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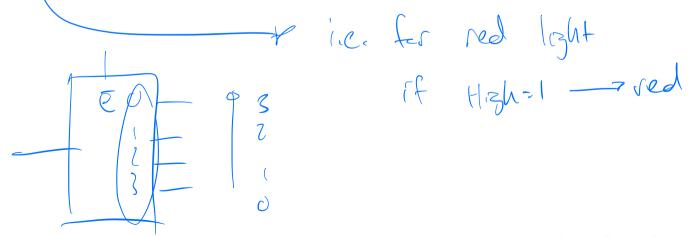
Announcements

Announcements: Upcoming Exams and Homework

- Midterm is March 10 or 11 (depends on section/form you filled out at the beginning of the semester)
- HW3 graded, will have HW4 graded ideally over the weekend (after all submissions received)

Announcements: Homework 3 Feedback

- Common errors from Homework 3:
 - Be sure to label the inputs/outputs of your decoders, MUXes, and similar circuitry (better safe than sorry)
 - Use "don't cares" in Q3 whenever you have various possible inputs combinations for the same output, think about using "don't cares" (i.e. 10 and 11 both result in red lamp color)
 - \bullet For questions like Q4/Q5, try creating some additional example strings
 - Exam will not provide examples of all edge cases (but the behavior will be well-defined)



Announcements: Feedback

• Form: https://forms.gle/cnUmKVNYN7WvRbHA6

Midterm Review

Midterm Review: Overview

- The following slides list out the topics and techniques for notable homework questions and all exam questions
 - Not going to talk about Warmup Problems those are pretty straightforward and covered in other problems
- You should know how to solve all of the HW problems and exam problems
- All references to lectures and slides are based on the GitHub repository (updated as of March 1)

- All conversions to and from binary should be second nature
- Q3: should know how to correctly detect overflow for both binary and 2's-complement addition algorithms (Lecture 01, Slides 67-68)

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• Q5: should know how to compare numbers (in all forms of binary, but the structure of floating point numbers makes it easy to compare) (Lecture 01, Slide 79)

- Q1/Q2: should be able to simplify to minimize literals (Lecture 02, Slides 16-30)
 - Should also be second nature (except detecting XORs/XNORs, which take more time)
 - If stuck, try using K-maps
- Q3/Q4/Q5: De Morgan's Law (Lecture 02, Slides 22-29)
- Q6/Q7/Q8: Boolean expressions/minterms to K-maps to Boolean expressions (Lecture 03, Slides 32-67)
 - "Don't cares" (Lecture 03, Slides 71-81)
 - Filling out a K-map should take no longer than 30 seconds (rough estimate)
 - Practice use friends or online resources to check your work
 - Online K-map resource: http://www.32x8.com/index.html

- Q1: using smaller combinational circuitry to build larger combinational circuitry (Lecture 04, Slides 52-97)
- Q2: meaning of minterms (Lecture 03, Slides 16-18)
- Q3/Q4/Q5: word problem to truth table/K-map to Boolean expressions (Lecture 04, Slides 98-104)
 - Verify that you know what your inputs and outputs are (e.g. inputs are ABCD, outputs are NSH, NSL, EWH, EWL

 Q2/Q3: word problem to truth table/K-map to Boolean expressions for FSMs (Lecture 06, Slides 24-42 and 43-71)

Midterm Review: Spring 18 Midterm

- Q1: word problem to truth table/K-map to Boolean expressions (Lecture 04, Slides 98-104)
 - If input is "unused", think "don't care"
- Q2: unsigned binary comparison
 - Q2b: using pre-defined circuits to implement more complex circuit (means that this is independent of implementation in Q2a for base case)
 - Q2c: MUXes to handle casework
 - Q2d: 2's complement binary comparison
 - Q2e: similar to ripple carry adder (Lecture 04, Slides 115-117)
- Q3: not relevant

Midterm Review: Fall 18 Midterm

- Q1:
 - Q1a: binary addition (Lecture 01, Slides 10-21)
 - Q1b: MUXes to handle casework
- Q2: 1's and 2's complement
 - Q2a: conversion from binary to 1's complement and binary to 2's complement (Lecture 01, Slides 37-46)
 - Q2b: k-bit addition and reusing inputs (Lecture 04, Slides 105-114)
 - Q2c: MUXes to handle casework
- Q3: word problem to truth table/K-map to Boolean expressions (Lecture 04, Slides 98-104)

Midterm Review: Spring 19 Midterm

• Q1:

- Q1a: unsigned binary overflow (for addition, not subtraction: Lecture 01, Slides 29-36)
- Q1b: detecting overflow (Lecture 01, Slides 67-68)
- Q1c: unsigned binary subtraction overflow
- Q1d: MUXes to handle casework
- Q1e: "A Slick MUX trick" (Lecture 04, Slides 78-82)
- Q2: identifying behavior of latch given inputs (Lecture 05, Slides 12-17, 18-24, and 25-27)
- Q3: word problem to truth table/K-map to Boolean expressions for FSMs (Lecture 06, Slides 24-42 and 43-71)
 - Q3a: determining FSM (Lecture 06, Slides 24-32 and 44-50)
 - Q3b: filling in truth table for given flip-flop and getting Boolean expression (Lecture 06, Slides 33-35, 36-37, 38-42, and 56-71)

Midterm Review: Spring 21 Midterm

- Q1: full adder (Lecture 04, Slides 105-114)
 - Q1a: contraction (Lecture 04, Slides 127-134)
 - Q1b: MUXes to handle casework
- Q2:
 - Q2a: conversion from binary to 1's complement and binary to 2's complement (Lecture 01, Slides 37-46)
 - Q2b: Range of representation of binary numbers (Lecture 01, Slides 58) and 2's complement overflow (Lecture 01, Slide 68)
- Q3:
 - Q3a: determining FSM (Lecture 06, Slides 24-32 and 44-50)
 - Q3b: filling in truth table for given flip-flop and getting Boolean expression (Lecture 06, Slides 33-35, 36-37, 38-42, and 56-71)

Midterm Review: Other Important Topics and References

- Bitwise Operations (Lecture 02, Slides 39-42)
- XOR Gates (Lecture 02, Slides 9-10 and 54-55)
- NAND and NOR Gates (Lecture 02, Slides 43-45)
- SoP and PoS (Lecture 03, Slides 4-9)
- Minterms and Maxterms (Lecture 03, Slides 10-28)
- Implicant Terminology (Lecture 03, Slide 57)
- "Standard Circuits" (Lecture 04, Slides 35-51)
- Adder Circuits (Lecture 04, Slides 105-114 and 115-126)
- Contraction (Lecture 04, Slides 127-134)
- Latches (Lecture 05, Slides 4-52)
- Flip Flops (Lecture 05, Slides 53-83)
- Finite State Machines (Lecture 06, Slides 18-71)