

# CS521 Homework 1

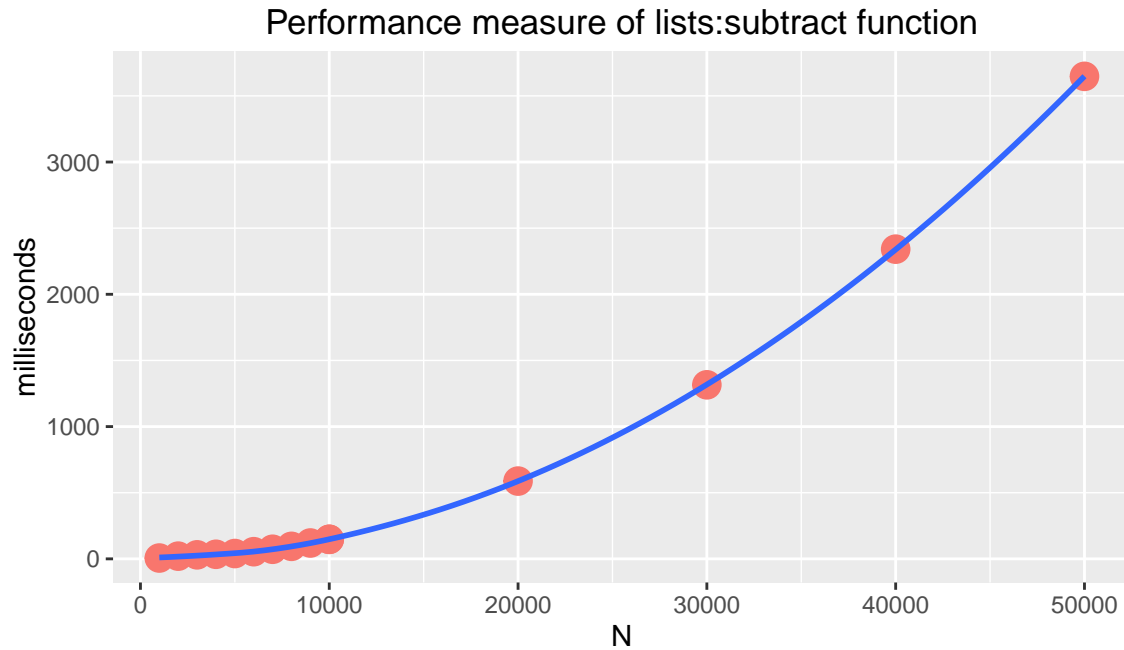
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2.b)

Data from execution of `lists:subtract` is as follows

| list_size | time_milise |
|-----------|-------------|
| 1000      | 6.305       |
| 2000      | 20.561      |
| 3000      | 30.497      |
| 4000      | 34.553      |
| 5000      | 40.282      |
| 6000      | 54.131      |
| 7000      | 72.500      |
| 8000      | 94.614      |
| 9000      | 119.924     |
| 10000     | 147.419     |
| 10000     | 148.033     |
| 20000     | 587.956     |
| 30000     | 1315.765    |
| 40000     | 2341.231    |
| 50000     | 3647.631    |

and when we divide the `time_milise` by  $N^2$  we approximately get the constant factor of  $2.2 \cdot 10^{-6}$  (precisely, the sampling mean is  $2.22 \cdot 10^{-6}$  with sampling standard deviation  $1.52 \cdot 10^{-6}$  and with p-value of 95% from `student t-test`) showing the quadratic complexity and the following plot confirms  $O(N^2)$  time complexity as well.



2.d)

Data from execution of the faster `hw1:subtract` function is as follows

| list_size | time_milise |
|-----------|-------------|
| 1000      | 0.112       |
| 2000      | 0.476       |
| 3000      | 0.481       |
| 4000      | 0.787       |
| 5000      | 0.720       |
| 6000      | 0.970       |
| 7000      | 1.331       |
| 8000      | 1.521       |
| 9000      | 1.725       |
| 10000     | 1.794       |
| 10000     | 1.461       |
| 20000     | 3.018       |
| 30000     | 5.563       |
| 40000     | 9.525       |
| 50000     | 10.133      |

and when we divide the `time_milise` by  $N \log(N)$  we approximately get the constant factor of  $2 \cdot 10^{-5}$  (precisely, the sampling mean is  $2 \cdot 10^{-5}$  with sampling standard deviation  $4 \cdot 10^{-6}$  and with p-value of 98% from `student t-test`) showing  $O(N \log(N))$  time complexity and the following plot confirms that as well.

