



EHLKE ORGANIZA

IMPACT MANAGEMENT CAPABILITY ASSESSMENT REPORT

RELATIV IMPACT
FEBRUARY 2024

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1

INTRODUCTION

INTRODUCTION

Thank you for embarking on this journey of discovery and development with us.

We trust the process in itself will be valuable and help facilitate and stretch your thinking on Impact Management, its role within your organization, and how maturing this capability in and across your organization can support more effective achievement of your impact goals and objectives.

This report is based on your completion of the Impact Management Capability Assessment Survey. It is intended to give you a 'point-in-time' view of where you are currently, and what key actions you can take to further progress on your journey towards maturity and optimizing the value you can derive from Impact Management as a capability.

The core of the report includes the results of your [Capability Assessment Survey](#) at a high-level with a [summary roadmap](#) of potential actions, followed by a more detailed view of your [results per dimension](#) and the elements which make up each dimension of impact management as a capability. Each results section includes recommendations for key actions you can take. The report also reflects additional information including key terms and definitions; information about the [capability maturity model](#) used; the [capability maturity assessment matrix](#) that underlies the results mapping and typical journey of maturity; as well as a [resource bank](#) with links to our favourite resources, tools and literature on topics covered in the report that could assist with your planning to implement the recommendations.

It is important to note that developing and maturing a new capability is a journey, one that takes time and is likely to be ever-changing in line with the dynamic context and environment in which you work. The typical nature of organizational maturing, means you are likely to experience cycles of maturing and triggers that will prompt refinements and adaptations over time, rather than a single linear progression from a static point. So, continue to review progress, prioritize actions, and celebrate milestones in cycles along the way.

You will be able to complete the Impact Management Capability Assessment Survey multiple times in the future to track and review your progress over time, as well as to set new plans of actions to further mature in the future.

SHIFTS

Current and future state is considered to identify required shifts in key areas of the organisation's impact management capability. These shifts can be used to develop an action plan (development path) to close gaps in each dimension.



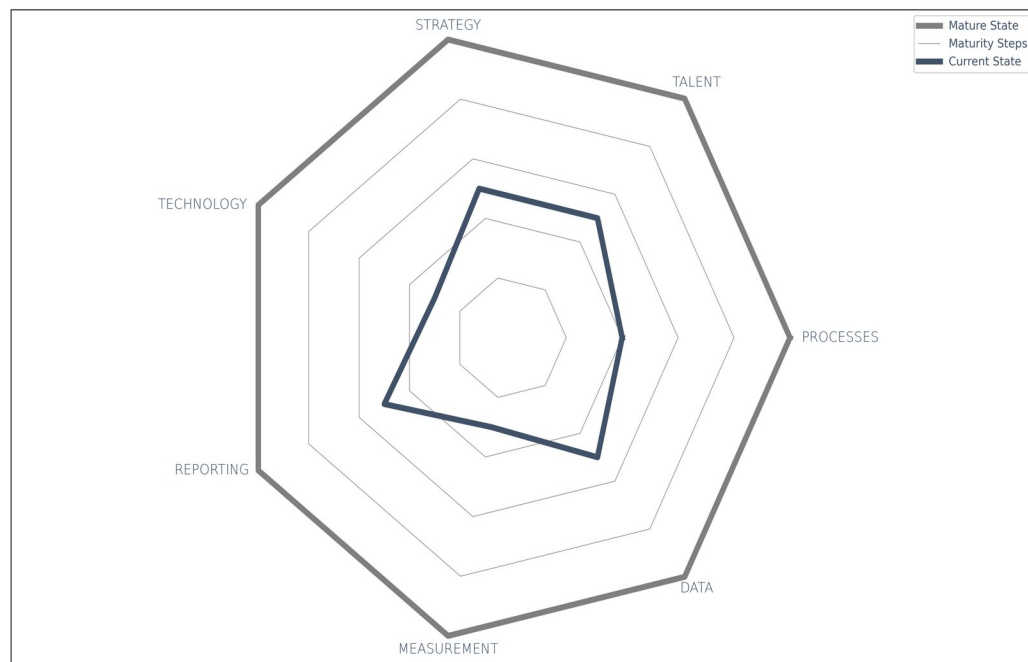


2

RESULTS : OVERVIEW

OVERVIEW

The figure below provides a summary view of the current state (where we are now) and future state (where we want to get to) across the capability dimensions. Where more than one element is included within a dimension, the average across all contributing elements is reflected, with equal weighting. This is followed by a detailed breakdown of the capability assessment results, considering key recommendations for actions per capability dimension, and each of the elements that make up the respective dimensions.

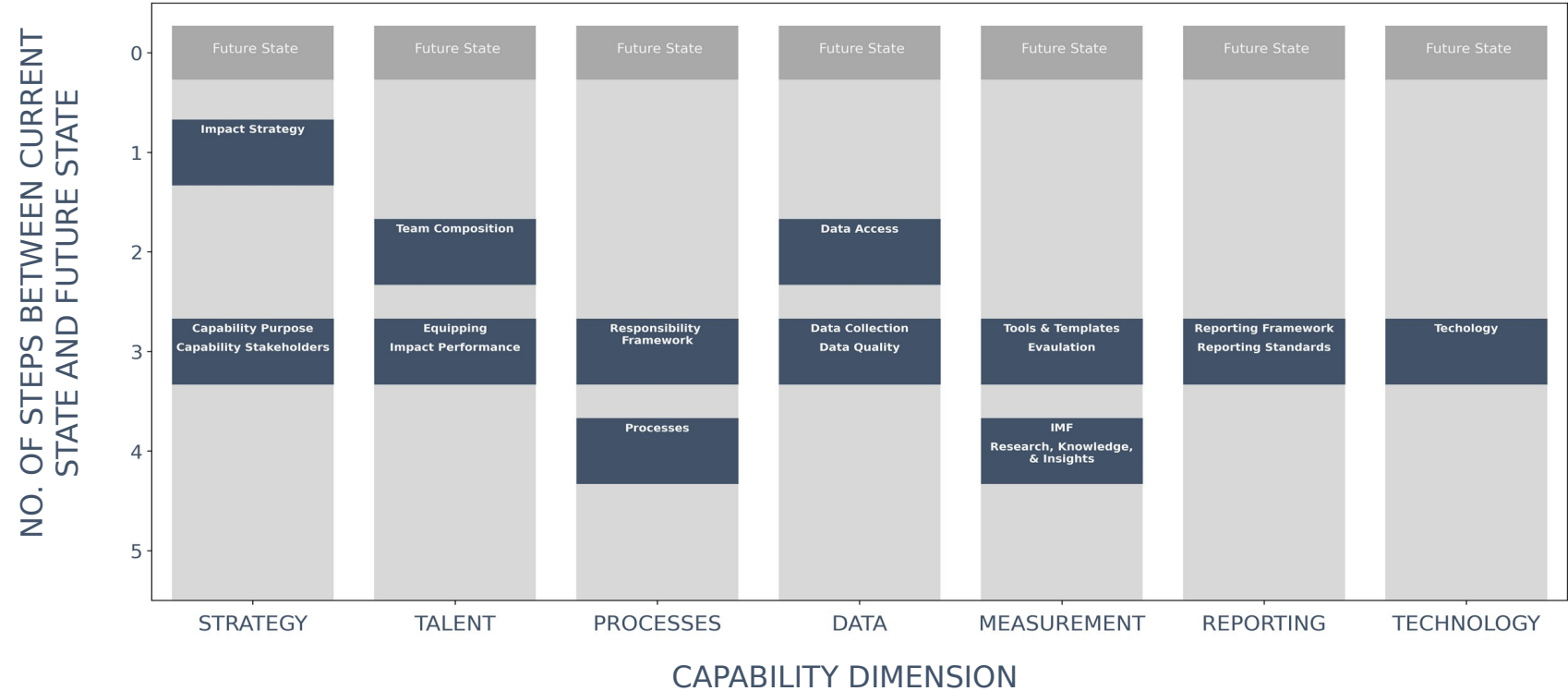


This figure highlights the greatest gaps, representing the degree of shift required, between the average current state (depicted by the thick, dark line) and the potential future state (thick, grey line) across Technology.

STEPS TO FUTURE STATE

The figure below provides a more detailed view of the gaps (reflected as the number of ‘steps’) between current and future state in each element of the Impact Management Capability dimensions. The elements that are driving the greater degree of shift required between current and future states (in the next year) are:

Processes, IMF, Research, Knowledge, & Insights,



SUMMARY ROADMAP

Summary of key actions, highlighted through the recommendations:



3

RESULTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS



1

RESULTS : STRATEGY

KEY TERMS: STRATEGY

Impact strategy

An impact strategy clearly outlines your organisation's purpose. It is a detailed roadmap to achieve your intended impact and provides a long-term vision of how such impact will be achieved and measured to determine success (Investment Impact Index, 2019). This could take the form of a Theory of Change, impact thesis or something similar.

