August 2015	А	Repair emergency light	Complete	Closed
12	Pot hole, southwest corner of Ash Trailer Canopy	August 2015	С	Repair road surface	Status Unchanged	Open
13	Ash Trailers (typical of 3) have a damaged top pressure-treated wood rail (2"x6") – See Figure 1 (Appendix B)	November 2015	С	Contact ash hauling company and request repairs be made to ash trailers	Status Unchanged	Open
14	Ceiling panels corroded, above Condensate Make-up Tank – Painting Item – See Figure 2 (Appendix B)	November 2015	С	Conduct proper painting preservation measures	Status Unchanged	Open
15	Pressure treated support split at bolt, on Cooling Tower Access Stairs – See Figure 3 (Appendix B)	November 2015	А	Inspect entire Cooling Tower Access Stairway and replace split supports as needed	Status Unchanged	Open

4.0 Facility Performance

Monthly operating data provided by CAAI indicates that 85,572 tons of MSW were processed during Q2FY16, and a total of 85,546 tons of MSW including 2,147 tons of Special Handling Waste were received. Total ash production during the quarter was 17,669 tons, which represents 20.6% of the waste processed. The average uncorrected steam production rate for Q2FY16 was 3.07 tons_{steam}/ton_{waste}, which is nearly identical (0.2% less) to the corresponding quarter in FY15. The decrease in this metric correlates with the decrease (1.0%) in calculated average waste heating value that was experienced in Q2FY16, as compared to Q2FY15.



Chart 1: Tons of Waste Processed

Chart 1 illustrates that Q2FY16 waste processed was slightly higher (0.1%) than the corresponding quarter, Q2FY15.

CAAI reported that 453 tipping floor/MSW internal inspections were conducted during the quarter and four (4) notices of violation (NOVs) were issued to the haulers for the following issues:

- October 2015 Two (2) NOVs were issued for:
 - Excessive metal unloaded onto the Tipping Floor

- Large nylon bags of insulation
- November 2015 One (1) NOV was issued for:
 - Opening turnbuckles before entering the Tipping Floor
- December 2015 One (1) NOV was issued for:
 - Unacceptable load of sheet rock

Tons of Ash Produced per Ton of Waste Processed

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Chart 2: Tons of Ash Produced per Ton of Waste Processed

Chart 2 illustrates that the average ash production rate in Q2FY16 was lower (0.4%) at 20.6% of processed waste, compared to the corresponding quarter in FY15 when the rate was 21.0%. Ash production remains in the 20.0% to 21.0% range, as a result of the installation of the "semi-dry" ash discharger spray system in May 2012, and represents less moisture in the ash residue shipped to disposal.

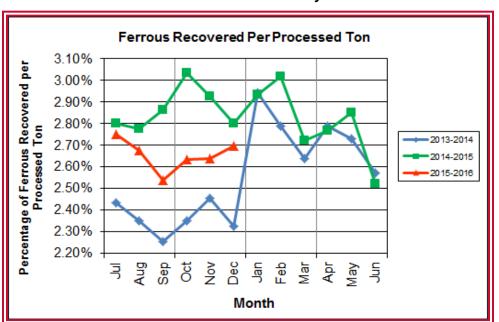
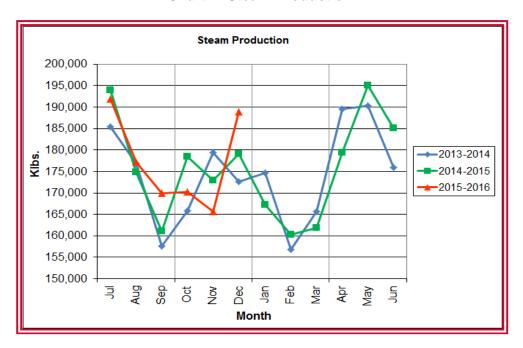


Chart 3: Ferrous Recovery Rate

Chart 3 depicts the monthly ferrous metal recovery rate as a percentage of processed MSW tonnage. In Q2FY16, 2,274 tons of ferrous metals were recovered, which is 8.8% lower than the corresponding quarter in FY15 and equivalent to 2.7% of processed waste. CAAI reports that in recent months it was noted that the ferrous recovery rate had decreased and they replaced an end section of the vibrating pan which was worn due to wear from material getting caught between the pan and magnet. However, the metal recovery rate continues to decline. The reason for the substantial decrease remains unexplained.

Chart 4: Steam Production



In Chart 4, the total steam production for Q2FY16 was 524,844 klbs., and 1.1% lower than the corresponding quarter in FY15. The decrease in steam production is attributable to the decrease (1.0%) in the calculated average waste heating value, offset by less total downtime (31.5 fewer hours) experienced by the boilers.

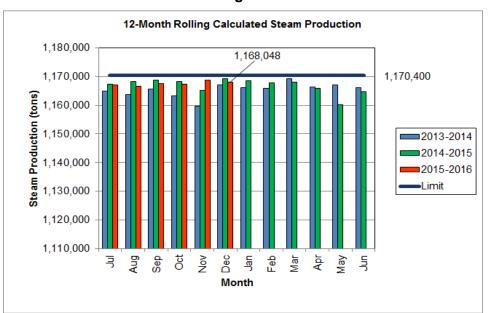


Chart 5: 12-Month Rolling Steam Production

Chart 5 depicts the 12-month rolling steam production total for the period ending in December 2015. According to the Title V permit, the annual steam production for the Facility shall not exceed 1,170,400 tons on the basis of an average value of 3.34 lbs of steam per lb of MSW processed, calculated monthly as the sum of each consecutive 12 month period. The Facility was in compliance with the 12-month rolling steam production total every month in the quarter. The 12-month rolling total for steam production ending in November 2015 was 1,168,048 tons which is 99.8% of the limit. Chart 5 clearly shows that Facility throughput, and in turn, steam and electricity production are being throttled to stay ever so slightly below the steam production limit nearly every month.

