

ROBIL-2

Interface Control Document

(ICD)

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Revision History

Date	Version	Description	Author
12/02/2014	0.1	Initial draft	Dan Erusalimchik
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Coordinate Frames Specification

world

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1. Introduction

This section introduces the ICD to the reader.

Interface Control Document Objectives

This ICD describes the interface between ROBIL components.

Acronyms used in the document

- Components
 - SMME - System Management and Mission Execution
 - SSM - System and Safety Monitoring
 - LLC - Low Level Controller
 - PP - Path Planning
 - WPD - Way Point Driver
 - WSM - Work Sequence Management (of the loader)
 - PER - Perception
 - IEDSIM - IED (Improvised Explosive Device) Simulation
 - OCU - Operator Control Unit
 - LOC - Localization
- General terms
 - ABL - Autonomous Behavior level (autonomy reaction configuration)

2. Messages

This section describes the messages, types and data flow.

Components Control Events

Events to/from FSMs control component activity

From: IEDSIM, LLC, OCU, PER, PP, SMME, SSM, WPD, WSM

To: IEDSIM, LLC, OCU, PER, PP, SMME, SSM, WPD, WSM

Topic name: /decision_making/events

Message Type: std_msgs/String

See: Section 4

Components Diagnostic Messages

Notification about component running status changes.

From: IEDSIM, LLC, OCU, PER, PP, SMME, SSM, WPD, WSM

To: SSM

Topic name: /diagnostics

Message Type: diagnostic_msgs/DiagnosticStatus

Inner Struct: each component defines relevant key-value records.

See: Section 3

IED Detection Event

Notification about IED detection.

From: IEDSIM

To: SMME, OCU

Topic name: /IED/Location

Message Type: robil_msgs/IEDLocation

Custom IED Object

Custom definition of IED object location.

From: OCU

To: IEDSIM

Topic name: /OCU/IED/Location

Message Type: robil_msgs/IEDLocation

Position Update

Correction of robot localization

From: OCU

To: LOC

Topic name: /OCU/PositionUpdate

Message Type: geometry_msgs/PoseStamped

OCU Teleoperation Control

Teleoperation control

From: OCU

To: Platform

Over: non ROS communication

Assign Navigation Task

Add navigation task to tasks collection.

From: OCU

To: SMME

Topic name: /OCU/SMME/NavigationTask

Message Type: robil_msgs/AssignNavTask

Assign Manipulator Task

Add manipulator task to tasks collection

From: OCU

To: SMME

Topic name: /OCU/SMME/ManipulationTask

Message Type: robil_msgs/AssignManipulatorTask

Assign Mission

Add mission to missions collection

From: OCU

To: SMME

Topic name: /OCU/SMME/MissionPlan

Message Type: robil_msgs/AssignMission

Set / Get ABL

Define policy of reactions on navigation problems.

From: OCU

To: SMME

Parameter Server: /ABL/Events/*

Key: event name (trigger) as String

Value: reaction behavior ID as String

Global Path

Global Path from current robot state to final goal.

May be, it's defined in low resolution and without obstacle avoidance.

From: SMME

To: PP

Topic name: /SMME/GlobalPath

Message Type: robil_msgs/Path

Set / Get Max Velocity

Limitations of speed

From: SMME

To: PP, WPD

Parameter Server:

/NAVIGATION/MaxSpeed/Linear/x as Double [m/sec]

/NAVIGATION/MaxSpeed/Linear/y as Double [m/sec]

/NAVIGATION/MaxSpeed/Linear/z as Double [m/sec]

/NAVIGATION/MaxSpeed/Angular/x as Double [rad/sec]

/NAVIGATION/MaxSpeed/Angular/y as Double [rad/sec]

/NAVIGATION/MaxSpeed/Angular/z as Double [rad/sec]

Work Sequence Data

Work sequence task data.

From: SMME

To: WSM

Topic name: /SMME/WSM/Task

Message Type: robil_msgs/AssignManipulatorTask

Mission Acceptance

Notification about mission acceptance or rejection.

From: SMME

To: OCU

Topic name: /SMME/OCU/MissionAcceptance

Message Type: robil_msgs/MissionAcceptance

Local Path

Local path plan. Defined with normal resolution and with static obstacles avoidance.

