BB503/BB602 - R Training - Week III

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R tips

- If you can't figure out how to solve an issue, Google is your friend. e.g., "how to calculate mode r"
- If you need help with the usage of a function, type ?function_name. e.g. ?quantile
- If you get an error, and cannot fix it. C/P the error into Google. Someone else most likely had a similar problem
- Some resources for learning the basic syntax of R;
 - Codecademy https://www.codecademy.com/learn/learn-r
 - RStudio Cloud Primers https://rstudio.cloud/learn/primers
 - Dataquest https://www.dataquest.io/course/introduction-to-data-analysis-in-r/
 - R for Data Science https://r4ds.had.co.nz/index.html
- Interesting read: https://www.dataquest.io/blog/learn-r-for-data-science/
- Some resources you might want to follow:
 - R-Bloggers https://www.r-bloggers.com/
 - STHDA http://www.sthda.com/english/
 - Quick-R https://www.statmethods.net/

R. Basics

Conditional Statements

```
### simple conditional (Boolean) statements
3 == 3

## [1] TRUE
3 == 4

## [1] FALSE
3 != 4

## [1] TRUE
3 > 4

## [1] TRUE
3 <= 4

## [1] TRUE</pre>
```

```
5 %% 3 == 0
## [1] FALSE
5 %% 3 == 2
## [1] TRUE
### multiple conditions
# and
3 == 3 & 3 > 4
## [1] FALSE
# or
3 == 3 \mid 3 > 4
## [1] TRUE
# > 2 conditions
3 == 3 \mid (3 > 4 \& 5 != 6)
## [1] TRUE
!TRUE
## [1] FALSE
We can use these conditions to selectively execute commands when these condition(s) are met:
# after a complex calculation X becomes 3
x <- 3
if (x == 3) {
    print("x is equal to 3")
    # other commands that should be executed if the statement is true go here
}
## [1] "x is equal to 3"
Using else if we can add even more conditions:
# after a complex calculation X becomes 5
x <- 5
if (x == 3) {
    print("x is equal to 3")
    # other commands that should be executed if this first statement is true go here
} else if (x > 3) {
    print("x is greater than 3")
    # other commands that should be executed if this second statement is true go here
}
## [1] "x is greater than 3"
Finally, using else we can execute any commands if none of the conditions are met:
# after a complex calculation X becomes 1
x <- 1
if (x == 3) {
    print("x is equal to 3")
```

```
# other commands that should be executed if this first statement is true go here
} else if (x > 3) {
    print("x is greater than 3")
    # other commands that should be executed if this second statement is true go here
} else {
    print("x is less than 3")
    # other commands that should be executed if no condition is true go here
}
```

[1] "x is less than 3"

Loops

We may wish to execute certain commands repeatedly until a certain condition is met. For this purpose, we can use a while loop:

```
# initialize
current_number <- 1</pre>
while(current_number <= 10) {</pre>
    # execute any commands
    print(paste("Current #:", current_number))
    # update
    current_number <- current_number + 1</pre>
}
## [1] "Current #: 1"
## [1] "Current #: 2"
## [1] "Current #: 3"
## [1] "Current #: 4"
## [1] "Current #: 5"
## [1] "Current #: 6"
## [1] "Current #: 7"
## [1] "Current #: 8"
## [1] "Current #: 9"
## [1] "Current #: 10"
```

We may wish to execute certain commands repeatedly for a set amount of times. For this purpose, we can use a for loop:

```
for (i in 1:10) {
    # execute any commands
    print(paste("Current #:", i))
}
```

```
## [1] "Current #: 1"
## [1] "Current #: 2"
## [1] "Current #: 3"
## [1] "Current #: 4"
## [1] "Current #: 5"
## [1] "Current #: 6"
## [1] "Current #: 7"
## [1] "Current #: 8"
## [1] "Current #: 9"
## [1] "Current #: 9"
```

Putting it all together - The Fizz Buzz Game

Fizz buzz is a group word game for children to teach them about division. Players take turns to count incrementally,

