# CALCULATION OF THE WCS INVARIANT ON THE THURSTON EXAMPLE

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#### 1. The calculation of the WCS invariant

We calculate the WCS invariant for the Thurston example in §4. Specifically, we prove

**Theorem 4.1.** We have

$$\int_{\overline{M_p}} \widetilde{CS}_5^W(e_1, \dots, e_5) = \left[2\pi p^{-1/2} \kappa\right] \frac{5\kappa}{128} p^2 \int_0^1 (3072p^4 - 640p^2 \beta^{-2} - 25\beta^{-4}) d\theta_2. \quad (1.1)$$

**Notation:** We denote the metric  $\tilde{g}$  on the Thurston example M just by g. We abbreviate  $\theta_2 = \theta$ , and recall that

$$\beta = 1 + \theta - \theta^2.$$

The Christoffel symbols are

$$\Gamma_{bc}^{a} = \frac{1}{2}g^{ae}(\partial_{b}g_{ce} + \partial_{c}g_{be} - \partial_{e}g_{bc}).$$

The curvature tensor components are

$$R_{abc}{}^d = \partial_a \Gamma^d_{bc} - \partial_b \Gamma^d_{ac} + \Gamma^d_{ae} \Gamma^e_{bc} - \Gamma^d_{be} \Gamma^e_{ac}.$$

Recall that  $g = \tilde{g}$  has a compatible almost complex structure J.

The matrix of g is given in (4.7), so

$$g^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \kappa^{-1} \beta^{1/2} (1+\theta) & \kappa^{-1} \beta^{1/2} \theta \\ 0 & 0 & \kappa^{-1} \beta^{1/2} \theta & \kappa^{-1} \beta^{1/2} \end{pmatrix}.$$

The long calculations below have been checked by machine calculation using Satoshi's program at https://github.com/Egi/....

## 1.1. The curvature tensor on $\overline{M}_p$ . Let $\overline{R}$ be the metric on $\overline{M}_p$ .

**Lemma 1.1.** In the notation of (4.8), we have

$$\overline{R}_{abc}{}^{d} = R_{abc}{}^{d} - p^{2}J_{bc}J_{a}{}^{d} + p^{2}J_{ac}J_{b}{}^{d} + 2p^{2}J_{ab}J_{c}{}^{d},$$

$$\overline{R}_{abc}{}^{0} = -p\nabla_{a}J_{bc} + p\nabla_{b}J_{ac} = p\nabla_{c}J_{ab},$$

$$\overline{R}_{ab0}{}^{d} = p\nabla_{a}J_{b}{}^{d} - p\nabla_{b}J_{a}{}^{d},$$

$$\overline{R}_{a0b}{}^{d} = p\nabla_{a}J_{b}{}^{d},$$

$$\overline{R}_{a0b}{}^{0} = -p^{2}g_{ab}.$$

*Proof.* These are the local frame expressions of Lemma 3.3.

Here we have used the identity

$$\nabla_a J_{bc} + \nabla_b J_{ca} + \nabla_c J_{ab} = 0,$$

which follows from  $d\omega = 0$  and  $g(JX, Y) = \omega(X, Y)$ . For example, with this identity and curvature tensor symmetries, the second, third and fourth formulas in Lemma A.1 are equivalent.

## 1.2. The Christoffel symbols on M.

Lemma 1.2. The following is the list of the Christoffel tensors

$$\Gamma_{33}^2 = \frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 - 2\theta), \quad \Gamma_{34}^2 = \frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}), \quad \Gamma_{44}^2 = -\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta),$$

$$\Gamma_{23}^3 = -\frac{1}{4} \beta^{-1}, \quad \Gamma_{24}^3 = -\frac{1}{2} \beta^{-1}, \quad \Gamma_{23}^4 = -\frac{1}{2} \beta^{-1}, \quad \Gamma_{24}^4 = \frac{1}{4} \beta^{-1}.$$

All other Christoffel symbols are zero.

*Proof.* We have

$$\Gamma_{ab}^{1} = \frac{1}{2}g^{1e}(\partial_{a}g_{be} + \partial_{b}g_{ae} - \partial_{e}g_{ab}) = \frac{1}{2}g^{11}(\partial_{a}g_{b1} + \partial_{b}g_{a1} - \partial_{1}g_{ab}) = 0,$$

because  $g_{\ell 1}$  is constant and  $\partial_1 g_{ab} = 0$ .

Since  $\Gamma_{ab}^2 = \frac{1}{2}g^{2e}(\partial_a g_{be} + \partial_b g_{ae} - \partial_e g_{ab}) = \frac{1}{2}(\partial_a g_{b2} + \partial_b g_{a2} - \partial_2 g_{ab})$  and  $g_{22} = 1$ , we get

$$\Gamma_{11}^2 = \frac{1}{2}(\partial_1 g_{12} + \partial_1 g_{12} - \partial_2 g_{11}) = 0, \quad \Gamma_{12}^2 = \frac{1}{2}(\partial_1 g_{22} + \partial_2 g_{12} - \partial_2 g_{12}) = 0,$$
  
$$\Gamma_{22}^2 = \frac{1}{2}(\partial_2 g_{22} + \partial_2 g_{22} - \partial_2 g_{22}) = 0.$$

Note that  $g_{b2} = 0$ ,  $g_{b1} = 0$  and  $g_{b2} = 0$  if b = 3, 4. Therefore,

$$\Gamma_{1b}^2 = \frac{1}{2}(\partial_1 g_{b2} + \partial_b g_{12} - \partial_2 g_{12}) = 0, \ \Gamma_{2b}^2 = \frac{1}{2}(\partial_2 g_{b2} + \partial_b g_{22} - \partial_2 g_{2b}) = 0.$$

for b = 3, 4. We also get

$$\begin{split} &\Gamma_{33}^2 = \frac{1}{2}(\partial_3 g_{32} + \partial_3 g_{32} - \partial_2 g_{33}) = -\frac{1}{2}\partial_2(\kappa\beta^{-1/2}) = \frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-3/2}(1-2\theta), \\ &\Gamma_{34}^2 = \frac{1}{2}(\partial_3 g_{42} + \partial_4 g_{32} - \partial_2 g_{34}) = -\frac{1}{2}\partial_2(-\theta\kappa\beta^{-1/2}) = \frac{\kappa}{2}(\beta^{-1/2} + (-\frac{1}{2}\beta^{-3/2})\theta(1-2\theta)) \\ &= \frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-3/2}(1+\theta-\theta^2-\frac{1}{2}\theta(1-2\theta)) = \frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-3/2}(1+\frac{1}{2}\theta), \\ &\Gamma_{44}^2 = \frac{1}{2}(\partial_4 g_{42} + \partial_4 g_{42} - \partial_2 g_{44}) = -\frac{1}{2}\partial_2 g_{44} = -\frac{1}{2}\partial_2((1+\theta)\kappa\beta^{-1/2}) \\ &= -\frac{\kappa}{2}(\beta^{-1/2} + (1+\theta)(-\frac{1}{2}\beta^{-2/3}(1-2\theta)) = -\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-2/3}(1+\theta-\theta^2-\frac{1}{2}(1+\theta)(1-2\theta)) \\ &= -\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-3/2}(1+\theta-\theta^2-\frac{1}{2}(1-\theta-2\theta^2)) = -\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-2/3}(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{3}{2}\theta) \\ &= -\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-3/2}(1+3\theta). \end{split}$$

Since  $\Gamma_{ab}^3 = \frac{1}{2}g^{3e}(\partial_a g_{be} + \partial_b g_{ae} - \partial_e g_{ab})$ , we have

$$\begin{split} &\Gamma_{11}^{3} = \frac{1}{2}g^{3e}(\partial_{1}g_{1e} + \partial_{1}g_{1e} - \partial_{e}g_{11}) = 0, \ \Gamma_{12}^{3} = \frac{1}{2}g^{3e}(\partial_{1}g_{2e} + \partial_{2}g_{1e} - \partial_{e}g_{12}) = 0, \\ &\Gamma_{22}^{3} = \frac{1}{2}g^{3e}(\partial_{2}g_{2e} + \partial_{2}g_{2e} - \partial_{e}g_{22}) = 0, \ \Gamma_{13}^{3} = \frac{1}{2}g^{3e}(\partial_{1}g_{3e} + \partial_{3}g_{1e} - \partial_{e}g_{13}) = 0, \\ &\Gamma_{14}^{3} = \frac{1}{2}g^{3e}(\partial_{1}g_{4e} + \partial_{4}g_{1e} - \partial_{e}g_{14}) = 0, \\ &\Gamma_{23}^{3} = \frac{1}{2}g^{3e}(\partial_{2}g_{3e} + \partial_{3}g_{2e} - \partial_{e}g_{23}) = \frac{1}{2}g^{3e}(\partial_{2}g_{3e}) = \frac{1}{2}(g^{33}\partial_{2}g_{33} + g^{34}\partial_{2}g_{34}) \\ &= \frac{1}{2}(\kappa^{-1}(1+\theta)\beta^{-1/2}\partial_{2}(\kappa\beta^{-1/2}) + \theta\kappa^{-1}\beta^{-1/2}\partial_{2}(-\theta\kappa\beta^{-1/2})) \\ &= \frac{1}{2}\beta^{-1/2}((1+\theta)\partial_{2}\beta^{-1/2} - \theta\beta^{-1/2} - \theta^{2}\partial_{2}\beta^{-1/2}) \\ &= \frac{1}{2}\beta^{-1/2}(\beta(-\frac{1}{2}\beta^{-3/2}(1-2\theta)) - \theta\beta^{-1/2}) \\ &= -\frac{1}{4}\beta^{-1}, \end{split}$$

$$\Gamma_{24}^{3} = \frac{1}{2}g^{3e}(\partial_{2}g_{4e} + \partial_{4}g_{2e} - \partial_{e}g_{24}) = \frac{1}{2}g^{3e}\partial_{2}g_{4e} = \frac{1}{2}(g^{33}\partial_{2}g_{43} + g^{34}\partial_{2}g_{44})$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(\kappa^{-1}(1+\theta)\beta^{-1/2}\partial_{2}(-\theta\kappa\beta^{-1/2}) + \theta\kappa^{-1}\beta^{-1/2}\partial_{2}(\kappa(1+\theta)\beta^{-1/2}))$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}\beta^{-1/2}(-(1+\theta)\partial_{2}(\theta\beta^{-1/2}) + \theta\partial_{2}(1+\theta)\beta^{-1/2})$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}\beta^{-1/2}(-(1+\theta)\beta^{-1/2} - (1+\theta)\theta\partial_2\beta^{-1/2}) + \theta\beta^{-1/2} + \theta(1-\theta)\partial\beta^{-1/2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}\beta^{-1/2}(-\beta^{-1/2})$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2}\beta^{-1}.$$

Also, since e = 3, 4,

$$\Gamma_{33}^{3} = \frac{1}{2}g^{3e}(\partial_{3}g_{3e} + \partial_{3}g_{3e} - \partial_{e}g_{33}) = 0, \ \Gamma_{34}^{3} = \frac{1}{2}g^{3e}(\partial_{3}g_{4e} + \partial_{4}g_{3e} - \partial_{e}g_{34}) = 0,$$
  
$$\Gamma_{44}^{3} = \frac{1}{2}g^{3e}(\partial_{4}g_{4e} + \partial_{4}g_{4e} - \partial_{e}g_{44}) = 0.$$

Furthermore, we have  $\Gamma_{ab}^4 = \frac{1}{2}g^{4e}(\partial_a g_{be} + \partial_b g_{ae} - \partial_e g_{ab}) = \frac{1}{2}g^{4e}(\partial_a g_{be} + \partial_b g_{ae})$ , since e = 3, 4. For these values of e,  $g_{1e} = 0$ ,  $g_{24} = 0$ ,  $g_{2e} = 0$ , so

$$\begin{split} \Gamma_{11}^4 &= \frac{1}{2} g^{4e} (\partial_1 g_{1e} + \partial_1 g_{1e}) = 0, \ \Gamma_{12}^4 = \frac{1}{2} g^{4e} (\partial_1 g_{2e} + \partial_2 g_{1e}) = 0, \\ \Gamma_{22}^4 &= \frac{1}{2} g^{4e} (\partial_2 g_{2e} + \partial_2 g_{2e}) = 0, \ \Gamma_{13}^4 = \frac{1}{2} g^{4e} (\partial_1 g_{3e} + \partial_3 g_{1e} - \partial_e g_{13}) = 0, \\ \Gamma_{14}^4 &= \frac{1}{2} g^{4e} (\partial_1 g_{4e} + \partial_4 g_{1e} - \partial_e g_{14}) = 0. \end{split}$$

Also,

$$\begin{split} \Gamma_{23}^4 &= \frac{1}{2} g^{4e} (\partial_2 g_{3e} + \partial_3 g_{2e}) = \frac{1}{2} (g^{43} \partial_2 g_{33} + g^{44} \partial_2 g_{34}) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (\theta \kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1/2} \partial_2 (\kappa \beta^{-1/2}) + \kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1/2} \partial_2 (-\theta \kappa \beta^{-1/2})) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \beta^{-1/2} (\theta \partial_2 \beta^{-1/2} - \beta^{-1/2} - \theta \partial_2 \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} \beta^{-1}, \\ \Gamma_{24}^4 &= \frac{1}{2} g^{4e} (\partial_2 g_{4e} + \partial_4 g_{2e}) = \frac{1}{2} (g^{43} \partial_2 g_{43} + g^{44} \partial_2 g_{44}) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (\theta \kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1/2} \partial_2 (-\theta \kappa \beta^{-1/2}) + \kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1/2} \partial_2 ((1+\theta) \kappa \beta^{-1/2})) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \beta^{-1/2} (-\theta (\beta^{-1/2} + \theta \partial_2 \beta^{-1/2}) + \beta^{-1/2} + (1+\theta) \partial_2 \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (\beta^{-1/2} (1-\theta) \beta^{-1/2} + (1+\theta-\theta^2) \partial_2 \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \beta^{-1/2} ((1-\theta) \beta^{-1/2} + \beta (-\frac{1}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1-2\theta))) \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \beta^{-1}. \end{split}$$

Finally, we have

$$\Gamma_{33}^{4} = \frac{1}{2}g^{4e}(\partial_{3}g_{3e} + \partial_{3}g_{3e} - \partial_{e}g_{33}) = 0, \quad \Gamma_{34}^{4} = \frac{1}{2}g^{4e}(\partial_{3}g_{4e} + \partial_{4}g_{3e} - \partial_{e}g_{34}) = 0,$$

$$\Gamma_{44}^{4} = \frac{1}{2}g^{4e}(\partial_{4}g_{4e} + \partial_{4}g_{4e} - \partial_{e}g_{44}) = 0.$$

This proves the Lemma.

1.3. The curvature tensor on M. We compute the curvature components  $R_{abc}{}^d = \partial_a \Gamma^d_{bc} - \partial_b \Gamma^d_{ac} + \Gamma^d_{ae} \Gamma^e_{bc} - \Gamma^d_{be} \Gamma^e_{ac}$ .

## Lemma 1.3.

(i) 
$$R_{abc}{}^d = 0$$
 if any of  $a, b, c, d = 1$ .  
(ii) 
$$R_{233}{}^2 = -\frac{\kappa}{16}\beta^{-5/2}(9 - 16\theta + 16\theta^2), \ R_{232}{}^3 = \frac{1}{16}\beta^{-2}(9 - 8\theta),$$

$$R_{232}{}^4 = \frac{1}{2}\beta^{-2}(1 - 2\theta),$$

$$R_{3232} = -R_{233}{}^a g_{a2} = -R_{233}{}^2 = \frac{\kappa}{16}\beta^{-5/2}(9 - 16\theta + 16\theta^2).$$

(iii) 
$$R_{2424} = R_{4242} = R_{424}{}^{a}g_{a2} = R_{424}{}^{2} = -R_{244}{}^{2} = \frac{\kappa}{16}(1+\theta+24\theta^{2})\beta^{-5/2},$$

$$R_{242}{}^{4} = \frac{1}{16}\beta^{-2}(1+8\theta), \ R_{242}{}^{3} = \frac{1}{2}\beta^{-2}(1-2\theta).$$
(iv) 
$$R_{234}{}^{2} = \frac{\kappa}{16}\beta^{-5/2}(-8+17\theta+8\theta^{2}),$$

$$R_{2342} = R_{234}{}^{a}g_{a2} = R_{234}{}^{2} = \frac{\kappa}{16}\beta^{-5/2}(-8+17\theta+8\theta^{2}),$$

$$R_{3242} = -R_{2342} = -\frac{\kappa}{16}\beta^{-5/2}(-8+17\theta+8\theta^{2}).$$
(v) 
$$R_{343}{}^{3} = -\frac{5}{16}\kappa\theta\beta^{-5/2}, \ R_{343}{}^{4} = -\frac{5}{16}\kappa\beta^{-5/2}, \ R_{344}{}^{3} = \frac{5}{16}\kappa(1+\theta)\beta^{-5/2},$$

 $R_{344}^{4} = \frac{5}{16} \kappa \theta \beta^{-5/2}, \ R_{3434} = -R_{3443} = -\frac{5}{16} \kappa^2 \beta^{-2}.$ 

Proof. (i) 
$$R_{1bc}{}^d = \partial_1 \Gamma^d_{bc} - \partial_b \Gamma^d_{1c} + \Gamma^d_{1e} \Gamma^e_{bc} - \Gamma^d_{be} \Gamma^e_{1c} = 0$$
, because  $\Gamma^d_{1b} = 0$ . Similarly,  $R_{a1c}{}^d = -R_{1ac}{}^d = 0$ ,  $R_{ab1}{}^d = R_{b1a}{}^d + R_{1ab}{}^d = 0$ .

