MBA Global - Group Project

The role of Social Media in influencing consumer purchasing decision

CASE STUDY OF AUTOMOBILE INDUSTRY IN SAUDI ARABIA

Note: This is a sample from the final presentation, which contains only work done by Ehab Mohamed.

Agenda

- Business Problem
- Conceptual Framework
- Quantitative Analysis
- Conclusion

Business Problem

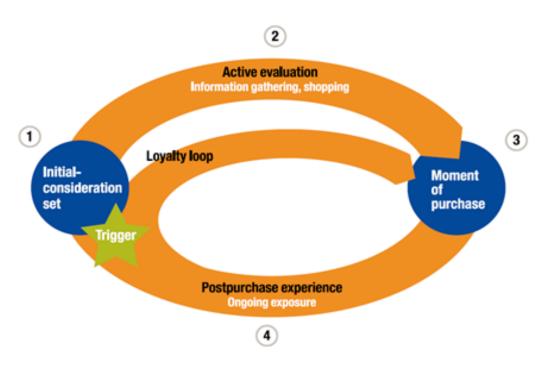
- Social media became a two-way street between consumers and marketers.
- Social media consumers are looking for more experiences and engagement.
- 52% of marketers believe their brands enjoyed significant influence because of social media.
- However, 17% only see that social media is aligned into their marketing strategies.
- Social media return can't be quantified or measured.
- Consumer expectations are high.
- Gap between what consumers want and what they get from brands online.
- An opportunity for social business advantage.
- Brands need to know how to properly utilize the social media platforms.

(CMO Council, 2011)

McKinsey Funnel Model

McKinsey funnel model illustrates the Consumer Decision Journey which represents the decision-making process or the purchase funnel.

- Initial consideration set: the consumer considers an initial set of brands, based on brand perceptions and exposure to recent touch points.
- Active evaluation: consumers add or subtract brands as they evaluate what they want.
- Purchase: the consumer selects a brand at the moment of purchase.
- Postpurchase experience: the consumer builds expectations based on experience to inform the next decision journey.
- Loyalty loop: the consumer loyalty after purchasing which influence the new consumer decision making process.

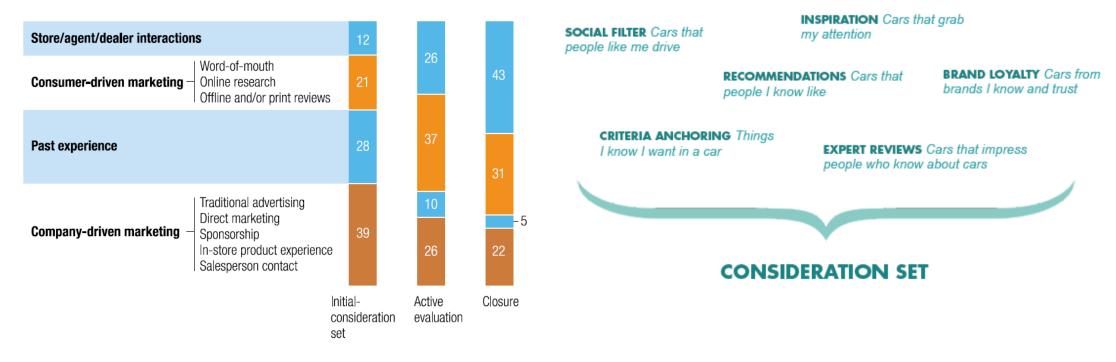


(Court *et al.*, 2009)

Consumer-Driven Marketing and Their Consideration Set

Two-thirds of the touch points involve consumer-driven marketing activities during the active evaluation phase.

