

VRDL HW3: Instance segmentation:

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Link of my code:

Github repo link:

https://github.com/egghead2630/VRDL_HW3

Model:

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1Mc9ts3-ChO_9GNzbLhPwVQpAO7_K7_p7/view?usp=sharing

README:

https://github.com/egghead2630/VRDL_HW3/blob/main/README.md

Reference:

1. <https://github.com/open-mmlab/mmdetection>

Brief introduction

My model is trained for the HW3 instance segmentation problem, I use mainly **mmdetection** to accomplish the HW3.

Basic structure:

I split the training data into train-part and validation-part with proportion: **9:1**. To be precise, I use **2** pictures as validation-part. The model which performs best on validation-part would be chosen.

Technics applied:

1. Some preprocess and augmentation on the train-part
2. Proper hyperparameters setting(Tuning)
3. Model selection

In the HW2, I apply above methods to train my model better, I will explain them in detail in the following part: **Methodology**

Methodology:

This part, I simply introduce how I apply the above methods in the HW2.

About Data Preprocess and Augmentation:

I simply use the default augmentation and preprocess setting of `mmdetection`, since the default settings are good enough for me to gain a satisfying predictive model

About Hyperparameters tuning:

Image size:

I first apply the (500*500) image size to deal with **Out Of Memory** issue, however, I find it not suitable to do so because all of the pictures in data set are of great size, that is (1000 * 1000).

Therefore, I latter choose to use the original size (1000 * 1000). To achieve this without **OOM** occurring, I change some settings in config files and backbone as suggested by `mmdetection` creators, and finally get a good model that outperforms the baseline model.

learning rate:

I tried to set the **learning rate** to **some other** values **instead** of the **default** 0.02, however, I find there is no great difference in the models' final performance. Therefore, for simplicity, I **apply** the **default learning rate** as my learning rate.

I will list some results below in: **experimental results** part to prove the idea.

About Model Selection:

It has been a hard time searching for models in the **model zoo** of `mmdetection`. Actually, there are **hundreds** of models to pick from, and it's not clear to me which model is suitable for my task.

Therefore, I decided to start following TA's suggestion: using **mask-rcnn**. Based on this, I find a tutorial in `mmdetection github`. In the tutorial, a **mask-rcnn** using **resnet50** as **backbone** is used as the model to **perform** an instance **segmentation** task, exactly the same task in this homework! So I chose the same model in the tutorial as my first beginning model, and surprisingly, I found this tutorial model: **mask_rcnn_r50_caffe_fpn_mstrain-poly_1x_coco.py** is good enough if **pretrained**, so that I selected this as my **final model**.

Experimental Results:

In this part, I will show some results, all trained from the same network:

`mask_rcnn_r50_caffe_fpn_mstrain-poly_1x_coco.py`

5	0.2309	answer.zip	12/08/2021 05:45:25	35171	Finished		+
6	0.230876	answer.zip	12/08/2021 06:35:46	35788	Finished		+
7	0.229617	answer.zip	12/08/2021 08:28:31	37018	Finished		+
8	0.233509	answer.zip	12/09/2021 11:27:33	43350	Finished		+

Above are some results with different learning rates, I 've tried **0.02**(default),**0.01**, and **0.005**, and it seems there's only a slight difference between the mAP, that is, **learning rate** influenced **little** if it is **in a suitable range**.

Summary:

I will summarize **what I have learned in this homework.**

What I have learned in the homework:

Basically I learn some some important aspects including:

1.How to take advantage of open-source tools:

Before writing this homework, I had little experience using open-source tools, and now I realize that making good use of these tools helps save a lot of time and effort.

2.How to pick proper hyperparameters:

It is important to pick proper hyperparameters, in this homework, I learned that picking wrong hyperparameters can lead to terrible accuracy of our model. Therefore, we should be careful when picking hyperparameters.

3.How to choose a proper model:

In this homework, I learned that when I need to search for a good model from a great number of models, it would be a good start following other's advice first.

Above is my report for HW3, thanks for the patience reading it all down here!

Have a Nice day!

Sincerely,
Chen.