Capability Purpose

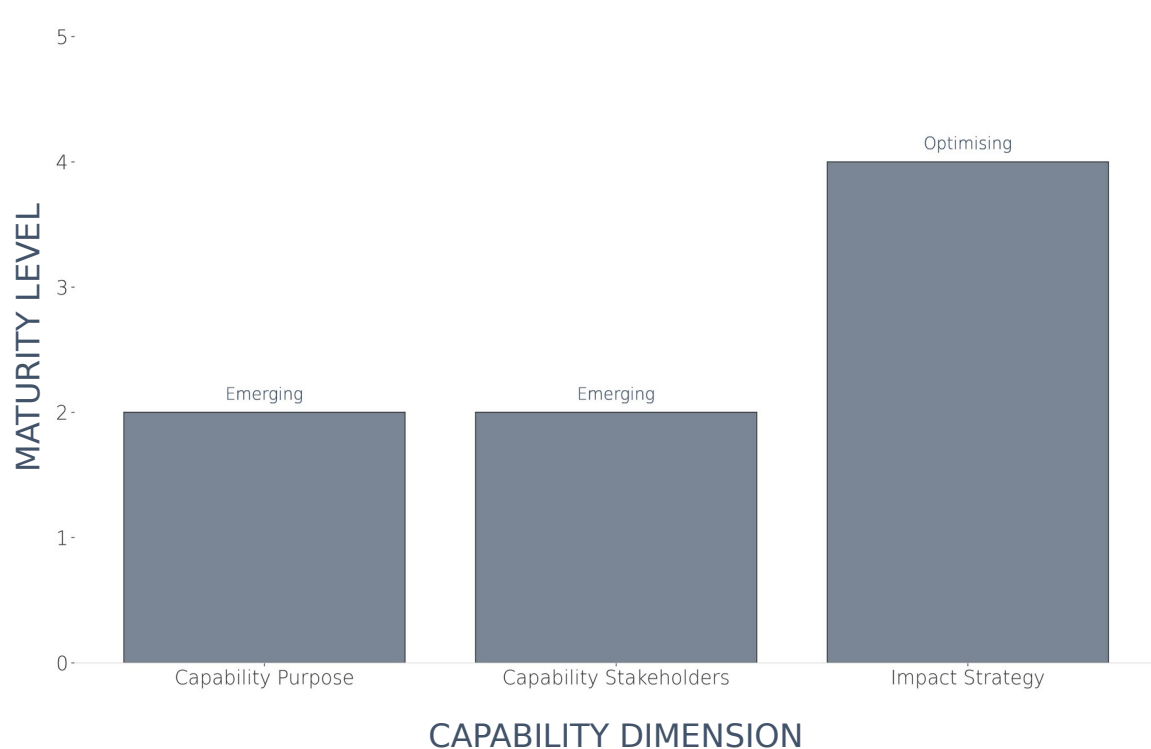
Each capability (defined as processes, tools, skills, behaviours, and organisation that help an organisation deliver an outcome) within an organisation has a purpose – a role to play in relation to achieving the organisation's purpose and strategic objectives (PWC, 2019). Ideally, this purpose should be clearly aligned with the organisation's strategy and desired impact (Turner, Crawford & Hobbs, 2004).

Capability Stakeholders

Stakeholders are groups of people who gain direct benefits from or are affected by your organisation's operations (Benn, Abratt & O'Leary, 2016). Stakeholders could include shareholders, investors, beneficiaries, customers, employees, suppliers, financial supporters, and communities. In this case, we are considering the stakeholders served and / affected your impact management capability.

RESULTS: STRATEGY

The graph below reflects your current stage of maturity in relation to **strategy** and the elements which constitute this dimension.



LEGEND: LEVELS OF MATURITY

1. **Nascent** - little or no formal capability in this area
2. **Emerging** - Some establishment, but an early-stage / basic level
3. **Expanding** - Established, but still developing
4. **Optimising** - Established, applying improvements based on early-stage lessons
5. **Mature** - Fully-fledged and developed capability

RECOMMENDATIONS: STRATEGY

The table below outlines the recommended actions to close gaps towards intended future state across the Strategy dimension.

IMPACT STRATEGY
CAPABILITY PURPOSE, STAKEHOLDERS , PURPOSE ALIGNMENT



2

RESULTS : TALENT

KEY TERMS: TALENT

Team Composition

Team composition refers to the overall mix of characteristics among people in a team. This involves putting together individuals with the relevant skill sets and expertise, to not only help a team accomplish its goals, but to also maximise the team's overall effectiveness (Cooke & Hilton, 2015).

Impact Performance

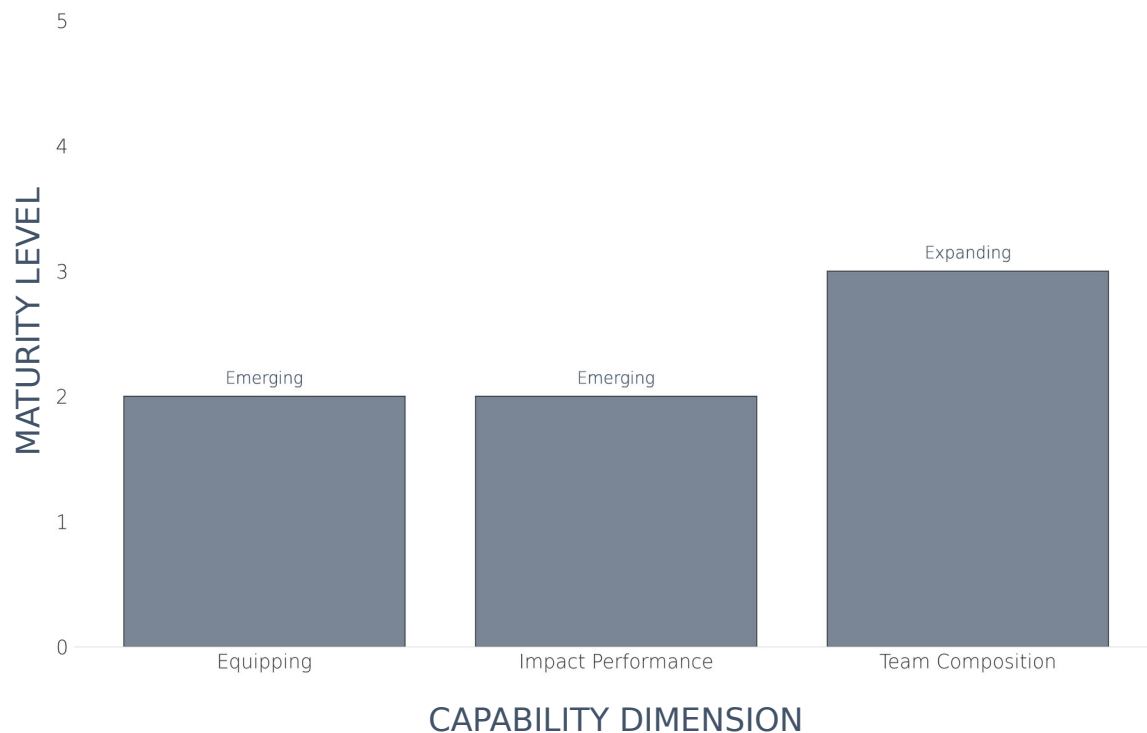
This refers to how well a person, project, or programme is performing against planned impact goals or objectives (Global Impact Investing Network, 2023a). Various metrics and data points help to provide a view of this performance.

Equipping

This refers to processes, tools, and templates that are created and utilised to support the Impact Management process (Stories for Impact 2024).

RESULTS: TALENT

The graph below reflects your current stage of maturity in relation to **talent** and the elements which constitute this dimension.



LEGEND: LEVELS OF MATURITY

1. **Nascent** - little or no formal capability in this area
2. **Emerging** - Some establishment, but an early-stage / basic level
3. **Expanding** - Established, but still developing
4. **Optimising** - Established, applying improvements based on early-stage lessons
5. **Mature** - Fully-fledged and developed capability

RECOMMENDATIONS: TALENT 1/2

The table below outlines the recommended actions to close gaps towards intended future state across the Talent dimension.

Team
compositio
n

Impact
Performanc
e

RECOMMENDATIONS: TALENT 2/2

The table below outlines the recommended actions to close gaps towards intended future state across the Talent dimension.