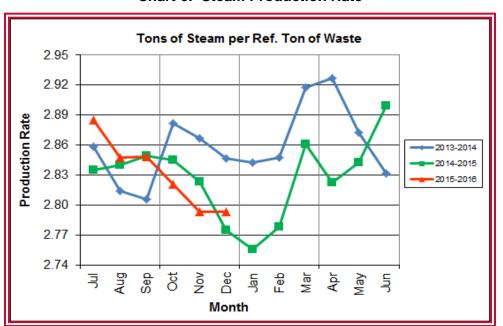


Chart 6: Steam Production Rate

In Chart 6, the conversion of raw waste tonnages into "reference tons" is another way of analyzing steam production, and helps to determine whether changes are related to boiler performance or to fuel issues. "Reference tons" are adjusted to account for the calculated average fuel heating value, so that lower Btu fuel raw tonnages are adjusted upwards and vice versa. In Q2FY16, this metric tracked lower (0.4%) at 2.8 tons_{steam/tonref}, compared to the corresponding quarter in FY15.

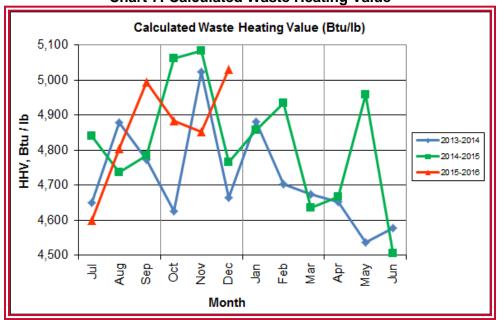


Chart 7: Calculated Waste Heating Value

Chart 7 illustrates that Q2FY16 calculated average waste heating value was lower (1.0%) at 4,922 Btu/lb than the corresponding quarter Q2FY15, which averaged 4,970 Btu/lb.

Table 2: Quarterly Performance Summaries

	Month	Waste Processed (tons)	Waste Diverted (tons)	Ash Shipped (tons)	Special Handling (Supplemental) (tons)	Ferrous Recovered (tons)	Steam Produced (klbs)	Net Electrical Generation (MWhr)
	Quarterly Totals	85,286	0	17,833	866	2,027	517,968	33,068
Q2FY14	October -13	27,989	0	5,763	410	658	165,840	11,198
QZI I I4	November -13	28,043	0	6,008	188	689	179,483	9,705
	December -13	29,254	0	6,062	268	680	172,645	12,165
	Quarterly Totals	85,456	0	17,912	1,814	2,492	530,413	37,911
Q2FY15	October -14	27,883	0	5,990	521	846	178,450	12,745
QZF113	November -14	27,099	0	5,799	764	793	172,875	12,276
	December -14	30,474	0	6,123	529	853	179,088	12,890
	Quarterly Totals	85,572	0	17,669	2,147	2,274	524,844	36,665
Q2FY16	October -15	27,796	0	5,807	684	732	170,190	11,899
Q2F110	November -15	27,510	0	5,549	676	726	165,681	11,626
	December -15	30,266	0	6,313	787	816	188,973	13,140
FY16 YTD Totals		174,144	0	35,831	4,021	4,631	1,063,947	73,727
F'	Y15 Totals	348,686	0	71,019	5,413	9,864	2,109,442	145,085
F'	Y14 Totals	349,118	0	72,071	3,549	8,922	2,091,123	143,064

Table 2 presents the production data provided to HDR by CAAI for Q2FY16 on both a monthly and quarterly basis. For purposes of comparison, data for Q2FY14 and Q2FY15 are also shown, as well as FY14, FY15 and FY16 YTD totals.

In comparing quarterly totals, the data shows:

- More waste was processed in Q2FY16 than Q2FY15 and Q2FY14
- Less steam was generated in Q2FY16 than Q2FY15 and more than Q2FY14
- Less electricity was generated in Q2FY16 than Q2FY15 and more than Q2FY14
- Significantly more supplemental waste was received in Q2FY16 than Q2FY15 and Q2FY14.

Please note that the total steam generation figures presented in Table 2 do not correlate with the annual steam production limit from the Facility Permit; such limits apply on a 12-month rolling average monthly basis, and not a fiscal year basis. It is also worth noting that the quantity of waste processed during Q2FY16 and FY16 continues to be limited by the steam production permit restrictions (refer to Chart 5).

