

Newton's Law

$$F_{\text{NET}} = ma$$

$$F_{\text{NET}} = m \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t}$$

mass is constant

$$F_{\text{NET}} = \frac{\Delta(mv)}{\Delta t}$$

$$F_{\text{NET}} = \frac{\Delta p}{\Delta t}$$

Einstein's correction: rest mass

$$m = \frac{m_0}{\sqrt{1 - v^2/c^2}}$$
$$\gamma = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (v/c)^2}}$$

Special Theory of Relativity

speed of light

$$c = 3 \cdot 10^8 \text{ m/s}$$
$$= 186,000 \text{ mi/s}$$

$$m = \gamma m_0$$

$$v = 1 \text{ mi/s} \quad \gamma = 1.0000 \dots$$

$$v = 100 \text{ mi/s} \quad \gamma = 1.000000145$$

$$v = 1000 \text{ mi/s} \quad \gamma = 1.00001$$

$$\frac{F}{a} = m$$

$$\frac{F}{m} = a$$

$$\frac{v}{c} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\gamma = 1.15$$

$$\frac{v}{c} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\gamma = 1.5$$

$$\frac{v}{c} = 95\%$$

$$\gamma = 3.2$$

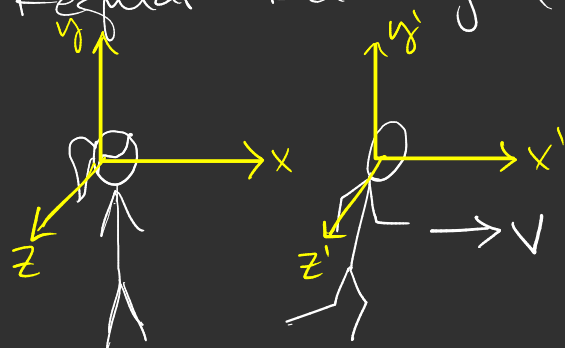
$$\frac{v}{c} = 99.9\%$$

$$\gamma = 7.1$$

$$\frac{v}{c} = 99.9999\%$$

$$\gamma = 707$$

Regular Relativity (Galilean Relativity)



Sara

Harry

$P(x, y, z)$
 or
 (x', y', z')

$$x' = x - vt$$

$$y' = y$$

$$z' = z$$

$$t' = t$$

$$mv_f - mv_i = F \Delta t \quad \leftarrow \text{Sara}$$

$$mv'_f - mv'_i = F \Delta t'$$

$$\frac{m \Delta x'_f}{\Delta t} - \frac{m \Delta x'_i}{\Delta t} = F \Delta t'$$

Newton's Laws

$$F = \frac{\Delta p}{\Delta t}$$

Maxwell's Equations

Galilean transform changed
the form of these equations

Michelson - Morley Experiment

↳ "failed"

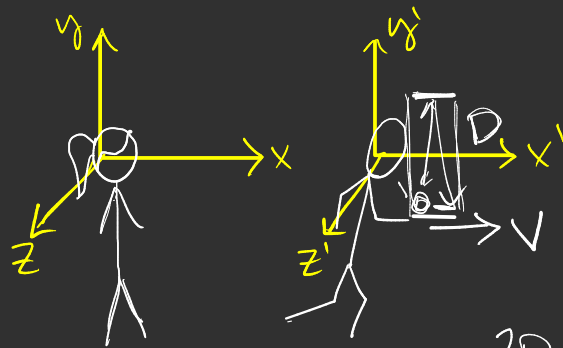
$$\text{Lorentz} \rightarrow x' = \frac{x - vt}{\sqrt{1 - v^2/c^2}}$$

$$y' = y$$

$$z' = z$$

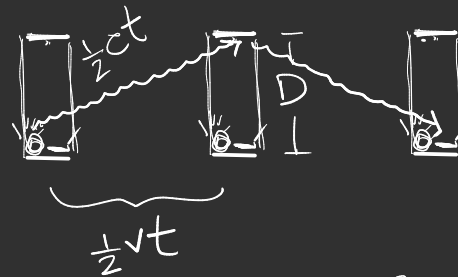
$$t' = \frac{t - \frac{vx}{c^2}}{\sqrt{1 - v^2/c^2}}$$

leave Maxwell's
unchanged



$$t' = \frac{2D}{c}$$

$$D = \frac{ct'}{2}$$



$$\left(\frac{1}{2}vt\right)^2 = \left(\frac{1}{2}ct\right)^2 - D^2$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{2}vt\right)^2 = \left(\frac{1}{2}ct\right)^2 - \left(\frac{1}{2}ct'\right)^2$$

$$(ct')^2 = (ct)^2 - (vt)^2$$

$$t' = t \sqrt{1 - v^2/c^2}$$

$$t = \frac{t'}{\sqrt{1 - v^2/c^2}} \quad \left. \vphantom{\frac{t'}{\sqrt{1 - v^2/c^2}}} \right\} < 1$$

$$\lambda_n = \frac{2L}{n}$$

$$v = f_n \cdot \lambda_n$$

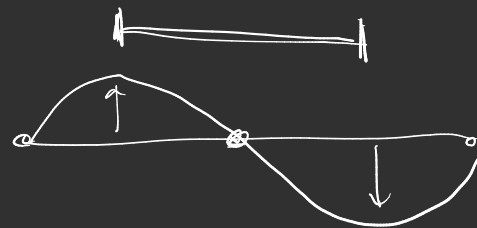
$$f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$$

$$f = 2450 \cdot 10^6 \text{ Hz}$$

$$= \underline{2.450 \cdot 10^9 \text{ Hz}}$$

$$c = 0.13 \text{ m} \cdot 2.450 \cdot 10^9 \text{ Hz}$$

$$= \underline{3.18 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}}$$



$$6.5 \text{ cm} = \frac{\lambda}{2}$$

$$13 \text{ cm} = \lambda$$

$$0.13 \text{ m} = \lambda$$