Equipping



3

RESULTS : PROCESSES

KEY TERMS: PROCESSES

Processes

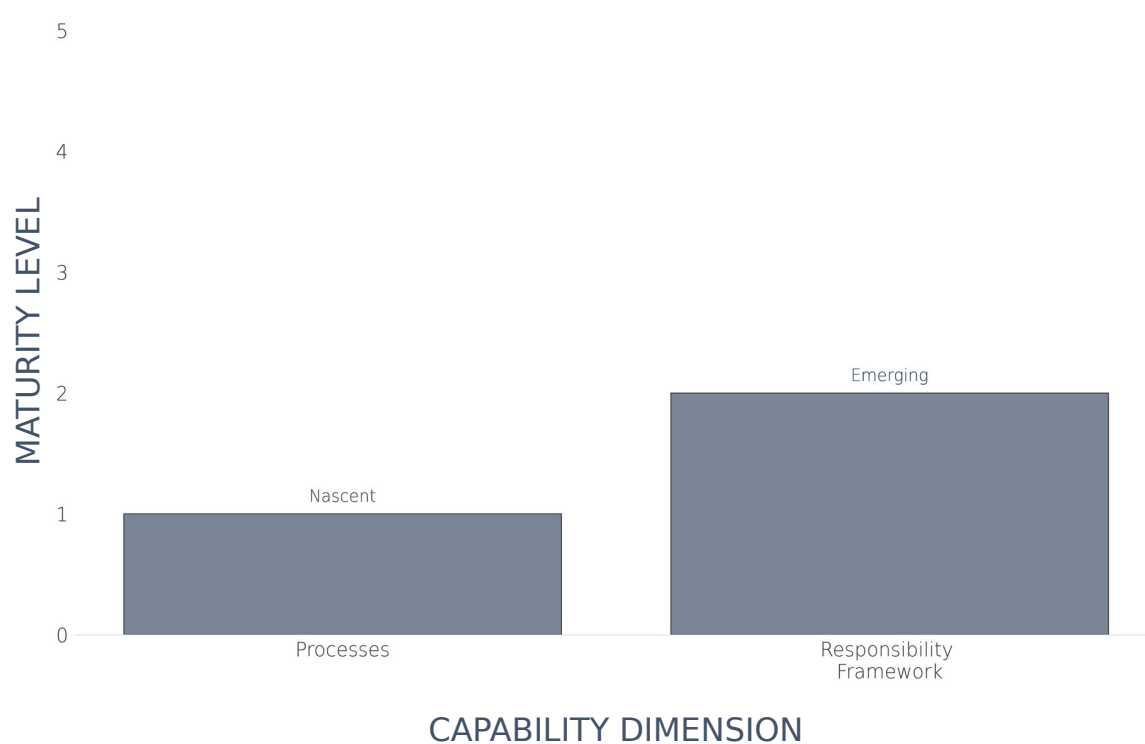
Processes are sets or groups of related activities carried out by the organisation (Faugier-Contreras, Guevara-Flores & Hernández-Calderón, 2023). Here we are considering any processes which help an organisation understand, act on, and communicate its impact.

Responsibility framework

A responsibility framework outlines the roles and responsibilities of the processes lead by and / performed within the Impact Management Capability (Zein, 2010).

RESULTS: PROCESSES

The graph below reflects your current stage of maturity in relation to **processes** and the elements which constitute this dimension.



LEGEND: LEVELS OF MATURITY

1. **Nascent** - little or no formal capability in this area
2. **Emerging** - Some establishment, but an early-stage / basic level
3. **Expanding** - Established, but still developing
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5. **Mature** - Fully-fledged and developed capability

RECOMMENDATIONS: PROCESSES

The table below outlines the recommended actions to close gaps towards intended future state across the Processes dimension.

PROCESSES
&
RESPONSIBILITY
FRAMEWORK



2.4

RESULTS : DATA

KEY TERMS: DATA

Data access

This refers to how readily accessible and available data is to enable relevant internal and external stakeholders to utilise data to make decisions and meet their needs (National Academy of Sciences et al., 2009).

Data collection

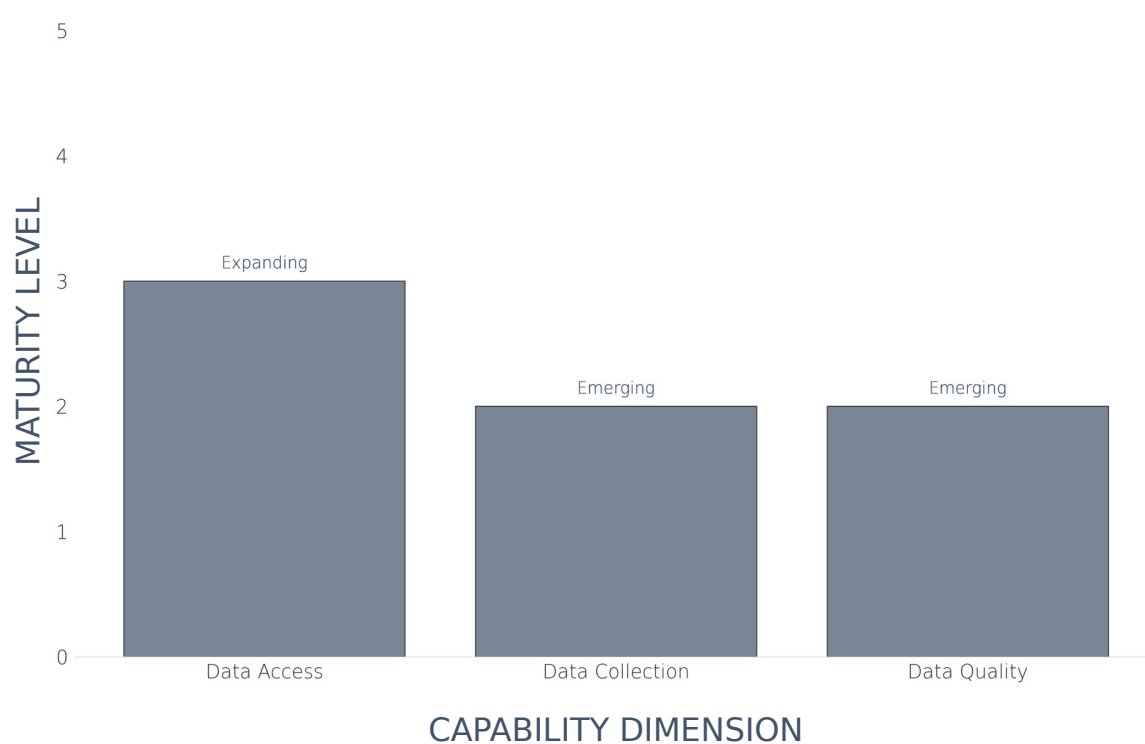
Data collection is the process of gathering information which will enable one to answer relevant questions and evaluate outcomes (Harwood & Vang, 2009).

Data quality

Data quality considers how well the data management system reflects the real world. Dimensions of data quality include accuracy, reliability, completeness, precision, timeliness, integrity, and confidentiality (Brown, 2007).

RESULTS: DATA

The graph below reflects your current stage of maturity in relation to **data** and the elements which constitute this dimension.



LEGEND: LEVELS OF MATURITY

1. **Nascent** - little or no formal capability in this area
2. **Emerging** - Some establishment, but an early-stage / basic level
3. **Expanding** - Established, but still developing
4. **Optimising** - Established, applying improvements based on early-stage lessons
5. **Mature** - Fully-fledged and developed capability

RECOMMENDATIONS: DATA

The table below outlines the recommended actions to close gaps towards intended future state across the Data dimension.

DATA ACCESS
DATA COLLECTION
DATA QUALITY



2.5

RESULTS : MEASUREMENT

KEY TERMS: MEASUREMENT

Impact Measurement Framework

An impact measurement framework builds on a Theory of Change by identifying the data which should be collected to understand, assess, and illustrate your impact (Spark Strategy, 2023). It includes measures that your organisation will use to evaluate the change that comes about as a result of your activities.

Tools and templates

These are the tools and templates that enable your team to implement your impact measurement framework. These may include templates, user guides, and process notes to guide implementation of impact measurement to plan (Global Impact Investing Network, 2023b).