Table 3: Waste Delivery Classification

		<u>Jul</u>	Aug	<u>Sep</u>	Oct	Nov	<u>Dec</u>	<u>Jan</u>	<u>Feb</u>	<u>Mar</u>	<u>Apr</u>	May	<u>Jun</u>	<u>Totals</u>	% of Total
	Jurisdiction Waste	18,112	20,021	19,304	17,796	17,523	17,211	16,202	14,952	17,430	18,338	20,138	18,361	215,381	61.89%
FY12	Spot Waste tons	8,901	13,623	13,303	9,788	11,976	11,900	10,276	10,697	10,283	10,029	11,333	10,177	132,295	38.01%
F	Supplemental Waste	10	10	34	15	15	21	12	22	15	23	68	91	336	0.10%
	MSW Totals	27,023	33,654	32,641	27,599	29,514	29,132	26,490	25,672	27,729	28,390	31,539	28,629	348,012	100.00%
	Jurisdiction Waste	19,413	18,357	16,632	17,625 ⁽	18,838	16,195	-	-	-	-	-	-	107,058	30.76%
	Spot Waste tons	10,516	11,326	10,610	10,317	9,330	9,558	-	-	-	-	-	-	61,656	17.72%
3	City Waste	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,683 ⁽¹⁾	1,287	1,444	2,382	2,286	1,919	11,000	3.16%
FY13	County Waste	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,442 ⁽¹⁾	2,100	2,372	3,381	3,932	3,309	17,536	5.04%
_	Municipal Solid Waste	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,019 ⁽¹⁾	23,637	21,661	27,066	25,794	24,930	148,107	42.56%
	Supplemental Waste	151	11	80	25	234	405	363	365	76	403	281	271	2,665	0.77%
	MSW Totals	29,928	29,683	27,241	27,942	28,167	25,753	29,507	27,388	25,552	33,231	32,293	30,429	348,022	100.00%
	City Waste	2,065	1,693	1,702	1,924	1,566	1,780	1,529	1,231	1,556	2,256	2,203	1,883	21,389	6.11%
4	County Waste	3,459	3,079	2,784	3,091	2,707	2,802	2,568	1,957	2,272	3,326	3,987	3,387	35,419	10.12%
FY14	Municipal Solid Waste	26,167	23,604	22,034	23,354	21,879	25,531	23,869	22,523	23,198	25,414	27,206	24,812	289,590	82.75%
	Supplemental Waste	546	676	248	410	188	268	275	192	231	253	151	110	3,548	1.01%
	MSW Totals	32,237	29,053	26,768	28,779	26,340	30,380	28,241	25,903	27,256	31,249	33,546	30,193	349,946	100.00%
	City Waste	1,814	1,497	1,699	1,737	1,518	1,770	1,411	1,209	1,648	2,155	2,059	2,045	20,562	5.91%
2	County Waste	3,297	2,868	2,973	3,095	2,508	2,852	2,358	1,833	2,411	3,269	3,652	3,572	34,687	9.96%
FY1	Municipal Solid Waste	26,661	24,466	21,887	21,241	21,678	27,906	24,611	20,915	24,094	25,189	23,126	25,667	287,442	82.57%
	Supplemental Waste	141	275	329	521	764	529	389	351	272	613	531	698	5,413	1.55%
	MSW Totals	31,913	29,106	26,888	26,595	26,468	33,057	28,769	24,308	28,424	31,225	29,369	31,982	348,105	100.00%
	City Waste	1,960	1,563	1,723	1,645	1,685	1,872							10,448	5.96%
9	County Waste	3,627	2,880	2,832	2,869	2,682	2,891							17,781	10.14%
FY16	Municipal Solid Waste	27,933	22,999	22,552	22,850	20,679	26,138							143,150	81.61%
	Supplemental Waste	676	427	771	684	676	787							4,021	2.29%
	MSW Totals (1): Beginning January 2	34,196	27,869	27,878	28,047	25,722	31,687							175,399	100.00%

Note (1): Beginning January 2013, the method in which waste was classified was modified as compared to prior periods due to change in contractual obligations and plant ownership





Chart 8: Cumulative Total Waste Delivery

As depicted in Table 3 and Chart 8, for the period ending in November 2015; cumulative total waste delivery was 0.8% more compared to the same period in FY15.

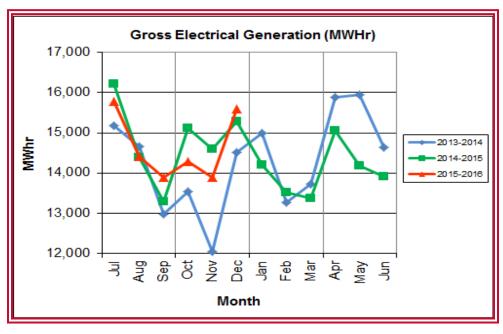


Chart 9: Gross Electrical Generation

During Q2FY16, the Facility generated 43,757 MWhrs (gross) of electricity compared to Q2FY15 generation of 44,985 MWhrs (gross), a 2.7% decrease. The decrease in gross electrical generation in Q2FY16 as compared to Q2FY15

is attributable to the decrease in steam production, offset by less downtime (31.5 fewer hours) experienced by the Turbine Generators. Note that the sharp spikes depicted in Chart Nos. 10 through 14 for the months of May and June 2015 are a result of significant downtime (424.7 hours) experienced by Turbine Generator No. 1 to repair an exciter failure in the generator. A similar spike is depicted in the same charts for November 2013 as a result of Turbine Generator No. 2 experiencing significant downtime (494.8 hours) for a Major Overhaul.

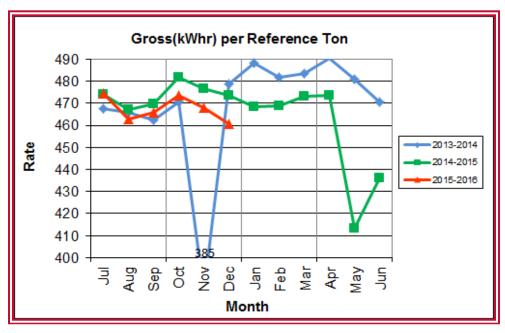


Chart 10: Gross Conversion Rate

As shown in Chart 10, the average gross electrical generation per reference ton of refuse processed during Q2FY16 was 467 kWhr, which is 2.1% lower than the corresponding quarter in FY15. Since this calculated value uses reference or normalized tonnages of waste, it should cancel the effect of MSW heating value (Btu content) variability.

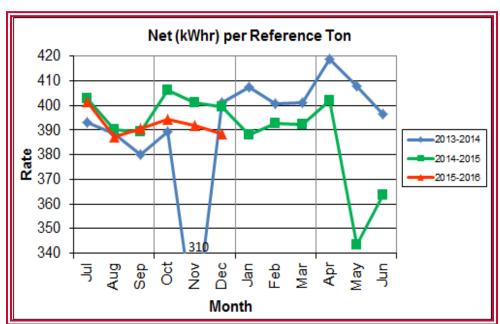


Chart 11: Net Conversion Rate

Chart 11 depicts the normalized net power (gross minus in-house usage) generation history. In Q2FY16, the average net electrical generation per reference ton was 392 kWhr, which is 2.7% lower than the corresponding quarter in FY15.