Using 
$$\Gamma_{bc}^1 = 0$$
, we get  $R_{abc}^1 = \partial_a \Gamma_{bc}^1 - \partial_b \Gamma_{ac}^1 + \Gamma_{ae}^1 \Gamma_{bc}^e - \Gamma_{be}^1 \Gamma_{ac}^e = 0$ .

$$\begin{split} R_{233}{}^2 &= \partial_2 \Gamma_{33}^2 - \partial_3 \Gamma_{23}^2 + \Gamma_{2e}^2 \Gamma_{33}^e - \Gamma_{3e}^2 \Gamma_{23}^e = \partial_2 \Gamma_{33}^2 - \Gamma_{33}^2 \Gamma_{23}^3 - \Gamma_{34}^2 \Gamma_{23}^4 \\ &= \partial_2 (\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 - 2\theta)) - (\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 - 2\theta)) (-\frac{1}{4} \beta^{-1}) \\ &- (\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) (-\frac{1}{2} \beta^{-1}) \\ &= \frac{\kappa}{4} (-2\beta^{-3/2} + (1 - 2\theta) \partial_2 \beta^{-3/2}) \\ &+ \frac{\kappa}{16} \beta^{-5/2} (1 - 2\theta) + \frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-5/2} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) \\ &= \frac{\kappa}{16} \beta^{-5/2} (-8\beta + 4(1 - 2\theta) (-\frac{3}{2} (1 - 2\theta)) + (1 - 2\theta) + 4(1 + \frac{\theta}{2})) \\ &= -\frac{\kappa}{16} \beta^{-5/2} (9 - 16\theta + 16\theta^2), \end{split}$$

and

$$R_{232}^{3} = \partial_{2}\Gamma_{32}^{3} - \partial_{3}\Gamma_{22}^{3} + \Gamma_{2e}^{3}\Gamma_{32}^{e} - \Gamma_{3e}^{3}\Gamma_{22}^{e}$$

$$= \partial_{2}\Gamma_{32}^{3} + \Gamma_{23}^{3}\Gamma_{32}^{3} + \Gamma_{24}^{3}\Gamma_{32}^{4}$$

$$= \partial_{2}(-\frac{1}{4}\beta^{-1}) + (-\frac{1}{4}\beta^{-1})^{2} + (-\frac{1}{2}\beta^{-1})^{2}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4}(-\beta^{-2}(1-2\theta)) + \frac{1}{16}\beta^{-2} + \frac{1}{4}\beta^{-2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{16}\beta^{-2}(9-8\theta),$$

$$R_{232}^{4} = \partial_{2}\Gamma_{4}^{32} - \partial_{3}\Gamma_{4}^{22} + \Gamma_{4}^{2e}\Gamma_{e}^{32}$$

$$= \partial_{2}(-\frac{1}{2}\beta^{-1})] + (-\frac{1}{2}\beta^{-1})(-\frac{1}{4}\beta^{-1}) + (\frac{1}{4}\beta^{-1}(-\frac{1}{2}\beta^{-1}))$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2}(-\beta^{-2})(1-2\theta) + \frac{1}{8}\beta^{-2} - \frac{1}{8}\beta^{-2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}\beta^{-2}(1-2\theta).$$

(iii)

$$R_{2424} = R_{242}{}^{a}g_{a4} = R_{242}{}^{3}g_{34} + R_{242}{}^{4}g_{44}$$
$$= \frac{8}{16}\beta^{-2}(1 - 2\theta)(-\kappa\theta\beta^{-1/2}) + \frac{1}{16}\beta^{-2}(1 + 8\theta)(\kappa(1 + \theta)\beta^{-1/2})$$

$$\begin{split} &=\frac{\kappa}{16}\beta^{-5/2}(1+\theta+24\theta^2),\\ R_{242}{}^4&=\partial_2\Gamma_{42}^4-\partial_4\Gamma_{22}^4+\Gamma_{2e}^4\Gamma_{42}^e-\Gamma_{4e}^4\Gamma_{22}^e\\ &=\partial_2\Gamma_{42}^4+\Gamma_{23}^4\Gamma_{24}^4+\Gamma_{24}^4\Gamma_{42}^4\\ &=\partial_2(\frac{1}{4}\beta^{-1})+(-\frac{1}{2}\beta^{-1})(-\frac{1}{2}\beta^{-1})+(\frac{1}{4}\beta^{-1})(\frac{1}{4}\beta^{-1})\\ &=\frac{1}{4}(-\beta^{-2}(1-2\theta))+\frac{1}{4}\beta^{-2}+\frac{1}{16}\beta^{-2}\\ &=\frac{1}{16}\beta^{-2}(1+8\theta),\\ R_{242}{}^3&=\partial_2\Gamma_{42}^3-\partial_4\Gamma_{22}^3+\Gamma_{2e}^3\Gamma_{42}^e-\Gamma_{4e}^3\Gamma_{22}^e\\ &=\partial_2\Gamma_{42}^3+\Gamma_{23}^3\Gamma_{42}^3+\Gamma_{24}^3\Gamma_{42}^4\\ &=-\frac{1}{2}\partial_2\beta^{-1}+(-\frac{1}{4}\beta^{-1})(-\frac{1}{2}\beta^{-1})+(-\frac{1}{2}\beta^{-1})(\frac{1}{4}\beta^{-1})\\ &=-\frac{1}{2}(-\beta^{-2}(1-2\theta))+\frac{1}{8}\beta^{-2}-\frac{1}{8}\beta^{-2}\\ &=\frac{1}{2}\beta^{-2}(1-2\theta). \end{split}$$

$$R_{234}^{2} = \partial_{2}\Gamma_{34}^{2} - \partial_{3}\Gamma_{24}^{2} + \Gamma_{2e}^{2}\Gamma_{34}^{e} - \Gamma_{3e}^{2}\Gamma_{24}^{e} = \partial_{2}\Gamma_{34}^{2} - \Gamma_{33}^{2}\Gamma_{24}^{3} - \Gamma_{34}^{2}\Gamma_{24}^{4}$$

$$= \frac{\kappa}{2}\partial_{2}(\beta^{-3/2}(1+\frac{\theta}{2})) - (\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-3/2}(1-2\theta))(-\frac{1}{2}\beta^{-1})$$

$$- (\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-3/2}(1+\frac{\theta}{2}))(\frac{1}{4}\beta^{-1})$$

$$= \frac{\kappa}{2}(\frac{1}{2}\beta^{-3/2} + (1+\frac{\theta}{2})(-\frac{3}{2}\beta^{-5/2}(1-2\theta)))$$

$$+ \frac{\kappa}{8}\beta^{-5/2}(1-2\theta) - \frac{\kappa}{8}\beta^{-5/2}(1+\frac{\theta}{2})$$

$$= \frac{\kappa}{16}\beta^{-5/2}(-8+17\theta+8\theta^{2}).$$

The other formulas follow immediately.

(iv)

(v) 
$$R_{34a}{}^b = \partial_3 \Gamma^b_{4a} - \partial_4 \Gamma^b_{3a} + \Gamma^b_{3e} \Gamma^e_{4a} - \Gamma^b_{4a} \Gamma^e_{3a} = \Gamma^b_{3e} \Gamma^e_{4a} - \Gamma^b_{4e} \Gamma^e_{3a}$$
, so

$$\begin{split} R_{344}{}^2 &= \Gamma_{32}^2 \Gamma_{44}^2 - \Gamma_{43}^2 \Gamma_{34}^3 - \Gamma_{44}^2 \Gamma_{34}^4 = 0, \\ R_{343}{}^4 &= \Gamma_{32}^4 \Gamma_{43}^2 - \Gamma_{42}^4 \Gamma_{33}^2 = (-\frac{1}{2}\beta^{-1})(\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-3/2}(1+\frac{\theta}{2})) - (\frac{1}{4}\beta^{-1})(\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-3/2}(1-2\theta)) \\ &= -\frac{\kappa}{16}\beta^{-5/2}(4(1+\frac{\theta}{2}) + (1-2\theta)) = -\frac{5}{16}\kappa\beta^{-5/2}, \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} R_{344}{}^3 &= \Gamma_{32}^3 \Gamma_{44}^2 - \Gamma_{42}^3 \Gamma_{34}^2 = (-\frac{1}{4}\beta^{-1})(-\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-3/2}(1+3\theta)) - (-\frac{1}{2}\beta^{-1})(\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-3/2}(1+\frac{\theta}{2})) \\ &= \frac{\kappa}{16}\beta^{-5/2}(1+3\theta+4(1+\frac{\theta}{2})) = \frac{5}{16}\kappa\beta^{-5/2}(1+\theta), \\ R_{344}{}^4 &= \Gamma_{32}^4 \Gamma_{44}^2 - \Gamma_{42}^4 \Gamma_{34}^2 = (-\frac{1}{2}\beta^{-1})(-\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-3/2}(1+3\theta)) - (\frac{1}{4}\beta^{-1})(\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-3/2}(1+\frac{\theta}{2})) \\ &= \frac{\kappa}{8}\beta^{-5/2}(1+3\theta-(1+\frac{\theta}{2})) = \frac{5}{16}\kappa\theta\beta^{-5/2}, \\ R_{343}{}^3 &= \Gamma_{32}^3 \Gamma_{43}^2 - \Gamma_{42}^3 \Gamma_{33}^2 = (-\frac{1}{4}\beta^{-1})(\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-3/2}(1+\frac{\theta}{2})) - (-\frac{1}{2}\beta^{-1})(\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-3/2}(1-2\theta)) \\ &= \frac{\kappa}{8}\beta^{-5/2}(-(1+\frac{\theta}{2}+(1-2\theta))) = -\frac{5}{16}\kappa\theta\beta^{-5/2}, \\ R_{3434} &= R_{343}{}^b g_{b4} = R_{343}{}^a g_{34} + R_{343}{}^4 g_{44} \\ &= (-\frac{5}{16}\theta\kappa\beta^{-5/2})(-\theta\kappa\beta^{-1/2}) + (-\frac{5}{16}\kappa\beta^{-5/2})(1+\theta)\kappa\beta^{-1/2} \\ &= -\frac{5}{16}\kappa^2\beta^{-3}(1+\theta-\theta^2) = -\frac{5}{16}\kappa^2\beta^{-2}. \end{split}$$

1.4. The covariant derivatives of the almost complex structure on M. We note for later use that

$$(\omega_{ab}) = (J_a^c g_{cb}) = (J_{ab}) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \kappa \\ 0 & 0 & -\kappa & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$
(1.2)

We now compute the covariant derivatives of J.

## Lemma 1.4. (i)

(ii) 
$$\nabla_{1}J_{ab} = \nabla_{2}J_{ab} = 0.$$

$$\nabla_{3}J_{13} = -\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-3/2}(1-2\theta), \ \nabla_{3}J_{14} = -\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-3/2}(1+\frac{\theta}{2}),$$

$$\nabla_{3}J_{23} = -\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-1}, \ \nabla_{3}J_{24} = \frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-1}.$$
(iii) 
$$\nabla_{4}J_{13} = -\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-3/2}(1+\frac{\theta}{2}), \ \nabla_{4}J_{14} = \frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-3/2}(1+3\theta)$$

$$\nabla_{4}J_{23} = \frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-1}. \ \nabla_{4}J_{24} = \frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-1}.$$

All other  $\nabla_i J_{ab}$  vanish.

*Proof.* (i) Using  $\Gamma_{1a}^e = 0$ , we have  $\nabla_1 J_{ab} = \partial_1 J_{ab} - \Gamma_{1a}^e J_{eb} - \Gamma_{1b}^e J_{ae} = 0$ . We also have

$$\nabla_2 J_{ab} = \partial_2 J_{ab} - \Gamma^e_{2a} J_{eb} - \Gamma^e_{2b} J_{ae} = -\Gamma^e_{2a} J_{eb} - \Gamma^e_{2b} J_{ae}.$$

Thus

$$\begin{split} \nabla_2 J_{12} &= -\Gamma_{21}^e J_{e2} - \Gamma_{22}^e J_{1e} = -\Gamma_{22}^e J_{1e} = -\Gamma_{22}^e J_{12} = 0, \\ \nabla_2 J_{34} &= -\Gamma_{23}^e J_{e4} - \Gamma_{24}^e J_{3e} - \Gamma_{23}^3 J_{34} - \Gamma_{24}^4 J_{34} \\ &= -(-\frac{1}{4}\beta^{-1})J_{34} - (\frac{1}{4}\beta^{-1})J_{34} = 0, \\ \nabla_2 J_{11} &= -\Gamma_{21}^e J_{e1} - \Gamma_{21}^e J_{1e} = 0, \\ \nabla_2 J_{22} &= -\Gamma_{22}^e J_{e2} - \Gamma_{22}^e J_{2e} = 0, \\ \nabla_2 J_{2aa} &= -\Gamma_{2a}^e J_{ea} - \Gamma_{2a}^e J_{ae} = 0, (Does\ this\ include\ a = 1, 2\ above?) \\ \nabla_2 J_{13} &= -\Gamma_{21}^e J_{e3} - \Gamma_{23}^e J_{1e} = -\Gamma_{21}^4 J_{43} - \Gamma_{23}^2 J_{12} = 0, \\ \nabla_2 J_{14} &= -\Gamma_{21}^e J_{e4} - \Gamma_{24}^e J_{1e}, = -\Gamma_{24}^2 J_{12} = 0, \\ \nabla_2 J_{23} &= -\Gamma_{23}^e J_{e3} - \Gamma_{23}^e J_{2e} = -\Gamma_{22}^4 J_{43} - \Gamma_{23}^1 J_{21} = 0, \\ \nabla_2 J_{24} &= -\Gamma_{22}^e J_{e4} - \Gamma_{24}^e J_{24} = -\Gamma_{24}^3 J_{34} - \Gamma_{24}^1 J_{21} = 0. \end{split}$$

Therefore,  $\nabla_2 J_{ab} = 0$ .

(ii) In general,

$$\nabla_3 J_{ab} = -\Gamma^e_{3a} J_{eb} - \Gamma^e_{3b} J_{ae}.$$

Thus

$$\begin{split} &\nabla_{3}J_{1b}=-\Gamma_{31}^{e}J_{eb}=0,\\ &\nabla_{3}J_{12}=-\Gamma_{31}^{e}J_{e2}-\Gamma_{32}^{e}J_{1e}=-\Gamma_{31}^{1}J_{12}-\Gamma_{32}^{2}J_{12}=0,\\ &\nabla_{3}J_{13}=-\Gamma_{31}^{e}J_{e3}-\Gamma_{33}^{e}J_{1e}=-\Gamma_{31}^{4}J_{43}-\Gamma_{33}^{2}J_{12}=-\Gamma_{33}^{2}J_{12}=-\Gamma_{33}^{2}\\ &=-\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-3/2}(1-2\theta),\\ &\nabla_{3}J_{14}=-\Gamma_{34}^{2}J_{12}=-\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-3/2}\left(1+\frac{\theta}{2}\right),\\ &\nabla_{3}J_{21}=-\Gamma_{32}^{2}J_{21}-\Gamma_{31}^{e}J_{2e}=0,\\ &\nabla_{3}J_{23}=-\Gamma_{32}^{4}J_{43}-\Gamma_{33}^{1}J_{21}=\kappa\Gamma_{32}^{4}=-\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-1},\\ &\nabla_{3}J_{24}=-\Gamma_{32}^{3}J_{24}-\Gamma_{34}^{1}J_{21}=-\kappa\Gamma_{32}^{3}=-\kappa(-\frac{1}{4}\beta^{-1})=\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-1},\\ &\nabla_{3}J_{31}=-\Gamma_{33}^{2}J_{21}-\Gamma_{31}^{e}J_{3e}=\Gamma_{33}^{2}=\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-3/2}(1-2\theta),\\ &\nabla_{3}J_{32}=-\Gamma_{33}^{1}J_{12}-\Gamma_{32}^{e}J_{34}=-\Gamma_{32}^{4}J_{34}=-\kappa\Gamma_{32}^{4}J_{34}=-\kappa(-\frac{1}{2}\beta^{-1})=\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-1},\\ &\nabla_{3}J_{32}=-\Gamma_{33}^{1}J_{12}-\Gamma_{32}^{e}J_{34}=-\Gamma_{32}^{4}J_{34}=-\kappa\Gamma_{32}^{4}J_{34}=-\kappa(-\frac{1}{2}\beta^{-1})=\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-1},\\ &\nabla_{3}J_{32}=-\Gamma_{33}^{1}J_{12}-\Gamma_{32}^{4}J_{34}=-\Gamma_{32}^{4}J_{34}=-\kappa\Gamma_{32}^{4}J_{34}=-\kappa(-\frac{1}{2}\beta^{-1})=\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-1},\\ &\nabla_{3}J_{32}=-\Gamma_{33}^{1}J_{12}-\Gamma_{32}^{4}J_{34}=-\Gamma_{32}^{4}J_{34}=-\kappa\Gamma_{32}^{4}J_{34}=-\kappa(-\frac{1}{2}\beta^{-1})=\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-1},\\ &\nabla_{3}J_{32}=-\Gamma_{33}^{1}J_{12}-\Gamma_{32}^{4}J_{34}=-\Gamma_{32}^{4}J_{34}=-\kappa\Gamma_{32}^{4}J_{34}=-\kappa(-\frac{1}{2}\beta^{-1})=\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-1},\\ &\nabla_{3}J_{32}=-\Gamma_{33}^{1}J_{12}-\Gamma_{32}^{4}J_{34}=-\Gamma_{32}^{4}J_{34}=-\kappa\Gamma_{32}^{4}J_{34}=-\kappa(-\frac{1}{2}\beta^{-1})=\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-1},\\ &\nabla_{3}J_{32}=-\Gamma_{33}^{1}J_{12}-\Gamma_{32}^{4}J_{34}=-\Gamma_{32}^{4}J_{34}=-\kappa\Gamma_{32}^{4}J_{34}=-\kappa(-\frac{1}{2}\beta^{-1})=\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-1},\\ &\nabla_{3}J_{32}=-\Gamma_{33}^{1}J_{12}-\Gamma_{32}^{4}J_{34}=-\Gamma_{32}^{4}J_{34}=-\kappa\Gamma_{32}$$

$$\begin{split} \nabla_3 J_{34} &= -\Gamma_{33}^3 J_{34} - \Gamma_{43}^4 J_{34} = 0, \\ \nabla_3 J_{41} &= -\Gamma_{24}^2 J_{21} - \Gamma_{31}^e J_{4e} = \Gamma_{32}^2 = \frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} \left(1 + \frac{\theta}{2}\right), \\ \nabla_3 J_{42} &= -\Gamma_{34}^1 - \Gamma_{32}^3 J_{43} = -\Gamma_{32}^3 (-\kappa) = \kappa \Gamma_{32}^3 = -\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}, \\ \nabla_3 J_{43} &= -\Gamma_{34}^4 J_{43} - \Gamma_{33}^3 J_{43} = 0, \\ (\text{iii)} \text{ Since } \nabla_4 J_{ab} &= -\Gamma_{4a}^e J_{eb} - \Gamma_{4b}^e J_{ae}, \text{ we have} \\ \nabla_4 J_{12} &= -\Gamma_{43}^2 = -\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} \left(1 + \frac{\theta}{2}\right), \\ \nabla_4 J_{14} &= -\Gamma_{42}^2 J_{12} = -(-\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta)) \\ &= \frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta), \\ \nabla_4 J_{21} &= -\Gamma_{42}^2 J_{21} - \Gamma_{41}^e J_{2e} = 0, \\ \nabla_4 J_{23} &= -\Gamma_{42}^4 J_{43} - \Gamma_{43}^1 J_{21} = -\Gamma_{42}^4 (-\kappa) = \kappa \Gamma_{42}^4 = \frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}, \\ \nabla_4 J_{24} &= -\Gamma_{32}^3 J_{34} - \Gamma_{44}^1 J_{21} = -\kappa \Gamma_{32}^3 = \frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} \left(1 + \frac{\theta}{2}\right), \\ \nabla_4 J_{31} &= -\Gamma_{43}^2 J_{21} - \Gamma_{41}^e J_{3e} = \Gamma_{43}^2 = \frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} \left(1 + \frac{\theta}{2}\right), \\ \nabla_4 J_{32} &= -\Gamma_{43}^1 J_{12} - \Gamma_{41}^4 J_{3e} = \Gamma_{43}^2 = \frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} \left(1 + \frac{\theta}{2}\right), \\ \nabla_4 J_{32} &= -\Gamma_{43}^1 J_{12} - \Gamma_{42}^4 J_{34} = \kappa \Gamma_{42}^4 = -\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}, \\ \nabla_4 J_{34} &= -\Gamma_{33}^3 J_{34} - \Gamma_{44}^4 J_{34} = 0, \\ \nabla_4 J_{41} &= -\Gamma_{44}^2 J_{21} = -\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta), \\ \nabla_4 J_{42} &= -\Gamma_{42}^3 J_{43} = -\Gamma_{42}^3 J_{43} = -\Gamma_{42}^3 J_{43} = 0, \\ \nabla_4 J_{42} &= -\Gamma_{42}^3 J_{43} = -\Gamma_{42}^3 J_{43} = 0, \\ \nabla_4 J_{42} &= -\Gamma_{42}^3 J_{43} = -\Gamma_{42}^3 J_{43} = 0. \end{split}$$

1.5. The computation of (1.1). First steps. The goal is to show

$$S := \sum_{\sigma \in \mathfrak{S}_{5}} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \overline{R}_{\sigma_{0}\ell_{1}0}{}^{n} \overline{R}_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}\ell_{2}}{}^{\ell_{1}} \overline{R}_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}n}{}^{\ell_{2}} = \frac{\kappa}{16} p^{2} (3072p^{4} - 640p^{2}\beta^{-2} - 25\beta^{-4}), \quad (1.3)$$
(see (4.8)).

For  $i \in \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$ , we set

$$S_i = \sum_{\substack{\sigma \in \mathfrak{S}_5 \\ \sigma_i = 0}} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \overline{R}_{\sigma_0 \ell_1 0}{}^n \overline{R}_{\sigma_1 \sigma_2 \ell_2}{}^{\ell_1} \overline{R}_{\sigma_3 \sigma_4 n}{}^{\ell_2},$$

SO

$$S = \sum_{i=0}^{4} S_i.$$

Interchanging  $\sigma_1$  and  $\sigma_2$  gives  $S_1 = S_2$ , since both  $\operatorname{sgn}(\sigma)$  and a curvature term change sign, and interchanging  $\sigma_3$  and  $\sigma_4$  gives  $S_3 = S_4$ . Thus,

$$S = S_0 + 2S_1 + 2S_3. (1.4)$$

For m = 0, 1, 3, we set

$$S_m = S_{m,2} + S_{m,4} + S_{m,6}$$

where  $S_{m,k}$  is the  $p^k$ -term of  $S_m$ . In this notation, (1.3) is equivalent to:

## Proposition 1.5.

$$\bar{S}_{[2]} := S_{0,2} + 2S_{1,2} + 2S_{3,2} = \frac{\kappa}{16} p^2 (-25\beta^{-4}),$$

$$\bar{S}_{[4]} := S_{0,4} + 2S_{1,4} + 2S_{3,4} = \frac{\kappa}{16} (-640p^2\beta^{-2}),$$

$$\bar{S}_{[6]} := S_{0,6} + 2S_{1,6} + 2S_{3,6} = \frac{\kappa}{16} 3072p^6.$$

This will be proved in a number of steps.  $\bar{S}_{[6]}$  is computed in Prop. 1.9,  $\bar{S}_{[2]}$  is computed in Prop. 1.11, and  $\bar{S}_{[4]}$  is computed in Prop. 1.13.