Evaluation

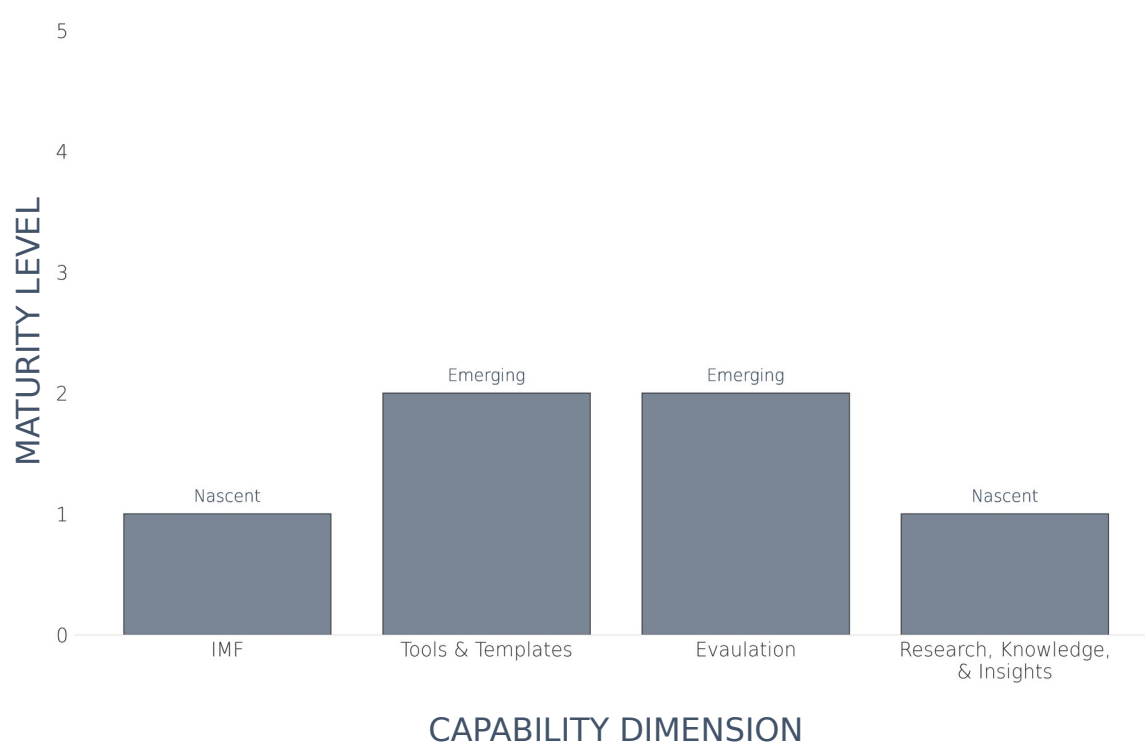
There are many types of evaluation, and so defining a particular type of evaluation can be difficult. However, what is common across all types of evaluation is evaluative thinking. Evaluative thinking can be defined as critical thinking and reflection which is primarily motivated by curiosity and inquisitiveness, as well as valuing evidence (CDC, 2018). This includes identifying assumptions, asking questions, and continuous commitment to learning (Archibald, 2013). This assessment therefore utilises the term 'evaluation' broadly, and as referring to evaluative thinking.

Research, knowledge and insights

This may include research into underlying theory, best practices, market research, insights from evaluations, and knowledge from data (McKinsey & Company, 2022).

RESULTS: MEASUREMENT

The graph below reflects your current stage of maturity in relation to **measurement** and the elements which constitute this dimension.



LEGEND: LEVELS OF MATURITY

1. **Nascent** - little or no formal capability in this area
2. **Emerging** - Some establishment, but an early-stage / basic level
3. **Expanding** - Established, but still developing
4. **Optimising** - Established, applying improvements based on early-stage lessons
5. **Mature** - Fully-fledged and developed capability

RECOMMENDATIONS: MEASUREMENT 1/2

The table below outlines the recommended actions to close gaps towards intended future state across the Measurement dimension.

IMPACT
MEASUREMENT
FRAMEWORK,
TOOLS AND
TEMPLATES

RECOMMENDATIONS: MEASUREMENT 2/2

The table below outlines the recommended actions to close gaps towards intended future state across the Measurement dimension.

EVALUATION

RESEARCH,
KNOWLEDGE
AND INSIGHTS



2.6

RESULTS : REPORTING

KEY TERMS: REPORTING

Reporting framework

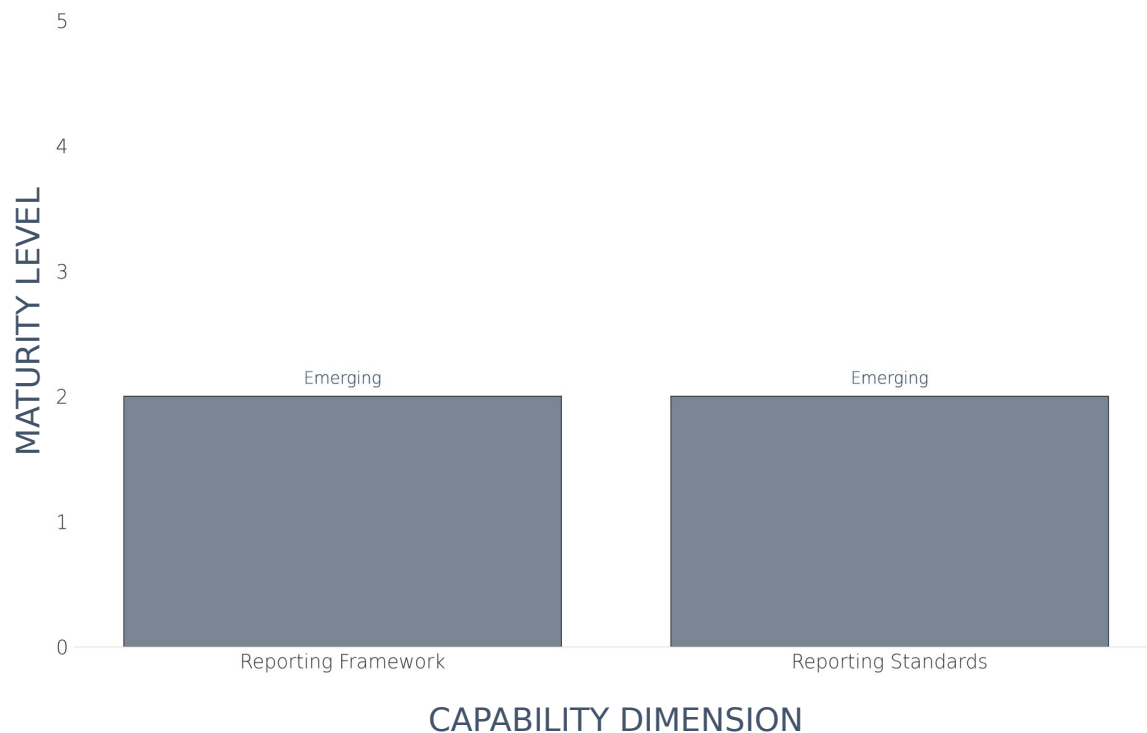
A reporting framework is a standardised system used to consistently report performance (Idowu et al., 2013).

Reporting standards

These standards provide principles for preparing reports and determine the types and amounts of information that must be provided to users so that they can make informed decisions (Global Reporting, 2024).

RESULTS: REPORTING

The graph below reflects your current stage of maturity in relation to **reporting** and the elements which constitute this dimension.



LEGEND: LEVELS OF MATURITY

1. **Nascent** - little or no formal capability in this area
2. **Emerging** - Some establishment, but an early-stage / basic level
3. **Expanding** - Established, but still developing
4. **Optimising** - Established, applying improvements based on early-stage lessons
5. **Mature** - Fully-fledged and developed capability

RECOMMENDATIONS: REPORTING

The table below outlines the recommended actions to close gaps towards intended future state across the Reporting dimension.

REPORTING FRAMEWORK
REPORTING STANDARDS



2.7

RESULTS : TECHNOLOGY

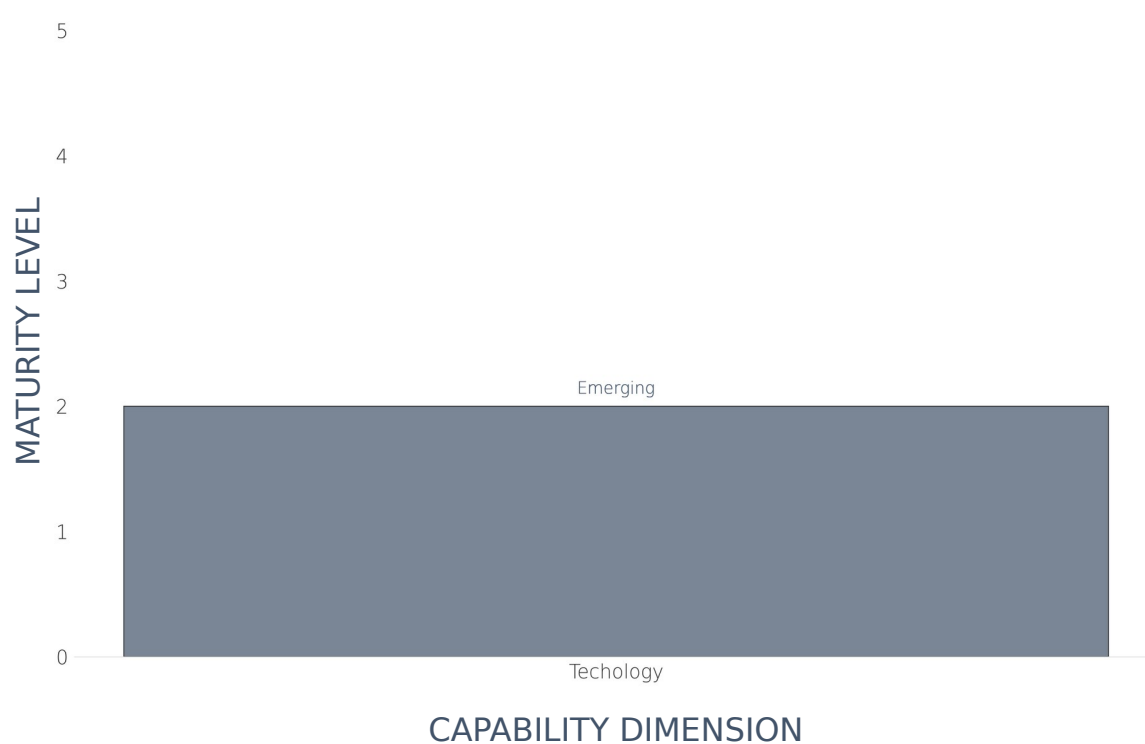
KEY TERMS: TECHNOLOGY

Technology

Here, technology refers to using standardised tools and/or applications to support the processes and systems outlined throughout this report (Carvalho et al., 2021). These are technological means for collecting, measuring and/or illustrating impact.

