## CS204 (Adv. Prog.) First Midterm Exam

1	2	3	<b>4a,b</b>	4c.d,e	5	6a	<b>6b</b>	7	TOTAL

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**SUNET User Name**:

Notes: a) Please answer the questions only in the provided space after each question.

- b) Duration is 100 minutes.
- c) Closed-book, closed-notes, no calculators and computers. ½ (half) A4 size, single-sided, handwritten cheat-note page is allowed.
- d) There must be seven pages (including this one) in this booklet. Please check it out!

## **QUESTIONS**

1) (10 points) What is the output of the following program?

```
int * func (int * p, int * q)
  int * temp = new int;
  *temp = 6;
  *p = *p + 1;
  q = p;
  return temp;
int main ()
  int num = 9;
  int * nump = #
  int * mp = new int;
  *mp = 4;
  cout << num << " " << *nump << " " << *mp << endl;</pre>
  int * fp = new int;
  *fp = 14;
  fp = func (nump, mp);
  cout << num << " " << *nump << " " << *mp << " " << *fp << endl;
  return 0;
}
```

## Write your answer here

```
9 9 4 10 10 4 6
```

2) (9 points) What is the <u>translation unit</u> that corresponds to the following program. Give your answer by filling the box on the right.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
#define F(N) 2*N+1
#define QUIT 27
#define BYE 72
int main ()
  \#if ((F(1)) == QUIT/3)
    cout << "QUIT" << endl;</pre>
  #else
    cout << "BYE" << endl;</pre>
  #endif
  #ifdef QUIT
    #define BYE
     #define QUIT 32
  #endif
  #ifndef BYE
    cout << QUIT BYE << endl;
  #endif
  #undef BYE
  #ifdef OUIT
  #ifndef BYE
    cout << QUIT+QUIT << endl;</pre>
  #endif
    cout << "end" << endl;</pre>
  #endif
  return 0;
}
```

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

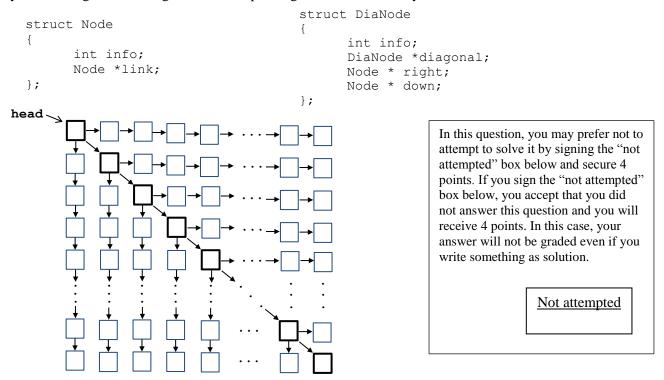
```
int main ()
{
    cout << "BYE" << endl;
    cout << 32+32 << endl;
    cout << "end" << endl;
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

In this question, you may prefer not to attempt to solve it by signing the "not attempted" box below and secure 2 points. If you sign the "not attempted" box below, you accept that you did not answer this question and you will receive 2 points. In this case, your answer will not be graded even if you write something as solution.

Not attempted

## NAME:

3) (18 points) Consider the following dynamic 2D storage. This is a <u>square</u> storage such that the number of rows and columns are the same. There are two different node types (diagonal nodes and non-diagonal nodes). Node structures are given below. The head pointer points to element at (0,0) position. In order to reach the other elements, first you have to move through the diagonal and then you have to go to either right or down depending on the indices that you want to reach.



Write a function that takes head, i and j as parameters and returns the value stored in the node at (i, j) position, i.e.  $i^{th}$  row and  $j^{th}$  column, of this 2D storage. The header of the function is given below for your convenience. Please fill the body. Assume that head is <u>not NULL</u>; there exists an element at (i,j) position. Indexing starts from 0. Endpoints of the nodes are all NULL, but this is not important for the solution since we assume that the requested element exists in the storage.

int element (DiaNode \* head, int i, int j)

p = p->link;

return p->info;

```
int cross;
int loopvar;
DiaNode * dp = head;
Node * p;
if (i < j)
      cross = i;
else
      cross = j;
for (loopvar = 0; loopvar < cross; loopvar++)</pre>
      dp = dp->diagonal;
if (i == j)
      return dp->info;
else if (i < j)
      p = dp -> right;
else //if (i > j)
      p = dp \rightarrow down;
for (loopvar = 1; loopvar < abs(i - j); loopvar++)</pre>
```

//well you had to implement the abs logic :)

}

4)

a) (5 points) Consider the following macro definition.

