Getting and Cleaning Data Notes

RAW DATA is the original untouched data. Might be pressure samples that are averaged to report blood pressure, might be raw images from a gene sequencing machine.

How do you know you have raw data?

* You ran no software on the data
* Did not manipulate any of the numbers in the data
* Did not remove any data from the dataset
* Did not summarize the data in any way

Tidy Data:

* Each variable should be in one column
* Each different observation should be in a different row
* There should be one table for each kind of variable
* If there are multiple tables, they should include a column that allows them to be linked.
* Include a row at the top of each file with variable names
* Make the variable names human-readable
* Save data in one file per table.

The Code Book

* Information about the variables including units that are not in the data file.
* Information about the summary choices you made.
* Information about the experimental design.

Commonly this is a text or Word-format file.

Include a section “Study Design” that thoroughly describes how you collected the data.

Include a section “Code Book” that describes each variable and its units.

The Instruction List

A computer script in some language like R

Input for the script is the raw data; output is the processed tidy data.

NO PARAMETERS to the SCRIPT!

If you can’t automate everything, include explicit instructions for manual steps, including details like versions of software tools used to process the data.

DOWNLOADING FILES

Use setwd() and getwd()

Remember relative vs. absolute paths (./data vs. /home/ehemdal/data)

Remember to double backslashes on Windows: setwd(“C:\\git\\datascience\\data”)

You can check to see if a file exists and create subdirectories:

if (!file.exists(“data”)) {

dir.create(“data”)

}

Using download.file()

Downloads a file from the Internet. Parameters are:

url, destfile, method. Useful for tab-delimited, CSV, and other files.

The download.file() method works with HTTP and should work with HTTPS on Windows. Record the date downloaded with date().