# Lab Work - Week 4

Math 105B Lab

Summer Session II - 2022

## 1 Enhanced Integration

### CODING ASSIGNMENT 11 - Romberg Integration

Produce a function with the following specifications:

NAME: | rombergInt $_{\#}#########$ 

INPUT: f,a,b,N OUTPUT: Rout

DESCRIPTION: Rout is the N by N lower triangular matrix of the iterative Romberg

Integration approximations to the integral  $\int_a^b f(x) dx$ .

PSEDUOCODE: | Pg. 216

#### **EXERCISES**

1. Use the composite trapezoidal rule to compute the integral  $\int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} \cos(x) dx$  for N = 1, 2, 4, 8, 16. Then compare your results to the output you get from rombergInt.

## CODING ASSIGNMENT 12 - Adaptive Simpsons's Method

Produce a function with the following specifications:

NAME: | adaptSimpsonInt\_#########

INPUT: | f, a, b, TOL, N

OUTPUT: APP

DESCRIPTION: APP is the approximate value of the integral  $\int_a^b f(x) dx$  using

adaptive Simpson's method with error tolerance TOL, and maximum

level N

PSEUDOCODE: Pg. 224

#### **EXERCISES**

Consider the integral  $\int_0^{2\pi} \cos(2x)e^{-x} dx$ .

- 1. Calculate the exact value of this integral.
- 2. Use the composite Simpson's rule over the whole interval to evaluate the integral, using n=10, 20, 50, 100. Produce one plot showing the error from the numerical quadrature as a function of n. Compare the result to the error estimate.

3. (Participation Assessment) Apply the adaptive Simpson's rule to the integral listed above, with desired accuracy  $0.5 \times 10^{-4}$ . Suppose the maximum number of levels is N=2. Is this possible? If not, what do you need to set the maximum number of levels to? How many quadrature points would the non-adaptive method require for this level of accuracy?