Variety of influences may shape the consumer consideration set:

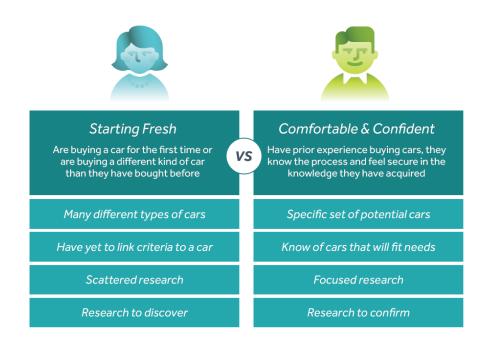


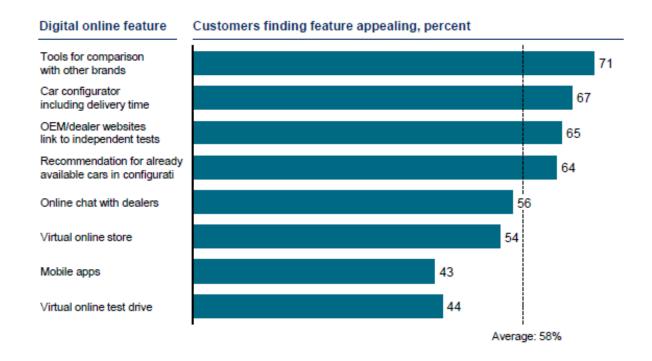
(Court *et al.*, 2009) (Cars.com, 2014)

Consumers Types and Internet

Consumers can be categorized in two primary types.

What digital features found appealing by customers?





(Cars.com, 2014) (Camplone *et al.*, 2013)

Quantitative Analysis

- Online Survey with 30 questions was sent to consumers in Saudi market and got 109 responses.
- Survey responses were consolidated on one Excel Sheet and analyzed using two methods of statistical analysis:
 - Exploratory data analysis:
 - Analyse response dataset to visually summarize the main characteristics of it.
 - Correlation analysis:
 - Find out the relationships among different variables (survey answers).
 - The correlation coefficient is a measure of linear association between two variables.
 - Values of the correlation coefficient are between -1 and +1.
 - The empirical covariance of pairs of data (X_i, Y_i) is:

Cov(X, Y) =
$$\frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (X_i - \bar{X})(Y_i - \bar{Y})$$

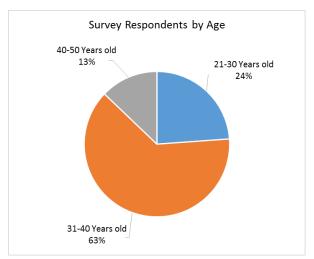
The correlation is defined as:

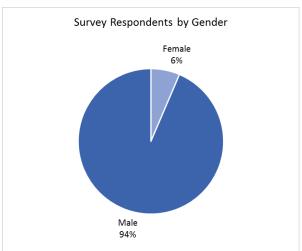
$$Cor(X, Y) = \frac{Cov(X, Y)}{S_x S_v}$$

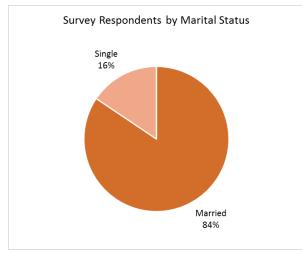
- Sx and Sy are the estimates of standard deviations for the observations and observations, respectively.
- R software for statistical computing is used for cleaning data and calculating the correlations values.