For notation, the metric  $\bar{q}$  on  $\bar{M}$  is given by

$$\bar{g} = (\bar{g}_{ij}) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & & & & \\ 0 & & & \bar{g}_{ab} & \\ 0 & & & & \end{pmatrix}$$

where  $i, j, k, \ldots \in \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$  and  $a, b, \ldots \in \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ . Thus  $\bar{g}_{00} = \bar{g}(\partial_0, \partial_0), \bar{g}_{ab} = \bar{g}(\partial_{\theta_a}, \partial_{\theta_b}) = g(\partial_{\theta_a}, \partial_{\theta_b})$ .

We now compute  $S_0$ , using the formulas in Lemma 1.1. In the obvious notation,

$$S_{0} = \sum_{\sigma_{0}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \overline{R}_{0a_{1}0}{}^{b} \overline{R}_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}\ell_{2}}{}^{a_{1}} \overline{R}_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}b}{}^{\ell_{2}}$$

$$= \sum_{\sigma_{0}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \overline{R}_{0a_{1}0}{}^{b} [\overline{R}_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}a_{2}}{}^{a_{1}} \overline{R}_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}b}{}^{a_{2}} + \overline{R}_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}0}{}^{a_{1}} \overline{R}_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}b}{}^{0}].$$

Since  $\overline{R}_{0a_10}{}^b = -p^2 \delta_{a_1}^b$ , we get

$$S_{0} = -p^{2} \sum_{\sigma_{0}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) [\overline{R}_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}a_{2}}{}^{a_{1}} \overline{R}_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}a_{1}}{}^{a_{2}} + \overline{R}_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}0}{}^{a_{1}} \overline{R}_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}a_{1}}{}^{0}]$$

$$= -p^{2} \sum_{\sigma_{0}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) [\overline{R}_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}a_{2}}{}^{a_{1}} \overline{R}_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}a_{1}}{}^{a_{2}} - \overline{R}_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}a'_{1}}{}^{0} \overline{R}_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}a_{1}}{}^{0}g^{a_{1}a'_{1}}]$$

$$= -p^{2} \sum_{\sigma_{0}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) [\overline{R}_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}a_{2}}{}^{a_{1}} \overline{R}_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}a_{1}}{}^{a_{2}} - \overline{R}_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}a'_{1}}{}^{0} \overline{R}_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}a_{1}}{}^{0} g^{a_{1}a'_{1}}]$$

$$= -p^{2} \sum_{\sigma_{0}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \overline{R}_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}a_{2}}{}^{a_{1}} \overline{R}_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}a_{1}}{}^{a_{2}} + p^{4} \sum_{\sigma_{0}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \nabla_{a'_{1}} J_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}} \nabla_{a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}} g^{a_{1}a'_{1}}$$

$$:= S_{0,*} + S_{0,4,1}.$$

We will see below (Lemma 1.14) that

$$S_{0,4,1} = -S_{1,4,1} = 5p^4 \kappa \beta^{-2}. \tag{1.5}$$

(For the definition of  $S_{1,4,1}$ , see (1.13). The first equality follows from a "change of variables" sending  $\sigma$  to (01) $\sigma$ .) For  $S_{0,*}$ , we have

$$S_{0,*} = -p^{2} \sum_{\sigma_{0}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \overline{R}_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}a_{2}}{}^{a_{1}} \overline{R}_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}a_{1}}{}^{a_{2}}$$

$$= -p^{2} \sum_{\sigma_{0}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) (R_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}a_{2}}{}^{a_{1}} - p^{2} J_{\sigma_{2}a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{1}}{}^{a_{1}} + p^{2} J_{\sigma_{1}a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{2}}{}^{a_{1}} + 2p^{2} J_{\sigma_{2}\sigma_{2}} J_{a_{2}}{}^{a_{1}})$$

$$\cdot (R_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}a_{1}}{}^{a_{2}} - p^{2} J_{\sigma_{4}a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{3}}{}^{a_{2}} + p^{2} J_{\sigma_{3}a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{4}}{}^{a_{2}} + 2p^{2} J_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}} J_{a_{1}}{}^{a_{2}})$$

$$= -p^{2} \sum_{\sigma_{0}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) [(R_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}a_{2}}{}^{a_{1}} R_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}a_{1}}{}^{a_{2}})$$

$$+ p^{2} (-J_{\sigma_{2}a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{1}}{}^{a_{1}} + J_{\sigma_{1}a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{2}}{}^{a_{1}} + 2J_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}} J_{a_{2}}{}^{a_{1}}) R_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}a_{1}}{}^{a_{2}}$$

$$+ p^{2} R_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}a_{2}}{}^{a_{1}} (-J_{\sigma_{4}a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{3}}{}^{a_{2}} + J_{\sigma_{3}a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{3}}{}^{a_{1}} + 2J_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}} J_{a_{1}}{}^{a_{2}})$$

$$+ p^{4} (-J_{\sigma_{2}a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{1}}{}^{a_{1}} + J_{\sigma_{1}a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{2}}{}^{a_{1}} + 2J_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}} J_{a_{2}}{}^{a_{1}})]$$

$$\cdot (-J_{\sigma_{4}a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{3}}{}^{a_{2}} + J_{\sigma_{3}a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{3}}{}^{a_{1}} + 2J_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}} J_{a_{1}}{}^{a_{2}}).$$

The  $p^4$  term in  $S_{0,*}$  is

$$S_{0,4,2} := -p^4 \sum_{\sigma_0 = 0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) [(-J_{\sigma_2 a_2} J_{\sigma_1}^{a_1} + J_{\sigma_1 a_2} J_{\sigma_2}^{a_1} + 2J_{\sigma_1 \sigma_2} J_{a_2}^{a_1}) R_{\sigma_3 \sigma_4 a_1}^{a_2} + R_{\sigma_1 \sigma_2 a_2}^{a_1} (-J_{\sigma_4 a_1} J_{\sigma_3}^{a_2} + J_{\sigma_3 a_1} J_{\sigma_3}^{a_1} + 2J_{\sigma_3 \sigma_4} J_{a_1}^{a_2})].$$

We can simplify  $S_{0,4,2}$  using the change of variable  $\sigma \mapsto \tau = \sigma(13)(24)$  as in the calculation of  $(\beta)$  in Appendix B:

$$S_{0,4,2} = -p^{4} \sum_{\sigma_{0}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \left[ \left( -J_{\sigma_{2}a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{1}}^{a_{1}} + J_{\sigma_{1}a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{2}}^{a_{1}} + 2J_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}} J_{a_{2}}^{a_{1}} \right) R_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}a_{1}}^{a_{2}}$$

$$+ R_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}a_{2}}^{a_{1}} \left( -J_{\sigma_{4}a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{3}}^{a_{2}} + J_{\sigma_{3}a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{4}}^{a_{2}} + 2J_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}} J_{a_{1}}^{a_{2}} \right) \right]$$

$$= -p^{4} \sum_{\sigma_{0}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \left[ -R_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}a_{1}a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{2}}^{a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{1}}^{a_{1}} + R_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}a_{2}a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{1}}^{a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{2}}^{a_{2}} - 2R_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}a_{1}a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}} J^{a_{1}a_{2}} \right]$$

$$- R_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}a_{2}a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{4}}^{a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{3}}^{a_{2}} + R_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}a_{1}a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{3}}^{a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{4}}^{a_{2}} - 2R_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}a_{2}a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}} J^{a_{1}a_{2}} \right]$$

$$= 4p^{4} \sum_{\sigma_{0}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \left[ R_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}a_{1}a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{3}}^{a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{4}}^{a_{2}} + R_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}a_{1}a_{2}} J^{a_{1}a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}} \right]$$

$$= 4p^{4} \sum_{\sigma_{0}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \left[ R_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}a_{1}a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{3}}^{a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{4}}^{a_{2}} + R_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}a_{1}a_{2}} J^{a_{1}a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}} \right]$$

$$:= S_{0,4,2,1} + S_{0,4,2,2}.$$

where

$$S_{0,4,2,1} = 4p^4 \sum_{\sigma_0 = 0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) R_{\sigma_1 \sigma_2 a_1 a_2} J_{\sigma_3}^{a_1} J_{\sigma_4}^{a_2},$$

$$S_{0,4,2,2} = 4p^4 \sum_{\sigma_0 = 0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) R_{\sigma_1 \sigma_2 a_1 a_2} J^{a_1 a_2} J_{\sigma_3 \sigma_4}.$$

$$(1.7)$$

Here is a summary of  $S_0$ , obtained from (1.5), (1.6), (1.7).

#### Lemma 1.6.

$$S_{0,2} = -p^{2} \sum_{\sigma_{0}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) R_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}a_{2}}{}^{a_{1}} R_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}a_{1}}{}^{a_{2}},$$

$$S_{0,4} = p^{4} \sum_{\sigma_{0}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \nabla_{a'_{1}} J_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}} \nabla_{a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}} g^{a_{1}a'_{1}}$$

$$-4p^{4} \sum_{\sigma_{0}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) [R_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}a_{1}a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{3}}{}^{a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{4}}{}^{a_{2}} + R_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}a_{1}a_{2}} J^{a_{1}a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}}]$$

$$S_{0,6} = -p^{6} \sum_{\sigma_{0}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) (-J_{\sigma_{2}a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{1}}{}^{a_{1}} + J_{\sigma_{1}a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{2}}{}^{a_{1}} + 2J_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}} J_{a_{2}}{}^{a_{1}}$$

$$\cdot (-J_{\sigma_{4}a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{3}}{}^{a_{2}} + J_{\sigma_{3}a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{3}}{}^{a_{1}} + 2J_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}} J_{a_{1}}{}^{a_{2}}).$$

$$(1.8)$$

We now turn to the computation of  $S_1$ .

$$\begin{split} S_{1} &= -\sum_{\sigma_{1}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \overline{R}_{\sigma_{0}\ell_{1}0}{}^{n} \overline{R}_{0\sigma_{2}\ell_{2}}{}^{\ell_{1}} \overline{R}_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}n}{}^{\ell_{2}} = -\sum_{\sigma_{1}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \bar{R}_{\sigma_{0}\ell_{1}0b'} \overline{R}_{0\sigma_{2}\ell_{2}}{}^{\ell_{1}} \overline{R}_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}b}{}^{\ell_{2}} g^{bb'} \\ &= -\sum_{\sigma_{1}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \bar{R}_{\sigma_{0}00b'} \overline{R}_{0\sigma_{2}a}{}^{0} \overline{R}_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}b}{}^{a} g^{bb'} - \sum_{\sigma_{1}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \bar{R}_{\sigma_{0}a_{1}0b'} \overline{R}_{0\sigma_{2}\ell_{2}}{}^{a_{1}} \overline{R}_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}b}{}^{\ell_{2}} g^{bb'} \\ &= -\sum_{\sigma_{1}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) (p^{2}g_{\sigma_{0}b'}) (p^{2}g_{\sigma_{2}a_{2}}) \overline{R}_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}b}{}^{a_{2}} g^{bb'} - \sum_{\sigma_{1}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \bar{R}_{\sigma_{0}a_{1}0b'} \bar{R}_{0\sigma_{2}0a'_{1}} \bar{R}_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}b0} g^{bb'} g^{a_{1}a'_{1}} \\ &- \sum_{\sigma_{1}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \bar{R}_{\sigma_{0}a_{1}0b'} \bar{R}_{0\sigma_{2}a_{2}a'_{1}} \overline{R}_{\sigma_{2}\sigma_{4}b}{}^{a_{2}} g^{bb'} g^{a_{1}a'_{1}} \\ &= -\sum_{\sigma_{1}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) p^{4} R_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}\sigma_{0}\sigma_{2}} - \sum_{\sigma_{1}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) (-p \nabla_{b'} J_{\sigma_{0}a_{1}}) (-p^{2} g_{\sigma_{2}a'_{2}}) (p \nabla_{b} J_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}}) g^{bb'} g^{a_{1}a'_{1}} \\ &- \sum_{\sigma_{1}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) (-p \nabla_{b'} J_{\sigma_{0}a_{1}}) (-p^{2} \nabla_{\sigma_{2}} J_{a_{2}a'_{1}}) \overline{R}_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}b}{}^{a_{2}} g^{bb'} g^{a_{1}a'_{1}}. \end{split}$$

This can be simplified using the Bianchi identity

$$\sum_{\sigma_1=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) R_{\sigma_3 \sigma_4 \sigma_0 \sigma_2} = 0,$$

to give

$$\begin{split} S_1 &= -\sum_{\sigma_1 = 0} \mathrm{sgn}(\sigma) p^4 g^{bb'} \nabla_{b'} J_{\sigma_0 \sigma_2} \nabla_{b} J_{\sigma_3 \sigma_4} \\ &- \sum_{\sigma_1 = 0} \mathrm{sgn}(\sigma) p^2 \nabla_{b'} J_{\sigma_0 a_1} \nabla_{\sigma_2} J_{a_2 a_1'} \bar{R}_{\sigma_3 \sigma_4 b a_2'} g^{bb'} g^{a_1 a_1'} g^{a_2 a_2'} \\ &= -\sum_{\sigma_1 = 0} \mathrm{sgn}(\sigma) p^4 g^{bb'} \nabla_{b'} J_{\sigma_0 \sigma_2} \nabla_{b} J_{\sigma_3 \sigma_4} \\ &- \sum_{\sigma_1 = 0} \mathrm{sgn}(\sigma) p^2 \nabla_{b'} J_{\sigma_0 a_1} \nabla_{\sigma_2} J_{a_2 a_1'} R_{\sigma_3 \sigma_4 b a_2'} g^{a_2 a_2'} g^{bb'} g^{a_1 a_1'} \\ &- \sum_{\sigma_1 = 0} \mathrm{sgn}(\sigma) p^4 \nabla_{b'} J_{\sigma_0 a_1} \nabla_{\sigma_2} J_{a_2 a_1'} \\ &\cdot (-J_{\sigma_4 b} J_{\sigma_3 a_2'} + J_{\sigma_3 b} J_{\sigma_4 a_2'} + 2J_{\sigma_3 \sigma_4} J_{b a_2'}) g^{bb'} g^{a_2 a_2'} g^{a_1 a_1'} \\ &= -\sum_{\sigma_1 = 0} \mathrm{sgn}(\sigma) p^4 \nabla_{b'} J_{\sigma_0 a_1} \nabla_{\sigma_2} J_{a_2 a_1'} J_{\sigma_4 b} J_{\sigma_3 a_2'} g^{bb'} g^{a_2 a_2'} g^{a_1 a_1'} \\ &- \sum_{\sigma_1 = 0} \mathrm{sgn}(\sigma) p^4 \nabla_{b'} J_{\sigma_0 a_1} \nabla_{\sigma_2} J_{a_2 a_1'} J_{\sigma_3 b} J_{\sigma_4 a_2'} g^{bb'} g^{a_2 a_2'} g^{a_1 a_1'} \\ &- \sum_{\sigma_1 = 0} \mathrm{sgn}(\sigma) p^4 \nabla_{b'} J_{\sigma_0 a_1} \nabla_{\sigma_2} J_{a_2 a_1'} J_{\sigma_3 b} J_{\sigma_4 a_2'} g^{bb'} g^{a_2 a_2'} g^{a_1 a_1'} \\ &- \sum_{\sigma_1 = 0} \mathrm{sgn}(\sigma) p^2 \nabla_{b'} J_{\sigma_0 a_1} \nabla_{\sigma_2} J_{a_2 a_1'} R_{\sigma_3 \sigma_4 b a_2'} g^{a_2 a_2'} g^{bb'} g^{a_1 a_1'} \\ &= -\sum_{\sigma_1 = 0} \mathrm{sgn}(\sigma) p^4 \nabla_{b'} J_{\sigma_0 a_1} \nabla_{\sigma_2} J_{a_2 a_1'} J_{\sigma_4 b} J_{\sigma_3 a_2'} g^{a_2 a_2'} g^{bb'} g^{a_1 a_1'} \\ &- 2\sum_{\sigma_1 = 0} \mathrm{sgn}(\sigma) p^4 \nabla_{b'} J_{\sigma_0 a_1} \nabla_{\sigma_2} J_{a_2 a_1'} J_{\sigma_4 b} J_{\sigma_3 a_2'} g^{a_2 a_2'} g^{bb'} g^{a_1 a_1'} \\ &- 2\sum_{\sigma_1 = 0} \mathrm{sgn}(\sigma) p^4 \nabla_{b'} J_{\sigma_0 a_1} \nabla_{\sigma_2} J_{a_2 a_1'} J_{\sigma_3 \sigma_4} J_{b a_2'} g^{a_2 a_2'} g^{bb'} g^{a_1 a_1'} \\ &- 2\sum_{\sigma_1 = 0} \mathrm{sgn}(\sigma) p^4 \nabla_{b'} J_{\sigma_0 a_1} \nabla_{\sigma_2} J_{a_2 a_1'} J_{\sigma_3 \sigma_4} J_{b a_2'} g^{a_2 a_2'} g^{bb'} g^{a_1 a_1'} \\ &- 2\sum_{\sigma_1 = 0} \mathrm{sgn}(\sigma) p^4 \nabla_{b'} J_{\sigma_0 a_1} \nabla_{\sigma_2} J_{a_2 a_1'} J_{\sigma_3 \sigma_4} J_{b a_2'} g^{a_2 a_2'} g^{bb'} g^{a_1 a_1'} \\ &- 2\sum_{\sigma_1 = 0} \mathrm{sgn}(\sigma) p^4 \nabla_{b'} J_{\sigma_0 a_1} \nabla_{\sigma_2} J_{a_2 a_1'} J_{\sigma_3 \sigma_4} J_{b a_2'} g^{a_2 a_2'} g^{bb'} g^{a_1 a_1'} \\ &- p^2 \sum_{\sigma_1 = 0} \mathrm{sgn}(\sigma) \nabla_{b'} J_{\sigma_0 a_1} \nabla_{\sigma_2} J_{a_2 a_1'} R_{\sigma_3 \sigma_4 b a_2'} g^{a_2 a_2'} g^{bb'} g^{a_1 a_1'}. \end{split}$$

In summary,

## Lemma 1.7.

$$S_1 = S_{1,2} + S_{1,4},$$

where

$$S_{1,2} = -p^{2} \sum_{\sigma_{1}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \nabla_{b'} J_{\sigma_{0}a_{1}} \nabla_{\sigma_{2}} J_{a_{2}a'_{1}} R_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}ba'_{2}} g^{a_{2}a'_{2}} g^{bb'} g^{a_{1}a'_{1}},$$

$$S_{1,4} = -p^{4} \sum_{\sigma_{1}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) g^{bb'} \nabla_{b} J_{\sigma_{0}\sigma_{2}} \nabla_{b'} J_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}}$$

$$+ 2p^{4} \sum_{\sigma_{1}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \nabla_{b'} J_{\sigma_{0}a_{1}} \nabla_{\sigma_{2}} J_{a_{2}a'_{1}} J_{\sigma_{4}b} J_{\sigma_{3}a'_{2}} g^{a_{2}a'_{2}} g^{bb'} g^{a_{1}a'_{1}}$$

$$- 2p^{4} \sum_{\sigma_{1}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \nabla_{b'} J_{\sigma_{0}a_{1}} \nabla_{\sigma_{2}} J_{a_{2}a'_{1}} J_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}} J_{ba'_{2}} g^{a_{2}a'_{2}} g^{bb'} g^{a_{1}a'_{1}}.$$

