

Monash Collegiate Programming Contest - 2019

Editorial



Outline

- 1 A: Zoom In
- 2 C: Escher Sequence
- 3 F: Cow's Landing
- 4 E: Color Run
- 5 B: Building for Days
- 6 D: Attend Dance



Problem A: Zoom In

Author: Ryan Hechenberger
Just do IT!



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- Observation: let $s2 = \text{flip}(\text{reverse}(s))$, then concated string s $s2$ must be an Escher Sequence.



Problem C: Escher Sequence

Author: Shizhe Zhao

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- Minimize the length by removing their maximum common part:
 $\text{maximize } \text{suffix}(s) == \text{prefix}(s2).$



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- Observation: let $s2 = \text{flip}(\text{reverse}(s))$, then concated string s $s2$ must be an Escher Sequence.
- Minimize the length by removing their maximum common part:
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- Can be done by KMP. (Or other string matching algorithms)



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- Find which quadrant the cow belongs to, and we will deal with a same problem on 2^{k-1} by 2^{k-1} grid map.



Problem F: Cow's Landing

Author: Shizhe Zhao

- Let given 2^k by 2^k grid map, there are exactly 2^{2k-2} number of cows in each quadrant.
- Find which quadrant the cow belongs to, and we will deal with a same problem on 2^{k-1} by 2^{k-1} grid map.
- Repeat such process until $k = 0$.



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Problem E: The Color Run

Author: Shizhe Zhao

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 - So just choose a color that maximize i .



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- Veterans may easily find a DP(Dynamic Programming) solution.
- There is also a greedy solution.
 - Let the first color segment be $[1, i]$, maximizing i doesn't affect global minimum.
 - So just choose a color that maximize i .
- It is the compression algorithm in *Compress Path Database*.



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Problem B: Building for Days

Author: Ryan Hechenberger

Determine:

- whether a cell is traversable
- the type of a traversable cell: vertical hallway, horizontal hallway, hallway intersection, room.
- the the type of a non-traversable cell



Problem B: Building for Days

How to determine the typ of a non-traversable cell?



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FloodFill:

```
1  def floodfill(r, c):  
2      # over border  
3      if not (0 <= r and r < h and 0 <= c and c < w):  
4          return  
5  
6      g[r][c] = '#'  
7      floodfill(r-1, c)  
8      floodfill(r+1, c)  
9      floodfill(r, c-1)  
10     floodfill(r, c+1)
```



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Problem D: Attend Dance

Author: Shizhe Zhao
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If no-cow is lying:

- then $|A| = \max(A_i | 0 \leq i < n)$ (same for $|B|$ and $|C|$)



Problem D: Attend Dance

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- then $|A| = \max(A_i | 0 \leq i < n)$ (same for $|B|$ and $|C|$)
- let C_a be the number of $A_i = |A|$, then $C_a |A|$



Problem D: Attend Dance

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- ...



Problem D: Attend Dance

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- then $|A| = \max(A_i | 0 \leq i < n)$ (same for $|B|$ and $|C|$)
- let C_a be the number of $A_i = |A|$, then $C_a|A|$
- ...
- identify these constraints, and all of them must be true.