RESULTS: TECHNOLOGY

The graph below reflects your current stage of maturity in relation to **technology** and the elements which constitute this dimension.



LEGEND: LEVELS OF MATURITY

1. **Nascent** - little or no formal capability in this area
2. **Emerging** - Some establishment, but an early-stage / basic level
3. **Expanding** - Established, but still developing
4. **Optimising** - Established, applying improvements based on early-stage lessons
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RECOMMENDATIONS: TECHNOLOGY

The table below outlines the recommended actions to close gaps towards intended future state across the Technology dimension.

TECHNOLOGY



3

CONCLUSION

NEXT STEPS

- > It will be important for to consider the extent to which these shifts will serve the broader organization to be able to make decisions as to the structure of the organization, with the inclusion of the Impact Management Capability.
- > We recommend reviewing the recommendations based on the future state pathway and plan timeframes for implementing prioritised elements, including priorities and actions for the next year. Identify implications for operational planning and budget processes.
- > Execute your plan and make positive shifts towards the key elements of the Impact Management Capability and its potential to realise strategic benefit for your organization and its stakeholders.
- > Hold yourselves accountable to your plans and track progress against implementation.
- > Review overall progress at the end of each year, and establish progress objectives for the following year, using the maturity assessment matrix.

Relativ is able to assist with capacity building in many of the areas of recommendation and would welcome the opportunity to discuss any specific elements.



4

APPENDICES



1

APPENDIX 1: MATURITY MODEL

CAPABILITY MATURITY TERMINOLOGY

Capability

A capability is an 'ability' or competency the organization requires to successfully fulfil its strategy and desired impact. Each capability fulfils a purpose / mission, performs processes that drive the work to be done. Talent with the skills to perform the work, as well as technology to enable the work.

Organization Capability Model

At an organizational level, the capability model represents the comprehensive set of capabilities the organization requires to fulfil its purpose / mission.

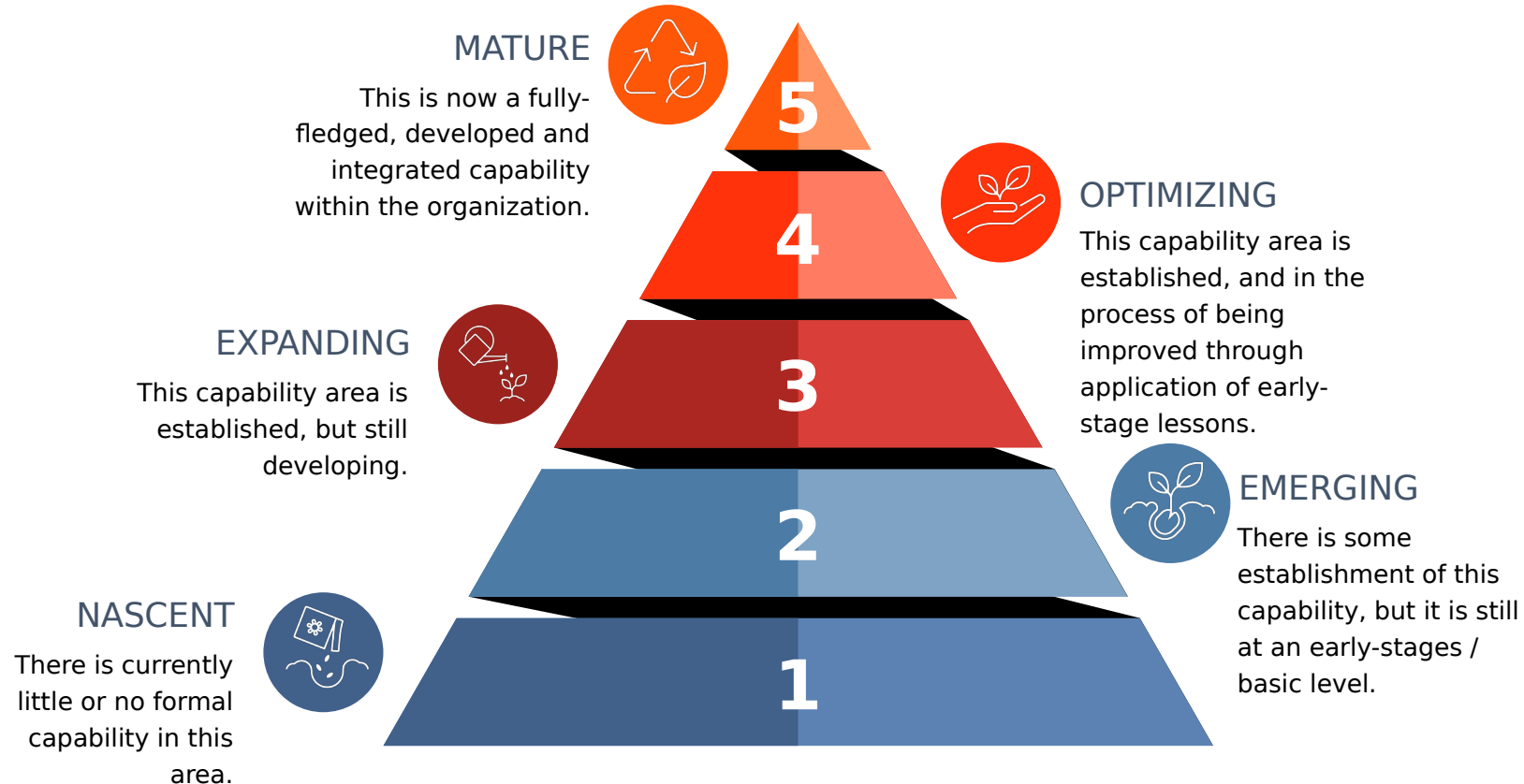
Capability maturity

When a capability's purpose is aligned to business strategy, its desired impact can be achieved efficiently and effectively by the right people, doing the correct work and using the right technology and data. These efforts and effects, when correctly measured, can be linked back to assess and improve the desired impact.

IMPACT CAPABILITY MATURITY MODEL

Ehke Organization

The capability maturity model defines the different levels of maturity associated with the growth and stabilisation of the capability. The closer capabilities are to fulfilling their intended purpose, the more mature they are.



Source: Adapted from the Capability Maturity Model for Software and the Five levels of Software Process Maturity

