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// https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/iterative-tower-of-hanoi/
// Edited to conform to C Style
#include <stdlib.h>
typedef struct Stack {
  unsigned capacity;
  int top;
  int *array;
}Stack;
struct Stack* create_stack(unsigned capacity)
    struct Stack* stack = (struct Stack*) malloc(sizeof(struct Stack)); // stack == self
    stack -> capacity = capacity;
    stack \rightarrow top = -1;
    stack -> array = (int*) malloc(stack -> capacity * sizeof(int));
    return stack;
}
int is full(struct Stack* stack)
return (stack->top == stack->capacity - 1); // indicates if top pointer is at last index.
// Stack is empty when top is equal to -1
int is_empty(struct Stack* stack)
return (stack->top == -1);
                                            // Stack is empty if top is equal to -1
// Function to add an item to stack. It increases
void push(struct Stack *stack, int item)
    if (is_full(stack)) return;
                                          //preincrement top index and add item there.
    stack -> array[++stack->top] = item;
}
// Function to remove an item from stack. It
// decreases top by 1
int pop(struct Stack* stack)
    if (is_empty(stack)) return 0;
    return stack -> array[stack->top--]; //return item at top index and postdecrement top.
}
// 03/30/24 added by Enrique
int peek(struct Stack* stack){
    if (is_empty(stack)) return 0;
    return stack -> array[stack->top];
}
```