From: PP

To: WPD, OCU

Topic name: /PP/Path

Message Type: robil_msgs/Path

WPD Velocity

Steering

From: WPD

To: LLC

Topic name: /WPD/Speed

Message Type: geometry_msgs/TwistStamped

WSM Velocity

Steering

From: WPD
To: LLC
Topic name: /WPD/Speed
Message Type: geometry_msgs/TwistStamped

GPS/INS data

GPS and INS data
From: PER
To: LOC
Topic name:
1. /PER/GPS
2. /PER/INS
Message Type:
1. sensor_msgs/NavSatFix - for GPS data
2. sensor_msgs/Imu - for INS data

Blade Position

Position of robot's blade
From: PER
To: WSM, SSM, PP, SMME, OCU
Topic name: /PER/BladPosition
Message Type: sensor_msgs/JointState

Blade Position Command

Position of robot's blade
From: WSM
To: LLC
Topic name: /WSM/BladePosition
Message Type: sensor_msgs/JointState

Map

Occupancy Grid with altitude and tags on each cell.
From: PER
To: PP, OCU
Topic name: /PER/Map
Message Type: robil_msgs/Map

Mini-Map

Occupancy Grid with altitude and tags on each cell.
From: PER
To: WPD
Topic name: /PER/MiniMap
Message Type: robil_msgs/Map

VO Estimation

Visual odometry estimation of localization pose.

From: PER

To: LOC

Topic name: /PER/VO

Message Type: nav_msgs/Odometry

Perceived Velocity

Robot speed perception

From: LOC

To: PER, SSM, OCU, LLC

Topic name: /LOC/Velocity

Message Type: geometry_msgs/TwistStamped

Location

Robot location perception

From: LOC

To: PER, SSM, OCU, IEDSIM, SMME, WSM, LLC, WPD

Topic name: /LOC/Pose

Message Type: geometry_msgs/PoseWithCovarianceStamped

Sensor INS

IMU raw data

From: SENSORS

To: PER

Topic name: /SENSORS/IMU

Message Type: sensor_msgs/Imu

Sensor GPS

GPS raw data

From: SENSORS

To: PER

Topic name: /SENSORS/GPS

Message Type: sensor_msgs/NavSatFix

Sensor Camera

Stream of frames from camera

From: SENSORS

To: PER

Topic name:

/SENSORS/CAM/R -- right camera

/SENSORS/CAM/L -- left camera

Message Type: sensor_msgs/Image

Sensor Wire

Wire length

From: SENSORS

To: PER

Topic name: /SENSORS/WIRE

Message Type: std_msgs/Float64

Units: meters

Sensor Laser SICK

SICK laser raw data

From: SENSORS

To: PER

Topic name:

/SENSORS/SICK/1

/SENSORS/SICK/2

Message Type: sensor_msgs/LaserScan

Sensor Laser IBEO

IBEO laser raw data, divided by levels of scans.

From: SENSORS

To: PER

Topic name: /SENSORS/IBEO/1

Message Type: robil_msgs/MultiLaserScan

Platform Efforts

Efforts of platform actuators

From: LLC

To: PLATFORM , PER

Topic name:

/LLC/EFFORTS/Throttle

/LLC/EFFORTS/Steering

/LLC/EFFORTS/Joints

Message Type: std_msgs/Int32

Units: [-100%,100%]

Heartbeat

Operation status notification

From: IEDSIM, LLC, OCU, PER, PP, SMME, SSM, WPD, WSM

To: SSM

Topic name: /heartbeat

Message Type: std_msgs/String

Data: name of component

3. Components Diagnostic Messages

This section describes key-value structs of DiagnosticsStatus.

For all diagnostics messages field “*message*” is a short description of reported change and field “*name*” (not a part of key-value list) is a message type.

Decision Making Control Flow

these are general diagnostic messages for all components and all logic controllers. In other words, all FSMs of all components report their states using this format.