IMPACT MANAGEMENT CAPABILITY DIMENSIONS



APPENDIX 2: CAPABILITY ASSESSMENT MATRIX

Dimension	Element	1. Nascent - little or no formal capability in this area	2. Emerging - Some establishment, but an early-stage / basic level	3. Expanding - Established, but still developing	4. Optimising - Established, applying improvements based on early-stage lessons	5. Mature - Fully-fledged and developed capability
Strategy	Impact Strategy	We do not have a defined impact strategy in place - lack of clarity, consensus or documentation on specific goals, objectives, target outcomes and priority areas.	We have consensus on our impact strategy; however, we are in the early stages of formalising and documenting this in the form of a Theory of Change (or similar). It is not yet articulated in an explicit form and is not widely known, adopted or utilised within the organisation.	We have a documented Impact Strategy. It distinguishes between different levels of results and milestones along the change pathway towards our impact goals (e.g., outputs, outcomes, impact goals) We are validating this and getting input and / consensus from our key stakeholders.	We have implemented a full Impact management and measurement lifecycle with our defined Impact Strategy and are in the process of updating this based on lessons.	We have a clearly defined and articulated Impact Strategy that is routinely reviewed and updated; widely accessible and utilised within our organisation to guide IMM and impact improvement on an ongoing basis.
	Capability Purpose	We do not have a defined Impact Management Capability to date. We have an identified need for Impact Management capability development within our organisation.	We have some elements of an Impact Management Capability, and an implicit purpose, but this is not yet explicitly articulated and is not evident in the organisational strategy and structure.	We have a defined purpose for our Impact Management Capability, but it is not widely known or understood yet within the organisation.	We have a defined purpose for Impact Management Capability. We are able to review this and ensure its relevance based on some time and early implementation efforts.	We have a clearly defined purpose for our Impact Management Capability that is embedded and known throughout the organisation and its key stakeholders.
	Capability Stakeholders	We are in the earliest stages of developing this capability and have not yet identified the stakeholders that it needs to serve.	We have identified internal and external stakeholders that will have an interest in / be affected / served by our Impact Management Capability.	We are engaging our internal stakeholders to validate our identified stakeholders (of this capability) and refining these accordingly.	During a full life-cycle of implementing IMM within our organisation, we have gained insight into our stakeholders and their needs and are refining our stakeholder maps and engagement strategies accordingly.	We have clearly identified Impact Management Capability stakeholders and understanding of their needs and how we serve them. We continue to engage our stakeholders to serve their needs in line with our mandate.
	Purpose Alignment	Impact Management Capability purpose and problem / opportunity it is addressing are not aligned to the business strategy and desired impact. It is not documented with clarity and articulation.	Impact Management Capability purpose and problem / opportunity it is addressing are misaligned to the business strategy and desired impact. It is outlined with limited clarity and articulation.	Impact Management Capability purpose and problem / opportunity it is addressing are partially aligned to the business strategy and desired impact. It is outlined with limited clarity and articulation and is being further developed.	Impact Management Capability purpose and problem / opportunity it is addressing are outlined with clarity. It is being further aligned to the business strategy and desired impact based on lessons learnt from implementation in practice.	Impact Management Capability purpose and problem/ opportunity it is addressing are aligned to the business strategy and desired impact. It is outlined with clarity and articulation.

Dimension	Element	1. Nascent - little or no formal capability in this area	2. Emerging - Some establishment, but an early-stage / basic level	3. Expanding - Established, but still developing	4. Optimising - Established, applying improvements based on early-stage lessons	5. Mature - Fully-fledged and developed capability
Talent	Team Composition	We do not fully understand the resources we require to execute the Impact Management function and achieving the desired impact.	We have some idea of the resources we require to operationalise our Impact Management Capability. This is in its early stages of development and responsibility is still distributed across the organisation and / with no senior accountability and specialised expertise.	We have a clear plan of the resources required to effectively operationalise our Impact Management Capability. We have at least one specialist role filled and senior leadership with defined accountability for driving this forward.	We are continuing to recruit to fill our Impact Management Capability resource requirements at all levels to support effective operationalisation of the Capability and its intended purpose.	We have the optimum resources in place to execute our Impact Management Capability purpose and support the organisation to achieve the desired impact.
	Impact Performance	Scorecards for performance management within the organisation are not aligned to desired outcomes and impact goals (as defined in our Impact Strategy). It is not clear how individuals within the Capability contribute to the achievement of the Impact Strategy.	Scorecards for performance management within the organisation are not aligned to desired outcomes and impact goals (as defined in our Impact Strategy). It is informally understood how individuals within the organisation contribute to the achievement of the Impact Strategy.	Scorecards are not aligned to desired outcomes and impact goals. HR is working with the Impact Management Capability to revise its Impact Performance to accommodate for this and developing a plan to execute and integrate (including required communications and training of talent across all levels of the organisation).	Scorecards are partially aligned to desired outcomes and impact goals - this has been piloted and lessons are informing refinements and updates.	We have a fully integrated approach to Impact Performance Management that clearly aligns individual contributions (via Scorecards) to the achievement of the Impact Strategy.
	Equipping	N/A The Capability is not yet functional and in turn not supporting other capabilities.	The Impact Management Capability provides some templates to other units to support selected elements of the Impact Management life-cycle in their work. This is not consistent and does not include support, training and / guidelines to equip teams for effective use.	The Impact Management Capability is developing standardised collateral (processes, tools, and templates) for other units to adopt and integrate. The Capability is developing training and support to continuously equip other units to effectively integrate these processes, tools, and templates into their work.	The Impact Management Capability has an established sub-capability to provide continuous support and equipping other teams to ensure effective utilisation and implementation of Impact Management-lead processes, tools and templates. These contribute positively towards adoption and effective Impact Management across the organisation.	The Impact Management Capability has a well-developed sub-capability to provide continuous support and equipping to other teams to ensure effective utilisation and implementation of Impact Management-lead processes, tools and templates. These contribute positively towards adoption and effective Impact Management across the organisation.

Dimension	Element	1. Nascent - little or no formal capability in this area	2. Emerging - Some establishment, but an early-stage / basic level	3. Expanding - Established, but still developing	4. Optimising - Established, applying improvements based on early-stage lessons	5. Mature - Fully-fledged and developed capability
Processes	Processes	The processes lead by and / performed within the Impact Management Capability (supporting each stage of the Impact Management lifecycle) are not yet defined.	The processes lead by and / performed within the Impact Management Capability are partially understood and defined. They are not clearly linked to the overall organisational value chain. They are not implemented consistently and are not managed and continuously improved using lessons learnt.	The processes lead by and / performed within the Impact Management Capability are being developed to contribute towards advancing or realising impact goals. Processes are partially understood and defined within the unit, but not across the organisation. Consistency is increasing, but they are not managed and continuously improved using lessons learnt.	The processes lead by and / performed within the Impact Management Capability contribute towards advancing or realising impact goals as defined in the Impact Strategy. Processes are understood and defined across the organisation. They are implemented with some consistency and are under review based on lessons learnt to date.	Processes and activities performed within the capability effectively contribute towards advancing or realising impact goals. Processes are clearly understood and defined. They are implemented consistently and are managed and continuously improved using insights gained from measurement, therefore ensuring continuous alignment to impact.
	Responsibility Framework	The processes lead by and / performed within the Impact Management Capability do not have a framework delineating roles and responsibilities for delivery.	Some roles and responsibilities are defined in relation to execution of the processes lead by and / performed within the Impact Management Capability. However, this is not consistent and needs to be developed in line with the definition and development of processes.	The responsibility assignment framework is being developed in parallel with and in support of the Impact Management Capability process development. This is not fully integrated and / understood across the Capability or the organisation and is not executed consistently to plan.	The responsibility assignment framework has been established and implemented to support execution of processes lead by the Impact Management Capability.	The responsibility assignment framework is understood and utilised across the organisation to guide consistent execution of the processes led by the Impact Management Capability.

Dimension	Element	1. Nascent - little or no formal capability in this area	2. Emerging - Some establishment, but an early-stage / basic level	3. Expanding - Established, but still developing	4. Optimising - Established, applying improvements based on early-stage lessons	5. Mature - Fully-fledged and developed capability
Data (1)	Data access	<p>Data is not readily accessible to relevant internal and external stakeholders to meet their needs.</p> <p>Decision-makers are not empowered with access to data insights in real-time and there is a lag before data is available to them in an accessible format.</p>	<p>Data is not readily available to relevant users consistently and across all areas to meet user needs. Pockets of data access exist.</p> <p>Decision-makers receive packaged data at key intervals, but do not have access on an ongoing basis. Bottle-necks are regular in accessing data that is needed, but 'trapped' with gate-keepers who may not be available as needs arise.</p>	<p>Data is typically available and accessible to relevant users in line with their information and timing requirements.</p> <p>This is still dependent on gate-keepers but is being further developed to ensure consistent access in line with user requirements (including decision-makers).</p>	<p>Data is typically available and accessible by all users (including decision-makers) in line with their information and timing requirements.</p> <p>Bottle-necks may still occur due to key-person dependency and availability to respond to data requests.</p>	<p>Data is consistently available and accessible by all users (including decision-makers) in line with their information and timing requirements.</p> <p>Access is supported either by systems that facilitate independent user access in line with defined access rights or sufficient capacity exists with multiple team members able to manage information requests timeously.</p>
	Data collection	<p>No formal system and / processes exist for data collection and analysis.</p>	<p>A basic system and processes exist to support data collection and analysis, but it is not consistently and / regularly used by teams. It is not likely understood in terms of its value-add to the work of teams in their day-to-day work.</p> <p>Limited or single types of data collected from single or limited stakeholder perspectives.</p> <p>There are no principles and practices in place to ensure ethical application of consent and privacy.</p>	<p>Data collection systems and processes exist; however, these are not yet sufficiently streamlined, prioritised and aligned with IMF execution.</p> <p>Monitoring data collected provides some promising information to track progress and assist teams to begin gauge progress.</p> <p>Limited types of data collected from limited stakeholder perspectives.</p> <p>Ethical considerations and best practices have been defined and are being integrated into data collection analysis end-to-end.</p>	<p>Established data collection systems and processes; aligned to Impact Strategy and IMF.</p> <p>Assessing utilisation, effectiveness and relevance to stakeholders. Routinely collected monitoring data tracks progress and builds evidence to prepare for evaluation.</p> <p>Multiple types of data collected; represent diverse stakeholder perspectives (for triangulation).</p> <p>Defined ethical considerations and best practices; integrated into data collection analysis end-to-end. They will be reviewed and refined.</p>	<p>Data collection systems and processes are fully integrated; with clear alignment to Impact Strategy and IMF. These are effectively utilised across teams and perceived to provide useful and practical information. Routinely collected monitoring data tracks progress and builds evidence to prepare for evaluation.</p> <p>Multiple types of data are collected; represent diverse stakeholder perspectives (for triangulation).</p> <p>Embedded ethical considerations and best practices; with routine reviews and updates applied.</p>