We now compute  $S_3$ . Using  $\overline{R}_{\sigma_0\ell_10}{}^0 = 0$ , we obtain

$$S_{3} = -\sum_{\sigma_{3}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \overline{R}_{\sigma_{0}\ell_{1}0}{}^{n} \overline{R}_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}\ell_{2}}{}^{\ell_{1}} \overline{R}_{0\sigma_{4}n}{}^{\ell_{2}} = -\sum_{\sigma_{3}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \overline{R}_{\sigma_{0}\ell_{1}0}{}^{b} \overline{R}_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}\ell_{2}}{}^{\ell_{1}} \overline{R}_{0\sigma_{4}b}{}^{\ell_{2}}$$

$$= -\sum_{\sigma_{3}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \overline{R}_{\sigma_{0}00}{}^{b} \overline{R}_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}a_{2}}{}^{0} \overline{R}_{0\sigma_{4}b}{}^{a_{2}} - \sum_{\sigma_{3}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \overline{R}_{\sigma_{0}a_{1}0}{}^{b} \overline{R}_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}\ell_{2}}{}^{a_{1}} \overline{R}_{0\sigma_{4}b}{}^{\ell_{2}}$$

$$= -\sum_{\sigma_{3}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \overline{R}_{\sigma_{0}00}{}^{b} \overline{R}_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}a_{2}}{}^{0} \overline{R}_{0\sigma_{4}b}{}^{a_{2}} - \sum_{\sigma_{3}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \overline{R}_{\sigma_{0}a_{1}0}{}^{b} \overline{R}_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}0}{}^{a_{1}} \overline{R}_{0\sigma_{4}b}{}^{0}$$

$$-\sum_{\sigma_{3}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \overline{R}_{\sigma_{0}a_{1}0}{}^{b} \overline{R}_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}a_{2}}{}^{a_{1}} \overline{R}_{0\sigma_{4}b}{}^{a_{2}}.$$

Since

$$\overline{R}_{0\sigma_4b}{}^{a_2} = \bar{R}_b{}^{a_2}{}_0{}^{\sigma_4} = -\bar{R}_b{}^{a_2}{}_{\sigma_40}, \ \overline{R}_{0\sigma_4b}{}^{a_2} = -\bar{R}_b{}^{a_2}{}_{\sigma_40},$$

this becomes

$$S_{3} = -\sum_{\sigma_{3}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma)(p^{2}\delta_{\sigma_{0}}^{b})(p\nabla_{a_{2}}J_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}})(-p\nabla_{\sigma_{4}}J_{b}^{a_{2}}) - (-p^{2}\nabla_{\sigma_{4}}J_{\sigma_{0}a_{1}})(-p\nabla^{a_{1}}J_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}})(p^{2}g_{\sigma_{4}b}) - \sum_{\sigma_{3}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma)(-p\nabla^{b}J_{\sigma_{0}a_{1}})\overline{R}_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}a_{2}}^{a_{1}}(-p\nabla_{\sigma_{4}}J_{b}^{a_{2}}).$$

This further simplifies, using

$$\sum_{\sigma_3=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) p^4 \nabla_{a_2} J_{\sigma_1 \sigma_2} \nabla_{\sigma_4} J_{\sigma_0}{}^{a_2} - \sum_{\sigma_3=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) p^4 \nabla_{\sigma_4} J_{\sigma_0 a_2} \nabla^{a_2} J_{\sigma_1 \sigma_2} = 0,$$

to give

## Lemma 1.8.

$$S_3 = S_{3,2} + S_{3,4}$$

$$= -\sum_{\sigma_3=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) p^2 \nabla^b J_{\sigma_0 a_1} \nabla_{\sigma_4} J_b^{a_2} R_{\sigma_1 \sigma_2 a_2}^{a_1}$$

$$-\sum_{\sigma_{3}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) p^{4} \nabla^{b} J_{\sigma_{0} a_{1}} \nabla_{\sigma_{4}} J_{b}^{a_{2}} (-J_{\sigma_{2} a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{1}}^{a_{1}} + J_{\sigma_{1} a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{2}}^{a_{1}} + 2J\sigma_{1} \sigma_{2} J_{a_{2}}^{a_{1}})$$

$$= -\sum_{\sigma_{3}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) p^{2} \nabla^{b} J_{\sigma_{0} a_{1}} \nabla_{\sigma_{4}} J_{b}^{a_{2}} R_{\sigma_{1} \sigma_{2} a_{2}}^{a_{1}}$$

$$+ 2p^{4} \sum_{\sigma_{3}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \nabla^{b} J_{\sigma_{0} a_{1}} \nabla_{\sigma_{4}} J_{b}^{a_{2}} [J_{\sigma_{2} a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{1}}^{a_{1}} - J_{\sigma_{1} \sigma_{2}} J_{a_{2}}^{a_{1}}].$$

The last equality follows from the change of variable  $\sigma \mapsto \sigma(12)$ .

1.6. The  $p^6$  term in (1.3). We now compute the  $p^6$  term in (1.3), or equivalently the third term in Prop. 1.5. Since  $S_{1,6} = S_{3,6} = 0$  by Lemmas 1.7, 1.8, respectively, we need only compute  $S_{0,6}$ .

## Proposition 1.9.

$$\bar{S}_{[6]} = S_{0,6} = 192p^6\kappa.$$

*Proof.* We have

 $S_{0.6}$ 

$$= -p^{6} \sum_{\sigma_{0}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \left( -J_{\sigma_{2}a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{1}}^{a_{1}} + J_{\sigma_{1}a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{2}}^{a_{1}} + 2J_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}} J_{a_{2}}^{a_{1}} \right)$$

$$\cdot \left( -J_{\sigma_{4}a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{3}}^{a_{2}} + J_{\sigma_{3}a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{4}}^{a_{2}} + 2J_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}} J_{a_{1}}^{a_{2}} \right)$$

$$= -p^{6} \sum_{\sigma_{0}=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \left[ J_{\sigma_{2}a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{1}}^{a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{4}a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{3}}^{a_{2}} - J_{\sigma_{2}a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{1}}^{a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{3}a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{4}}^{a_{2}} - 2J_{\sigma_{2}a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{1}}^{a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}} J_{a_{1}}^{a_{2}} \right)$$

$$-J_{\sigma_{1}a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{2}}^{a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{4}a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{3}}^{a_{2}} + J_{\sigma_{1}a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{2}}^{a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{3}a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{4}}^{a_{2}} + 2J_{\sigma_{1}a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{2}}^{a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}} J_{a_{1}}^{a_{2}} - 2J_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}} J_{a_{2}}^{a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{4}a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{3}}^{a_{2}} + 2J_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}} J_{a_{2}}^{a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{3}a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{4}}^{a_{2}} + 4J_{\sigma_{1}\sigma_{2}} J_{a_{2}}^{a_{1}} J_{\sigma_{3}\sigma_{4}} J_{a_{1}}^{a_{2}} \right].$$

Using (??), we get

$$S_{0,6} = -p^6 \sum_{\sigma_0 = 0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma)(-2 \cdot 4 - 16) J_{\sigma_1 \sigma_2} J_{\sigma_3 \sigma_4} = p^6 \cdot 24 \cdot 2^3 \kappa = 192 p^6 \kappa.$$

1.7. The  $p^2$  term in (1.3). We now compute

$$\bar{S}_{[2]} = S_{0,2} + 2S_{1,2} + 2S_{3,2}.$$

We first note that there is no contribution from  $S_{0.2}$ .

#### Lemma 1.10.

$$S_{0,2} = 0.$$

*Proof.* By Lemmas 1.3(i) and 1.6, we get

$$S_{0,2} = \sum_{\sigma_0=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) R_{\sigma_1 \sigma_2 a_2}{}^b R_{\sigma_3 \sigma_4 b}{}^{a_2} = 0,$$

since every permutation has  $\sigma_a = 1$  for some a.

Note that the middle term in the last equation is a multiple of the first Pontryagin form, which implies that the signature of M is zero.

## Proposition 1.11.

$$\bar{S}_{[2]} = 2(S_{1,2} + S_{3,2}) = -\frac{25}{16}\kappa\beta^{-4}$$
(1.9)

Check that the proof below is ok – compare to v2.

*Proof.* We have

$$S_{1,2} + S_{3,2} = -p^2 \sum_{\sigma_1 = 0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \nabla_{b'} J_{\sigma_0 a'_1} \nabla_{\sigma_2} J_{a_2 a'_1} R_{\sigma_3 \sigma_4 b a'_2} g^{bb'} g^{a_1 a'_1} g^{a_2 a'_2}$$

$$- p^2 \sum_{\sigma_3 = 0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \nabla^b J_{\sigma_0 a_1} \nabla_{\sigma_4} J_b^{a_2} R_{\sigma_1 \sigma_2 a_2}^{a_1}$$

$$= p^2 \sum_{\sigma_0 = 0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \nabla_{a_1} J_{\sigma_1 b} \nabla_{\sigma_2} J_{a_2 b'} R_{\sigma_3 \sigma_4 a'_2 a'_1} g^{bb'} g^{a_1 a'_1} g^{a_2 a'_2}$$

$$+ p^2 \sum_{\sigma_0 = 0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \nabla_{b'} J_{\sigma_1 a_1} \nabla_{\sigma_2} J_{a'_2 b} R_{\sigma_3 \sigma_4 a_2 a'_1} g^{bb'} g^{a_1 a'_1} g^{a_2 a'_2},$$

where we use the change of variable  $\sigma \mapsto (01)\sigma$  on the third line and  $\sigma \mapsto (301)(24)\sigma$  on the fourth line. We know

$$(\sigma_3, \sigma_4) \in \{(2,3), (3,2), (2,4), (4,2), (3,4), (4,3)\}.$$

Case (1):  $(\sigma_3, \sigma_4) = (2, 3)$  or (3, 2)

In this case, in cycle notation

$$\sigma \in \{(243), (1432), (24), (142)\},\$$

with signs +1, -1, -1, +1, respectively. There is no contribution to  $S_{1,2} + S_{3,2}$  if  $\sigma = (1432)$  or  $\sigma = (142)$ , since  $\nabla_1 J_{ab} = 0$ . Thus for  $(S_{1,2} + S_{3,2})(1)$  the contribution to  $S_{2,2} + S_{4,2}$  from Case (1), we get

$$\begin{split} (S_{1,2}+S_{3,2})(1) &= 2p^2\nabla_{a_1}J_{1b}\nabla_4J_{a_2b'}R_{23a'_2a'_1}g^{a_1a'_1}g^{bb'}g^{a_2a'_2} \\ &+ 2\nabla_{b'}J_{1a_1}\nabla_4J_{a'_2b}R_{23a_2a'_1}g^{a_1a'_1}g^{bb'}g^{a_2a'_2} \\ &= 2p^2\nabla_{a_1}J_{1b}\nabla_4J_{a_2b'}R_{23a'_2a'_1}g^{a_1a'_1}g^{bb'}g^{a_2a'_2} \\ &+ 2p^2\nabla_{a_1}J_{1b'}\nabla_4J_{a_2b}R_{23a_2a'_1}g^{a_1a'_1}g^{bb'}g^{a_2a'_2} \\ &= 4p^2\nabla_{a_1}J_{1b}\nabla_4J_{a_2b}R_{23a'_2a'_1}g^{a_1a'_1}g^{bb'}g^{a_2a'_2}. \end{split}$$

Since  $\nabla_1 J_{ab} = \nabla_2 J_{ab} = 0$ , we must have  $a_1 = 3$  or 4, and so

$$(S_{2,2} + S_{4,2})(1) = 4p^2 \nabla_3 J_{1b} \nabla_4 J_{a_2b'} R_{23a'_2b'} g^{3a'_1} g^{bb'} g^{a_2a'_2}$$

$$+4p^{2}\nabla_{4}J_{1b}\nabla_{4}J_{a_{2}b'}R_{23a'_{2}a'_{1}}g^{4a'_{1}}g^{bb'}g^{a_{2}a'_{2}}$$

$$=4p^{2}\nabla_{3}J_{1b}\nabla_{4}J_{2b'}R_{232}{}^{3}g^{bb'}$$

$$+4p^{2}\nabla_{4}J_{1b}\nabla_{4}J_{2b'}R_{232}{}^{4}g^{bb'}.$$

In summary,

$$(S_{2,2} + S_{4,2})(1) = 4p^2(\nabla_3 J_{1b'} \nabla_4 J_{2b} R_{232}^3 g^{bb'} + \nabla_4 J_{1b'} \nabla_4 J_{2b} R_{232}^4 g^{bb'}). \tag{1.10}$$

Case (2):  $(\sigma_3, \sigma_4) = (2, 4)$  or (4, 2)

Now

$$\sigma \in \{(23), (234), (132), (1342)\}$$

with signs -1, +1, +1, -1, respectively. There is no contribution to  $S_{2,2} + S_{4,2}$  if  $\sigma = (132)$  or  $\sigma = (1342)$ , since  $\nabla_1 J_{ab} = 0$ . Thus for  $(S_{2,2} + S_{4,2})(2)$  in the notation of Case (1), we get

$$(S_{1,2} + S_{3,2})(2) = -2(\nabla_{a_1} J_{1b'} \nabla_3 J_{a_2'b} R_{24a_2}{}^{a_1} g^{bb'} g^{a_2 a_2'} + \nabla_{b'} J_{1a_1} \nabla_3 J_{a_2'b} R_{24a_2}{}^{a_1} g^{bb'} g^{a_2 a_2'}).$$

As above, we only get a nonzero contribution to this equation if  $a_1 = 3$  or 4. Thus, we get

$$(S_{1,2} + S_{3,2})(2) = -2(\nabla_3 J_{1b'} \nabla_3 J_{a_2'b} R_{24a_2}{}^3 g^{bb'} g^{a_2 a_2'} + \nabla_4 J_{1b'} \nabla_3 J_{a_2'b} R_{24a_2}{}^4 g^{bb'} g^{a_2 a_2'} + \nabla_{b'} J_{13} \nabla_3 J_{a_2b} R_{24a_2}{}^3 g^{bb'} g^{a_2 a_2'} + \nabla_{b'} J_{14} \nabla_3 J_{a_2b} R_{24a_2}{}^3 g^{bb'} g^{a_2 a_2'})$$

$$= -4(\nabla_3 J_{1b'} \nabla_3 J_{2b} R_{242}{}^3 g^{bb'} + \nabla_4 J_{1b'} \nabla_3 J_{2b} R_{242}{}^4 g^{bb'}), \qquad (1.11)$$

because only  $a_2$  and  $a_2'$  remain.

Case (3):  $(\sigma_3, \sigma_4) = (3, 4)$  or (4, 3)

Since  $\sigma_2 = 1$  or 2, we have  $\nabla_{\sigma_2} J_{a_2b'} = 0$ . Thus,

$$(S_{1,2} + S_{3,2})(3) = 0.$$

In summary, at this point we have

$$\frac{1}{2}\bar{S}_{[2]} = S_{1,2} + S_{3,2} = (S_{1,2} + S_{3,2})(1) + (S_{1,2} + S_{3,2})(2). \tag{1.12}$$

We continue by simplifying the explicit expressions in (1.10), (1.11).

**Lemma 1.12.** (i)  $\nabla_4 J_{1b'} \nabla_4 J_{2b} g^{bb'} = 0$  and  $\nabla_3 J_{1b'} \nabla_3 J_{2b} g^{bb'} = 0$ . (ii)

$$\nabla_3 J_{1b'} \nabla_4 J_{2b} g^{bb'} R_{232}^3 = -\frac{5\kappa}{4^4} \beta^{-4} (9 - 8\theta),$$

$$\nabla_4 J_{1b'} \nabla_3 J_{2b} g^{bb'} R_{232}^4 = \frac{5\kappa}{4^4} \beta^{-4} (1 + 8\theta).$$

(iii) 
$$\nabla_3 J_{1b'} \nabla_4 J_{2b} g^{bb'} R_{232}^3 - \nabla_4 J_{1b'} \nabla_3 J_{2b} g^{bb'} R_{242}^4 = -\frac{50}{44} \kappa \beta^{-4}$$
.

*Proof.* (i) By Lem. 1.4,

$$\begin{split} \nabla_4 J_{1b'} \nabla_4 J_{2b} g^{bb'} \\ &= \nabla_4 J_{13} + \nabla_4 J_{23} g^{33} + \nabla_4 J_{13} \nabla_4 J_{24} g^{34} + \nabla_4 J_{14} \nabla_4 J_{23} g^{43} + \nabla_4 J_{14} + \nabla_4 J_{24} g^{44} \\ &= (-\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{1}{2} \theta)) (\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}) (\kappa^{-1} (1 + \theta) \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + (-\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2})) (\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1}) (\theta \kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + (\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta)) (\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}) (\theta \kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + (\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta)) (\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1}) (\kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1/2})) \\ &= \kappa \beta^{-3} (-\frac{1}{8} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) (1 + \theta) - \frac{1}{4} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) \theta + \frac{1}{16} (1 + 3\theta) \theta + \frac{1}{8} (1 + 3\theta)) \\ &= \frac{\kappa}{16} \beta^{-3} (-2 (1 + \frac{3\theta}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \theta^2) - 4\theta - 2\theta^2 + \theta + 3\theta^2 + 2 + 6\theta) \\ &= \frac{\kappa}{16} \beta^{-3} (-2 - 3\theta - \theta^2 - 4\theta - 2\theta^2 + \theta + 3\theta^2 + 2 + 6\theta) \\ &= 0, \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \nabla_{3}J_{1b'}\nabla_{3}J_{2b}g^{bb'} \\ &= \nabla_{3}J_{13} + \nabla_{3}J_{23}g^{33} + \nabla_{3}J_{13} + \nabla_{3}J_{24}g^{34} + \nabla_{3}J_{14}\nabla_{3}J_{23}g^{43} + \nabla_{3}J_{14}\nabla_{3}J_{24}g^{44} \\ &= (-\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-3/2}(1-2\theta))(-\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-1})(\kappa^{-1}(1+\theta)\beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + (-\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-3/2}(1-2\theta))(\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-1})(\theta\kappa^{-1}\beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + (-\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-3/2}(1+\frac{\theta}{2}))(-\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-1})(\theta\kappa^{-1}\beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + (-\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-3/2}(1+\frac{\theta}{2}))(\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-1})(\kappa^{-1}\beta^{-1/2}) \\ &= \kappa\beta^{-3}(\frac{1}{8}(1-2\theta)(1+\theta) - \frac{1}{16}(1-2\theta)\theta + \frac{\theta}{4}(1+\frac{\theta}{2}) - \frac{1}{8}(1+\frac{\theta}{2})) \\ &= \frac{\kappa}{16}\beta^{-3}(2(1-2\theta)(1+\theta) - \theta(1-2\theta) + 4\theta(1+\frac{\theta}{2}) - 2(1+\frac{\theta}{2})) \\ &= \frac{\kappa}{16}\beta^{-3}(2(1-\theta-2\theta^{2}) - \theta + 2\theta^{2} + 4\theta + 2\theta^{2} - 2 - \theta) \\ &= \frac{\kappa}{4}(2-2\theta-4\theta^{2}-\theta+2\theta^{2}+4\theta+2\theta^{2}-2-\theta) \\ &= 0. \end{split}$$

(ii) From

$$\nabla_3 J_{1b'} \nabla_4 J_{2b} g^{bb'}$$

$$\begin{split} &= \nabla_3 J_{13} \nabla_4 J_{23} g^{33} + \nabla_3 J_{14} \nabla_4 J_{24} g^{43} + \nabla_3 J_{13} \nabla_4 J_{24} g^{34} + \nabla_3 J_{14} \nabla_4 J_{24} g^{44} \\ &= (-\frac{\kappa}{4} (1-2\theta)) (\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}) (\kappa^{-1} (1+\theta) \beta^{-1}) \\ &\quad + (-\frac{\kappa}{2} (1+\frac{\theta}{2})) (\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}) (\theta \kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + (-\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1-2\theta)) (\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1}) (\theta \kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + (-\frac{\kappa}{2} (1+\frac{\theta}{2})) (\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1}) (\kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &= \kappa \beta^{-3} (1 \frac{1}{16} (1-2\theta) (1+\theta) - \frac{1}{8} (1+\theta) \theta - \frac{1}{8} \theta (1-2\theta) + \frac{1}{4} (1+\frac{\theta}{2})) \\ &= -\frac{\kappa}{16} \beta^{-1} ((1-2\theta) (1+\theta) + 2(1+\frac{\theta}{2}) \theta + 2\theta (1-2\theta) + 4(1+\frac{\theta}{2})) \\ &= -\frac{5}{16} \kappa \beta^{-3} (1+\theta-\theta^2) \\ &= -\frac{5}{16} \kappa \beta^{-2}, \end{split}$$

we get

$$\nabla_3 J_{1b'} \nabla_4 J_{2b} g^{bb'} R_{232}^3 = -\frac{5}{16} \kappa \beta^{-2} \frac{1}{16} \beta^{-2} (9 - 8\theta) = -\frac{5}{4^4} \kappa \beta^{-4} (9 - 8\theta).$$

Similarly, from

$$\nabla_{4}J_{1b'}\nabla_{3}J_{2b}g^{bb'}$$

$$= \nabla_{4}J_{13}\nabla_{3}J_{23}g^{33} + \nabla_{4}J_{14}\nabla_{3}J_{23}g^{43} + \nabla_{4}J_{13}\nabla_{3}J_{24}g^{43} + \nabla_{4}J_{14}\nabla_{3}J_{24}g^{44}$$

$$= (-\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-3/2}(1+\frac{\theta}{2}))(-\frac{\kappa}{2})(\kappa^{-1}(1+\theta)\beta^{-1/2} + (\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-3/2}(1+3\theta))(-\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-1})(\theta\kappa^{-1}\beta^{-1/2})$$

$$+ (-\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-3/2}(1+\frac{\theta}{2})(\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-1})(\theta\kappa^{-1}\beta^{-1/2})$$

$$+ (\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-3/2}(1+3\theta))(\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-1})(\kappa^{-1}\beta^{-1/2})$$

$$= \kappa\beta - 3(\frac{1}{4}(1+\frac{\theta}{2})(1+\theta) - \frac{1}{8}\theta(1+3\theta) - \frac{1}{8}(1+\frac{\theta}{2})\theta + \frac{1}{16}(1+3\theta))$$

$$= \frac{\kappa}{16}\beta^{-3}(4(1+\frac{3}{2}\theta+\frac{1}{2}\theta^{2}) - 2\theta - 6\theta^{2} - 2\theta - \theta^{2}1 + 3\theta)$$

$$= \frac{\kappa}{16}\beta^{-3}(5+5\theta-5\theta^{2})$$

$$= \frac{5}{16}\kappa\beta^{-2},$$

we get

$$\nabla_4 J_{1b'} \nabla_3 J_{2b} g^{bb'} R_{242}{}^4 = \frac{5}{16} \kappa \beta^{-2} (\frac{1}{16} \beta^{-2} (1 + 8\theta)) = \frac{5}{4^4} \kappa \beta^{-4} (1 + 8\theta).$$
(iii)

$$\nabla_3 J_{1b'} \nabla_4 J_{2b} g^{bb'} R_{232}{}^3 - \nabla_4 J_{1b'} \nabla_3 J_{2b} g^{bb'} R_{242}{}^4$$

$$= -\frac{5}{4^4} \kappa \beta^{-4} (9 - 8\theta) - \frac{5}{4^4} \beta^{-4} (1 + 8\theta) = \frac{5}{4^4} \kappa \beta (-10\theta) = -\frac{50}{4^4} \kappa \beta^{-4}.$$

Combining (1.10), (1.11), (1.12), we obtain

$$S_{2,2} + S_{4,2} = (S_{2,2} + S_{4,2})(1) + (S_{2,2} + S_{4,2})(2) = 4p^2(\frac{5}{4^4}\kappa\beta^{-4}(-10))$$
$$= -\frac{25}{16}\kappa\beta^{-4},$$

which finishes the proof of Prop. A.11.