Decision Making

Key	Value	Type
name	full name of element (id), contains name of component and FSM state.	string
type	type of change : started/stopped	string
status	in case of finish, result Success/Failure	string
node_name	name of controlled node	string
node_exe_file	executable command	string
node_exe_dir	directory of executable file	string
node_run_dir	unique id of execution. It's changed when node restarts.	string

OCU

No diagnostic messages

SMME

Mission Progress

Key	Value	Type
mission	Id of mission	string
task	Id of task	string
type	type of change : started/finished	string
status	cause of stopping : Success/Failure	string

ABL Reactions

Key	Value	Type
event	id of event	string
reaction	Id of reaction	string
type	type of report : started/finished	string

SSM

Platform Status

Key	Value	Type
status	status of platform : OK,FAIL,etc	string
???	???	???

Software Status

Key	Value	Type
component_id	ID of component	???
status	status of component	string
?????	?????	?????

Sensors Status

Key	Value	Type
sensor_id	ID of sensor	???
status	status of sensor	string
confidence	confidence of sensor data	integer [0-100%]
?????	?????	?????

IEDSIM

No diagnostic messages

WSM

WSM Progress Report

Key	Value	Type
step_id	ID of step	string
status	Started / Timeout / Success / Pause	string

PP

Path Planner

Key	Value	Type
start	Current position of robot	string
goal	Goal for planning	string
status	progress/no_solution/planned	string

WPD

Waypoint Driver

Key	Value	Type
start	start position of gotten plan	string
finish	end position of gotten plan	string
robot	current position of robot	string
length	number of waypoints	int
current_index	target waypoint index	int
current_waypoint	target waypoint position	string
status	selected / finished / event	string
event	event description	string

PER

Sensor State and Status

Key	Value	Type
sensor	sensor id	string
status	status of sensor	string

confidence	reliability of sensor data	integer [0-100%]
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if sensor_id = communication
status := { ok, fail, high_latency }

LOC

Localization Source

Key	Value	Type
source	Comma separated list of sources (GPS/Odometry/Visual/etc)	string

Localization Confidence

Key	Value	Type
confidence	confidence of localization : 0% - 100%	integer

LLC

Platform State and Status

Key	Value	Type
???	???	???

Safety Status

Key	Value	Type
???	???	???

4. Components Control Events

This section describes the system events data flow.

All messages below are sent over topic /decision_making/events and are of message type std_msgs/String

/Teleoperation

Switch to Teleoperation mode request

From: OCU

To: LLC, PER, SMME

/Autonomy

Switch to Autonomy mode request

From: OCU

To: LLC, PER, SMME

SMME Mission and Component control

/SMME/Start

/SMME/Pause

/SMME/Abort

/SMME/Resume

/SMME/Complete

/SMME/Delete

From: OCU

To: SMME

/E-Stop

Emergency stop

From: SMME

To: LLC

WPD Component control

/wpd/Start

/wpd/Stop

/wpd/Standby

/wpd/Resume

From: SMME

To: WPD

PP Component control

/pp/Start
/pp/Stop
/pp/Standby
/pp/Resume
From: SMME
To: PP

LLC Component control

/llc/Start
/llc/Stop
/llc/Standby
/llc/Resume
From: SMME
To: PP

WSM Component control

/WSM/Start
/WSM/Stop
From: SMME
To: WSM

Monitoring Events

Problems detection events
/XXX
/XXX
....
From: SSM
To: SMME, OCU

/IEDDetected

Notification about IED detection
From: IEDSIM
To: SMME

ABL Events

/NoPathFound
No path planning solution found
Compliment: /PathFound
From: PP
To: SMME, OCU

/CommFail

Communication problem

Compliment: /CommOK

From: SSM

To: OCU

/ObstacleDetected

Obstacle detected

Compliment: /AllClear

From: PP

To: SMME, OCU

/RoadDetected

Cells selected as Road detected near Global Path waypoints

Compliment: /OpenSpace

From: PP

To: SMME, OCU

/Turn-over

Prediction about Turn-Over of robot

Compliment: /StablePosition

From: SSM

To: SMME, OCU

/Collision

Collision detection

Compliment: /NoCollisions

From: LLC

To: SMME, OCU

/NoGPS

No GPS signal

Compliment: /GPSOK

From: LOC

To: SMME, OCU

/AssistanceRequired

Ask for assistance. General, not predefined problem.

