

Data compression using Huffman algorithm

This is how it works, you create a Huffman tree using a `FrequencyTable` or directly from a string, because `FrequencyTable` is constructed from a string. A `FrequencyTable` on creation analyzes the string and stores a vector of `HuffmanNodes`, every node contains a character and how many times that character is observed in the string (weight of node). In the constructor of the `HuffmanTree` is called the helper function `buildHuffmanTree` which builds a min heap from the `FrequencyTable` using the weight of the nodes as priority values, after that the first two nodes are merged into an `InternalNode`, this process is repeated until only one node is left, which is our root node. After that with a recursive traversal from the root node a `CodingTable` is created (Coding table – maps a given character with a `BitString` (`BitString` - a wrapper class around `vector<bool>` for convenience)). And our tree is ready to rumble.

Class Diagram:

