

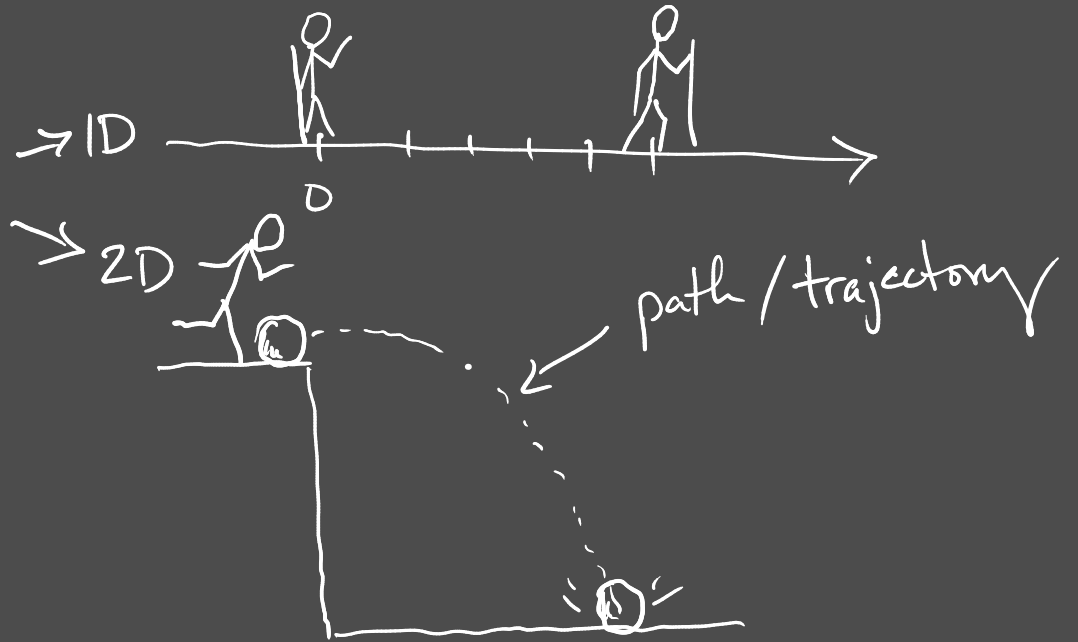
Physics for Society

Chapter 1

Measurement

• length → dimension

↳ meters



• time

↳ seconds

• mass

↳ gram → kilogram

Smallest $\xrightarrow{\hspace{10em}}$ Largest

Milli	Centi	Deci	Base	Deca	Hecto	Kilo
$\frac{1}{1000}$	$\frac{1}{100}$	$\frac{1}{10}$	1	10	100	1000
mm	cm		meter			km
mg			gram			kg
ms			second			

So how do we convert from one to another? \rightarrow Chain method

- 10 meters \rightarrow centimeters

$$\frac{10 \cancel{\text{meter}}}{1} \cdot \frac{100 \text{ centimeters}}{1 \cancel{\text{meters}}} = \boxed{1000} \text{ centimeters}$$

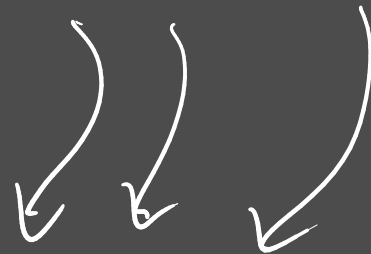
- 1200 milligrams \rightarrow kilograms

$$1200 \cancel{\text{mg}} \cdot \frac{1 \cancel{\text{g}}}{1000 \cancel{\text{mg}}} \cdot \frac{1 \text{ kg}}{1000 \cancel{\text{g}}} = \boxed{.0012} \text{ kg}$$

- 60 miles per hour \rightarrow meters per second

$$\frac{60 \text{ miles}}{1 \text{ hour}} \cdot \text{---} \cdot \text{---} \cdot \text{---} = \boxed{} \frac{\text{meters}}{1 \text{ second}}$$

$$\boxed{2.54 \text{ cm} = 1 \text{ inch}}$$



$$\frac{60 \text{ miles}}{\text{hour}} \cdot \frac{5280 \text{ ft}}{1 \text{ mile}} \cdot \frac{12 \text{ in}}{1 \text{ ft}} \cdot \frac{2.54 \text{ cm}}{1 \text{ in}} \cdot \frac{1 \text{ m}}{100 \text{ cm}} \cdot \frac{1 \text{ hour}}{60 \text{ min}} \cdot \frac{1 \text{ min}}{60 \text{ sec}} = 26.8 \text{ m/s}$$

Scientific Notation

↳ to make big or small numbers easy to compare

$$\begin{array}{c} \underline{187001280} \\ \downarrow \\ 1.87001280 \times 10^8 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{or } \underline{81562000.01} \\ \downarrow \\ 8.156200001 \times 10^7 \end{array}$$

Significant Figures

62.1 cm

62.100325 cm ← length

30.1 ← width