Dimension	Element	1. Nascent - little or no formal capability in this area	2. Emerging - Some establishment, but an early-stage / basic level	3. Expanding - Established, but still developing	4. Optimising - Established, applying improvements based on early-stage lessons	5. Mature - Fully-fledged and developed capability
Data (2)	Data quality	<p>Data quality (accuracy, reliability, completeness, precision, timeliness, integrity, confidentiality) and standards have not been defined.</p> <p>Data is not consistently collected, translated, stored and managed in a defined and trusted data architecture protected with strong data governance integrated into processes.</p>	<p>Data quality and standards are loosely defined, but do not have integrated processes and procedures to facilitate implementation and maintenance of these standards in practice.</p> <p>Data is not consistently collected, translated, stored and managed in a defined and trusted data architecture protected with strong data governance integrated into processes.</p>	<p>Data quality has been defined with minimum standards.</p> <p>Data is increasingly consistently collected, translated, stored and managed in a defined and trusted data architecture protected with strong data governance. Process integration has been planned but is still underway to ensure data governance and quality are implemented and maintained to plan.</p>	<p>Data quality, minimum standards and supporting processes and procedures are defined and widely understood.</p> <p>Data is consistently collected, translated, stored and managed in a defined data architecture protected, with strong data governance and quality assurance integrated into processes. Improvements in progress.</p>	<p>Data quality, minimum standards and supporting processes and procedures are defined and widely understood.</p> <p>Data is consistently collected, translated, stored and managed in a defined and trusted data architecture, protected with strong data governance and quality assurance integrated into processes. Routine review and improvement processes.</p>

Dimension	Element	1. Nascent - little or no formal capability in this area	2. Emerging - Some establishment, but an early-stage / basic level	3. Expanding - Established, but still developing	4. Optimising - Established, applying improvements based on early-stage lessons	5. Mature - Fully-fledged and developed capability
Measurement (1)	Impact Measurement Framework (IMF)	No defined framework for impact measurement in line with Impact Strategy - no integration with structure, scorecards, processes and technology to inform the elements of business strategy and desired impact enabling reliable, comparable tracking of performance towards advancing or realising desired impact goals. Measurement data is reactive and ad hoc, with no alignment to Impact Strategy.	Partially defined Impact Measurement Framework. Some defined metrics, with certain elements and parameters defined. Not integrated with structure, scorecards, processes and technology - does not provide comprehensive information to guide practical implementation. Does not facilitate reliable, comparable tracking of performance towards advancing or realising desired impact goals. Pockets of measurement data remain purely reactive and ad hoc, with no alignment to Impact Strategy.	Partially developed IMF (based on stakeholder consultation). Provides guidance for implementation. Not widely understood, validated and implemented. Integration with structure, scorecards, processes and technology is underway. Does not yet facilitate reliable, comparable tracking of performance towards advancing or realising desired impact goals. Pockets of measurement data remain purely reactive and ad hoc, with no alignment to Impact Strategy.	Defined IMF (based on stakeholder consultation) and alignment to Impact Strategy. Comprehensive to facilitate consistent and reliable execution; details level of change (e.g., baselines, targets, counterfactual). All programmes and / efforts have aligned IMFs. Partially integrated with structure, scorecards, processes and technology. Measurement data is collected to plan. Assessing and adapting.	Clearly defined, consistent, and fully integrated IMF. Aligned to Impact Strategy and underpins continuous 'proving' and 'improving' efforts amongst stakeholders. Faithful execution and routine review and update facilitates effective progress tracking, adaptive insights and evidence to support evaluation.
	Tools and templates	Different teams use a range of tools and templates across Impact Management. These are ad hoc and inconsistently used and applied.	The Impact Management Capability has identified some relevant tools in line with the development of the IMF. Adoption across teams is inconsistent. Partial development and sharing of templates, though without guidance and support to understand and utilise in context. Adoption is inconsistent.	Relevant tools identified (with consensus) in consultation with stakeholders and development of the IMF. Adoption across teams is inconsistent but improving with support and training. A comprehensive set of templates and guidelines is in development (see "Talent: Equipping") to support teams throughout the IMM life-cycle.	Relevant tools identified (with consensus) in consultation with stakeholders and development of the IMF. Consistent adoption across teams with support and training. A comprehensive set of templates and guidelines is available (see "Talent: Equipping") to support teams throughout the IMM life-cycle.	The Impact Management Capability defines, manages and disseminates a comprehensive set of tools and templates to support stakeholders to effectively execute Impact Management practices at each stage of the life-cycle, in line with the IMF and Impact Strategy.

Dimension	Element	1. Nascent - little or no formal capability in this area	2. Emerging - Some establishment, but an early-stage / basic level	3. Expanding - Established, but still developing	4. Optimising - Established, applying improvements based on early-stage lessons	5. Mature - Fully-fledged and developed capability
Measure ment (2)	Evaluation	No current focus on evaluation or evaluative thinking in culture and practices. Evaluation is considered only when required by funders / investors and when they have provided the resources.	The Impact Management Capability identifies the need to drive regular evaluation to support internal learning and reflection to inform strategy, practice and performance improvements. This is not yet widely prioritised, with little to no resources allocated to advance.	The Impact Management Capability has defined (or adopted) standard Key evaluation questions to guide evaluation of progress towards impact goals and outcomes at key intervals. The importance of learning and reflection is not yet widely prioritised within the organisation and resource allocations remain low unless externally motivated and provided.	Key evaluation questions (KEQ) to facilitate evidence-informed learning and reflection, adaptation and improvement are valued at organisation and programme level. Teams are exploring and seeking support to assist them to plan for and integrate evaluative thinking and practice into their implementation life-cycles (utilising evidence from IMF execution). There is buy-in across the organisation and advocacy for resource mobilisation to embed evaluative thinking and practice. This may include formal evaluations.	Evaluation of effectiveness is embedded across approaches and practices of the organisation. Evidence-informed learning and reflection is prioritised and influences strategic decision-making at all levels. Evidence is used to systematically review, adapt and improve programmatic /functional / organisational impact strategies. Resource and operational planning consistently caters for evaluation efforts. This may include formal, external evaluations conducted at key intervals to complement internal efforts.
	Research, Knowledge and Insights	There is no research capability / priority currently. Only functional, reactive research and reporting is in place.	Basic available secondary research is considered and used to inform needs assessment upfront. Additional research may be commissioned on an ad hoc basis.	Research is a requirement to inform needs assessment and programme design. This may include a range of existing secondary research and statistics, primary stakeholder research, commissioned and / conducted landscape research. Internal research competency is limited - standards, integration and packaging of research are inconsistent.	Defined research requirements in relation to the implementation of the Impact Management Lifecycle (i.e., how and where research should be conducted). This includes provision of guidelines, templates, and support to manage research providers (from briefing and research to final product) and ensure quality research. Research, monitoring and evaluation information are routinely packaged into accessible knowledge and insights for relevant stakeholders.	Defined research requirements and standards in relation to the implementation of the Impact Management Lifecycle (i.e., how and where research should be conducted). Provision of guidelines, templates, and support to conduct or manage commissioned research. Research, monitoring and evaluation information are routinely packaged into accessible knowledge and insights products for relevant stakeholders, with embedded reflection, review and improvement.