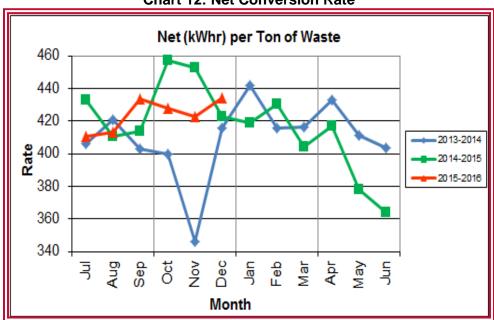


Chart 12: Net Conversion Rate

Chart 12 depicts the net power generation per processed ton. The net electrical generation per processed ton in Q2FY16 was 428 kWhr, which is 3.6% lower than the corresponding quarter in FY15.

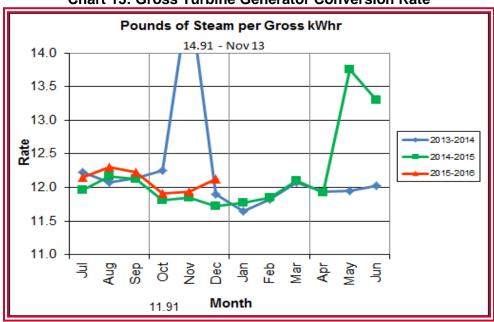


Chart 13: Gross Turbine Generator Conversion Rate

Charts 13 and 14 illustrate the quantities of steam required to generate one kWhr of electricity, gross and net respectively. This measure is a turbine generator performance indicator, where lower steam rates indicate superior performance.

For simplification, this calculated rate is based on the average for the two turbine generators. In Q2FY16 the average lbs of steam consumed per gross kWhr generated was 12.0, which is higher (1.7%) than the corresponding quarter Q2FY15, and indicative of poorer performance. A contributing factor to the decline in this metric is Turbine Generator No. 2 continues to operate with its Stage 9 blades removed from the rotor. CAAI reported that during the Turbine Generator No. 2 overhaul in November 2013, some cracking was observed on the Stage 9 blades of the rotor, and the blading in that row was removed as a precautionary measure. CAAI originally indicated that a new set of blades would be manufactured and installed during a Turbine Generator No. 2 Outage in 2016, but advised in May 2015, that the implementation of the replacement blades installation would be delayed. The average lbs of steam consumed per net kWhr was 14.3, which is higher (2.3%) than the corresponding quarter in FY15. The average steam temperature during the quarter was 678.3° F, which is 0.1% lower than the average steam temperature of the corresponding quarter last year and 21.7° F lower than design temperature of 700° F.

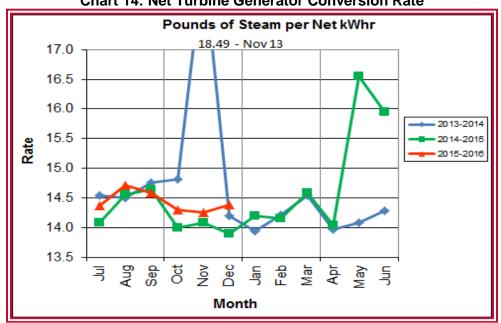


Chart 14: Net Turbine Generator Conversion Rate

4.1 **Utility and Reagent Consumptions**

Table 4: Facility Utility and Reagent Consumptions

Utility	Units	Q2FY16 Total	Q2FY15 Total	Q2FY16"Per Processed Ton" Consumption	Q2FY15"Per Processed Ton" Consumption	FY16 YTD Total	FY15 Total
Purchased Power	MWhr	5,560	5,500	0.06	0.06	11,037	22,001
Fuel Oil	Gal.	9,050	9,630	0.11	0.11	19,560	35,920
Boiler Make-up	Gal.	1,748,000	2,044,000	20.43	23.92	3,814,000	8,501,000
Cooling Tower Make-up	Gal.	35,132,772	33,436,464	410.56	391.27	77,373,039	143,594,395
Pebble Lime	Lbs.	1,396,000	1,384,000	16.31	16.20	2,730,000	5,254,000
Ammonia	Lbs.	167,000	159,000	1.95	1.86	333,000	632,000
Carbon	Lbs.	102,000	102,000	1.19	1.19	204,000	408,000
Dolomitic Lime	Lbs.	215,200	231,200	2.51	2.71	463,200	1,007,200

Fuel oil usage during the quarter represents approximately 0.16% of the total heat input to the boilers, which compares favorably with industry averages, and slightly lower than the percentage of heat input in Q2FY15 which was 0.17%. Fuel oil is used to stabilize combustion of wet fuel, as well as during start-up and shut-down of the boilers for maintenance. Boiler makeup water usage during the quarter represents 2.8% of steam flow, which is lower than the boiler makeup in Q2FY15 which was 3.2%, and is acceptable. Pebble lime usage, at 1,396,000 lbs. is higher (0.9%) than the corresponding quarter last year, and the quarterly consumption rate of 16.3 lbs/ton is comparable to historical levels (16-18 lbs/ton).

In comparing Q2FY16 to Q2FY15 on a per processed ton consumption basis:

- the purchased power consumption rate was 0.9% higher
- the total fuel oil consumption rate was 6.2% lower
- the boiler make-up water consumption rate was 14.6% lower
- the cooling tower make-up water consumption rate was 4.9% higher
- the total pebble lime consumption rate was 0.7% higher
- the ammonia consumption rate was 4.9% higher
- the carbon consumption rate was 0.1% lower

• the total dolomitic lime consumption rate was 7.1% lower¹

4.2 Safety & Environmental Training

The Facility had no recordable accidents during the quarter and has operated 1,777 days without an OSHA recordable incident through the end of September 2015. During the quarter, Safety and Environmental training was conducted with themes as follows:

October 2015

- Safety:
 - Confined Space Air Monitoring
 - Stretch and Flex
 - Grinding
- Environmental:
 - Water/Storm Water Best Management Practices (BMPs)
 - Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan

November 2015

- Safety:
 - Hot Work
 - Scaffolding
 - Carbon Monoxide (CO) Monitoring
- Environmental:
 - Ash Generation and Treatment
 - Fugitive Emission
 - Ash Sampling and Transfer

December 2015

- Safety:
 - Hearing Conservation
 - Hazard Recognition/Prevention
- Environmental:

¹ CAAI reports that the dolomitic lime consumption data previously provided via the monthly operating reports are incorrect. The value reported herein is derived from a separate reagent report. The correction of prior incorrect data for this parameter will be discussed at the forthcoming FMG meeting.