Compliment: ---

From: SMME

To: OCU

5. Types

std_msgs

General standard messages.

std_msgs/String

- **string data** : vector of chars represents text data

std_msgs/Int32

- **int32 data** : integer number, 4 bytes

std_msgs/Float64

- **float64 data** : float number, 8 bytes

std_msgs/Header

Standard metadata for higher-level stamped data types.

This is generally used to communicate timestamped data in a particular coordinate frame.

- **uint32 seq : sequence ID: consecutively increasing ID**
- **time stamp** :
Two-integer timestamp that is expressed as:
 - stamp.sec: seconds (stamp_secs) since epoch
 - stamp.nsec: nanoseconds since stamp_secstime-handling sugar is provided by the client library
- **string frame_id** :
Frame this data is associated with
 - 0: no frame
 - 1: global frame

sensor_msgs

Sensor messages

sensor_msgs/NavSatFix

Navigation Satellite fix for any Global Navigation Satellite System

Specified using the WGS 84 reference ellipsoid

header.stamp specifies the ROS time for this measurement (the corresponding satellite time may be reported using the sensor_msgs/TimeReference message).

header.frame_id is the frame of reference reported by the satellite receiver, usually the location of the antenna. This is a Euclidean frame relative to the vehicle, not a reference ellipsoid.

- **std_msgs/Header header**

- **sensor_msgs/NavSatStatus status** : satellite fix status information
Navigation Satellite fix status for any Global Navigation Satellite System. Whether to output an augmented fix is determined by both the fix type and the last time differential corrections were received. A fix is valid when status >= STATUS_FIX.
 - **int8 status**
 - int8 STATUS_NO_FIX = -1 : unable to fix position
 - int8 STATUS_FIX = 0 : unaugmented fix
 - int8 STATUS_SBAS_FIX = 1 : with satellite-based augmentation
 - int8 STATUS_GBAS_FIX = 2 : with ground-based augmentation
 - **uint16 service** : Bits defining which Global Navigation Satellite System signals were used by the receiver.
 - uint16 SERVICE_GPS = 1
 - uint16 SERVICE_GLONASS = 2
 - uint16 SERVICE_COMPASS = 4 : includes BeiDou.
 - uint16 SERVICE_GALILEO = 8
- **float64 latitude** : Latitude [degrees]. Positive is north of equator; negative is south
- **float64 longitude** : Longitude [degrees]. Positive is east of prime meridian; negative is west.
- **float64 altitude** : Altitude [m]. Positive is above the WGS 84 ellipsoid
- # (quiet NaN if no altitude is available).
- **float64[9] position_covariance** : Position covariance [m²] defined relative to a tangential plane through the reported position. The components are East, North, and Up (ENU), in row-major order.
Beware: this coordinate system exhibits singularities at the poles.
- **uint8 position_covariance_type** : If the covariance of the fix is known, fill it in completely. If the GPS receiver provides the variance of each measurement, put them along the diagonal. If only Dilution of Precision is available, estimate an approximate covariance from that.
 - uint8 COVARIANCE_TYPE_UNKNOWN = 0
 - uint8 COVARIANCE_TYPE_APPROXIMATED = 1
 - uint8 COVARIANCE_TYPE_DIAGONAL_KNOWN = 2
 - uint8 COVARIANCE_TYPE_KNOWN = 3

sensor_msgs/Imu

This is a message to hold data from an IMU (Inertial Measurement Unit)
Accelerations should be in m/s² (not in g's), and rotational velocity should be in rad/sec. If the covariance of the measurement is known, it should be filled in (if all you know is the variance of each measurement, e.g. from the datasheet, just put those along the diagonal). A covariance matrix of all zeros will be interpreted as "covariance unknown", and to use the data a covariance will have to be assumed or gotten from some other source. If you have no estimate for one of the data elements (e.g. your IMU doesn't produce an orientation estimate), please set element 0 of the associated covariance matrix to -1. If you are interpreting this message, please check

for a value of -1 in the first element of each covariance matrix, and disregard the associated estimate.