1.8. The  $p^4$  term in (1.3). We compute the  $p^4$ -term of S by the following Proposition, which finishes the proof of (1.3) and hence Theorem 4.1.

**Proposition 1.13.**  $\bar{S}_{[4]} = -\frac{640}{16} \kappa \beta p^4$ .

The proof is a long calculation. We know

 $:= S_{141} + S_{142} + S_{143}$ 

$$\bar{S}_{[4]} = S_{0,4} + 2S_{1,4} + 2S_{3,4},$$

where by Lemmas 1.6, 1.7, 1.8, we have

(1) 
$$S_{0,4} = S_{0,4,1} + S_{0,4,2}$$
, with

(2)

$$S_{0,4,1} = p^4 \sum_{\sigma_0 = 0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \nabla_{a'_1} J_{\sigma_1 \sigma_2} \nabla_{a_1} J_{\sigma_3 \sigma_4} g^{a_1 a'_1},$$

$$S_{0,4,2} = 4p^4 \sum_{\sigma_0 = 0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) R_{\sigma_1 \sigma_2 a_2 b} J_{\sigma_4}{}^b J_{\sigma_3}{}^{a_2} - 4p^4 \sum_{\sigma_0 = 0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) R_{\sigma_1 \sigma_2 a_2}{}^b J_b{}^{a_2} J_{\sigma_3 \sigma_4}$$

$$:= S_{0,4,2,1} + S_{0,4,2,2}.$$

$$S_{1,4} = -p^4 \sum_{\sigma_1 = 0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) g^{bb'} \nabla_b J_{\sigma_1 \sigma_2} \nabla_{b'} J_{\sigma_3 \sigma_4}$$

$$+ 2p^4 \sum_{\sigma_1 = 0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \nabla_{b'} J_{\sigma_1 a_1} \nabla_{\sigma_2} J_{a_2 a'_1} J_{\sigma_4 b} J_{\sigma_3 a'_2} g^{bb'} g^{a_2 a'_2} g^{a_1 a'_1}$$

$$- 2p^4 \sum_{\sigma_1 = 0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \nabla_{b'} J_{\sigma_1 a_1} \nabla_{\sigma_2} J_{a_2 a'_1} J_{\sigma_3 \sigma_4} J_{b a'_2} g^{bb'} g^{a_2 a'_2} g^{a_1 a'_1}$$

(1.13)

Check the last term.

(3)

$$S_{3,4} = 2p^4 \sum_{\sigma_3=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \nabla^b J_{\sigma_1 a_1} \nabla_{\sigma_4} J_b^{a_2} J_{\sigma_2 a_2} J_{\sigma_1}^{a_1}$$
$$-2p^4 \sum_{\sigma_3=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \nabla^b J_{\sigma_3 a_1} \nabla_{\sigma_4} J_b^{a_2} J_{\sigma_1 \sigma_2} J_{a_2}^{a_1}$$
$$:= S_{3,4,1} + S_{3,4,2}.$$

These terms are computed as follows.

#### Lemma 1.14.

(i) 
$$S_{0,4,1} = 5\kappa\beta^{-2}p^4$$
,  $S_{0,4,2,1} = -10\kappa\beta^{-2}p^4$ ,  $S_{0,4,2,2} = -10\kappa\beta^{-2}p^4$ ; (ii) (a)  $S_{1,4,1} = -5\kappa\beta^{-2}p^4$ , (b)  $S_{1,4,2} = -\frac{5}{2}\kappa\beta^{-2}p^4$ , (c)  $S_{1,4,3} = 5\kappa\beta^{-2}p^4$ ; (iii) (a)  $S_{3,4,1} = -5\kappa\beta^{-2}p^4$ , (b)  $S_{3,4,2} = -5\kappa\beta^{-2}p^4$ .

Can some of the results in this Lemma be derived from other results in the Lemma by a change of variables?

Assuming the Lemma, we get

$$\bar{S}_{[4]} = (S_{0,4,1} + S_{0,4,2}) + 2(S_{1,4,1} + S_{1,4,2} + S_{1,4,3}) + 2(S_{3,4,1} + S_{3,4,2})$$
$$= -40p^4 \kappa \beta^{-2} = -\frac{640}{16} p^4 \kappa \beta^{-2},$$

finishing the proof of Proposition 1.13.

Proof of Lemma 1.14. (i) It suffices to prove the last two equalities. For  $S_{0,4,2,1} = p^4 \sum_{\sigma_0=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) R_{\sigma_1 \sigma_2 a_2 b} J_{\sigma_3}^{a_2} J_{\sigma_4}^{b}$ , the only possible  $\sigma$  have  $(\sigma_1, \sigma_2) \in \{(2,3), (2,4), (3,4)\}$ . This gives

$$\sigma \in \{(123), (1234), (13)(24)\},\$$

with signs +1, -1, +1, respectively. (Associated to e.g., (123) is another permissible permutation (14)(123) = (1234) switching the assignment of 1 and 4, but these permutations give the same contribution to  $S_{0.4,2,1}$ .) Thus, we have

$$\begin{split} S_{0,4,2,1} &= 4p^4 [4R_{23a_2b}J_1{}^{a_2}J_4{}^b - 4R_{24a_2b}J_1{}^{a_2}J_3{}^b + 4R_{34a_2b}J_1{}^{a_2}J_2{}^b] \\ &= 16p^4 [R_{232b}J_4{}^b - R_{242b}J_3{}^b + R_{342}{}^bJ_2{}^b] \\ &= 16p^4 [R_{2323}J_4{}^3 + R_{232}{}^4J_4{}^4 - R_{2423}J_3{}^3 - R_{2424}J_3{}^4 + R_{3423}J_2{}^3 + R_{3434}J_2{}^4] \\ &= 16p^4 [R_{232b}J_4{}^b - R_{242b}J_3{}^b + R_{342}{}^bJ_2{}^b] \\ &= 16p^4 [R_{2323}J_4{}^3 + R_{232}{}^4J_4{}^4 - R_{2423}J_3{}^3 - R_{2424}J_3{}^4], \end{split}$$

since  $J_2^3 = J_2^4 = 0$ . Therefore,

$$S_{0,4,2,1} = 16p^4 \left[ \frac{\kappa}{16} \beta^{-5/2} (9 - 16\theta + 16\theta^2) (-(1+\theta)\beta^{-1/2}) \right]$$

$$+ \left( -\frac{\kappa}{16} \beta^{-5/2} (-8 + 17\theta + 8\theta^2) \right) (-\theta \beta^{-1/2})$$

$$- \left( -\frac{\kappa}{16} \beta^{-5/2} (-8 + 17\theta + 8\theta^2) \right) (\theta \beta^{-1/2})$$

$$- \left( \frac{\kappa}{16} (1 + \theta + 24\theta^2) \beta^{-5/2} \right) (\beta^{-1/2})$$

$$= -10\kappa \beta^{-2} p^4.$$

For  $S_{0,4,2,2} = -4p^4 \sum_{\sigma_0=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) R_{\sigma_1 \sigma_2 a_2}{}^b J_b{}^{a_2} J_{\sigma_3 \sigma_4}$ , the only possible  $\sigma$  have  $(\sigma_1, \sigma_2) \in \{(2,3), (2,4), (3,4)\}$ . This gives

$$\sigma \in \{(123), (1243), (13(24))\},\$$

with signs +1, -1, +1, respectively. (As above, each permutation has a partner switching the assignment of 3 and 4.) This gives

$$\begin{split} S_{0,4,2,2} &= -4p^4 [4R_{23a_2}{}^b J_b{}^{a_2} J_{14} - 4R_{24a_2}{}^b J_b{}^{a_2} J_{13} + 4R_{34a_2}{}^b J_b{}^{a_2} J_{12}] \\ &= -4p^4 \cdot 4R_{34a_2}{}^b J_b{}^{a_2} \\ &= -16p^4 [R_{343}{}^4 J_3{}^3 + R_{343}{}^4 J_4{}^3 + R_{344}{}^3 J_3{}^4 + R_{344}{}^4 J_4{}^4] \\ &= -16p^4 \bigg[ \big( -\frac{5}{16} \theta \kappa \beta^{-5/2} \big) \big( \theta \beta^{-1/2} \big) + \big( -\frac{5}{16} \kappa \beta^{-5/2} \big) \big( -(1+\theta) \beta^{-1/2} \big) \\ &\quad + \big( \frac{5}{16} \kappa (1+\theta) \beta^{-5/2} \big) \big( \beta^{-1/2} \big) + \big( \frac{5}{16} \theta \kappa \beta^{-5/2} \big) \big( -\theta \beta^{-1/2} \big) \big] \bigg] \\ &= -16p^4 \big( \frac{5}{16} \kappa \beta^{-3} \big) \big[ -\theta^2 + (1+\theta) + (1+\theta) - \theta^2 \big] \\ &= -10\kappa \beta^{-2} p^4. \end{split}$$

(ii)(a) We have

$$S_{1,4,1} = -4p^{4} \left( g^{bb'} \nabla_{b} J_{12} \nabla_{b'} J_{34} - g^{bb'} \nabla_{b} J_{13} \nabla_{b'} J_{24} + g^{bb'} \nabla_{b} J_{14} \nabla_{b'} J_{23} - g^{bb'} \nabla_{b} J_{23} \nabla_{b'} J_{41} \right.$$

$$\left. - g^{bb'} \nabla_{b} J_{24} \nabla_{b'} J_{13} + g^{bb'} \nabla_{b} J_{34} \nabla_{b'} J_{12} \right)$$

$$= -8p^{4} \left( -g^{bb'} \nabla_{b} J_{13} \nabla_{b'} 24 + g^{bb'} \nabla_{b} J_{14} \nabla_{b'} J_{23} \right)$$

$$= -8p^{4} \left( -g^{33} \nabla_{3} J_{13} \nabla_{3} J_{24} - g^{34} \nabla_{3} J_{13} \nabla_{4} J_{24} - g^{43} \nabla_{4} J_{13} \nabla_{3} J_{24} - g^{44} \nabla_{4} J_{13} \nabla_{4} J_{24} \right.$$

$$\left. + g^{33} \nabla_{3} J_{14} \nabla_{3} J_{23} + g^{34} \nabla_{3} J_{14} \nabla_{4} J_{23} + g^{43} \nabla_{4} J_{14} \nabla_{3} J_{23} + g^{44} \nabla_{4} J_{14} \nabla_{4} J_{23} \right).$$

Recall that

$$g^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 0 & \frac{(1+\theta)\kappa}{\beta^{1/2}\kappa^2} & \frac{\theta\kappa}{\beta^{1/2}\kappa^2}\\ 0 & 0 & \frac{\theta\kappa}{\beta^{1/2}\kappa^2} & \frac{\kappa}{\beta^{1/2}\kappa^2} \end{pmatrix}$$
(1.14)

After plugging in from (1.14) and Lemma 1.4, we find

$$\begin{split} S_{1,4,1} &= -8p^4 \bigg[ -(\kappa^{-1}(1+\theta)\beta^{-1/2})(-\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-3/2}(1-2\theta)(\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-1}) \\ &- (\theta\kappa^{-1}\beta^{-1/2})(-\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-3/2}(1-2\theta))(\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-1}) \\ &- (\theta\kappa^{-1}\beta^{-1/2})(-\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-3/2}(1+\frac{\theta}{2}))(\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-1}) \\ &- (\kappa^{-1}\beta^{-1/2})(-\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-3/2}(1+\frac{\theta}{2})(\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-1}) \\ &+ (\kappa^{-1}(1+\theta)\beta^{-1/2})(-\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-3/2}(1+\frac{\theta}{2})(-\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-1}) \\ &+ (\theta\kappa^{-1}\beta^{-1/2})(-\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-3/2}(1+\frac{\theta}{2}))(\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-1}) \\ &+ (\theta\kappa^{-1}\beta^{-1/2})(\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-3/2}(1+3\theta))(-\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-1}) \\ &+ (\kappa^{-1}\beta^{-1/2})(\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-3/2}(1+3\theta))(\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-1}) \bigg] \\ &= -8p^4\kappa\beta^{-3} \bigg[ (1+\theta))(\frac{1}{4^2}(1-2\theta)) + \frac{1}{2}\theta(\frac{1}{4}(1-2\theta)) + \theta(\frac{1}{2}(1+\frac{\theta}{2}))(\frac{1}{4}) \\ &+ (\frac{1}{2}(1+\frac{\theta}{2}))(\frac{1}{2}) + (1+\theta)(\frac{1}{2}(1+\frac{\theta}{2}))(\frac{1}{2}) - \theta(\frac{1}{2}(1+\frac{\theta}{2}))(\frac{1}{4}) \\ &- \theta(\frac{1}{4}(1+3\theta))(\frac{1}{2}) + \frac{1}{4}(1+3\theta)(\frac{1}{4}) \bigg] \\ &= -8p^4\kappa\beta^{-3} \bigg[ \frac{1}{16}(1+\theta)(1-2\theta) + \frac{1}{8}\theta(1-2\theta) + \frac{1}{8}\theta(1+\frac{\theta}{2}) + \frac{1}{4}(1+\frac{\theta}{2}) \\ &+ \frac{1}{4}(1+\theta)(1+\frac{\theta}{2}) - \frac{1}{8}\theta(1+\frac{\theta}{2}) - \frac{1}{8}\theta(1+3\theta) + \frac{1}{16}(1+3\theta) \bigg] \\ &= -\frac{8}{16}p^4\kappa\beta^{-3} \bigg[ (1+\theta)(1-2\theta) + 2\theta(1-2\theta) + 2\theta(1+\frac{\theta}{2}) + 4(1+\frac{\theta}{2}) \\ &+ 4(1+\theta)(1+\frac{\theta}{2}) - 2\theta(1+\frac{\theta}{2}) - 2\theta(1+3\theta) + (1+3\theta) \bigg] \\ &= -\frac{8}{16}p^4\kappa\beta^{-3} \bigg[ 1 - \theta - 2\theta^2 + 2\theta - 4\theta^2 + 2\theta + \theta^2 + 4 + 2\theta + 4 + 2 \cdot 3\theta \\ &+ 2\theta^2 - 2\theta - \theta^2 - 2\theta - 6\theta^2 + 1 + 3\theta \bigg] \\ &= -\frac{8}{16}p^4\kappa\beta^{-3} \bigg[ 10 + 10\theta - 10\theta^2 \bigg] \end{split}$$

$$= -5\kappa\beta^{-2}p^4.$$

(ii)(b) For  $S_{1,4,2} = 2p^4 \sum_{\sigma_1=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \nabla_{b'} J_{\sigma_1 a_1} \nabla_{\sigma_2} J_{a_2 a_1'} J_{\sigma_4 b} J_{\sigma_3 a_2'} g^{bb'} g^{a_2 a_2'} g^{a_1 a_1'}$ , we use  $\nabla_1 J_{ab} = \nabla_2 J_{ab} = 0$  to obtain

$$S_{1,4,2} = 2p^{4} \sum_{\sigma_{1}=0,\sigma_{2}=3} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \nabla_{b'} J_{\sigma_{1}a_{1}} \nabla_{3} J_{a_{2}a'_{1}} J_{\sigma_{4}b} J_{\sigma_{3}a'_{2}} g^{bb'} g^{a_{2}a'_{2}} g^{a_{1}a'_{1}}$$

$$+ 2p^{4} \sum_{\sigma_{1}=0,\sigma_{2}=4} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \nabla_{b'} J_{\sigma_{1}a_{1}} \nabla_{4} J_{a_{2}a'_{1}} J_{\sigma_{4}b} J_{\sigma_{3}a'_{2}} g^{bb'} g^{a_{2}a'_{2}} g^{a_{1}a'_{1}}$$

$$:= S_{1,4,2}(\sigma_{2}=3) + S_{1,4,2}(\sigma_{2}=4). \tag{1.15}$$

For  $S_{1,4,2}(\sigma_2 = 3)$ , the possible  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma \in \{(243), (24), (1423), (14)(23), (123), (124)\}$ , with signs -1, +1, -1, +1, +1, -1, respectively. (Here we include all possible  $\sigma$ , not just half of them.) Thus

$$S_{1,4,2}(\sigma_2 = 3) = 2p^4 \left( -\nabla_{b'} J_{1a_1} \nabla_3 J_{1a_1'} J_{43} J_{21} g^{3b'} g^{a_1 a_1'} + \nabla_{b'} J_{2a_1} \nabla_3 J_{2a_1'} J_{43} J_{12} g^{3b'} g^{a_1 a_1'} \right)$$

$$= -2p^4 J_{34} J_{12} \left( \nabla_{b'} J_{1a_1} \nabla_3 J_{1a_1'} g^{3b'} g^{a_1 a_1'} + \nabla_{b'} J_{2a_1} \nabla_3 J_{2a_1'} g^{3b'} g^{a_1 a_1'} \right). \tag{1.16}$$

Similarly, we have

$$S_{1,4,2}(\sigma_{2}=4) = 2p^{4} \cdot \left(\nabla_{b'}J_{1a_{1}}\nabla_{4}J_{a_{2}a'_{1}}J_{3b}J_{21}g^{bb'}g^{a_{2}a'_{2}}g^{a_{1}a'_{1}}\right)$$

$$-\nabla_{b'}J_{1a_{1}}\nabla_{4}J_{a_{2}a'_{1}}J_{2b}J_{3a'_{2}}g^{bb'}g^{a_{2}a'_{2}}g^{a_{1}a'_{1}}$$

$$(\pm --which?)\nabla_{b'}J_{3a_{1}}\nabla_{4}J_{a_{2}a'_{1}}J_{2b}J_{2a'_{1}}g^{bb'}g^{a_{2}a'_{2}}g^{a_{1}a'_{1}}$$

$$-\nabla_{b'}J_{3a_{1}}\nabla_{4}J_{a_{2}a'_{1}}J_{1b}J_{2a'_{2}}g^{bb'}g^{a_{2}a'_{2}}g^{a_{1}a'_{1}}$$

$$-\nabla_{b'}J_{2a_{1}}\nabla_{4}J_{a_{2}a'_{1}}J_{3b}J_{1a'_{2}}g^{bb'}g^{a_{2}a'_{2}}g^{a_{1}a'_{1}}$$

$$+\nabla_{b'}J_{2a_{1}}\nabla_{4}J_{a_{2}a'_{1}}J_{1b}J_{3a'_{2}}g^{bb'}g^{a_{2}a'_{2}}g^{a_{1}a'_{1}}\right)$$

$$= -2p^{4}J_{34}J_{12}(\nabla_{b'}J_{1a_{1}}\nabla_{4}J_{1a'_{1}}g^{4b'}g^{a_{1}a'_{1}} + \nabla_{b'}J_{2a_{1}}\nabla_{4}J_{2a'_{1}}g^{4b'}g^{a_{1}a'_{1}}).$$

