Class 5 Data Visualization with ggplot2

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Using GGPLOT

The ggplot2 package needs to be installed as it does not come with R "out of the box" We have to use the install.packages() function to install ggplot2

To use ggplot I need to load it up before I can call any of the functions in the package. I do this with the library() function.

```
#install.packages("ggplot2")
library(ggplot2)
ggplot()
```

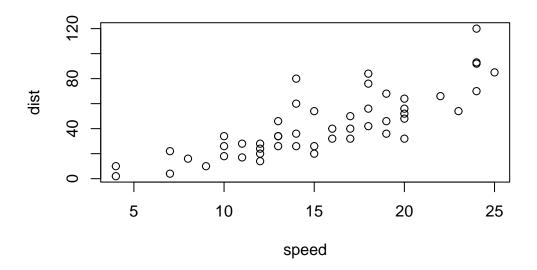
All ggplot figures have at least 3 things: - data (the stuff we want to plot) - aesthetics mapping (aes vales) - geoms

```
ggplot(cars) +
  aes(x=speed, y=dist) +
  geom_point()
```



ggplot is not the only graphing system in R there are lots of others. There is even "base R" graphics.

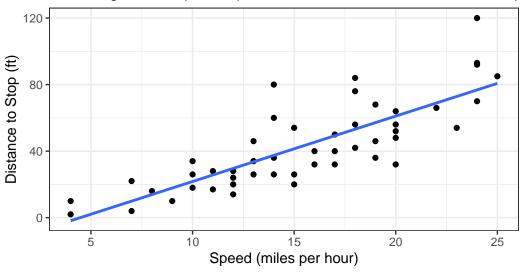
plot(cars)



`geom_smooth()` using formula = 'y ~ x'

Speed versus Stopping Distance of Cars

Measuring how car speed impacts the amount of distance it takes to stop



nce it takes to stop is a positive correlation. The faster the car, the greater distance it needs to stop.

```
url <- "https://bioboot.github.io/bimm143_S20/class-material/up_down_expression.txt"
genes <- read.delim(url)
head(genes)</pre>
```

```
Gene Condition1 Condition2 State
1 A4GNT -3.6808610 -3.4401355 unchanging
2 AAAS 4.5479580 4.3864126 unchanging
3 AASDH 3.7190695 3.4787276 unchanging
4 AATF 5.0784720 5.0151916 unchanging
5 AATK 0.4711421 0.5598642 unchanging
6 AB015752.4 -3.6808610 -3.5921390 unchanging
```

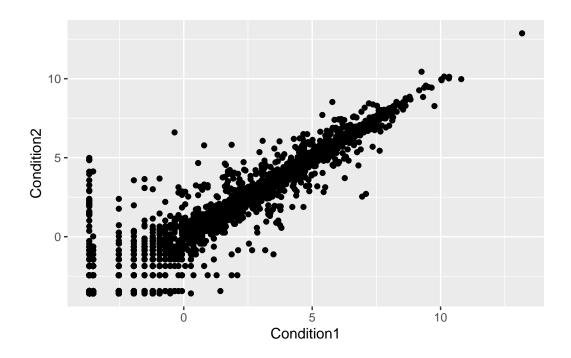
Number of genes in the dataset:

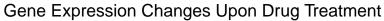
```
nrow(genes)
```

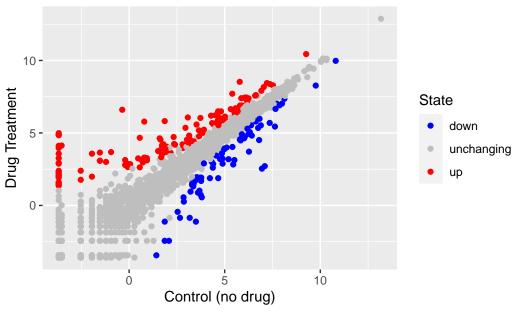
[1] 5196

The column names and number of columns in the dataset, respectively:

```
colnames(genes)
[1] "Gene"
                  "Condition1" "Condition2" "State"
  ncol(genes)
[1] 4
Tabulated "State" of genes
  table(genes$State)
      down unchanging
                               up
        72
                  4997
                               127
Fraction of genes up-regulated in this dataset
  round(table(genes$State)/nrow(genes) * 100, 2)
      down unchanging
                               up
      1.39
                 96.17
                              2.44
  ggplot(genes) +
    aes(x=Condition1, y=Condition2) +
    geom_point()
```







Section 7

```
#install.packages("gapminder")
#install.packages("dplyr")
library(gapminder)
library(dplyr)
```

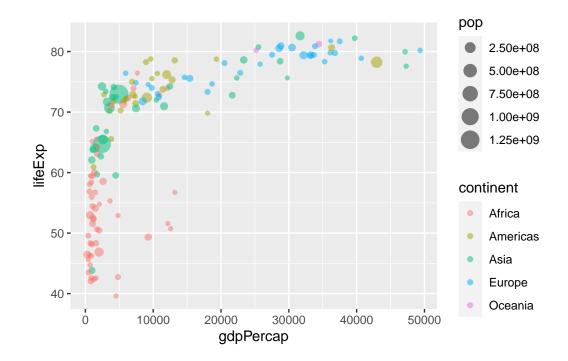
```
Attaching package: 'dplyr'
```

```
The following objects are masked from 'package:stats': filter, lag
```

