HONR 25315 – Homework 1

Justin A. Gould gould29@purdue.edu

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Homework Instructions

To receive credit for the assignment, do the following:

- 1. Create a .py file, and name it: purduealias_honr25315_homework_number.py (e.g., gould29_honr25315_homework_1.py)
- Create a function for each problem, accepting the input and providing the desired output (both of which will be defined in the homework assignment).
 (e.g., def problem_1() for Problem #1)
- 3. Submit the .py file to Brightspace by the due date.

For grading, I will leverage unit tests, to ensure you aren't hard-coding your work. These unit tests are hidden. To test your code, I suggest using a Jupyter Notebook to ensure you're following directions. An example .py file is on our Brightspace and GitHub.

Problem 1

Python Basics: Loops – 3 points

For all non-negative integers i < n, print i^2 . For example, if n = 4: The list of non-negative integers that are less than n = 4 is: [0, 1, 2, 3]Add the square of each number to a list: [0, 1, 4, 9]

Input: Any non-negative integer, n, with the following constraint(s):

• 0 <= n < 20

Desired Output: A list containing the square of each non-negative integer less than n.

Problem 2

Python Basics: List Comprehension – 5 points

You are given three integers, x, y, z representing the dimensions of a cuboid along with an integer n. Print a list of all possible coordinates given by (i, j, k) on a 3D grid where $i + j + k \neq n$. Here, $0 \le i \le x$; $0 \le j \le y$; $0 \le k \le z$. Please use list comprehensions rather than multiple loops, as a learning exercise. For example:

x = 1 y = 1 z = 1 n = 2

All permutations of [i, j, k] are: [[0, 0, 0], [0, 0, 1], [0, 1, 0], [1, 0, 0], [1, 1, 1]].

Input: Four integers: x, y, z, n

Desired Output: A list in lexicographic increasing order.

The remaining questions will utilize the following datasets:

- meat: Metrics on livestock, dairy, and poultry outlook and production
- births: Demographic statistics on live births by month.

These datasets can be loaded via the pandasql package (see the boilerplate .py file in the Homework 1 directory on GitHub!):

```
from pandasql import *
meat = load_meat()
births = load_births()
```

NOTE: For questions 3-6, please define the SQL query in your function, such as:

```
def problem_3(sql="YOUR QUERY"):
```

Problem 3

 \mathbf{SQL} Review: Basic Filtering and Retrieval (a) -3 points Please use \mathbf{SQL} to answer the

following question: How many dates have beef production > 750?

Input: SQL query text

Desired Output: Number (as integer) of dates where beef production > 750.

Problem 4

SQL Review: Basic Filtering and Retrieval (b) – 4 points Please use SQL to answer

the following question: What date has the highest beef production?

Input: SQL query text

Desired Output: Python datetime object of the data with the highest beef production.

Problem 5

SQL Review: Basic Filtering and Retrieval (c) – 4 points Please use SQL to answer the

following question: How many dates is turkey production NULL?

Input: SQL query text

Desired Output: Number (as integer) of dates where turkey production is NULL.

Problem 6

SQL Review: JOIN and Subquery – 6 points

Please use SQL to answer the following question: What is the average beef production on the dates where there are more than 300,000 births?

Input: SQL query text

Desired Output: Float representing the average beef production, rounded 2 places.