• replacing any number divisible by 3 with the word "fizz"

```
• replacing any number divisible by 5 with the word "buzz"
for (i in 1:100) {
    if (i %% 3 == 0) {
        print("Fizz")
    } else if (i %% 5 == 0) {
        print("Buzz")
    } else {
        print(i)
    }
}
## [1] 1
## [1] 2
## [1] "Fizz"
## [1] 4
## [1] "Buzz"
## [1] "Fizz"
## [1] 7
## [1] 8
## [1] "Fizz"
## [1] "Buzz"
## [1] 11
## [1] "Fizz"
## [1] 13
## [1] 14
## [1] "Fizz"
## [1] 16
## [1] 17
## [1] "Fizz"
## [1] 19
## [1] "Buzz"
## [1] "Fizz"
## [1] 22
## [1] 23
## [1] "Fizz"
```

[1] 28 ## [1] 29

[1] 29 ## [1] "Fizz"

[1] 31

[1] 32

[1] "Fizz"

[1] 34

[1] "Buzz"

[1] "Fizz"

[1] 37

- ## [1] 38
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] "Buzz"
- ## [1] 41
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] 43
- ## [1] 44
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] 46
- ## [1] 47
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] 49
- ## [1] "Buzz"
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] 52
- ## [1] 53
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] "Buzz"
- ## [1] 56
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] 58
- ## [1] 59
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] 61
- ## [1] 62
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] 64
- ## [1] "Buzz"
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] 67
- ## [1] 68
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] "Buzz"
- ## [1] 71
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] 73
- ## [1] 74
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] 76
- ## [1] 77
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] 79
- ## [1] "Buzz"
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] 82
- ## [1] 83
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] "Buzz"
- ## [1] 86
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] 88
- ## [1] 89
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] 91

```
## [1] 92

## [1] "Fizz"

## [1] 94

## [1] "Buzz"

## [1] 97

## [1] 98

## [1] "Fizz"

## [1] "Buzz"
```

For a variation of the game, any number divisible by both 3 and 5 is replaced with the word "fizzbuzz"

```
for (i in 1:100) {
    if (i %% 3 == 0 & i %% 5 == 0) {
        print("FizzBuzz")
    } else if (i %% 3 == 0) {
        print("Fizz")
    } else if (i %% 5 == 0) {
        print("Buzz")
    } else {
        print(i)
    }
}
```

```
## [1] 1
## [1] 2
## [1] "Fizz"
## [1] 4
## [1] "Buzz"
## [1] "Fizz"
## [1] 7
## [1] 8
## [1] "Fizz"
## [1] "Buzz"
## [1] 11
## [1] "Fizz"
## [1] 13
## [1] 14
## [1] "FizzBuzz"
## [1] 16
## [1] 17
## [1] "Fizz"
## [1] 19
## [1] "Buzz"
## [1] "Fizz"
## [1] 22
## [1] 23
## [1] "Fizz"
## [1] "Buzz"
## [1] 26
## [1] "Fizz"
## [1] 28
## [1] 29
## [1] "FizzBuzz"
## [1] 31
```

- ## [1] 32
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] 34
- ## [1] "Buzz"
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] 37
- ## [1] 38
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] "Buzz"
- ## [1] 41
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] 43
- ## [1] 44
- ## [1] "FizzBuzz"
- ## [1] 46
- ## [1] 47
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] 49
- ## [1] "Buzz"
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] 52
- ## [1] 53
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] "Buzz"
- ## [1] 56
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] 58
- ## [1] 59
- ## [1] "FizzBuzz"
- ## [1] 61
- ## [1] 62
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] 64
- ## [1] "Buzz"
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] 67
- ## [1] 68
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] "Buzz"
- ## [1] 71
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] 73
- ## [1] 74
- ## [1] "FizzBuzz"
- ## [1] 76
- ## [1] 77
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] 79
- ## [1] "Buzz"
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] 82
- ## [1] 83
- ## [1] "Fizz"
- ## [1] "Buzz"

```
## [1] 86
## [1] "Fizz"
## [1] 88
## [1] 89
## [1] "FizzBuzz"
## [1] 91
## [1] 92
## [1] "Fizz"
## [1] "Buzz"
## [1] "Fizz"
## [1] 97
## [1] 98
## [1] "Fizz"
## [1] "Buzz"
## [1] "Fizz"
## [1] 97
```

Functions

Functions are modules of code that accomplish a specific task. They take in data, process it, and return a result

The exponentiation function $f(x, y) = x^y$ can be coded in R as:

```
pow <- function(x, y) {
    output <- x ^ y
    return(output)
}

E.g., f(2,3) = 2<sup>3</sup> = 8:
pow(2, 3)
## [1] 8
```