Dimension	Element	1. Nascent - little or no formal capability in this area	2. Emerging - Some establishment, but an early-stage / basic level	3. Expanding - Established, but still developing	4. Optimising - Established, applying improvements based on early-stage lessons	5. Mature - Fully-fledged and developed capability
Reporting	Reporting framework	The organisation does not have an explicit reporting framework in place.	The Impact Management Capability has defined the reporting requirements for the organisation in consultation with internal stakeholders (including requirements for reporting to external stakeholders).	The Impact Management Capability has developed / adopted a reporting framework to guide consistent reporting across the organisation, based on defined stakeholder needs, and aligned to the Impact Strategy and IMF.	<p>The IMF has been socialised across the organisation and integrated into planned processes. There is widespread understanding of what will be required to contribute to various reporting workstreams.</p> <p>Reporting templates have been developed to support execution and will be refined after feedback. A reporting dashboard has been / is in development and testing to provide relevant users with a snapshot of progress against KPIs.</p>	The reporting framework and associated templates support standardised, consistent reporting in line with stakeholder needs and information requirements to inform decision-making. Reporting is automated and, along with dashboards meet internal and external stakeholder requirements.
	Reporting standards	The organisation's reporting is not aligned to any reporting standards. There is no consideration of relevant reporting standards.	The Impact Management Capability has identified reporting standards that are relevant for its operating context (incl. e.g., regulatory considerations) and stakeholder requirements. It is in the process of reviewing and selecting relevant standards.	Relevant reporting standard(s) have been assessed and selected and reporting framework, templates and processes adapted to accommodate accordingly.	Selected reporting standard(s) have been socialised across the organisation and are being executed to plan and facilitate transparent communication of material information using the data collected and analysed to disclose results. Review is incorporated to inform lessons and improvement measures.	Relevant reporting standard(s) are fully integrated across the organisation, with the relevant tools, processes, systems and templates in place to equip teams to execute and support quality reporting to relevant stakeholders. Reporting facilitates transparent communication of material information using the data collected and analysed to disclose results and communicate how the organisation arrived at its conclusions.

Dimension	Element	1. Nascent - little or no formal capability in this area	2. Emerging - Some establishment, but an early-stage / basic level	3. Expanding - Established, but still developing	4. Optimising - Established, applying improvements based on early-stage lessons	5. Mature - Fully-fledged and developed capability
Technology	Technology	<p>Standard tools/applications have not been identified or investigated based on appropriateness for the Impact Strategy (and IMF), the organisation's technology environment and team competencies. Teams use a range of inconsistent tools. Existing and new tools are not evaluated and required changes not highlighted or managed.</p>	<p>Certain standard tools/applications have been investigated based on appropriateness for the Impact Strategy (and IMF), the organisation's technology environment and team competencies, and teams are testing them. Best practices for using the tools are identified on an ad hoc, reactive basis. Existing and new tools are evaluated, and changes needed are suggested, but not adequately evaluated and considered.</p>	<p>Standard tools/applications have been identified based on user requirements and appropriateness for the Impact Strategy (and IMF), the organisation's technology environment and team competencies, and teams are testing them. Best practices for using the tools are partially identified, documented, and implemented across the organization. Existing and new tools are explored, and changes needed critically evaluated and introduced as required.</p>	<p>Standard tools/applications have been proposed based on user requirements and appropriateness for the Impact Strategy (and IMF), the organisation's technology environment and team competencies. Teams are equipped to use them unless they are granted approval not to do so. Best practices for using the tools are identified, documented, and implemented across the organisation. Existing and new tools are explored, and changes needed critically evaluated and introduced as required.</p>	<p>Standard tools/applications have been selected based on user requirements and appropriateness for the Impact Strategy (and IMF), the organisation's technology environment and team competencies. Teams are equipped to use them unless they are granted approval not to do so. Best practices for using the tools are identified, documented, and implemented across the organisation. Existing and new tools are evaluated at least annually and changed as needed.</p>



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APPENDIX 3 : RESOURCES

THEORY OF CHANGE - RESOURCES & READING

Below is a curated list of links to useful resources that can support you on your impact management journey.

Resource Name	Developed By	Description
Relativ Impact TOC Canvas	Relativ Impact	Tool - A structured approach for individuals and/or organisations to develop strategic planning and programme design.
Theory of change in ten steps	NPC	Guide - 10 step handbook to creating a Theory of Change, including the basics and core approach that is used.
Theory of Change as a Tool for Strategic Planning	The Aspen Institute	Article - Introduces the Theory of Change as a methodology for planning community-based initiatives.
Theory of Change -UNDAF Companion Guidance	United Nations Development Group	Guide - Companion guidance to provide practical and technical guidance for developing a Theory of Change.
Theory of Change Authoritative Guide	sopact	Guide - Provides guidance around transforming your programme with an actionable Theory of Change using an impact management guide.

IMPACT MEASUREMENT - RESOURCES & READING

Below is a curated list of links to useful resources that can support you on your impact management journey.

Resource Name	Developed By	Description
The Imperative for Impact Management	Impact Management Platform	Article – Case for the widespread uptake of impact management.
Impact Measurement	Spark Strategy	Article – Navigating the impact space by unpacking impact measurement, theory of change, impact evaluation, program logic & outcomes measurement.
Impact Measurement & Management Toolkit	BRIDDHI	Toolkit – Step-by-step process of understanding IMM, including how to plan, implement, and measure activities and their effects.
Impact Toolkit	GIIN	Toolkit – Collection of resources to guide organisations through various impact measurement and management resources.
Why should you measure social impact?	sopact	Guide – Understanding of why measuring social impact is important for sustainable growth and stakeholder trust.
Measuring & Managing Results in Development Co-Operation	OECD/DAC	Review – Identifies the main challenges faced when measuring and managing results in development co-operation.

EVALUATION - RESOURCES AND READING

Below is a curated list of links to useful resources that can support you on your impact management journey.

Resource Name	Developed By	Description
IRIS+ and the Five Dimensions of Impact	IRIS+	Guide - Description of the core concepts and structure needed for measuring & understanding impact.
Evaluability Assessment for Impact Evaluation	Better Evaluation	Guide - Provides guidance around evaluability assessment before undertaking an impact evaluation.
Bond Evidence Principles	Bond	Tool - Checklist for assessing and improving the quality of evidence in evaluation reports, research reports and case studies.
OECD Evaluation Criteria	OECD/DAC	Framework - Criteria provides a normative framework used to determine the merit or worth of an intervention for policy, strategy, programme, project or activity.
Data Quality Assurance Tool for Program-Level Indicators	Measure Evaluation	Tool - Clear and practical guidance to understand constraints to good reporting results.
UNDP Evaluation Guidelines	United Nations Development Programme	Guide - Clear guidance and direction for planning and commissioning evaluations, including step-by-step processes, templates and roles and responsibilities.

CAPABILITY MODEL - RESOURCES AND READING

Below is a curated list of links to useful resources that can support you on your impact management journey.

Resource Name	Developed By	Description
Business Capability Models	Architecture & Governance	Article - Explores the practical questions for developing and applying a Business Capability Model
Aligning Capability with Strategy	Project Management Institute	Article - Investigation around the ways in which organisations categorise projects and project management capability to align with corporate strategy.
Capability Maturity Model for Software	Carnegie Mellon University	Article - Describes the process maturity framework of five maturity levels, the structure components, and implementation.
Enterprise Design with EDGY	EDGY	Tool - Open-source tool designed to assist people in creating better enterprises.
Organisational Mapping Tool (OMT)	Ford Foundation	Tool - Assists in strengthening organisations, relevant to organisations of different sizes and levels of capabilities.

REPORTING - RESOURCES & READING

Below is a curated list of links to useful resources that can support you on your impact management journey.

Resource Name	Developed By	Description
Impact Management Reporting Guideline	Nation Builder	Guide - Guideline to assist social investors and implementing organisations in managing and reporting on social impact.
Impact Reporting: Showcasing Effective Change	sopact	Article - Unpacks the power of impact reporting and how mission driven organisations measure their success in making a positive impact.
IRIS+ System: Standards	IRIS+	Tool - General accepted impact accounting system that impact investors use to measure, manage and optimise their impact.
Principles of Good Impact Reporting	NPC	Guide - Provides organisations with the key principles on what and how to communicate their impact efficiently.
Tomorrow's Investment Rules 2.0	EY	Report - A study that uncovers institutional investors' views regarding nonfinancial reporting by issuers.
SBTi Corporate Manual	Science Based Targets	Guide - Provides steps and guidance around the SBTi target-setting process.

REPORTING DISCLOSURES - RESOURCES & READING

Below is a curated list of links to useful resources that can support you on your impact management journey.

Resource Name	Developed By	Description
SDG Compass	GRI, UNGC & WBCSD	Guide – Explains how business action utilises the SDGs, including tools and knowledge on how the SDGs effect business.
The Global Risks Report 2024	World Economic Forum	Report – Explores some of the most severe risks we face over the next decade, including rapid technological change, economic uncertainty, a warming planet and conflict.
A Practical Guide to Sustainability Reporting Using GRI and SASB Standards	GRI and SASB	Guide – Highlights how companies are communicating with their various stakeholders using both GRI and SASB Standards.
Sustainability Disclosures	Deloitte	Guide – Overview of the International Sustainability Standards Board's role in the new IFRS Sustainability Disclosure Standards.
IFRS Sustainability Disclosure Standards	PwC	Guide – Guidance on the two reporting standards released by the ISSB.



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APPENDIX 4: REFERENCES

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