- **std_msgs/Header header**
- **geometry_msgs/Quaternion orientation :**
This represents an orientation in free space in quaternion form
 - **float64 x**
 - **float64 y**
 - **float64 z**
 - **float64 w**
- **float64[9] orientation_covariance :** Row major about x, y, z axes
- **geometry_msgs/Vector3 angular_velocity :**
This represents a vector in free space.
 - **float64 x**
 - **float64 y**
 - **float64 z**
- **float64[9] angular_velocity_covariance :** Row major about x, y, z axes
- **geometry_msgs/Vector3 linear_acceleration :**
This represents a vector in free space.
 - **float64 x**
 - **float64 y**
 - **float64 z**
- **float64[9] linear_acceleration_covariance :** Row major about x, y, z

sensor_msgs/LaserScan

Single scan from a planar laser range-finder

If you have another ranging device with different behavior (e.g. a sonar array), please find or create a different message, since applications will make fairly laser-specific assumptions about this data

- **std_msgs/Header header**
timestamp in the header is the acquisition time of the first ray in the scan.
in frame frame_id, angles are measured around the positive Z axis (counterclockwise, if Z is up) with zero angle being forward along the x axis
- **float32 angle_min :** start angle of the scan [rad]
- **float32 angle_max :** end angle of the scan [rad]
- **float32 angle_increment :** angular distance between measurements [rad]
- **float32 time_increment :** time between measurements [seconds] - if your scanner is moving, this will be used in interpolating position of 3d points
- **float32 scan_time :** time between scans [seconds]
- **float32 range_min :** minimum range value [m]
- **float32 range_max :** maximum range value [m]
- **float32[] ranges :** range data [m] (Note: values < range_min or > range_max should be discarded)
- **float32[] intensities :** intensity data [device-specific units]. If your device does not provide intensities, please leave the array empty.

sensor_msgs/Image

This message contains an uncompressed image (0, 0) is at top-left corner of image

- **std_msgs/Header header**
Header timestamp should be acquisition time of image
Header frame_id should be optical frame of camera origin of frame should be optical center of camera
+x should point to the right in the image
+y should point down in the image
+z should point into to plane of the image
If the frame_id here and the frame_id of the CameraInfo message associated with the image conflict the behavior is undefined
- **uint32 height**
image height, that is, number of rows
- **uint32 width**
image width, that is, number of columns
- **string encoding**
The legal values for encoding are in file src/image_encodings.cpp
If you want to standardize a new string format, join
ros-users@lists.sourceforge.net and send an email proposing a new encoding.
Encoding of pixels -- channel meaning, ordering, size
taken from the list of strings in include/sensor_msgs/image_encodings.h
- **uint8 is_bigendian** : is this data bigendian?
- **uint32 step** : Full row length in bytes
- **uint8[] data** : actual matrix data, size is (step * rows)

sensor_msgs/JointState

This is a message that holds data to describe the state of a set of torque controlled joints.

The state of each joint (revolute or prismatic) is defined by:

- * the position of the joint (rad or m),
- * the velocity of the joint (rad/s or m/s) and
- * the effort that is applied in the joint (Nm or N).

Each joint is uniquely identified by its name

This message consists of a multiple arrays, one for each part of the joint state.

The goal is to make each of the fields optional. When e.g. your joints have no effort associated with them, you can leave the effort array empty.

All arrays in this message should have the same size, or be empty.

This is the only way to uniquely associate the joint name with the correct states.

- **Header header** :
The header specifies the time at which the joint states were recorded. All the joint states in one message have to be recorded at the same time.
- **string[] name** : list of joints identifiers
- **float64[] position** : list of joints positions [rad]
- **float64[] velocity** : list of joints velocity [rad/s]
- **float64[] effort** : list of joints efforts

geometry_msgs

Geometry messages

geometry_msgs/PoseStamped

A Pose with reference coordinate frame and timestamp

- **std_msgs/Header header**
- **geometry_msgs/Pose pose**

A representation of pose in free space, composed of position and orientation.

- **geometry_msgs/Point position**
position of robot (meters)
 - float64 x**
 - float64 y**
 - float64 z**
- **geometry_msgs/Quaternion orientation**
 - float64 x**
 - float64 y**
 - float64 z**
 - float64 w**

geometry_msgs/TwistStamped

A twist with reference coordinate frame and timestamp

- **std_msgs/Header header**
- **geometry_msgs/Twist twist**

This expresses velocity in free space broken into its linear and angular parts.