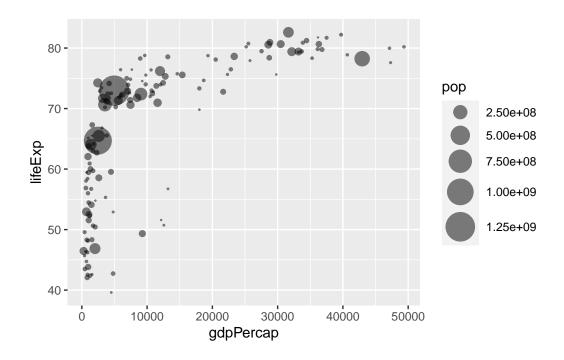
The following objects are masked from 'package:base': intersect, setdiff, setequal, union

```
{\tt gapminder\_2007} \; < - \; {\tt gapminder} \; \% > \% \; {\tt filter(year==2007)}
```

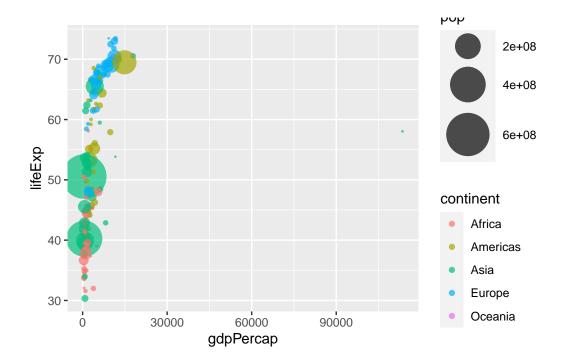
```
ggplot(gapminder_2007) +
  aes(x=gdpPercap, y=lifeExp, color=continent, size = pop) +
  geom_point(alpha=0.5)
```



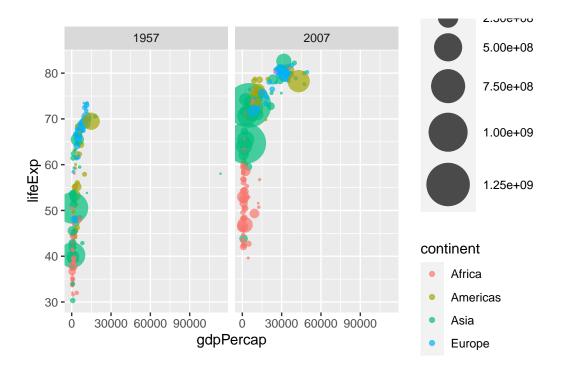
```
ggplot(gapminder_2007) +
  aes(x = gdpPercap, y = lifeExp, size = pop) +
  geom_point(alpha=0.5) +
  scale_size_area(max_size=10)
```



```
gapminder_1957 <- gapminder %>% filter(year==1957)
ggplot(gapminder_1957) +
  aes(x=gdpPercap, y=lifeExp, color = continent, size =pop) +
  geom_point(alpha=0.7) +
  scale_size_area(max_size = 15)
```



```
gapminder_1957 <- gapminder %>% filter(year==1957 | year == 2007)
ggplot(gapminder_1957) +
  aes(x=gdpPercap, y=lifeExp, color = continent, size =pop) +
  geom_point(alpha=0.7) +
  scale_size_area(max_size = 15) +
  facet_wrap(~year)
```



Section 8

```
gapminder_top5 <- gapminder %>%
  filter(year==2007) %>%
  arrange(desc(pop)) %>%
  top_n(5, pop)

gapminder_top5
```

Asia

Americas

A tibble: 5 x 6 country continent year lifeExp pop gdpPercap <fct> <fct> <int> <dbl> <int> <dbl> 1 China 2007 73.0 1318683096 4959. Asia 2 India Asia 2007 64.7 1110396331 2452. 3 United States Americas 2007 78.2 301139947 42952.

2007

2007

Country by Population

4 Indonesia

5 Brazil

70.6

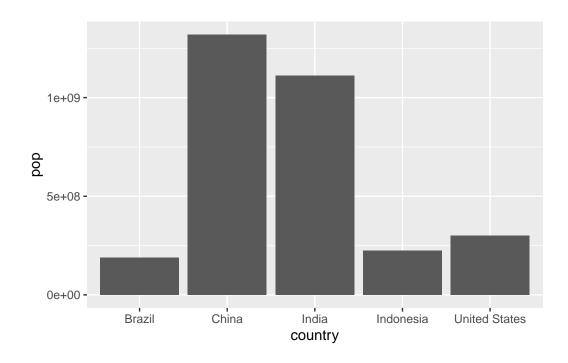
223547000

72.4 190010647

3541.