- Here,
 - pow is the name of the function, and it is arbitrary
 - function(...) is for defining any function in R
 - x and y are input names (arguments), and names are arbitrary
 - output is the object that stores the result (not created globally)
 - return is the function for outputting the result

We may define default values for the arguments:

```
pow2 <- function(x, y = 2) {
    output <- x ^ y
    return(output)
}
pow2(3)
## [1] 9
pow2(3, 3)
## [1] 27</pre>
```

Another Solution for Fizz-Buzz

```
fizz buzz <- function(number) {</pre>
    if (number \% 3 == 0 & number \% 5 == 0) {
        return("FizzBuzz")
    }
    if (number %% 3 == 0) {
        return("Fizz")
    }
    if (number %% 5 == 0) {
        return("Buzz")
    return(number)
}
fizz_buzz(2)
## [1] 2
fizz_buzz(3)
## [1] "Fizz"
fizz_buzz(5)
## [1] "Buzz"
fizz_buzz(15)
## [1] "FizzBuzz"
sapply(1:100, fizz_buzz)
     [1] "1"
##
                      "2"
                                  "Fizz"
                                             "4"
                                                         "Buzz"
                                                                     "Fizz"
     [7] "7"
                      "8"
                                                         "11"
##
                                  "Fizz"
                                             "Buzz"
                                                                     "Fizz"
    [13] "13"
                      "14"
                                                         "17"
##
                                  "FizzBuzz" "16"
                                                                     "Fizz"
                                 "Fizz"
##
   [19] "19"
                     "Buzz"
                                             "22"
                                                         "23"
                                                                     "Fizz"
   [25] "Buzz"
                     "26"
                                  "Fizz"
                                             "28"
                                                         "29"
                                                                     "FizzBuzz"
##
##
    [31] "31"
                      "32"
                                  "Fizz"
                                             "34"
                                                         "Buzz"
                                                                     "Fizz"
                      "38"
                                  "Fizz"
                                             "Buzz"
                                                         "41"
                                                                     "Fizz"
##
   [37] "37"
                      "44"
                                  "FizzBuzz" "46"
                                                         "47"
##
   [43] "43"
                                                                     "Fizz"
                                             "52"
    [49] "49"
                      "Buzz"
                                  "Fizz"
                                                         "53"
                                                                     "Fizz"
##
                      "56"
                                  "Fizz"
                                             "58"
                                                         "59"
##
    [55] "Buzz"
                                                                     "FizzBuzz"
                      "62"
                                  "Fizz"
                                             "64"
                                                         "Buzz"
                                                                     "Fizz"
##
    [61] "61"
##
    [67] "67"
                      "68"
                                  "Fizz"
                                             "Buzz"
                                                         "71"
                                                                     "Fizz"
                      "74"
                                  "FizzBuzz" "76"
                                                         "77"
                                                                     "Fizz"
    [73] "73"
##
    [79] "79"
                      "Buzz"
                                  "Fizz"
                                             "82"
                                                         "83"
                                                                     "Fizz"
##
                      "86"
                                  "Fizz"
                                             "88"
                                                         "89"
##
   [85] "Buzz"
                                                                     "FizzBuzz"
##
   [91] "91"
                      "92"
                                  "Fizz"
                                             "94"
                                                         "Buzz"
                                                                     "Fizz"
## [97] "97"
                      "98"
                                  "Fizz"
                                             "Buzz"
```

The apply family of functions

```
mat <- matrix(rnorm(30), nrow = 5, ncol = 6)</pre>
sample_types <- c("Tumor", "Tumor", "Tumor", "Control")</pre>
?apply
# apply mean to each row
apply(mat, 1, mean)
## [1] 0.548241 -0.461003 -0.050584 -0.577536 -0.317244
# apply sd to each column
apply(mat, 2, sd)
## [1] 1.38828 0.85051 1.29866 1.32667 0.31744 0.75436
# Apply a function over a list or vector
sapply(mat[1, ], function(x) x^3)
## [1] 0.3554314 0.0607915 0.4119240 1.4052740 0.1056842 -0.0033113
# Apply a function over a ragged array
# mean values of 1st variable per sample type
tapply(mat[, 1], sample_types, mean)
## Control
            Tumor
## -1.4755 -1.0040
```