- **geometry_msgs/Vector3 linear**
This represents a vector in free space. (m/sec)
 - float64 x**
 - float64 y**
 - float64 z**
- **geometry_msgs/Vector3 angular**
This represents a vector in free space. (rad/sec)
 - float64 x**
 - float64 y**
 - float64 z**

geometry_msgs/PoseWithCovariance

This represents a pose in free space with uncertainty.

- **geometry_msgs/Pose pose**
A representation of pose in free space, composed of position and orientation.
 - **geometry_msgs/Point position**
position of robot (meters)
 - float64 x**

- float64 y
 - float64 z
- **geometry_msgs/Quaternion orientation**
 - float64 x
 - float64 y
 - float64 z
 - float64 w
- **float64[36] covariance**

Row-major representation of the 6x6 covariance matrix. The orientation parameters use a fixed-axis representation.

In order, the parameters are:

(x, y, z, rotation about X axis, rotation about Y axis, rotation about Z axis)

geometry_msgs/TwistWithCovariance

This expresses velocity in free space with uncertainty

- **geometry_msgs/Twist twist**

This expresses velocity in free space broken into its linear and angular parts.

 - **geometry_msgs/Vector3 linear**

This represents a vector in free space. (m/sec)

 - float64 x
 - float64 y
 - float64 z
 - **geometry_msgs/Vector3 angular**

This represents a vector in free space. (rad/sec)

 - float64 x
 - float64 y
 - float64 z
- **float64[36] covariance**

Row-major representation of the 6x6 covariance matrix

The orientation parameters use a fixed-axis representation.

In order, the parameters are:

(x, y, z, rotation about X axis, rotation about Y axis, rotation about Z axis)

geometry_msgs/PoseWithCovarianceStamped

This expresses an estimated pose with a reference coordinate frame and timestamp

- **Header header**
- **PoseWithCovariance pose**

Nav_msgs

Navigation messages

nav_msgs/Path waypoints

An array of poses that represents a Path for a robot to follow

- **std_msgs/Header header**

- **geometry_msgs/PoseStamped[] poses** : waypoints list, defined by target position and orientation.

nav_msgs/Odometry

This represents an estimate of a position and velocity in free space.

- **std_msgs/Header header**
- **string child_frame_id**
- **geometry_msgs/PoseWithCovariance pose**
The pose in this message should be specified in the coordinate frame given by header.frame_id.
- **geometry_msgs/TwistWithCovariance twist**
The twist in this message should be specified in the coordinate frame given by the child_frame_id

diagnostic_msgs

Diagnostic messages

diagnostic_msgs/DiagnosticStatus

This message holds the status of an individual component of the robot.

- **byte level** : level of operation enumerated above
Possible levels of operations:
byte OK=0
byte WARN=1
byte ERROR=2
- **string name** : a description of the test/component reporting
- **string message** : a description of the status
- **string hardware_id** : a hardware unique string
- **diagnostic_msgs/KeyValue[] values** :
an array of values associated with the status
 - **string key** : what to label this value when viewing
 - **string value** : a value to track over time

robil_msgs

ROBIL specific messages

robil_msgs/AssignNavTask

Navigation task definition. Task is a global path with target heading at the last position.

- **std_msgs/Header header** : time and frame information
- **string task_id** : Task ID
- **string task_description** : textual description of task
- **float32 heading_at_last_point** : heading at last point of path (radians)
- **nav_msgs/Odometry[] waypoints** :

waypoints with speed limitation of global path

- **std_msgs/Header header** : time and frame information
- **geometry_msgs/PoseWithCovariance pose** : target pose of waypoint
- **geometry_msgs/TwistWithCovariance twist** : speed limit of segment from the waypoint up to next waypoint in the path.

robil_msgs/AssignManipulatorTask

Manipulator task definition. Task is a list of steps. Step is a manipulator command.