Combining (1.15), (1.16), (1.17), we get

$$S_{1,4,2} = -2p^{4}J_{34}J_{12} \left( \nabla_{b'}J_{1a_{1}}\nabla_{3}J_{1a'_{1}}g^{3b'}g^{a_{1}a'_{1}} + \nabla_{b'}J_{2a_{1}}\nabla_{3}J_{2a'_{1}}g^{3b'}g^{a_{1}a'_{1}} \right)$$

$$+ \nabla_{b'}J_{1a_{1}}\nabla_{4}J_{1a'_{1}}g^{4b'}g^{a_{1}a'_{1}} + \nabla_{b'}J_{2a_{1}}\nabla_{4}J_{2a'_{1}}g^{4b'}g^{a_{1}a'_{1}} \right)$$

$$= -2p^{4}J_{34}J_{12} \left( g^{33}\nabla_{3}J_{1a_{1}}\nabla_{3}J_{1a'_{1}}g^{a_{1}a'_{1}} + g^{34}\nabla_{4}J_{1a_{1}}\nabla_{3}J_{1a'_{1}}g^{a_{1}a'_{1}} \right)$$

$$+ g^{33}\nabla_{3}J_{2a_{1}}\nabla_{3}J_{2a'_{1}}g^{a_{1}a'_{1}} + g^{34}\nabla_{4}J_{2a_{1}}\nabla_{3}J_{2a'_{1}}g^{a_{1}a'_{1}}$$

$$+ g^{33}\nabla_{3}J_{2a_{1}}\nabla_{3}J_{2a'_{1}}g^{a_{1}a'_{1}} + g^{34}\nabla_{4}J_{2a_{1}}\nabla_{3}J_{2a'_{1}}g^{a_{1}a'_{1}}$$

$$(1.18)$$

$$+ g^{43} \nabla_3 J_{1a_1} \nabla_4 J_{1a_1'} g^{a_1 a_1'} + g^{44} \nabla_4 J_{1a_1} \nabla_4 J_{1a_1'} g^{a_1 a_1'}$$

$$+ g^{43} \nabla_3 J_{2a_1} \nabla_4 J_{1a_1'} g^{a_1 a_1'} + g^{44} \nabla_4 J_{2a_1} \nabla_4 J_{2a_1'} g^{a_1 a_1'}$$

$$:= -2p^4 J_{34} J_{12} (\langle 1 \rangle + 2\langle 2 \rangle + 2\langle 3 \rangle + \langle 4 \rangle + \langle 5 \rangle + \langle 6 \rangle)$$

where

$$\langle 1 \rangle = g^{33} \nabla_3 J_{1a_1} \nabla_3 J_{1a_1'} g^{a_1 a_1'}, \ \langle 2 \rangle = g^{34} \nabla_4 J_{1a_1} \nabla_3 J_{1a_1'} g^{a_1 a_1'},$$

$$\langle 3 \rangle = q^{34} \nabla_4 J_{2a_1} \nabla_3 J_{2a'_1} q^{a_1 a'_1}, \ \langle 4 \rangle = q^{33} \nabla_3 J_{2a_1} \nabla_3 J_{2a'_2} q^{a_1 a'_1}$$

$$\langle 5 \rangle = g^{44} \nabla_4 J_{1a_1} \nabla_4 J_{1a_1'} g^{a_1 a_1'}, \ \langle 6 \rangle = g^{44} \nabla_4 J_{2a_1} \nabla_4 J_{2a_1'} g^{a_1 a_1'}.$$

We claim that

#### Claim 1.15.

$$\langle 1 \rangle = \frac{5}{16} (1+\theta) \beta^{-3}, \ \langle 2 \rangle = -\frac{5}{16} \theta^2 \beta^{-3}, \ \langle 3 \rangle = -\frac{5}{16} \theta^2 \beta^{-3}, 
\langle 4 \rangle = \frac{5}{16} (1+\theta) \beta^{-3}, \ \langle 5 \rangle = \frac{5}{16} (1+\theta) \beta^{-3}, \ \langle 6 \rangle = \frac{5}{16} (1+\theta) \beta^{-3}.$$
(1.19)

Assume the claim. Plugging (1.19) into (1.18) and using (1.2) for  $J_{34}$ ,  $J_{12}$ , we obtain

$$\begin{split} S_{1,4,2} &= -2p^4 J_{34} J_{12} \bigg( \frac{5}{16} (1+\theta) \beta^{-3} + 2 (-\frac{5}{16} \theta^2 \beta^{-3}) + 2 (-\frac{5}{16} \theta^2 \beta^{-3}) + \frac{5}{16} (1+\theta) \beta^{-3} \\ &\quad + \frac{5}{16} (1+\theta) \beta^{-3} + \frac{5}{16} (1+\theta) \beta^{-3} \bigg) \\ &= -2p^4 J_{34} J_{12} \frac{5}{16} \beta^{-3} \bigg( (1+\theta) - 2\theta^2 - 2\theta^2 + (1+\theta) + (1+\theta) + (1+\theta) \bigg) \\ &= -2p^4 J_{34} J_{12} \bigg( (\frac{5}{16} \cdot 4 \cdot \beta^{-3} (1+\theta - \theta^2) \bigg) \bigg) \\ &= -\frac{5}{16} \cdot 8 \cdot \beta^{-2} J_{34} J_{12} \\ &= -\frac{5}{2} p^4 \beta^{-2} \kappa. \end{split}$$

We now prove Claim 1.15, which will finish (ii)(b).

*Proof of Claim 1.15.* The proofs are all direct calculations.

$$\begin{split} \langle 1 \rangle &= g^{33} \nabla_3 J_{1a_1} \nabla_3 J_{1a_1'} g^{a_1 a_1'} \\ &= g^{33} (\nabla_3 J_{13} \nabla_3 J_{13} g^{33} + \nabla_3 J_{13} \nabla_3 J_{14} g^{34} + \nabla_3 J_{14} \nabla_3 J_{13} g^{43} + \nabla_3 J_{14} \nabla_3 J_{14} g^{44}) \\ &= g^{33} (\nabla_3 J_{13} \nabla_3 J_{13} g^{33} + 2 \nabla_3 J_{13} \nabla_3 J_{14} g^{34} + \nabla_3 J_{14} \nabla_3 J_{14} g^{44}) \\ &= \kappa (1+\theta) \beta^{-1/2} \bigg( \kappa^{-1} (1+\theta) \beta^{-1/2} \Big( -\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1-2\theta) \Big) \end{split}$$

$$+ 2\theta \kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1/2} \left( -\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) \right) \left( -\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) \right)$$

$$+ \kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1/2} \left( -\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) \right) \left( -\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) \right)$$

$$= \beta^{-4} (1 + \theta) \left( \frac{1}{16} (1 + \theta) (1 - 2\theta)^2 + \frac{1}{4} \theta (1 - 2\theta) (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) + \frac{1}{4} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2})^2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{16} \beta^{-4} (1 + \theta) \left( (1 + \theta) (1 - 2\theta)^2 + 4\theta (1 - 2\theta) (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) + 4(1 + \frac{\theta}{2})^2 \right)$$

$$= \frac{5}{16} (1 + \theta) (1 + \theta - \theta^2)$$

$$= \frac{5}{16} \beta^{-3} (1 + \theta).$$

$$\begin{split} \langle 2 \rangle &= g^{34} \nabla_4 J_{1a_1} \nabla_3 J_{1a_1'} g^{a_1 a_1'} \\ &= g^{34} \left( \nabla_4 J_{13} \nabla_3 J_{13} g^{33} + \nabla_4 J_{13} \nabla_3 J_{14} g^{34} + \nabla_4 J_{14} \nabla_3 J_{13} g^{43} + \nabla_4 J_{14} \nabla_3 J_{14} g^{44} \right) \\ &= g^{34} \left( \left( -\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) (-\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 - 2\theta)) (\kappa^{-1} (1 + \theta) \beta^{-1/2}) \right. \\ &\quad + \left( -\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2})) (-\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2})) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2}) \right. \\ &\quad + \left( \frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta) \right) \left( -\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 - 2\theta) \right) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + \left( \frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta)) (-\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2})) (\kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1/2}) \right) \\ &= g^{34} \kappa \beta^{-7/2} \left( \frac{1}{8} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) (1 - 2\theta) (1 + \theta) + \frac{1}{4} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) \theta - 1 \frac{1}{16} (1 + 3\theta) (1 - 2\theta) \theta \right. \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{8} (1 + 3\theta) (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) \right) \\ &= g^{34} \kappa \beta^{-7/2} \frac{1}{16} \left( 2 (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) (1 - 2\theta) (1 + \theta) \right. \\ &\quad + 4 (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) \theta - (1 + 3\theta) (1 - 2\theta) \theta - 2 (1 + 3\theta) (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) \right) \\ &= -\frac{5}{16} \theta^2 \beta^{-3}, \end{split}$$

where the last line follows from (1.14) and a direct calculation.

$$\langle 3 \rangle = g^{34} \nabla_4 J_{2a_1} \nabla_3 J_{2a_1'} g^{a_1 a_1'}$$

$$= g^{34} \left( \nabla_4 J_{23} \nabla_3 J_{23} g^{33} + \nabla_4 J_{23} \nabla_3 J_{24} g^{34} + \nabla_4 J_{24} \nabla_3 J_{23} g^{34} + \nabla_4 J_{24} \nabla_3 J_{24} g^{44} \right)$$

$$= g^{34} \left( \left( \frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1} \right) \left( -\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1} \right) \left( \kappa^{-1} (1+\theta) \beta^{-1/2} \right) + \left( \frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1} \right) \left( \frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1} \right) \left( \kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2} \right) \right)$$

$$+ \left( \frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1} \right) \left( -\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1/2} \right) + \left( \frac{\kappa}{2} \right) \left( \frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1} \right) \left( \kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1/2} \right) \right)$$

$$= g^{34} \kappa \beta^{-5/2} \left( -\frac{1}{8} (1+\theta) + \frac{1}{16} \theta - \frac{1}{4} \theta + \frac{1}{8} \right) \right)$$

$$= -\frac{5}{16} \theta^2 \beta^{-3}.$$

$$\begin{split} \langle 4 \rangle &= g^{33} \nabla_3 J_{2a_1} \nabla_3 J_{2a_1'} g^{a_1 a_1'} \\ &= g^{33} (\nabla_3 J_{23} \nabla_3 J_{23} g^{33} + \nabla_3 J_{23} \nabla_3 J_{24} g^{34} + \nabla_3 J_{24} \nabla_3 J_{23} g^{43} + \nabla_3 J_{24} \nabla_3 J_{24} g^{44}) \\ &= g^{33} \bigg( (-\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1}) (-\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1}) (\kappa^{-1} (1+\theta) \beta^{-1/2}) + (-\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1}) (\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}) (\theta \kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + (\frac{\kappa}{4}) (-\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1}) (\theta \kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1/2}) + (\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}) (\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}) (\kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1}) \bigg) \\ &= g^{33} \kappa \beta^{-5/2} \bigg( \frac{1}{4} (1+\theta) - \frac{1}{8} \theta - \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{16} \bigg) \\ &= \frac{5}{16} (1+\theta) \beta^{-3}. \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} \langle 5 \rangle &= g^{44} \nabla_4 J_{1a_1} \nabla_4 J_{1a_1'} g^{a_1 a_1'} \\ &= g^{44} (\nabla_4 J_{13} \nabla_4 J_{13} g^{33} + \nabla_4 J_{13} \nabla_4 J_{14} g^{34} + \nabla_4 J_{14} \nabla_4 J_{13} g^{43} + \nabla_4 J_{14} \nabla_4 J_{14} g^{44}) \\ &= g^{44} \bigg( (-\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) (-\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) (\kappa^{-1} (1 + \theta) \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + (-\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2})) (\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta)) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + (\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta)) (-\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + (\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta)) (\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta)) (\kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1/2}) \bigg) \\ &= g^{44} \kappa \beta^{-7/2} \bigg( \frac{1}{4} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) (1 + \theta) - \frac{1}{8} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) (1 + 3\theta) \theta \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{8} (1 + 3\theta) (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) \theta + \frac{1}{16} (1 + 3\theta) (1 + 3\theta) \bigg) \end{split}$$

$$= \frac{1}{16}g^{44}\kappa\beta^{-7/2} \left( 4(1 + \frac{\theta}{2}(1 + \frac{\theta}{2})(1 + \theta) - 2(1 + \frac{\theta}{2})(1 + 3\theta)\theta - 2(1 + 3\theta)(1 + \frac{\theta}{2})\theta + (1 + 3\theta)(1 + 3\theta) \right)$$
$$= \frac{5}{16}(1 + \theta)\beta^{-3},$$

after some calculation.

$$\begin{split} \langle 6 \rangle &= g^{44} \nabla_4 J_{2a_1} \nabla_4 J_{2a_1'} g^{a_1 a_1'} \\ &= g^{44} (\nabla_4 J_{23} \nabla_4 J_{23} g^{33} + \nabla_4 J_{23} \nabla_4 J_{24} g^{34} + \nabla_4 J_{24} \nabla_4 J_{23} g^{43} + \nabla_4 J_{24} \nabla_4 J_{24} g^{44}) \\ &= g^{44} (\nabla_4 J_{23} \nabla_4 J_{23} g^{33} + 2 \nabla_4 J_{23} \nabla_4 J_{24} g^{34} + \nabla_4 J_{24} \nabla_4 J_{24} g^{44}) \\ &= g^{44} \bigg( (\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}) (\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}) (\kappa^{-1} (1+\theta) \beta^{-1/2}) + 2 (\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}) (\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1}) (\theta \kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + (\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1}) (\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1}) (\kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1/2}) \bigg) \\ &= g^{44} \kappa \beta^{-5/2} (\frac{1}{16} (1+\theta) + 2 \cdot \frac{1}{8} \theta + \frac{1}{4}) \\ &= \frac{5}{16} (1+\theta) \beta^{-3}. \end{split}$$

(ii)(c) We have

$$S_{1,4,3} = -2p^4 \sum_{\sigma_1 = 0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \nabla_{b'} J_{\sigma_1 a_1} \nabla_{\sigma_2} J_{a_2 a_1'} J_{\sigma_3 \sigma_4} J_{b a_2'} g^{bb'} g^{a_2 a_2'} g^{a_1 a_1'}.$$
 (1.20)

If  $(\sigma_1, \sigma_2)$  equals (1, 2) or (2, 1, then  $\nabla_1 J = \nabla_2 J = 0$  implies that the summand in (1.20) vanishes. Thus,  $(\sigma_3, \sigma_4) \in \{(1, 2), (2, 1)\}$ , so

$$\sigma \in \{(13)(24), (1324), (1423), (14)(23)\},$$

with signs +1, -1, -1, +1, respectively. Thus by an easy symmetry argument,  $S_{1,4,3}$ 

$$\begin{split} &= -4p^4 \big( \nabla_{b'} J_{3a_1} \nabla_4 J_{a_2a_1'} J_{ba_2'} g^{bb'} g^{a_2a_2'} g^{a_1a_1'} - \nabla_{b'} J_{4a_1} \nabla_3 J_{a_2a_1'} J_{ba_2'} g^{bb'} g^{a_2a_2'} g^{a_1a_1'} \big) \\ &- 4p^4 \big( \nabla_{b'} J_{31} \nabla_4 J_{a_2a_1'} J_{ba_2'} g^{bb'} g^{a_2a_2'} g^{a_1'1} + \nabla_{b'} J_{32} \nabla_4 J_{a_2a_1'} J_{ba_2'} g^{bb'} g^{a_2a_2'} g^{a_1'1} \\ &- \nabla_{b'} J_{41} \nabla_3 J_{a_2a_1'} J_{ba_2'} g^{bb'} g^{a_2a_2'} g^{a_1'1} - \nabla_{b'} J_{42} \nabla_3 J_{a_2a_1'} J_{ba_2'} g^{bb'} g^{a_2a_2'} g^{a_1'1} \big) \\ &= -4p^2 \big( \nabla_{b'} J_{31} \nabla_4 J_{31} J_{ba_2'} g^{bb'} g^{3a_2'} + \nabla_{b'} J_{31} \nabla_4 J_{41} J_{ba_2'} g^{bb'} g^{4a_2'} + \nabla_{b'} J_{32} \nabla_4 J_{32} J_{ba_2'} g^{bb'} g^{3a_2'} \\ &+ \nabla_{b'} J_{32} \nabla_4 J_{42} J_{ba_2'} g^{bb'} g^{4a_2'} - \nabla_{b'} J_{41} \nabla_3 J_{31} J_{ba_2'} g^{bb'} g^{a_2'3} - \nabla_{b'} J_{41} \nabla_3 J_{41} J_{ba_2'} g^{bb'} g^{a_2'4} \\ &- \nabla_{b'} J_{42} \nabla_3 J_{32} J_{ba_2'} g^{bb'} g^{a_2'3} - \nabla_{b'} J_{42} \nabla_3 J_{42} J_{ba_2'} g^{bb'} g^{a_2'4} \big) \end{split}$$

$$= -4p^{4} \left( \nabla_{3} J_{31} \nabla_{4} J_{31} J_{ba'_{2}} g^{b3} g^{3a'_{2}} + \nabla_{4} J_{31} \nabla_{4} J_{31} J_{ba'_{2}} g^{b4} g^{3a'_{2}} + \nabla_{3} J_{31} \nabla_{4} J_{41} J_{ba'_{2}} g^{b3} g^{4a'_{2}} \right.$$

$$\left. + \nabla_{4} J_{31} \nabla_{4} J_{41} J_{ba'_{2}} g^{b4} g^{4a'_{2}} + \nabla_{3} J_{32} \nabla_{4} J_{32} J_{ba'_{2}} g^{b3} g^{3a'_{2}} + \nabla_{4} J_{32} \nabla_{4} J_{32} J_{ba'_{2}} g^{b4} g^{3a'_{2}} \right.$$

$$\left. + \nabla_{3} J_{32} \nabla_{4} J_{42} J_{ba'_{2}} g^{b3} g^{4a'_{2}} + \nabla_{4} J_{32} \nabla_{4} J_{42} J_{ba'_{2}} g^{b4} g^{4a'_{2}} - \nabla_{3} J_{41} \nabla_{3} J_{31} J_{ba'_{2}} g^{b3} g^{a'_{2}3} \right.$$

$$\left. - \nabla_{4} J_{41} \nabla_{3} J_{31} J_{ba'_{2}} g^{b4} g^{a'_{2}3} - \nabla_{3} J_{41} \nabla_{3} J_{41} J_{ba'_{2}} g^{b3} g^{a'_{2}4} - \nabla_{4} J_{41} \nabla_{3} J_{41} J_{ba'_{2}} g^{b4} g^{a'_{2}4} \right.$$

$$\left. - \nabla_{3} J_{42} \nabla_{3} J_{32} J_{ba'_{2}} g^{b3} g^{a'_{2}3} - \nabla_{4} J_{42} \nabla_{3} J_{32} J_{ba'_{2}} g^{b4} g^{a'_{2}3} - \nabla_{3} J_{42} \nabla_{3} J_{42} J_{ba'_{2}} g^{b3} g^{a'_{2}4} \right.$$

$$\left. - \nabla_{4} J_{42} \nabla_{3} J_{42} J_{ba'_{2}} g^{b4} g^{a'_{2}4} \right).$$

Note that

$$\begin{split} J_{ba'_2}g^{b3}g^{3a'_2} &= J_{34}g^{33}g^{34} + J_{43}g^{43}g^{33} = 0, \ J_{ba'_2}g^{b4}g^{4a'_2} = J_{34}g^{34}g^{44} + J_{43}g^{44}g^{43} = 0, \\ J_{ba'_2}g^{b4}g^{3a'_2} &= J_{34}g^{34}g^{34} - J_{43}g^{44}g^{33} = J_{34}((g^{34})^2 - g^{44}g^{33}) \\ &= -\kappa^{-2}J_{34} = -\kappa^{-1}, \\ J_{ba'_2}g^{b3}g^{4a'_2} &= \kappa^{-2}J_{34} = \kappa^{-1}. \end{split}$$

This gives

$$\begin{split} S_{1,4,3} &= -4p^2 \left( -\kappa^{-2} \nabla_4 J_{31} \nabla_4 J_{31} + \kappa^{-2} \nabla_3 J_{31} \nabla_4 J_{41} - \kappa^{-2} \nabla_4 J_{32} \nabla_4 J_{32} \right. \\ &\quad + \kappa^{-2} \nabla_3 J_{32} \nabla_4 J_{42} + \kappa^{-2} \nabla_4 J_{41} \nabla_3 J_{31} - \kappa^{-2} \nabla_3 J_{41} \nabla_3 J_{41} \\ &\quad + \kappa^{-2} \nabla_4 J_{42} \nabla_3 J_{32} - \kappa^{-2} \nabla_3 J_{42} \nabla_3 J_{42} \right) \\ &= -4p^2 \kappa^{-1} \left( -(\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2})) (\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2})) \right. \\ &\quad + (\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 - 2\theta)) (-\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta)) - (-\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}) (-\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}) \right. \\ &\quad + (\frac{\kappa}{2}) (-\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1}) + (-\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta)) (\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 - 2\theta)) \\ &\quad - (\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2})) (\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2})) + (-\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1}) (\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1}) \\ &\quad - (-\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}) (-\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}) \right) \\ &= -4p^4 \cdot 2\beta^{-3} \kappa \left( -\frac{1}{4} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2})^2 - \frac{1}{16} (1 - 2\theta) (1 + 3\theta) - \frac{1}{16} \beta - \frac{1}{4} \beta \right) \\ &= -\frac{\kappa}{16} \cdot 8p^4 \beta^{-3} (-10\beta) \\ &= 5p^4 \beta^{-2} \kappa. \end{split}$$

(iii)(a) We compute  $S_{3,4,1}$  as follows:

$$S_{3,4,1} = 2p^4 \sum_{\sigma_3=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \nabla_b J_{\sigma_3 a_1} \nabla_{\sigma_4} J_{b' a_2} J_{\sigma_2 a_2} J_{\sigma_1 a_1'} g^{bb'} g^{a_1 a_1'} g^{a_2 a_2'}$$

$$= 2p^{4} \sum_{\sigma_{3}=0,\sigma_{4}=3} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \nabla_{b} J_{\sigma_{3}a_{1}} \nabla_{3} J_{b'a'_{2}} J_{\sigma_{2}a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{1}a'_{1}} g^{bb'} g^{a_{1}a'_{1}} g^{a_{2}a'_{2}}$$

$$+ 2p^{4} \sum_{\sigma_{3}=0,\sigma_{4}=4} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \nabla_{b} J_{\sigma_{3}a_{1}} \nabla_{4} J_{b'a'_{2}} J_{\sigma_{2}a_{2}} J_{\sigma_{1}a'_{1}} g^{bb'} g^{a_{1}a'_{1}} g^{a_{2}a'_{2}}$$

$$:= S_{3,4,1}(\sigma_{4}=3) + S_{3,4,1}(\sigma_{4}=4).$$

For  $S_{3,4,1}(\sigma_4 = 3)$ , the possible  $\sigma$  are  $\sigma \in \{(34), (12)(34), (1432), (243), (143), (1243)\}$ , with signs -1, +1, -1, +1, +1, -1, respectively. Thus

$$S_{3,4,1}(\sigma_4=3)$$

$$= 2p^{4} \left( -\nabla_{b} J_{4a'_{1}} \nabla_{3} J_{b'a'_{2}} J_{1a_{2}} J_{1a_{1}} g^{bb'} g^{a_{1}a'_{1}} g^{a_{2}a'_{2}} + \nabla_{b} J_{4a'_{1}} \nabla_{3} J_{b'a'_{2}} J_{1a_{2}} J_{2a_{1}} g^{bb'} g^{a_{1}a'_{1}} g^{a_{2}a'_{2}} \right.$$

$$\left. - \nabla_{b} J_{2a'_{1}} \nabla_{3} J_{b'a'_{2}} J_{1a_{2}} J_{4a_{1}} g^{bb'} g^{a_{1}a'_{1}} g^{a_{2}a'_{2}} + \nabla_{b} J_{2a'_{1}} \nabla_{3} J_{b'a'_{2}} J_{4a_{2}} J_{1a_{1}} g^{bb'} g^{a_{1}a'_{1}} g^{a_{2}a'_{2}} \right.$$

$$\left. + \nabla_{b} J_{1a'_{1}} \nabla_{3} J_{b'a'_{2}} J_{2a_{2}} J_{4a_{1}} g^{bb'} g^{a_{1}a'_{1}} g^{a_{2}a'_{2}} - \nabla_{b} J_{1a'_{1}} \nabla_{3} J_{b'a'_{2}} J_{4a_{2}} J_{2a_{1}} g^{bb'} g^{a_{1}a'_{1}} g^{a_{2}a'_{2}} \right).$$

From  $\nabla_1 J_{ab} = \nabla_2 J_{ab} = 0$ , we conclude

 $\nabla_b J_{2a_1'} \nabla_3 J_{b'a_2'} J_{4a_2} J_{1a_1} g^{bb'} g^{a_1 a_1'} g^{a_2 a_2'} = 0, \ \nabla_b J_{1a_1'} \nabla_3 J_{b'a_2'} J_{4a_2} J_{2a_1} g^{bb'} g^{a_1 a_1'} g^{a_2 a_2'} = 0.$  Therefore,

$$S_{3,4,1}(\sigma_4 = 3)$$

$$= 2p^4 \left( -\nabla_b J_{42} \nabla_3 J_{b'1} J_{21} J_{12} g^{bb'} g^{22} g^{11} - \nabla_b J_{42} \nabla_3 J_{b'1} J_{21} J_{12} g^{bb'} g^{22} g^{11} - \nabla_b J_{42} \nabla_3 J_{b'1} J_{21} J_{12} g^{bb'} g^{22} g^{11} - \nabla_b J_{42} \nabla_3 J_{b'1} J_{21} J_{12} g^{bb'} g^{22} g^{11} \right)$$

$$:= 2p^4 \left( \langle \langle 1 \rangle \rangle + \langle \langle 2 \rangle \rangle + \langle \langle 3 \rangle \rangle + \langle \langle 4 \rangle \rangle \right).$$

Similarly, for  $S_{3,4,1}(\sigma_4 = 4)$ , we have  $\sigma \in \{id, (12), (123), (13), (23), (132)\}$ , with signs +1, -1, +1, -1, -1, +1, respectively. Thus

$$S_{3,4,1}(\sigma_4 = 4)$$

$$=2p^{4}\left(\nabla_{b}J_{3a_{1}}\nabla_{4}J_{b'a'_{2}}J_{2a_{1}}J_{1a'_{1}}g^{bb'}g^{a_{1}a'_{1}}g^{a_{2}a'_{2}}-\nabla_{b}J_{3a_{1}}\nabla_{4}J_{b'a'_{2}}J_{1a_{2}}J_{2a'_{1}}g^{bb'}g^{a_{1}a'_{1}}g^{a_{2}a'_{2}}\right.$$

$$+\nabla_{b}J_{1a_{1}}\nabla_{4}J_{b'a'_{2}}J_{3a_{2}}J_{2a'_{1}}g^{bb'}g^{a_{1}a'_{1}}g^{a_{2}a'_{2}}-\nabla_{b}J_{1a_{1}}\nabla_{4}J_{b'a'_{2}}J_{2a_{2}}J_{3a'_{1}}g^{bb'}g^{a_{1}a'_{1}}g^{a_{2}a'_{2}}$$

$$-\nabla_{b}J_{2a_{1}}\nabla_{4}J_{b'a'_{2}}J_{3a_{2}}J_{1a'_{1}}g^{bb'}g^{a_{1}a'_{1}}g^{a_{2}a'_{2}}+\nabla_{b}J_{2a_{1}}\nabla_{4}J_{b'a'_{2}}J_{1a_{2}}J_{3a'_{1}}g^{bb'}g^{a_{1}a'_{1}}g^{a_{2}a'_{2}}\right)$$

Using  $\nabla_b J_{11} = \nabla_b J_{22} = 0$ , we obtain

$$\nabla_b J_{1a_1} \nabla_4 J_{b'a_2'} J_{3a_2} J_{2a_1'} g^{bb'} g^{a_1 a_1'} g^{a_2 a_2'} = 0, \ \nabla_b J_{2a_1} \nabla_4 J_{b'a_2'} J_{3a_2} J_{1a_1'} g^{bb'} g^{a_1 a_1'} g^{a_2 a_2'} = 0.$$

Therefore,

$$S_{3,4,1}(\sigma_4 = 4)$$

$$= 2p^4 \left( \nabla_b J_{32} \nabla 4b' 1 J_{21} J_{12} g^{bb'} g^{22} g^{11} - \nabla_b J_{31} \nabla 4b' 2 J_{12} J_{21} g^{bb'} g^{11} g^{22} \right)$$

$$- \nabla_b J_{1a_1} \nabla 4b' 1 J_{21} J_{34} g^{bb'} g^{a_1 4} g^{11} + \nabla_b J_{2a_1} \nabla 4b' 2 J_{12} J_{34} g^{bb'} g^{a_1 4} g^{22} \right)$$

$$:= 2p^4 \left( \langle \langle 5 \rangle \rangle + \langle \langle 6 \rangle \rangle + \langle \langle 7 \rangle \rangle + \langle \langle 8 \rangle \rangle \right).$$

We now compute  $\langle \langle 1 \rangle \rangle - \langle \langle 8 \rangle \rangle$ .

$$\begin{split} &\langle \langle 1 \rangle \rangle \\ &= (J_{12})^2 \nabla_b J_{42} \nabla_3 J_{b'} g^{bb'} \\ &= (J_{12})^2 \left( \nabla_3 J_{42} \nabla_3 J_{31} g^{33} + \nabla_3 J_{42} \nabla_3 J_{41} g^{34} \nabla_4 J_{42} \nabla_3 J_{31} g^{43} + \nabla_4 J_{42} \nabla_3 J_{41} g^{44} \right) \\ &= (-\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}) \left( \frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 - 2\theta) \right) (\kappa^{-1} (1 + \theta) \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + \left( -\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1} \right) \left( \frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) \right) (\theta \kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + \left( -\frac{1}{2} \kappa \beta^{-1} \right) \left( \frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 - 2\theta) \right) (\theta \kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + \left( -\frac{1}{2} \kappa \beta^{-1} \right) \left( \frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) \right) (\kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &= \kappa \beta^{-3} \left( -\frac{1}{16} (1 - 2\theta) (1 + \theta) - \frac{1}{8} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) \theta - \frac{1}{8} (1 - 2\theta) \theta - \frac{1}{4} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) \right) \\ &= \kappa \beta^{-3} \frac{1}{16} \left( -(1 - 2\theta) (1 + \theta) - 2\theta (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) - 2\theta (1 - 2\theta) - 4 (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) \right) \\ &= \frac{\kappa}{16} (-5 - 5\theta + 5\theta^2) \\ &= -\frac{5}{16} \kappa \beta^{-2}. \end{split}$$

$$\langle \langle 2 \rangle \rangle$$

$$= \nabla_b J_{41} \nabla_3 J_{b'2} (-J_{12})^2 g^{bb'}$$

$$= -(J_{12})^2 \left( \nabla_3 J_{41} \nabla_3 J_{32} g^{33} + \nabla_4 J_{41} \nabla_3 J_{42} g^{34} + \nabla_4 J_{41} \nabla_3 J_{32} g^{43} + \nabla_4 J_{41} \nabla_3 J_{42} g^{44} \right)$$

$$= (-1) \left( \frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{\theta}{2}) \right) \left( \frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1} \right) (\kappa^{-1} (1 + \theta) \beta^{-1/2})$$

$$\begin{split} &+\left(\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-3/2}(1+\frac{\theta}{2})\right)(-\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-1})(\kappa^{-1}\theta\beta^{-1/2})\\ &+\left(-\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-3/2}(1+3\theta)\right)(\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-1})(\kappa^{-1}\theta\beta^{-1/2})\\ &+\left(-\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-3/2}(1+3\theta)\right)(-\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-1})(\kappa^{-1}\beta^{-1/2})\\ &=\left(-1\right)\kappa\beta^{-3}\left(\frac{1}{4}(1+\frac{\theta}{2})(1+\theta)-\frac{1}{8}(1+\frac{\theta}{2})\theta-\frac{1}{8}(1+3\theta)\theta+\frac{1}{16}(1+3\theta)\right)\\ &=-\frac{1}{16}\kappa\beta^{-3}(4-6\theta+2\theta^2-2\theta-\theta^2-2\theta-6\theta^2+1+3\theta)\\ &=-\frac{5}{16}\kappa\beta^{-2}.\\ &\langle\langle3\rangle\rangle\\ &=-\nabla_bJ_{2a_1'}\nabla_3J_{b_2}J_{12}J_{43}g^{a_1'3}g^{bb'}\\ &=\left(-\kappa\right)(-1)(g^{33}\nabla_bJ_{23}\nabla_3J_{b_2}g^{bb'}+g^{34}\nabla_bJ_{24}\nabla_3J_{b_2}g^{bb'})\\ &=\kappa\left(g^{33}(\nabla_3J_{23}\nabla_3J_{32}g^{33}+\nabla_3J_{23}\nabla_3J_{42}g^{34}+\nabla_4J_{23}\nabla_3J_{32}g^{43}+\nabla_4J_{23}\nabla_3J_{42}g^{44}\right)\\ &+g^{34}(\nabla_3J_{24}\nabla_3J_{32}g^{33}\nabla_3J_{24}\nabla_3J_{22}g^{34}+\nabla_4J_{24}\nabla_3J_{32}g^{43}+\nabla_4J_{24}\nabla_3J_{42}g^{44})\right)\\ &=\kappa\left[\kappa^{-1}(1+\theta)\beta^{-1/2}\left(\left(-\frac{1}{2}\kappa\beta^{-1}\right)(\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-1})(\kappa^{-1}(1+\theta)\beta^{-1/2})\right.\right.\\ &+\left(-\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-1}\right)\left(-\frac{1}{4}\beta^{-1}\right)(\kappa^{-1}\theta\beta^{-1})+\left(\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-1}\right)(\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-1})(\kappa^{-1}\theta\beta^{-1})\right.\\ &+\left(\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-1}\right)\left(\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-1}\right)(\kappa^{-1}\theta\beta^{-1/2})+\left(\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-1}\right)\left(-\frac{1}{4}\beta^{-1}\right)(\kappa^{-1}\theta\beta^{-1/2})\right.\\ &+\left(\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-1}\right)\left(\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-1}\right)(\kappa^{-1}\theta\beta^{-1/2})+\left(\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-1}\right)(\kappa^{-1}\beta^{-1/2})\right]\\ &=\kappa\beta^{-3}\left((1+\theta)\left(-\frac{1}{4}(1+\theta)+\frac{1}{8}\theta+\frac{1}{8}\theta-\frac{1}{16}\right)\right.\\ &+\left(\frac{1}{8}(1+\theta)-\frac{1}{16}\theta+\frac{1}{4}\theta-\frac{1}{8}\right)\right)\\ &=\frac{1}{16}\kappa\beta^{-3}\left((1+\theta)(-4(1+\theta)-4\theta-1)+(2(1+\theta)-\theta+4\theta-2)\theta\right) \end{split}$$

$$= \frac{1}{16} \kappa \beta^{-3} (-5) (1 + \theta - \theta^2)$$
$$= -\frac{5}{16} \kappa \beta^{-2}.$$

$$\begin{split} &\langle \langle 4 \rangle \rangle \\ &= -\nabla_b J_{42} \nabla_3 J_{b'1} J_{21} J_{12} g^{bb'} g^{22} g^{11} \\ &= \kappa \bigg[ \kappa^{-1} (1+\theta) \beta^{-1/2} \bigg( (-\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1-2\theta)) (\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1-2\theta)) (\kappa^{-1} (1+\theta) \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + (-\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1-2\theta)) (\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1+\frac{\theta}{2})) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + (-\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1+\frac{\theta}{2})) (\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1-2\theta)) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2}) (-\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1+\frac{\theta}{2})) (\frac{\kappa}{4} (1-2\theta)) (\kappa^{-1} (1+\theta) \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2}) (-\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1+\frac{\theta}{2})) (\frac{\kappa}{4} (1-2\theta)) (\kappa^{-1} (1+\theta) \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + (\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1+3\theta)) (\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1+\frac{1}{2}\theta)) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + (\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1+3\theta)) (\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1+\frac{1}{2}\theta)) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2}) \bigg) \bigg] \\ &= \kappa \beta^{-4} \bigg( (1+\theta) \bigg( -\frac{1}{16} \bigg) (1-2\theta)^2 (1+\theta) - \frac{1}{8} (1-2\theta) (1+\frac{1}{2}\theta) \theta - \frac{1}{8} (1+\frac{1}{2}\theta) (1-2\theta) \theta \\ &\quad - \frac{1}{4} (1+\frac{1}{2}\theta)^2 + \theta \bigg( -\frac{1}{8} \bigg) (1+\frac{1}{2}\theta) (1-2\theta) (1+\theta) - \frac{1}{4} (1+\frac{1}{2}\theta)^2 \theta \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{16} (1+3\theta) (1-2\theta) \theta + \frac{1}{8} (1+3\theta) (1+\frac{1}{2}\theta) \bigg) \\ &= -\frac{1}{16} \kappa \beta^{-4} \bigg( (1+\theta) (1-2\theta)^2 (1+\theta) + (1-2\theta) (2+\theta) \theta + (2+\theta) (1-2\theta) \theta \\ &\quad + (2+\theta)^2 + \theta ((2+\theta) (1-2\theta) (1+\theta) + (2+\theta)^2 \theta \bigg) \\ &\quad - (1+3\theta) (1-2\theta) \theta - (1+3\theta) (2+\theta) \bigg) \\ &= -\frac{1}{16} \kappa \beta^{-4} \bigg( (1+\theta) \bigg[ (1+\theta) (1-2\theta)^2 + 2\theta (2+\theta) (1-2\theta) + (2+\theta)^2 \bigg] \\ &\quad + \theta \bigg[ (2+\theta) (1-2\theta) (1+\theta) + (2+\theta)^2 \theta - (1+3\theta) (1-2\theta) \theta \\ &\quad - (1+3\theta) (2+\theta) \bigg] \bigg) \\ \end{split}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{16}\kappa\beta^{-4} \cdot 5 \cdot (1 + \theta - \theta^2)^2)$$
$$= -\frac{5}{16}\kappa\beta^{-2}.$$

$$\begin{split} &\langle \langle 5 \rangle \rangle \\ &= \nabla_b J_{32} \nabla_4 J_{b'1} (-(J_{12})^2) g^{bb'} = -1 \nabla_b J_{32} \nabla_4 J_{b'1} g^{bb'} \\ &= -(\nabla_3 J_{32} \nabla_4 J_{31} g^{33} + \nabla_3 J_{32} \nabla_4 J_{41} g^{34} + \nabla_4 J_{32} \nabla_4 J_{31} g^{43} + \nabla_4 J_{32} \nabla_4 J_{41} g^{44}) \\ &= -(\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1}) (\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{1}{2} \theta)) (\kappa^{-1} (1 + \theta) \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad - (\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1}) (-\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta)) (\theta \kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad - (-\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}) (\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{1}{2} \theta)) (\theta \kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad - (-\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}) (-\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta)) (\kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &= -\kappa \beta^{-3} \left( \frac{1}{4} (1 + \frac{1}{2} \theta) (1 + \theta) - \frac{1}{8} \theta (1 + 3\theta) - \frac{1}{8} (1 + \frac{1}{2} \theta) \theta + \frac{1}{16} (1 + 3\theta) \right) \\ &= -\frac{\kappa}{16} (4 + 6\theta; 2\theta^2 - 2\theta - 6\theta^2 - 2\theta - \theta^2 + 1 + 3\theta) \\ &= -\frac{1}{16} \kappa \beta^{-3} (5 + 5\theta - 5\theta^2) \\ &= -\frac{5}{16} \kappa \beta^{-2}. \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} &\langle \langle 6 \rangle \rangle \\ &= -\nabla_b J_{31} \nabla_4 J_{b'2} (-(J_{12})^2) g^{bb'} = \nabla_b J_{31} \nabla_4 J_{b'2} g^{bb'} \\ &= \nabla_3 J_{31} \nabla_4 J_{32} g^{33} + \nabla_3 J_{31} \nabla_4 J_{42} g^{34} + \nabla_4 J_{31} \nabla_4 J_{32} g^{43} + \nabla_4 J_{31} \nabla_4 J_{42} g^{44} \\ &= (\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 - 2\theta)) (-\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}) (\kappa^{-1} (1 + \theta) \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + (\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 - 2\theta)) (-\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1}) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + (\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{1}{2} \theta) (-\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + (\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{1}{2} \theta)) (-\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1}) (\kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad = \kappa \beta^{-3} \left( -\frac{1}{16} (1 - 2\theta) (1 + \theta) - \frac{1}{8} (1 - 2\theta) \theta - \frac{1}{8} (1 + \frac{1}{2} \theta) \theta - \frac{1}{4} (1 + \frac{1}{2} \theta) \right) \end{split}$$