- Electronics Recycling
- Ash Reuse

5.0 Facility Maintenance

Throughout the quarter, significant routine and preventative maintenance was performed. HDR considers that the Facility is implementing an effective maintenance regimen, and is performing routine and preventative maintenance, along with selected equipment replacements in a timely manner. CAAI monthly maintenance reports provide a detailed account of maintenance performed.

Beginning October 10th, Boiler No. 2 experienced 112.0 hours of downtime for scheduled maintenance. Some significant maintenance activities that occurred during the outage were:

- Modification of the atomizer lube oil cooler sump
- Replacement of the low and high boiler drum safety valves
- Repair of a crack in the generating bank hopper seam
- Replacement of two (2) curved boiler grate blocks on the ignition header
- Change-out of Sootblower Lances G9B Nos. 3, 8, and 9
- Installation of seven (7) tube shields in the superheater section
- Change-out of the motor on Sootblower G9B No. 27
- Repair of holes on Baghouse Hoppers B and D Cells
- Change-out of the coupling hub and sleeve on the fan side of the Induced Draft (ID) Fan

Beginning November 7th, Boiler No. 3 experienced 121.5 hours of downtime for scheduled maintenance. Some significant maintenance activities that occurred during the outage were:

- Modification of the atomizer lube oil cooler sump
- Replacement of the high boiler steam drum safety valve
- Repair of broken superheater vent line fitting on the 5th Floor
- Installation of new Sootblower auto valve on the 6th Floor

- Installation of a new ash discharger drain valve
- Replacement of the oil cooler on the hydraulic skid
- Change-out of four (4) wear plates in between the lower and upper doors on the north side of the ash discharger
- Repair of one (1) ash discharger ram arm
- Replacement of four (4) Sootblower elements on G9B Nos. 4, 5, 12, and
 15
- Replacement of nine (9) curved blocks by the ignition roof header
- Re-plating of four (4) feet of the lower feed chute water jacket
- Change-out of the motor on the ID Fan
- Repair of several holes in the ID Fan Damper Wall
- Replacement of one (1) broken grate bar on Step No. 9 on Run No. 1
- Replacement of three (3) driving beam support rollers

In addition to the scheduled maintenance activities conducted on Boiler No. 1, CAAI reports that 1,121 preventative maintenance actions were completed during the quarter.

5.1 **Availability**

Facility availabilities for Q2FY16 are shown in Table 5. According to CAAI reports, the average unit availabilities for Boiler Nos. 1, 2, and 3 for Q2FY16 were 100.0%, 94.6%, and 94.4%, respectively. The three-boiler average availability during the quarter was 96.3%, which is good.

During Q2FY16, the average availability for Turbine Generator Nos. 1 and 2 was 100.0%. The two-turbine generator average availability during the quarter was 100.0%, which is excellent.

Table 5: Quarterly Facility Unit Availabilities

Availability	Q1FY16 Average	Q2FY16 Average	FY16 YTD Average
Boiler No. 1	94.1%	100.0%	97.0%
Boiler No. 2	97.9%	94.6%	96.3%
Boiler No. 3	98.5%	94.4%	96.5%
Avg.	96.8%	96.3%	96.6%
Turbine No. 1	99.0%	100.0%	99.5%
Turbine No. 2	99.1%	100.0%	99.5%
Avg.	99.0%	100.0%	99.5%

5.2 **Downtime Summary**

During Q2FY16, the Facility experienced one (1) instance of unscheduled downtime for the boilers totaling 7.1 hours, and no unscheduled downtime for the turbine generators. Beginning October 10, 2015, Boiler No. 2 experienced 112.0 hours of downtime for scheduled maintenance, and beginning November 7, 2015 Boiler No. 3 experienced 121.5 hours for scheduled maintenance. Note that Boiler No. 1 scheduled maintenance was conducted last quarter in the month of September. During Q2FY16, the boilers experienced two (2) instances of standby time totaling 84.8 hours, and Turbine Generator No. 1 experienced three (3) instances of standby time totaling 173.1 hours. Details of downtime events experienced during the quarter are portrayed in Tables 6 and 7:

Table 6: Boiler Downtime - Q2FY16

Boiler Number	Outage Begin Date	Outage End Date	Hours Unavailable	Downtime Classification	Reason Unavailable
2	10/10/15	10/15/15	112.0	Scheduled	Fall 2015 Scheduled Boiler Outage
2	10/15/15	10/17/15	60.0	Standby	Preventative measure taken to avoid exceeding 350,000 ton rolling 12-month process limit
1	11/10/15	11/11/15	24.8	Standby	Preventative measure taken to avoid exceeding 350,000 ton rolling 12-month process limit
3	11/7/15	11/12/15	121.5	Scheduled	Fall 2015 Scheduled Boiler Outage
2	12/31/15	12/31/15	7.1	Unscheduled	ID Fan Coupling Failure
Total Unso	cheduled Do	owntime			7.1 Hours
Total Scheduled Downtime					233.5 Hours
Total Standby Downtime 84.8 Hours				84.8 Hours	
Total Dow	ntime		325.4 Hours		

Table 7: Turbine Generator Downtime – Q2FY16

Turbine Generator Number	Outage Begin Date	Outage End Date	Hours Unavailable	Downtime Classification	Reason Unavailable		
2	10/13/15	10/16/15	85.5	Standby	Boiler No. 2 down for outage and in standby for process limitations		
1	11/9/15	11/11/15	50.6	Standby Boiler No. 3 down for outage and process limitations			
2	12/1/15	12/3/15	37.0	Standby	Dominion Virginia Power Scheduled Maintenance		
Total Unsch	neduled Do	wntime			0.0 Hours		
Total Sched	Total Scheduled Downtime				0.0 Hours		
Total Stand	Total Standby Downtime				173.1 Hours		
Total Down	Total Downtime				173.1 Hours		

5.3 Facility Housekeeping

CAAI is performing Facility housekeeping and maintaining plant cleanliness in accordance with acceptable industry practices. A site inspection was conducted in November 2015. At the time of the inspection, new deficiencies were recorded and prior deficiencies were given a status update. Photos of interest from the inspection are depicted in Appendix B. The Facility housekeeping ratings from the November 2015 inspection are presented in Table 8.