- **std_msgs/Header header** : time and frame information
- **string task_id** : Task Id
- **string task_description** : textual description of task
- **robil_msgs/AssignManipulatorTaskStep[] steps** :

List of manipulator steps commands

- **int32 id** : Unique step id
- **int8 type** : Type of step
 - int8 type_unknown=0
 - int8 type_blade_height=1
 - int8 type_blade_angle=2
 - int8 type_clamp=3
 - int8 type_advance=4
 - int8 type_turn=5
- **float32 value** : target angle of step command (radians)
 - Variants of data represented by this value:
 - Height [m]
 - Angle [deg]
 - Clamp [0-100%]
 - Advance [m]
 - Turn [deg]
- **int8 blade_relativity** :
 - is actual for type = *blade_height* or *advance* or *turn*
 - int8 blade_relativity_absolute=0 - Absolute height
 - int8 blade_relativity_graud=1 - Height relative to ground
- **int64 success_timeout** : time limit of step (seconds)
- **int64 duration_at_end** : pause duration at end (seconds)

robil_msgs/AssignMission

Mission definition. Mission is a list of Tasks (of both types: nav. and manip.)

- **std_msgs/Header header** : time and frame information
- **string mission_id** : Mission ID
- **string mission_description** : textual description of mission
- **robil_msgs/AssignMissionTask[] tasks** : list of tasks
 - **string task_id** : Task ID

robil_msgs/Path

An array of poses that represents a Path for a robot to follow

- **nav_msgs/Path waypoints** : waypoints defined as standard ros path
- **bool is_ip_defined** : *True* if Interested Point defined, *Else* in other case.
- **geometry_msgs/Point ip** : if *is_ip_defined* is *True*, location of interested points. The heading of the robot after the path following has to be directed to this point.
- **bool is_heading_defined** : *True* if heading of last point defined, *Else* in other case.
- **float32 heading** : If *is_heading_defined* is *True*, this is a target heading at the last path waypoint.

robil_msgs/MissionAcceptance

Report message about mission acceptance

- **string mission_id** : Unique ID of mission
- **time mission_assign_stamp** : time from header of AssignMission message for message with *mission_id*.
- **int32 status** :
if >0 then mission accepted
else mission rejected and value of status is a error code.

robil_msgs/IEDLocation

IED detection event

- **bool is_detected** : *True* if IED detected, *False* in other case
- **geometry_msgs/Point** : Position of IED object.

robil_msgs/Map

This represents a 2-D grid map, in which each cell represents the type of occupancy and detected objects.

- **std_msgs/Header header**
- **nav_msgs/MapMetaData info** : MetaData for the map.
This hold basic information about the characterists of the Map
 - **time map_load_time** : The time at which the map was loaded
 - **float32 resolution** : The map resolution [m/cell]
 - **uint32 width** : Map width [cells]
 - **uint32 height** : Map height [cells]
 - **geometry_msgs/Pose origin** : The origin of the map [m, m, rad]. This is the real-world pose of the cell (0,0) in the map.
- **robil_msgs/MapCell[] data** :
The map data, in row-major order, starting with (0,0)
Cell description:
 - **float32 height** : average altitude of the cell
 - **int8 type** : type occupancy of the cell
int8 type_unscanned=0
int8 type_clear=1
int8 type_obstacle=2
 - **int32 feature** : features detected in the cell

```
int32 feature_unknown=0
int32 feature_road=1
int32 feature_object=2
```

robil_msgs/MultiLaserScan

Scan of multilayer laser (IBEO).

- **std_msgs/Header header**
- **float32 angle_min_t** : start angle of the top planes scan [rad]
- **float32 angle_max_t** : end angle of the top planes scan [rad]
- **float32 angle_min_b** : start angle of the bottom planes scan [rad]
- **float32 angle_max_b** : end angle of the bottom planes scan [rad]
- **float32 angle_increment** : angular distance between measurements [rad]
- **float32 angle_t1** : vertical angle of top plane 1
- **float32 angle_t2** : vertical angle of top plane 2
- **float32 angle_b1** : vertical angle of bottom plane 1
- **float32 angle_b2** : vertical angle of bottom plane 2
- **float32 time_increment** : time between measurements [seconds]
if your scanner is moving, this will be used in interpolating position of 3d points
- **float32 scan_time** : time between scans [seconds]
- **float32 range_min** : minimum range value [m]
- **float32 range_max** : maximum range value [m]
- **float32[] ranges_t1** : range data [m]
values < range_min or > range_max should be discarded
- **float32[] ranges_t2** : range data [m]
values < range_min or > range_max should be discarded
- **float32[] ranges_b1** : range data [m]
values < range_min or > range_max should be discarded
- **float32[] ranges_b2** : range data [m]
values < range_min or > range_max should be discarded
- **float32[] intensities** : intensity data [devicespecific units].
If your device does not provide intensities, please leave the array empty.

