System Programming (ELEC462)

Lab #12

Dukyun Nam HPC Lab@KNU

Lab #12-1: Writing tinybc

- Write tinybc
 - Source code for submission
 - tinybc.c
 - Make sure that your code must work properly

Lab #12-2: Writing timeserv and timeclnt

- Write time server and client
 - Source code for submission
 - timeserv.c, timeclnt.c
 - Make sure that your code must work properly

Lab #12-3: Make remote ls more secure

- Rewrite rlsd
 - o Drop popen and use fork, exec, dup, etc.
 - Using popen in a server is extremely risky
 - Source code for submission
 - rls.c, rlsd2.c
 - Make sure that your code must work properly

Lab #12: Submission

- Deadline: Tomorrow 11:59pm
 - Create a directory name (lab12) to another using a series of the following commands:
 - mkdir lab12_s<Your_Student_ID>
 - Assume your ID is 2022000000.
 - Zip your folder:
 - zip -r lab12_s2022000000.zip lab12_s2022000000
- Please include your <u>source codes</u> and <u>screenshots</u> of your output

• Upload the zipped directory (lab12_s2022000000.zip) into LMS

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HW #3

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Monitoring System Resources

- Choose which resources to monitor
 - o CPU usage and memory usage must be included.
- Choose more what you want to monitor
 - For example, back-end server administrators can monitor network resources.
 - Parallel computing server users can monitor GPU memory and processes
 - However, it only monitors a single server.
- Describe the monitoring tool, including why you chose that resource with the assumed situation.
- TA
 - 양희성 (leibniz21c at gmail.com)
- Evaluation Criteria
 - Monitor interface (including visualization) (30%)
 - Program completeness (exclude bugs and errors) (20%)
 - Justification of the chosen resource for the assumed circumstances (50%)

System Monitoring

- System monitoring is important for the following reasons:
 - Change to real-time web/mobile service environment
 - Business success depends on service performance management
 - Emergence of a new infrastructure environment

< htop for single system >



< Prometheus and Grafana >

Linux Perf Analysis

- uptime
 - Load averages to identify if load is increasing or decreasing (compare 1-, 5-, and 15-minute averages)
- dmesg -T | tail
 - Kernel errors including OOM events
- vmstat -SM 1
 - System-wide statistics: run queue length, swapping, overall CPU usage
- mpstat -P ALL 1
 - Per-CPU balance: a single busy CPU can indicate poor thread scaling
- pidstat 1
 - Per-process CPU usage: identify unexpected CPU consumers, and user/system CPU time for each process

- iostat -sxz 1
 - Disk I/O statistics: IOPS and throughput, average wait time, percent busy
- free -m
 - Memory usage including the file system cache
- sar -n DEV 1
 - Network device I/O: packets and throughput
- sar -n TCP, ETCP 1
 - TCP statistics: connection rates, retransmits
- top
 - Check overview

HW #3: Submission

- Deadline: The day after 2 weeks
 - \circ Create a directory name (hw3) to another using a series of the following commands:
 - mkdir hw3_s<Your_Student_ID>
 - Assume your ID is 2022000000.
 - Include a <u>screenshot</u> of your output
 - Zip your folder:
 - zip -r hw3 s2022000000.zip hw3 s2022000000
- Upload the zipped directory (hw3_s202200000.zip) into LMS