$$= \frac{1}{16} \kappa \beta^{-3} (-5 - 5\theta + 5\theta^2)$$
$$= -\frac{5}{16} \kappa \beta^{-2}.$$

$$\begin{split} & \left( \langle 7 \rangle \right) \\ & = -\nabla_b J_{1a_1} \nabla_4 J_{b'1} J_{21} J_{34} g^{bb'} g^{a_14} = \kappa \nabla_b J_{1a_1} \nabla_4 J_{b'1} g^{bb'} g^{a_14} \\ & = \kappa (g^{34} \nabla_b J_{13} \nabla_4 J_{b'1} g^{bb'} + g^{44} \nabla_b J_{14} \nabla_4 J_{b'1} g^{bb'}) \\ & = \kappa \left( g^{34} (\nabla_3 J_{13} \nabla_4 J_{31} g^{33} + \nabla_3 J_{13} \nabla_4 J_{41} g^{34} + \nabla_4 J_{13} \nabla_4 J_{31} g^{43} + \nabla_4 J_{13} \nabla_4 J_{41} g^{44} \right) \\ & + g^{44} (\nabla_3 J_{14} \nabla_4 J_{31} g^{33} + \nabla_3 J_{14} \nabla_4 J_{41} g^{34} + \nabla_4 J_{14} \nabla_4 J_{31} g^{43} + \nabla_4 J_{14} \nabla_4 J_{41} g^{44} \right) \\ & = \kappa \left[ \kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2} \left( \left( -\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} \right) (1 - 2\theta) \left( \frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{1}{2} \theta) \right) (\kappa^{-1} (1 + \theta) \beta^{-1/2} \right) \right. \\ & + \left. \left( -\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 - 2\theta) \right) \left( -\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta) \right) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2} \right) \\ & + \left. \left( -\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{1}{2} \theta) \right) \left( \frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{1}{2} \theta) \right) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2} \right) \\ & + \left. \left( -\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{1}{2} \theta) \right) \left( -\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta) \right) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2} \right) \\ & + \left. \left( -\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{1}{2} \theta) \right) \left( -\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta) \right) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2} \right) \\ & + \left. \left( -\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta) \right) \left( \frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{1}{2} \theta) \right) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2} \right) \\ & + \left. \left( \frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta) \right) \left( \frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{1}{2} \theta) \right) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2} \right) \\ & + \left. \left( \frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta) \right) \left( \frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{1}{2} \theta) \right) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2} \right) \\ & + \left. \left( \frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta) \right) \left( \frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta) \right) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2} \right) \right. \\ & + \left. \left. \left( \frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta) \right) \left( \frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta) \right) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2} \right) \right. \\ & + \left. \left( \frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta) \right) \left( -\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta) \right) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2} \right) \right. \\ & + \left. \left. \left( \frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta) \right) \left( -\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta) \right) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2} \right) \right. \\ & + \left. \left( \frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta) \right) \left( -\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta) \right) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2} \right) \right. \\ & + \left. \left( \frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta) \right) \left( -\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta) \right) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2} \right) \right. \\ & + \left. \left( \frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta) \right) \left( -\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta) \right) (\kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1/2} \right)$$

$$= -\frac{5}{16}\kappa\beta^{-4}(1+2\theta-\theta^2-2\theta^3+\theta^4) = -\frac{5}{16}\kappa\beta^{-4}\beta^2 = -\frac{5}{16}\kappa\beta^{-2}.$$

$$\begin{split} &\langle \langle 8 \rangle \rangle \\ &= \nabla_b J_{2a_1} \nabla_4 J_{b'2} J_{12} J_{34} g^{bb'} g^{a_14} = J_{12} J_{34} (\nabla_b J_{23} \nabla_4 J_{b'2} g^{bb'} g^{34} + \nabla_b J_{24} \nabla_4 J_{b'2} g^{bb'} g^{44}) \\ &= \kappa (\nabla_b J_{23} \nabla_4 J_{b'2} g^{bb'} g^{34} + \nabla_b J_{24} + \nabla_4 J_{b'2} g^{bb'} g^{44}) \\ &= \kappa \bigg( (\nabla_3 J_{23} \nabla_4 J_{32} g^{33} \nabla_3 J_{23} \nabla_4 J_{42} g^{34} + \nabla_4 J_{23} \nabla_4 J_{32} g^{43} + \nabla_4 J_{23} \nabla_4 J_{42} g^{44}) g^{34} \\ &\quad + (\nabla_3 J_{24} \nabla_4 J_{32} g^{33} + \nabla_3 J_{24} \nabla_4 J_{42} g^{34} + \nabla_4 J_{24} \nabla_4 J_{32} g^{43} + \nabla_4 J_{24} \nabla_4 J_{42} g^{44}) g^{44} \bigg) \\ &= \kappa \bigg[ \kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2} \bigg( (-\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1}) (-\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}) (\kappa^{-1} (1+\theta) \beta^{-1/2}) + (-\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1}) (-\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1}) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + (\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}) (-\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2}) + (\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}) (-\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1}) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + \kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1/2} \bigg( (\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}) (-\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1} (\kappa^{-1} (1+\theta) \beta^{-1/2}) + (\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}) (-\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1}) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + (\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1}) (-\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2}) + (\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1}) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2}) \bigg) \bigg] \\ &= \kappa \beta^{-3} \bigg[ \theta \bigg( \frac{1}{8} (1+\theta) + \frac{1}{4} \theta - \frac{1}{16} \theta - \frac{1}{8} \bigg) + \bigg( -\frac{1}{16} (1+\theta) - \frac{1}{8} \theta - \frac{1}{8} \theta - \frac{1}{4} \bigg) \bigg] \\ &= -\frac{5}{16} \kappa \beta^{-3} \beta = -\frac{5}{16} \kappa \beta^{-2}. \end{split}$$

Thus

$$S_{3,4,1} = 2p^4(\langle\langle 1 \rangle\rangle + \ldots + \langle\langle 8 \rangle\rangle) = 2p^4 \cdot 8 \cdot \left(-\frac{5}{16}\kappa\beta^{-2}\right) = -5p^4\beta^{-2}.$$

(iii)(b) We compute  $S_{3,4,2}$  as follows.

$$S_{3,4,2} = -2p^4 \sum_{\sigma_3=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \nabla_b J_{\sigma_3 a_1} \nabla_{\sigma_4} J_{b'}{}^{a_2} J_{\sigma_1 \sigma_2} J_{a_2}{}^{a_1} g^{bb'}$$

$$= -2p^4 \sum_{\sigma_3=0} \operatorname{sgn}(\sigma) \nabla_b J_{\sigma_3 a_1} \nabla_{\sigma_4} J_{b' a_2'} J_{a_2 a_1'} J_{\sigma_1 \sigma_2} g^{bb'} g^{a_1 a_1'} g^{a_2 a_2'}.$$

We must have  $(\sigma_1, \sigma_2) \in \{(1, 2), (2, 1), (3, 4), (4, 3)\}$  From the form of the symplectic structure, it follows that  $\sigma \in S = \{\text{id}, (34), (13)(24), (1324)\}$ . (There are also permutations of the form  $(12)\tau, (34)\tau$  for  $\tau \in S$ , but by the skew-symmetry of  $J_{ab}$ , only the terms in S contribute to  $S_{3,4,2}$ .) The signs of the permutations in S are +1, -1, +1, -1, respectively.

Keeping track of the extra permutations and their signs, we have

$$S_{3,4,2}$$

$$= -2p^{4} \cdot 2 \left( \nabla_{b} J_{3a_{1}} \nabla_{4} J_{b'a'_{2}} J_{a_{2}a'_{1}} J_{12} g^{bb'} g^{a_{2}a'_{2}} g^{a_{1}a'_{1}} - \nabla_{b} J_{4a_{1}} \nabla_{3} J_{b'a'_{2}} J_{a_{2}a'_{1}} J_{12} g^{bb'} g^{a_{2}a'_{2}} g^{a_{1}a'_{1}} \right.$$

$$\left. + \nabla_{b} J_{1a_{1}} \nabla_{2} J_{b'a'_{2}} J_{a_{2}a'_{1}} J_{34} g^{bb'} g^{a_{2}a'_{2}} g^{a_{1}a'_{1}} - \nabla_{b} J_{2a_{1}} \nabla_{1} J_{b'a'_{2}} J_{a_{2}a'_{1}} J_{34} g^{bb'} g^{a_{2}a'_{2}} g^{a_{1}a'_{1}} \right).$$

Using  $\nabla_1 J_{ab} = \nabla_2 J_{ab} = 0$ , and  $J_{12} = 1$ , we get

$$S_{3,4,2}$$

$$= -4p^{4} \left( \nabla_{b} J_{3a_{1}} \nabla_{4} J_{b'a'_{2}} J_{a_{2}a'_{1}} g^{bb'} g^{a_{2}a'_{2}} g^{a_{1}a'_{1}} - \nabla_{b} J_{4a_{1}} \nabla_{3} J_{b'a'_{2}} J_{a_{2}a'_{1}} g^{bb'} g^{a_{2}a'_{2}} g^{a_{1}a'_{1}} \right)$$

$$= 4p^{4} \left( \nabla_{b} J_{3a'_{1}} \nabla_{4} J_{b'a'_{2}} J_{a_{1}a_{2}} g^{bb'} g^{a_{2}a'_{2}} g^{a_{1}a'_{1}} - \nabla_{b} J_{4a'_{1}} \nabla_{3} J_{b'a'_{2}} J_{a_{1}a_{2}} g^{bb'} g^{a_{2}a'_{2}} g^{a_{1}a'_{1}} \right).$$

The only nonzero terms come from  $(a_1, a_2) \in \{(1, 2), (2, 1), (3, 4), (4, 3)\}$ . Therefore,  $S_{3,4,2}$ 

$$\begin{split} &= -4p^4 \bigg( \nabla_b J_{3a_1'} \nabla_4 J_{b'a_2'} J_{12} g^{bb'} g^{2a_2'} g^{1a_1'} + \nabla_b J_{3a_1'} \nabla_4 J_{b'a_2'} J_{21} g^{bb'} g^{1a_2'} g^{2a_1'} \\ &\quad - \nabla_b J_{4a_1'} \nabla_3 J_{b'a_2'} J_{12} g^{bb'} g^{2a_2'} g^{1a_1'} - \nabla_b J_{4a_1'} \nabla_3 J_{b'a_2'} J_{21} g^{bb'} g^{1a_2'} g^{2a_1'} \\ &\quad + \nabla_b J_{3a_1'} \nabla_4 J_{b'a_2'} J_{34} g^{bb'} g^{4a_2'} g^{3a_1'} + \nabla_b J_{3a_1'} \nabla_4 J_{b'a_2'} J_{43} g^{bb'} g^{3a_2'} g^{4a_1'} \\ &\quad - \nabla_b J_{4a_1'} \nabla_3 J_{b'a_2'} J_{34} g^{bb'} g^{4a_2'} g^{3a_1'} - \nabla_b J_{4a_1'} \nabla_3 J_{b'a_2'} J_{43} g^{bb'} g^{3a_2'} g^{4a_1'} \bigg) \\ &= 4p^4 \bigg( \nabla_b J_{31} \nabla_4 J_{b'2} g^{bb'} - \nabla_b J_{32} \nabla_4 J_{b'1} g^{bb'} - \nabla_b J_{41} \nabla_3 J_{b'2} g^{bb'} + \nabla_b J_{42} \nabla_3 J_{b'1} g^{bb'} \\ &\quad + \nabla_b J_{3a_1'} \nabla_4 J_{b'a_2'} g^{bb'} \kappa g^{4a_2'} g^{3a_1'} - \nabla_b J_{3a_1} \nabla_4 J_{b'a_2'} g^{bb'} \kappa g^{3a_2'} g^{4a_1'} \\ &\quad - \nabla_b J_{4a_1'} \nabla_3 J_{ba_2'} g^{bb'} \kappa g^{4a_2'} g^{3a_1'} + \nabla_b J_{4a_1'} \nabla_3 J_{ba_2'} g^{bb'} \kappa g^{3a_2'} g^{4a_1'} \bigg) \\ &:= 4p^4 \bigg( [[1]] + [[2]] + [[3]] + [[4]] + [[5]] + [[6]] + [[7]] + [[8]] \bigg). \end{split}$$

We now compute [[1]]-[[8]].

$$= \nabla_b J_{31} \nabla_4 J_{b'2} g^{bb'}$$

$$= \nabla_3 J_{31} \nabla_4 J_{32} g^{33} + \nabla_3 J_{31} \nabla_4 J_{42} g^{34} + \nabla_4 J_{31} \nabla_4 J_{32} g^{43} + \nabla_4 J_{31} \nabla_4 J_{42} g^{44}$$

$$= \left(\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 - 2\theta)\right) \left(-\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}\right) \left(\kappa^{-1} (1 + \theta) \beta^{-1/2}\right)$$

$$\begin{split} &+ (\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-3/2}(1-2\theta))(-\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-1})(\theta\kappa^{-1}\beta^{-1/2}) \\ &+ (\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-3/2}(1+\frac{1}{2}\theta))(-\frac{\kappa}{4}\beta^{-1})(\theta\kappa^{-1}\beta^{-3/2}) \\ &+ (\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-3/2}(1+\frac{1}{2}\theta))(-\frac{\kappa}{2}\beta^{-1})(\kappa^{-1}\beta^{-1/2}) \\ &= \kappa\beta^{-3}\bigg(-\frac{1}{16}(1-2\theta)(1+\theta)-\frac{1}{8}(1-2\theta)\theta-\frac{1}{8}\theta(1+\frac{1}{2}\theta)-\frac{1}{4}(1+\frac{1}{2}\theta)\bigg) \\ &= \frac{1}{16}\kappa\beta^{-3}(-5-5\theta+5\theta^2) \\ &= -\frac{5}{16}\kappa\beta^{-2}. \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} &= -\nabla_b J_{32} \nabla_4 J_{b'1} g^{bb'} \\ &= - \left( \nabla_3 J_{32} \nabla_4 J_{31} g^{33} + \nabla_3 J_{32} \nabla_4 J_{41} g^{34} + \nabla_4 J_{32} \nabla_4 J_{31} g^{43} + \nabla_4 J_{32} \nabla_4 J_{41} g^{44} \right) \\ &= - \left( \left( \frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1} \right) \left( \frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{1}{2} \theta) \right) (\kappa^{-1} (1 + \theta) \beta^{-1/2}) \right. \\ &\quad + \left( \frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1} \right) \left( -\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta) \right) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + \left( -\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1} \right) \left( \frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{1}{2} \theta) \right) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + \left( -\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1} \right) \left( -\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3\theta) \right) (\kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1/2}) \right) \\ &= -\kappa \beta^{-3} \left( \frac{1}{4} (1 + \frac{1}{2} \theta) (1 + \theta) - \frac{1}{8} (1 + 3\theta) \theta - \frac{1}{8} (1 + \frac{1}{2} \theta) \theta + \frac{1}{16} (1 + 3\theta) \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{16} \kappa \beta^{-3} (5 + 5\theta - 5\theta^2) \\ &\quad - \frac{5}{16} \kappa \beta^{-2}. \end{split}$$

$$= -\nabla_b J_{41} \nabla_3 J_{b'2} g^{bb'}$$

$$= -\left(\nabla_3 J_{41} \nabla_3 J_{32} g^{33} + \nabla_3 J_{41} \nabla_3 J_{42} g^{34} + \nabla_4 J_{41} \nabla_3 J_{32} g^{43} + \nabla_4 J_{41} \nabla_3 J_{42} g^{44}\right)$$

$$\begin{split} &= - \left( (\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{1}{2} \theta)) (\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1}) (\kappa^{-1} (1 + \theta) \beta^{-1/2}) \right. \\ &\quad + (\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{1}{2} \theta)) (-\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + (-\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3 \theta)) (\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1}) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2}) \\ &\quad + (-\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + 3 \theta)) (-\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1}) (\kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1/2}) \right) \\ &= -\frac{1}{16} \kappa \beta^{-3} \left( 4(1 + \frac{1}{2} \theta) (1 + \theta) - 2(1 + \frac{1}{2} \theta) \theta - 2(1 + 3 \theta) \theta + (1 + 3 \theta) \right) \\ &= -\frac{1}{16} \kappa \beta^{-3} (5 + 5 \theta - 5 \theta^2) \\ &= -\frac{5}{16} \kappa \beta^{-2}. \end{split}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & = \nabla_b J_{42} \nabla_3 J_{b'1} g^{bb'} \\ & = \nabla_3 J_{42} \nabla_3 J_{31} g^{33} + \nabla_3 J_{42} \nabla_3 J_{41} g^{43} + \nabla_4 J_{42} \nabla_3 J_{31} g^{43} + \nabla_4 J_{42} \nabla_3 J_{41} g^4 \\ & = \left( -\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1} \right) \left( \frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 - 2\theta) \right) (\kappa^{-1} (1 + \theta) \beta^{-1/2}) \\ & + \left( -\frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-1} \right) \left( \frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{1}{2} \theta) \right) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2}) \\ & + \left( -\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-1} \right) \left( \frac{\kappa}{4} \beta^{-3/2} (1 - 2\theta) \right) (\kappa^{-1} \theta \beta^{-1/2}) \\ & + \left( -\frac{\kappa}{2} \beta - 1 \right) \left( \frac{\kappa}{2} \beta^{-3/2} (1 + \frac{1}{2} \theta) \right) (\kappa^{-1} \beta^{-1/2}) \\ & = \frac{1}{16} \kappa \beta^{-3} \left( -(1 - 2\theta) (1 + \theta) - 2(1 + \frac{1}{2} \theta) \theta - 2(1 - 2\theta) \theta - 4(1 + \frac{1}{2} \theta) \right) \\ & = \frac{1}{16} \kappa \beta^{-3} (-5 - 5\theta + 5\theta^2) \\ & = -\frac{5}{16} \kappa \beta^{-2}. \end{aligned}$$

We have

$$[[5]] = \kappa \nabla_b J_{3a'_1} \nabla_4 J_{b'a_2} g^{bb'} g^{4a'_2} g^{3a'_1} = 0,$$

since we must have  $a'_1 = 3$  or 4, and  $\nabla_b J_{33} = \nabla_b J_{34} = 0$ . For the same reason,

$$[[6]] = -\kappa \nabla_b J_{3a_1'} \nabla_4 J_{b'a_2} g^{bb'} g^{3a_2'} g^{4a_1'} = 0.$$

Similarly,

$$[[7]] = -\kappa \nabla_b J_{4a'_1} \nabla_3 J_{b'a'_2} g^{bb'} g^{4a'_2} g^{3a'_1} = 0,$$

since  $a_1' = 3$  or 4, and  $\nabla_b J_{43} = 0$ ,  $\nabla_b J_{44} = 0$ . For the same reason,

$$[[8]] = \kappa \nabla_b J_{4a'_1} \nabla_3 J_{b'a_2} g^{bb'} g^{3a'_2} g^{4a'_1} = 0.$$

Thus, we have

$$S_{3,4,2} = 4p^4 \left( -\frac{5}{16} \kappa \beta^{-2} \right) \cdot 4 = -5\kappa \beta^{-2} p^4.$$

This finishes the proofs of Lemma 1.14 and Proposition 1.13.

As explained below Proposition 1.5, this finishes the demonstration of (1.3).

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