What is the output of the following program piece? Show your work.

```
cout << SAME(7)*SAME(7) << endl;
cout << SAME(7)*(SAME(7)) << endl;
cout << (SAME(7))*SAME(7) << endl;</pre>
```



**b)** (2 points) Write the necessary piece of code in order to display the value of a string variable myName only in **debug** configuration. You do not need to define myName.

c) (3 points) What is the output of the following piece of program. Show your work.

```
int * p = new int;
*p = 4;
*p = (*p)-- - *p;
cout << *p << endl;</pre>
```



**d)** (3 points) Write a malloc statement in order to dynamically allocate 250 doubles and assign it to a double type pointer dptr.

```
double * dptr = (double *) malloc (250 * sizeof (double));
```

e) (5 points) What is the output of the following piece of program.

```
int * p1 = new int;
*p1 = 9;
int *p2 = new int;
*p2 = 11;
int * r;
r = p1 = p2;
cout << *r << " " << *p1 << " " << *p2 << endl;</pre>
```

5) (15 points) Consider a **doubly linked list** of which the node structure is given below.

```
struct node
{
    int info;
    node * next;
    node * prev;
};
```

The following incomplete function aims to return the <u>median</u> value of a doubly linked list given that the list is sorted. The median of a sorted list is defined as the value stored in the middle element or the arithmetic mean of the two middle elements, depending on whether there are odd or even number of elements.

Complete this function by filling in the boxes with appropriate code. You are not allowed to delete or update anything. Moreover, you cannot add anything other than the code that you are going to write in the boxes

Linked list is **not** implemented as a class.

You may assume that the list is **not empty**. However, there could be any number of elements in it.

```
double median (node * head, node * tail)
  node * hp = head;
  node * tp = tail;
  while
                                                    & &
                    hp != tp
                          hp -> next != tp
                                                         )
{
     hp
                      hp->next
                                           ;
                                                         hp != tp -> prev
                                                            is also OK
                      tp->prev
}
  return ((double) (hp->info + tp->info))/2;
}
```

In this question, you may prefer not to attempt to solve it by signing the "not attempted" box below and secure 3 points. If you sign the "not attempted" box below, you accept that you did not answer this question and you will receive 3 points. In this case, your answer will not be graded even if you write something as solution.

Not attempted

**6**)

**a)** (9 points) Consider the following piece of program and the corresponding output on the right. Fill in the missing boxes in the program so that it gives the output on the right. You are not allowed to delete or update anything. Moreover, you cannot add anything other than the code that you are going to write in the boxes.

```
0 1 2
int **
          nums;
                                                       10 11 12
int i,j;
                                                       20 21 22
                                                       30 31 32
nums =
             new int*
                        [5]
                                                       40 41 42
for (i = 0; i < 5; i++)
     nums[i] =
                         new int
                                   [3]
for (i = 0; i < 5; i++)
      for (j = 0 ; j < 3 ; j++)
           nums[i][j] = i*10 + j;
}
for (i = 0; i < 5; i++)
     int * p = &nums[i][0]; //or just nums[i]
      for (j= 0 ; j< 3 ; j++)
           cout << *p++ << " ";
     cout << endl;</pre>
cout << endl;</pre>
```

**b**) (6 points) Consider the given *party.cpp* and *time.cpp* files, which are **part of the same project** in VS2012. What is the output when this project is compiled, linked and executed?

party.cpp

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace std;

static string s1 = "CS204";
string s2 = "Exam";
void Swap ();

int main ()
{
  cout << s1 << " " << s2 << endl;
  Swap ();
  cout << s1 << " " << s2 << endl;
  return 0;
}</pre>
```

time.cpp

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace std;

string s1 = "Easy";
extern string s2;

void Swap ()
{
   string temp;
   temp = s1;
   s1 = s2;
   s2 = temp;
   cout << s1 << " " << s2 << endl;
}</pre>
```

CS204 Exam Exam Easy CS204 Easy 7) (15 points) The factorial of a non-negative integer number x is defined as  $x \cdot (x-1) \cdot (x-2) \cdot (x-3) \cdots 4.3.2.1$ . The factorial of 0 is defined as 1.

The function below is a partial solution for the following problem:

Write a function that takes a non-negative integer, say n, as parameter and displays factorials of all numbers between and including 0 and n in reverse order. For example, if parameter n is 7, the function should display  $5040\ 720\ 120\ 24\ 6\ 2\ 1\ 1$  as output.

However, the function is incomplete. Complete this function by filling in the boxes with appropriate statements.

You are not allowed to delete or update anything. Moreover, you cannot add anything other than the code that you are going to write in the boxes. Furthermore, you are not allowed to change the <code>DynIntStack</code> class. In other words, you can use only <code>DynIntStack</code> class' <code>push</code>, <code>pop</code>, and <code>isEmpty</code> member functions. Remember that <code>push</code> and <code>pop</code> are void functions and they take integer parameters. <code>isEmpty</code> returns Boolean.

```
void fact N (int n)
     DynIntStack stack;
     int temp;
     stack.
                         push(1)
     for (int i=1; i <= n; i++)
           stack.
                          pop(temp)
           stack.
                          push (temp)
           stack.
                          push(i*temp)
     }
     while
                      !stack.isEmpty()
           stack.
                          pop(temp)
           cout << temp << " ";
     cout << endl;
}
```

In this question, you may prefer not to attempt to solve it by signing the "not attempted" box below and secure 3 points. If you sign the "not attempted" box below, you accept that you did not answer this question and you will receive 3 points. In this case, your answer will not be graded even if you write something as solution.

Not attempted