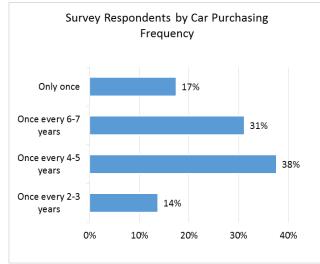


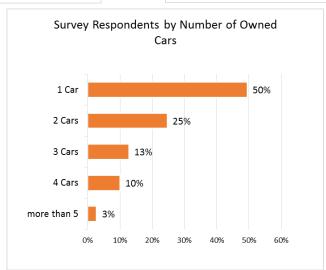
Demographics



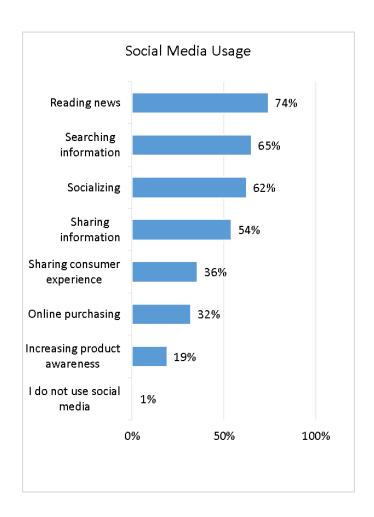


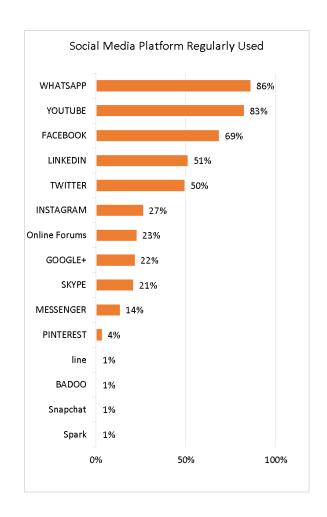


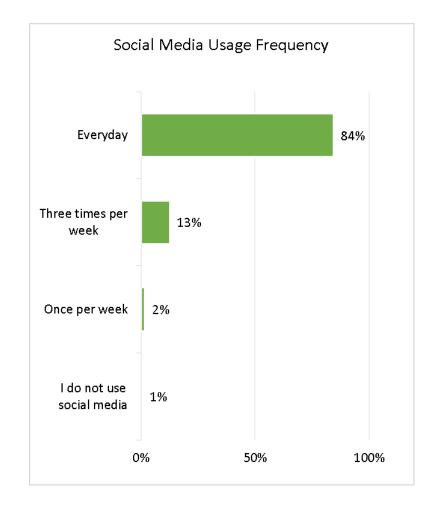




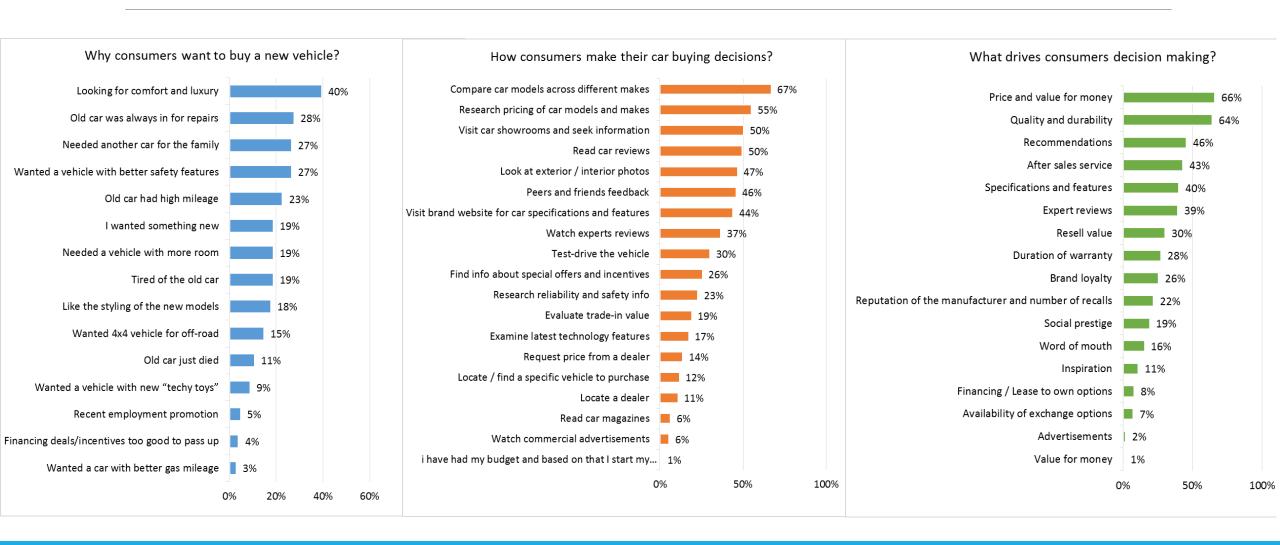
