

Points vs. Hours

Better, Faster, Cooler, Cheaper



AGENDA

- A) ¿Why do we estimate at all?
- B) 5 reasons to use points over hours to estimate
- c) Steps to start using story points

¿Why do we estimate at all?

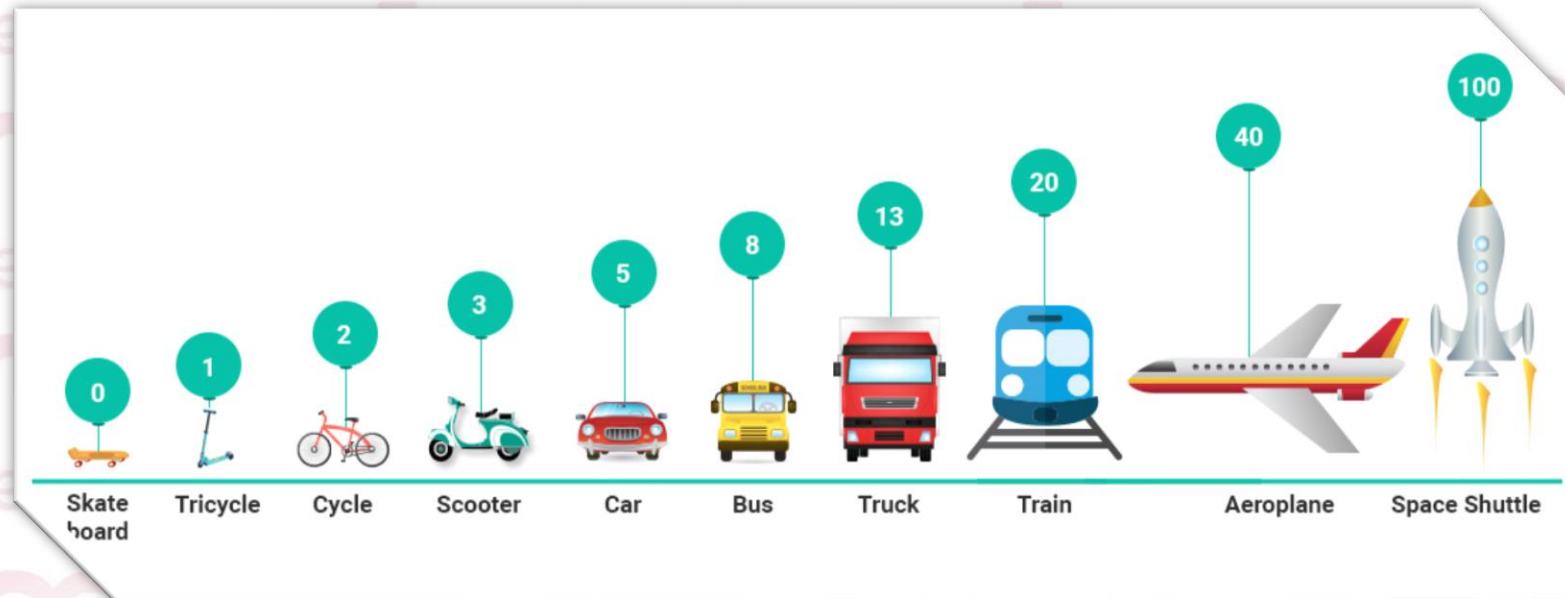


To understand our “Velocity” But.. ¿Why?
To have an “Output Measure”.. But.. ¿What for?

