

same content, two font regimes

a. fira text + mixed math (what you currently have)

$$a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_n = \sum_{i=1}^n a_i$$

$$\int_0^\infty e^{-x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2}$$

$$\left\{ \frac{1}{1-x} \right\} \quad \sqrt[n]{x_1 + \dots + x_n}$$

$$\alpha\beta\gamma\Gamma\Delta\epsilon\epsilon\phi\varphi$$

$$\theta\vartheta\rho\varrho\pi\varpi\sigma\varsigma$$

$$\mathbf{F} = m\mathbf{a}$$

$$\nabla \times \mathbf{B} = \mu_0 \mathbf{J}$$

$$d\ell \cdot \mathbf{E}$$

the function $f(x) = x^2$
satisfies $f'(x) = 2x$ for all
 $x \in \mathbb{R}$.

b. coherent text+math family (baseline “correct”)

$$a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_n = \sum_{i=1}^n a_i$$

$$\int_0^\infty e^{-x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2}$$

$$\left\{ \frac{1}{1-x} \right\} \quad \sqrt[n]{x_1 + \dots + x_n}$$

$$\alpha\beta\gamma\Gamma\Delta\epsilon\epsilon\phi\varphi$$

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$$\mathbf{F} = m\mathbf{a}$$

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 $f'(x) = 2x$ for all $x \in \mathbb{R}$.

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- $f'(x)$: prime spacing vs italic correction
- \mathbb{R} : blackboard bold mismatch vs text
- bold/script letters like ℓ and bold greek like ∇

- primes, subscripts, and italic corrections generally look more “designed”
- \mathbb{R} matches the family
- bolding behavior is more predictable across symbols

if these look basically the same to you at projector distance, that's the punchline: your current setup is already pedagogically fine.