Social Media Usage



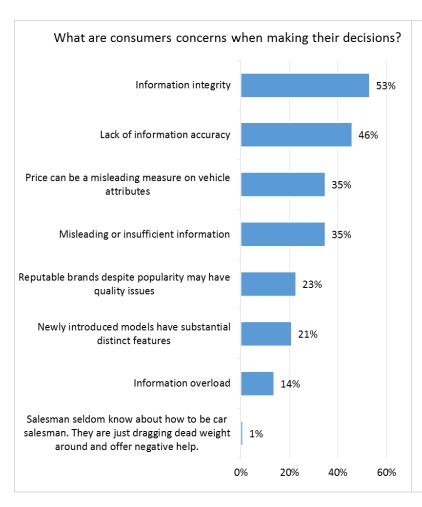


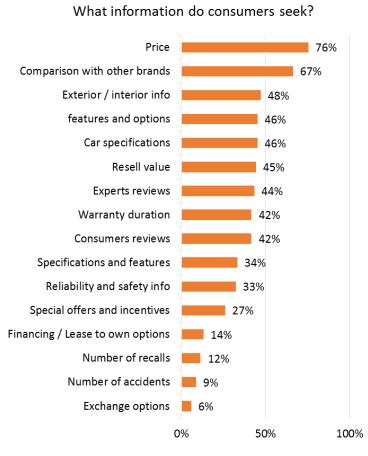


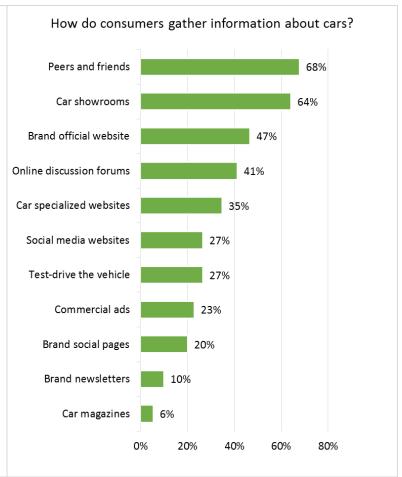
Purchasing Decision



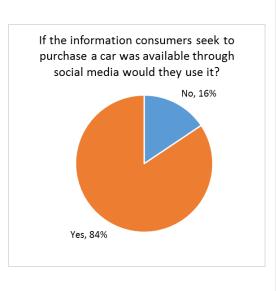
Purchasing Decision (Continue)