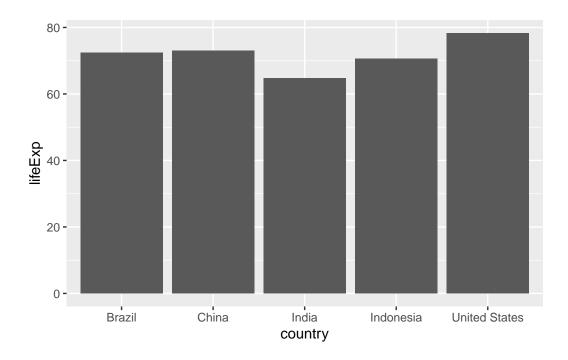
9066.

```
ggplot(gapminder_top5) +
geom_col(aes(x = country, y = pop))
```



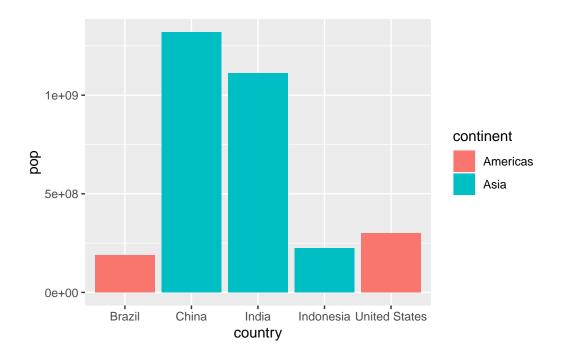
Country by Life Expectancy

```
ggplot(gapminder_top5) +
  geom_col(aes(x = country, y = lifeExp))
```



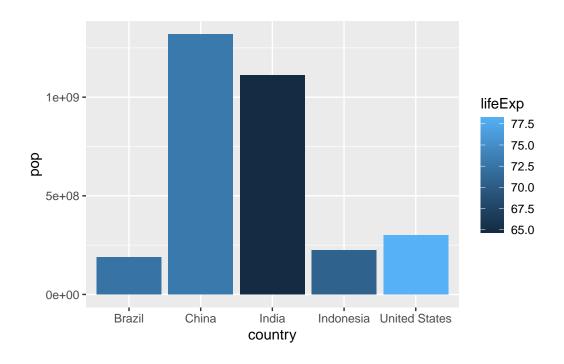
Country by Population with color

```
ggplot(gapminder_top5) +
  geom_col(aes(x = country, y = pop, fill = continent))
```

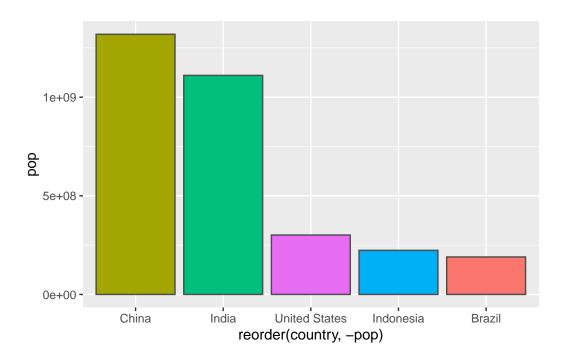


Country by Population but with color based on life expectancy

```
ggplot(gapminder_top5) +
  geom_col(aes(x = country, y = pop, fill=lifeExp))
```



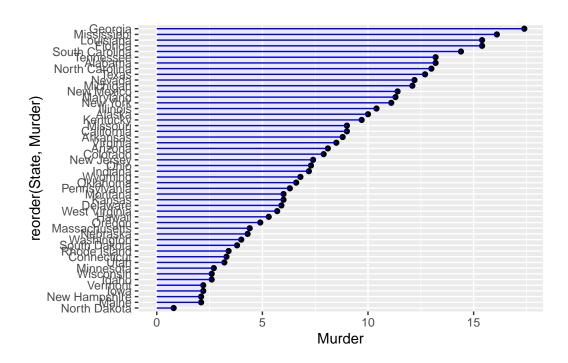
```
ggplot(gapminder_top5) +
  aes(x=reorder(country, -pop), y=pop, fill=country) +
  geom_col(col="gray30") +
  guides(fill="none")
```



Flipping Bar Charts

```
head(USArrests)
```

	Murder	${\tt Assault}$	UrbanPop	Rape
Alabama	13.2	236	58	21.2
Alaska	10.0	263	48	44.5
Arizona	8.1	294	80	31.0
Arkansas	8.8	190	50	19.5
${\tt California}$	9.0	276	91	40.6
Colorado	7.9	204	78	38.7



Animation

```
#install.packages("gapminder")
#install.packages("gganimate")
# library(gapminder)
# library(gganimate)
#
# ggplot(gapminder, aes(gdpPercap, lifeExp, size = pop, colour = country)) +
# geom_point(alpha = 0.7, show.legend = FALSE) +
# scale_colour_manual(values = country_colors) +
# scale_size(range = c(2, 12)) +
# scale_x_log10() +
# facet_wrap(~continent) +
# labs(title = 'Year: {frame_time}', x = 'GDP per capita', y = 'life expectancy') +
# transition_time(year) +
# shadow_wake(wake_length = 0.1, alpha = FALSE)
```

Combining Plots

`geom_smooth()` using method = 'loess' and formula = 'y ~ x'