Table 8: Facility Housekeeping Ratings - August 2015

Table of Facili	ity i lousekeepii	ig itatiligo /ta	gaot zo io
Facility Area	Acceptable	Needs Improvement	Unacceptable
Tipping Floor		√ ⁽¹⁾	
Citizen's Drop-off Area		√ ⁽²⁾	
Tipping Floor Truck Exit	$\sqrt{}$		
Front Parking Lot	$\sqrt{}$		
Rear Parking Lot	$\sqrt{}$		
Boiler House Pump Room	$\sqrt{}$		
Lime Slurry Pump Room	$\sqrt{}$		
Switchgear Area	$\sqrt{}$		
Ash Load-out Area	$\sqrt{}$		
Vibrating Conveyor Area	$\sqrt{}$		
Ash Discharger Area	$\sqrt{}$		
Cooling Tower Area	$\sqrt{}$		
Truck Scale Area	$\sqrt{}$		
SDA/FF Conveyor Area	$\sqrt{}$		
SDA Penthouses	$\sqrt{}$		
Lime Preparation Area	$\sqrt{}$		
Boiler Drum Levels			
Turbine Room		√ ⁽³⁾	
Electrical Room			

Note (1): Tipping Floor – Needs Improvement

• Deteriorated Purlin

Note (2): Citizen's Drop-off Area – Needs Improvement

Damaged Curbing

Note (3): Turbine Room - Needs Improvement

Ceiling panels corroded

6.0 Environmental

The retrofit air pollution control equipment maintained emission concentrations well within the established regulations. Average Continuous Emission Monitoring System (CEMS) data collected for each monthly period during Q2FY16 are summarized in Appendix A. The Facility experienced one (1) permit deviation during the quarter.

On August 8, 2014, CAAI sent a letter to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality (VADEQ) requesting relief from the steam permit limit requirements in the Facility's Title V and PSD permits. These requested changes relate to the permit values established for the calculated steam-to-waste ratio, which has resulted in a reduction of MSW throughput. In recent discussions, CAAI indicated that it is re-evaluating options to the proposed permit changes, and will provide further updates on this issue.

On December 31, 2015, Boiler No. 2 experienced a permit deviation when 8-hour carbon injection levels decreased to 15.0 lbs/hr (16.0 lbs/hour minimum limit) as a result of an Induced Draft Fan Coupling Failure. CAAI reports that the corrective action taken was to replace the sheared coupling and inspect the equipment for proper operation.

A summary of the permit deviation experienced by the Facility during Q2FY16 is shown in Table 9 as follows.

Table 9: Quarterly Environmental Excursions

Date	Excursion	Exempt
12/31/15	Boiler No. 2 8-hour Carbon Injection Levels reached 15.0 lbs/hr (16.0 lbs/hr minimum limit)	Yes

6.1 Nitrogen Oxide Emissions

During Q2FY16, the monthly emission concentrations of nitrogen oxides (NO_x) averaged 161.0 ppmdv, 162.0 ppmdv and 163.7 ppmdv for Boiler Nos. 1, 2, and 3, respectively. CAAI continues to operate the units at the lower (160 ppmdv)

set-points, except immediately following a scheduled outage and associated boiler cleaning.

6.2 Sulfur Dioxide Emissions

During Q2FY16 the monthly emission concentration of stack sulfur dioxide (SO_2) averaged 0.3 ppmdv, 1.0 ppmdv, and 0.7 ppmdv for Boiler Nos. 1, 2, and 3, respectively. All of these stack SO_2 concentrations are significantly below the 40 CFR Subpart Cb requirement of 29 ppmdv @ 7% O_2 .

6.3 Carbon Monoxide Emissions

During Q2FY16, the average CO emission concentrations on Boiler Nos. 1, 2, and 3 were 35.7 ppmdv, 30.7 ppmdv, and 29.7 ppmdv, respectively, and all are well within permit limits (100 ppmdv, hourly average).

6.4 **Opacity**

During Q2FY16, the average opacity for Boiler Nos. 1, 2, and 3 was 1.3%, 0.1%, and 0.8% respectively. All of these averages are significantly below the 10% (6-minute) average permit limit.

6.5 **Daily Emissions Data**

Appendix A, Tables 11, 12, and 13 tabulate the monthly average, maximum, and minimum emissions data for each unit during Q2FY16. Excursions, if any, would appear in bold print. It should be noted that these tabulations of monthly averages, reported here for informational purposes, are based on tabulations of daily averages. These averages do not correlate with official reports to the regulatory agencies because of differences in averaging times and other technical differences required by agency report formats.