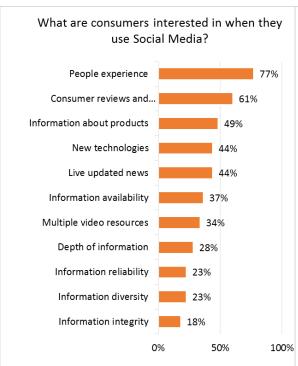


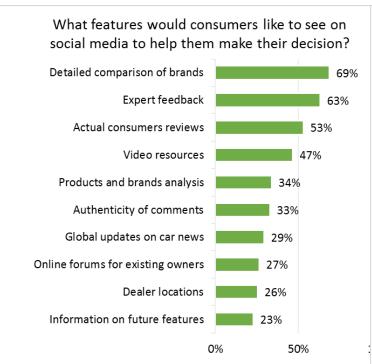


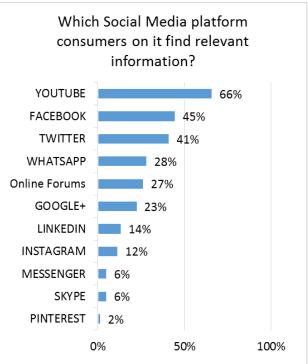


Social Media Decision Support

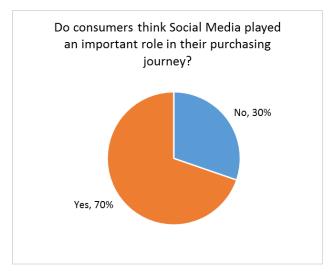


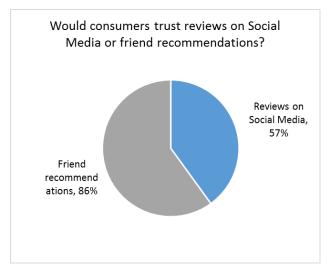


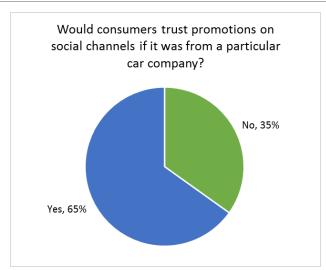


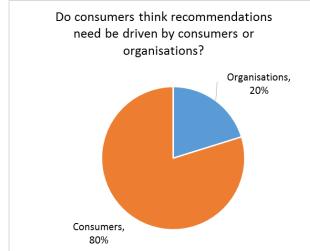


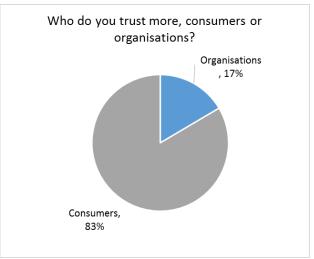
Social Media Evaluation





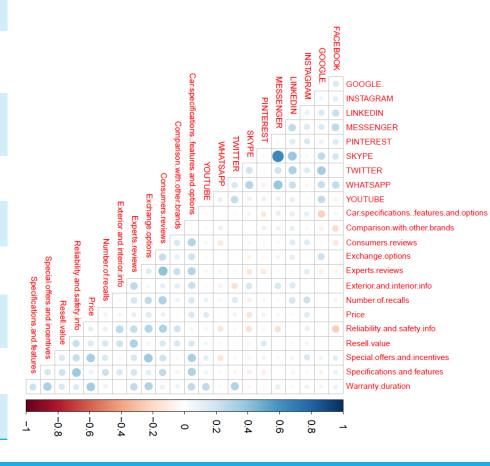






Group A - Social Media Platform and Sought Information Hypothesis

		Age group			Purchase frequency group (Years)			
	Overall	21-30	31-40	40-50	Only once	Once every 6-7	Once every 4-5	Once every 2-3
A.H1: Consumers who seek car specifications , features and options information tend to find cars relevant information on Facebook .	√	√	√	√	√	√	X	X
	0.06	0.13	0.02	0.29	0.47	0.34	-0.18	-0.46
A.H2: Consumers who seek comparison with other brands information tend to find cars relevant information on YouTube .	√	X	√	X	√	X	√	X
	0.03	-0.18	0.13	-0.21	0.01	-0.16	0.22	0
A.H3: Consumers who seek consumers reviews tend to find cars relevant information on Facebook .	X	√	X	X	X	√	X	√
	-0.14	0.04	-0.22	0	-0.09	0.15	-0.47	0.07
A.H4: Consumers who seek consumers reviews tend to find cars relevant information on LinkedIn .	√	√	√	√	√	√	X	X
	0.14	0.07	0.14	0.25	0.39	0.33	-0.05	-0.04
A.H5: Consumers who seek experts reviews tend to find cars relevant information on YouTube .	√	X	√	√	√	X	√	X
	0.05	-0.22	0.09	0.41	0.05	-0.05	0.23	−0.22
A.H6: Consumers who seek experts reviews tend to find cars relevant information on Facebook .	X	X	X	√	√	√	X	X
	-0.06	-0.2	-0.03	0.14	0.26	0.2	-0.27	−0.46
A.H7: Consumers who seek price information tend to find cars relevant information on Twitter .	√	X	√	X	√	√	√	X
	0.08	0	0.05	0	0.37	0.06	0.13	-0.34
A.H8: Consumers who seek price information tend to find cars relevant information on Facebook .	X	√	X	X	X	√	X	X
	-0.01	0.09	-0.08	0	-0.17	0.23	-0.16	-0.04



Conclusion

- Qualitative and quantitative analysis held in the project yields to highlight important insights including (but not limited to):
 - How do consumers take their purchasing decisions?
 - What role does social media play in their purchasing journey?
 - How do consumers evaluate social media?
 - The correlation between the features consumers are looking for and the information they seek.
 - The correlation between the social media consumers find relevant information on and the information they seek.
- Social media successful characteristics and features which attract consumers are already operating independently.
- This causes a gap between what brands publish and what consumers receive from independent resources.
- In order to decrease this gap, brands are required to penetrate these independent social media channels and interact directly with consumers.

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