6. Transformations (TF)

Transformations Tree

- world
 - occupancy_map
 - mini_map
 - odom
 - base_link
 - body
 - cabin
 - Ibeo
 - cameraL_frame
 - cameraR_frame
 - front_sick
 - gps_ins
 - ibeo
 - left_sick
 - right_sick
 - base_arm
 - main_arm
 - loader
 - brackets

Coordinate Frames Specification

world

The coordinate frame is a world fixed frame, with its Z-axis pointing upwards. The pose of a mobile platform, relative to the world frame, should not significantly drift over time. The map frame is not continuous, meaning the pose of a mobile platform in the map frame can change in discrete jumps at any time.

In a typical setup, a localization component constantly re-computes the robot pose in the world frame based on sensor observations, therefore eliminating drift, but causing discrete jumps when new sensor information arrives.

The world frame is useful as a long-term global reference, but discrete jumps make it a poor reference frame for local sensing and acting.

odom

The coordinate frame called odom is a world-fixed frame. The pose of a mobile platform in the odom frame can drift over time, without any bounds. This drift makes the odom frame useless as a long-term global reference. However, the pose of a robot in the odom frame is guaranteed to be continuous, meaning that the pose of a mobile platform in the odom frame always evolves in a smooth way, without discrete jumps. In a typical setup the odom frame is computed based on an odometry source, such as wheel odometry, visual odometry or an inertial measurement unit.

The odom frame is useful as an accurate, short-term local reference, but drift makes it a poor frame for long-term reference.

base_link

The coordinate frame called base_link is rigidly attached to the mobile robot base. The base_link can be attached to the base in any arbitrary position or orientation; for every hardware platform there will be a different place on the base that provides an obvious point of reference.

occupancy_map

The map (0,0) coordinates (the main occupancy grid offset and orientation)

The coordinate frame is rigidly attached to the (0,0) point of map (start of occupancy grid).

mini-map

The coordinate frame is rigidly attached to the (0,0) point of mini-map (location of robot on mini-map).

body

This is the frame of the mobile robot body and all other hardware connects to it.

Ibeo

This frame is of the static link to the ibeo sensor which is rigidly attached to the cabin.

cameraL_frame

this is the coordinate frame of the Flea3 left camera. the camera is rigidly attached to the body and may be positioned differently

cameraR_frame

this is the coordinate frame of the Flea3 right camera. the camera is rigidly attached to the body and may be positioned differently

front_sick

this is the coordinate frame of the front sick scanner. It is rigidly attached to the body.

gps_ins

this is the coordinate frame of the GPS/INS sensor. It is rigidly attached to the body.

ibeo

this is the coordinate frame of the ibeo sensor. It is rigidly attached to the body. (it should be attached to the ibeo link)

left_sick

this is the coordinate frame of the left sick scanner. It is rigidly attached to the body.

right_sick

this is the coordinate frame of the right sick scanner. It is rigidly attached to the body.

base_arm

the frame of the base_arm represents the virtual joint between the body and base-arm link, located in the middle between the 2 parallel base_arm links. The frame origin is in a fixed position related to the body frame and can rotate around the Y axis. The angle of rotation is a function of the wire sensor's 1st DOF state.

main_arm

the frame of the main_arm represents the virtual joint between the base_arm and main-arm links, located in the middle between the 2 parallel main_arm links. The frame origin is in a fixed position related to the base_arm frame and can rotate around the Y axis. The angle of rotation is a function of the wire sensor's 1st DOF state.

loader

the loader frame is positioned on the virtual joint between the loader and main_arm links and can rotate around the Y axis according to loader rotation commands. its rotation is a function of the 2nd DOF of the wire sensor.

brackets

the brackets frame is positioned on the virtual joint between the 2 brackets and the loader links and can rotate around the Y axis according to brackets open/close commands. its rotation is a function of the 3rd DOF of the wire sensor.