6.6 **Ash System Compliance**

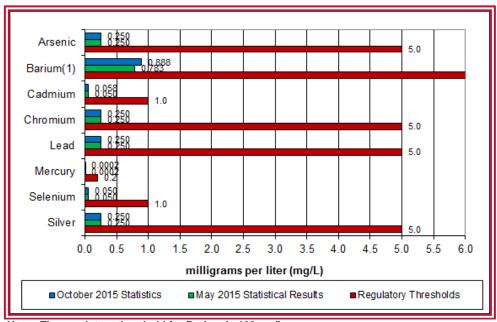
The dolomitic lime feed rate is adjusted periodically in order to maintain a desired ash pH level in the range of 8.0 to 11.0. Since initial startup, the feed rate has varied from between 1 to 9 lbs per ton. Ash Toxicity (TCLP) tests were

performed for field samples collected over a seven (7) day period in October 2015, and results indicated that the average pH during testing was 9.5. Results from the TCLP testing conducted in October 2015 are depicted in Table 10 and Chart 15 below.

Table 10: Comparison of Statistical Results and Regulatory Thresholds for Metal Analytes

Metals	90% Upper Confidence (October 2015)	90% Upper Confidence (May 2015)	Regulatory Threshold (mg/L)	% of Threshold (October 2015)	% of Threshold (May 2015)	
Arsenic	Arsenic 0.250		5.0	5.00%	5.00%	
Barium	0.888	0.783	100.0	0.89%	0.78%	
Cadmium	0.058	0.050	1.0	5.80%	5.00%	
Chromium	0.250	0.250	5.0	5.00%	5.00%	
Lead	0.250	0.250	5.0	5.00%	5.00%	
Mercury 0.0002		0.0002	0.2	0.10%	0.10%	
Selenium	0.050	0.050	1.0	5.00%	5.00%	
Silver	ilver 0.250 0.250		5.0	5.00%	5.00%	

Chart 15: Ash Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) Results



Note: The regulatory threshold for Barium is 100 mg/L

In addition to semi-annual TCLP testing, CAAI also samples ash monthly inhouse, and documents pH readings to adjust dolomitic lime feed rate. The results for the ash pH tests are found below in Chart 16 where each quarter is represented by the average of the respective monthly readings. During Q2FY16,

the average ash pH for in-house tests was 9.9, which is approaching the high end of the desired pH range.

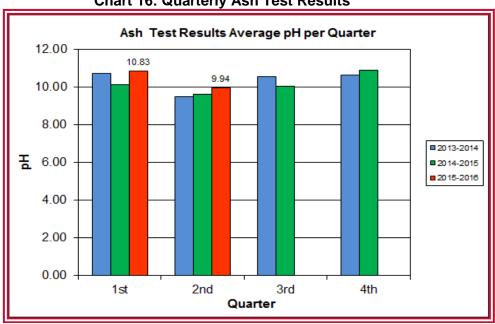


Chart 16: Quarterly Ash Test Results

APPENDIX A FACILITY CEMS DATA

Table 11: Unit #1 Monthly Summary for Reportable Emissions Data

Group#-Channel#		G8-C35	G8-C28	G8-C8	G8-C4	G8-C12	G8-C34	G8-C37	G8-C40	G8-C39
Long Descrip.		U-1 Steam	U-1 Econ	U-1 Stack	U-1 Stack	U-1 Stack	U-1 Opaci	U-1 FF In	U-1 Carbo	U-1 Lime
Short Descrip.		SteamFl	SO ₂ ec	SO ₂ sc	COsc	NO _x sc	Opacity	FF InTemp	Carbinj	LimeFlow
Units		K#/Hr	ppmc	ppm	ppmc	ppmc	%	deg F	#/hr	gpm
Range		0-100	0-2000	0-500	0-4000	0-1000	0-100	100-500	0-50	0-20
	AVG	80.7	36.0	0.0	31.0	162.0	1.1	301.0	16.3	3.0
Oct-15	Max	88.7	74.0	2.0	39.0	181.0	1.2	301.0	16.6	3.6
	Min	70.5	20.0	0.0	24.0	157.0	0.9	301.0	16.0	2.8
Nov-15	AVG	80.2	46.0	0.0	38.0	161.0	1.3	301.0	16.3	3.1
	Max	88.1	67.0	6.0	52.0	168.0	1.8	302.0	16.5	3.5
	Min	72.6	31.0	0.0	28.0	158.0	1.0	299.0	16.2	2.8
	AVG	81.9	34.0	1.0	38.0	160.0	1.4	303.0	16.3	3.0
Dec-15	Max	85.2	67.0	5.0	55.0	162.0	1.9	307.0	16.4	3.6
	Min	62.3	18.0	0.0	25.0	155.0	1.2	302.0	16.2	2.8
Quarter Average		80.9	38.7	0.3	35.7	161.0	1.3	301.7	16.3	3.0
Quarter Max Value		88.7	74.0	6.0	55.0	181.0	1.9	307.0	16.6	3.6
Quarter I	Min Value	62.3	18.0	0.0	24.0	155.0	0.9	299.0	16.0	2.8
Limits:		98	NA	29	100	205	10	333	16(a)	

(a) Carbon flow limit is a minimum value

^{*} Note: The data reported herein represent 24 hour average data for all parameters. Emissions excursions that are measured on shorter time intervals (i.e., 4-hour block averages for CO) do not correlate with the 24 hour average data reported above.