End Goals:

- a) Release Planning
- b) Continuous Improvement (blockers management)

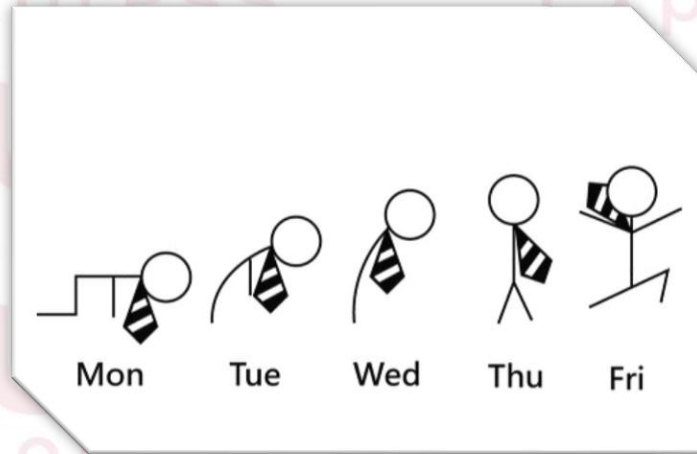
¿Why Points and not Hours?



REASON 1.

Points result in faster and more accurate estimates (#truestory there are studies that prove it)

¿Why Points and not Hours?



REASON 2

Measuring success in Points gives your team a way to improve Velocity without working more hours, and motivates them to be more efficient in their time usage, not the other way. Time is finite, improvement is not. There are a fixed number of hours in a day, so a velocity based on hours will get to a point when you can't stretch it anymore.

¿Why Points and not Hours?



REASON 3

An Engineer's Approach...Look at the Units

- Velocity measures the rate of change of something over time
 - In a car, the units of velocity are “distance/time”, velocity could also be viewed as “weight/time”, or “volume/time”
 - + Points per Sprint = “output/time” (makes sense)
 - + Hours per Sprint = “time/time” (which is unit-less or at best, a percentage – doesn't make sense)

¿Why Points and not Hours?

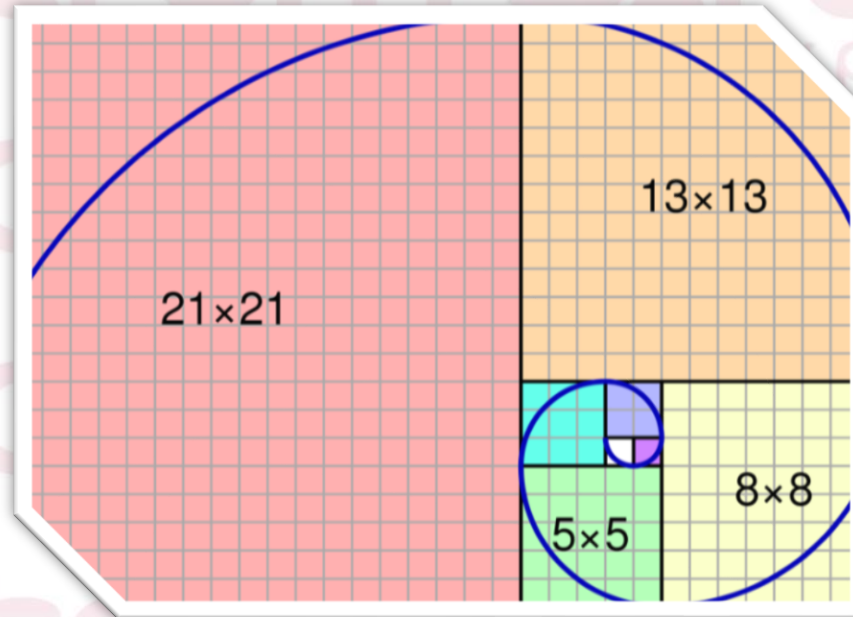


REASON 4

Expertise dependant on the experience when using hours.

- Very skilled dev : 3 hours
- Starting dev: 8 hourss

¿Why Points and not Hours?



REASON 5

Fibonacci works great to estimate bigger chunks of work.

- ¿60 or 64 hours? vs ¿5 or 8 points?

Steps to start using story points

1. Pitch this deck to the team to understand the value
2. Have the team define a pivot story
3. Define some example stories to practice estimating
4. Define a tool like <https://www.planitpoker.com/board/#/rooms>
5. Have a poker planning session with the team
6. Start using story points in your next grooming session