Table 12: Unit #2 Monthly Summary for Reportable Emissions Data

Group#-Channel#		G8-C35	G8-C28	G8-C8	G8-C4	G8-C12	G8-C34	G8-C37	G8-C40	G8-C39
Long Descrip.		U-2 Steam	U-2 Econ	U-2 Stack	U-2 Stack	U-2 Stack	U-2 Opaci	U-2 FF In	U-2 Carbo	U-2 Lime
Short Descrip.		SteamFl	SO₂ec	SO ₂ sc	COsc	NO _x sc	Opacity	FF InTemp	Carblnj	LimeFlow
Units		K#/Hr	ppmc	ppm	ppmc	ppmc	%	deg F	#/hr	gpm
Range		0-100	0-2000	0-500	0-4000	0-1000	0-100	100-500	0-50	0-20
	AVG	82.3	53.0	1.0	26.0	167.0	0.2	301.0	16.3	3.1
Oct-15	Max	88.5	88.0	3.0	39.0	178.0	1.8	302.0	16.5	3.5
	Min	71.2	30.0	0.0	13.0	156.0	0.0	300.0	16.2	2.9
Nov-15	AVG	81.4	48.0	1.0	28.0	160.0	0.1	301.0	16.3	3.1
	Max	88.2	75.0	3.0	39.0	163.0	0.3	302.0	16.5	3.6
	Min	71.8	29.0	0.0	22.0	158.0	0.0	300.0	16.2	2.9
	AVG	82.7	37.0	1.0	38.0	159.0	0.0	301.0	16.3	3.1
Dec-15	Max	86.0	62.0	3.0	49.0	167.0	0.2	304.0	16.4	3.4
	Min	62.5	20.0	0.0	19.0	155.0	0.0	299.0	16.1	2.9
Quarter Average		82.1	46.0	1.0	30.7	162.0	0.1	301.0	16.3	3.1
Quarter Max Value		88.5	88.0	3.0	49.0	178.0	1.8	304.0	16.5	3.6
Quarter N	Min Value	62.5	20.0	0.0	13.0	155.0	0.0	299.0	16.1	2.9
Limits:		96	NA	29	100	205	10	330	16(a)	

⁽a) Carbon flow limit is a minimum value

^{*} Note: The data reported herein represent 24 hour average data for all parameters. Emissions excursions that are measured on shorter time intervals (i.e., 4-hour block averages for CO) do not correlate with the 24 hour average data reported above.

Table 13: Unit #3 Monthly Summary for Reportable Emissions Data

Group#-Channel#		G8-C35	G8-C28	G8-C8	G8-C4	G8-C12	G8-C34	G8-C37	G8-C40	G8-C39
Long Descrip.		U-3 Steam	U-3 Econ	U-3 Stack	U-3 Stack	U-3 Stack	U-3 Opaci	U-3 FF In	U-3 Carbo	U-3 Lime
Short Descrip.		SteamFl	SO₂ec	SO ₂ sc	COsc	NO _x sc	Opacity	FF InTemp	Carblnj	LimeFlow
Units		K#/Hr	ppmc	ppm	ppmc	ppmc	%	deg F	#/hr	gpm
Range		0-100	0-2000	0-500	0-4000	0-1000	0-100	100-500	0-50	0-20
	AVG	82.3	30.0	0.0	31.0	159.0	0.1	305.0	16.4	3.2
Oct-15	Max	90.0	65.0	4.0	45.0	166.0	1.1	306.0	16.5	3.6
	Min	70.0	19.0	0.0	18.0	157.0	0.0	303.0	16.3	3.0
	AVG	82.9	55.0	1.0	26.0	172.0	0.9	306.0	16.4	3.1
Nov-15	Max	93.0	105.0	6.0	37.0	179.0	1.6	307.0	16.5	3.4
	Min	73.5	28.0	0.0	19.0	158.0	0.0	305.0	16.3	2.6
	AVG	87.1	47.0	1.0	32.0	160.0	1.3	304.0	16.4	3.1
Dec-15	Max	91.1	80.0	3.0	45.0	162.0	1.8	309.0	16.8	3.3
	Min	63.3	34.0	0.0	19.0	157.0	1.0	301.0	16.2	3.0
Quarter Average		84.1	44.0	0.7	29.7	163.7	0.8	305.0	16.4	3.1
Quarter Max Value		93.0	105.0	6.0	45.0	179.0	1.8	309.0	16.8	3.6
Quarter Min Value		63.3	19.0	0.0	18.0	157.0	0.0	301.0	16.2	2.6
Limits:		98	NA	29	100	205	10	327	16(a)	

⁽a) Carbon flow limit is a minimum value

^{*} Note: The data reported herein represent 24 hour average data for all parameters. Emissions excursions that are measured on shorter time intervals (i.e., 4-hour block averages for CO) do not correlate with the 24 hour average data reported above.

APPENDIX B SITE PHOTOS – NOVEMBER 2015



Figure 1: Ash Trailers (typical of 3) have a damaged top pressure-treated wood rail (2"x6") – New Deficiency



Figure 2: Ceiling panels corroded, above Condensate Make-up Tank – Painting Item – New Deficiency

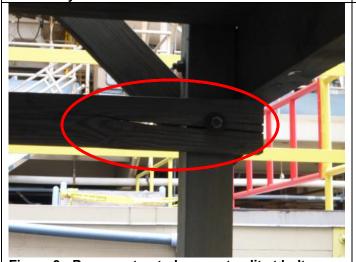


Figure 3: Pressure treated support split at bolt, on Cooling Tower Access Stairs – New Deficiency



Figure 4: Cooling Towers from SDA Penthouse



Figure 5: New Opacity Monitor being installed on Boiler No. 3



Figure 6: New Opacity Monitor Panel inside CEMS Enclosure



Figure 7: Ferrous Magnet – No Issues Observed



Figure 8: Boiler No. 3 Grate - Offline for Fall Outage



Figure 9: Outage Materials at Grate Access Elevation



Figure 10: Refractory Tile awaiting installation



Figure 11: Ash Trailer Canopy



Figure 12: Tipping Floor Entrance – Recently resurfaced – No Issues Observed



Figure 13: Metal Drop-off



Figure 14: Facility Scales – No Issues Observed



Figure 15: Citizen's Drop-Off



Figure 16: Drainage Grate at Truck Entrance to Facility – New epoxy application being tested



Figure 17: General Facility View from east looking west



Figure 18: General Facility View – Front of Facility Facing Eisenhower



Figure 19: General Facility View – From west looking east



Figure 20: Dolomitic Lime Silo – No Issues Observed



Figure 21: Tipping Floor – No Issues Observed



Figure 22: Economizers & Spray Dryer Absorbers (SDAs)



Figure 23: Refuse Pit - From north looking south



Figure 24: Baghouse Compartment Aisle – No Issues Observed