

## Data Collection and Preprocessing Phase

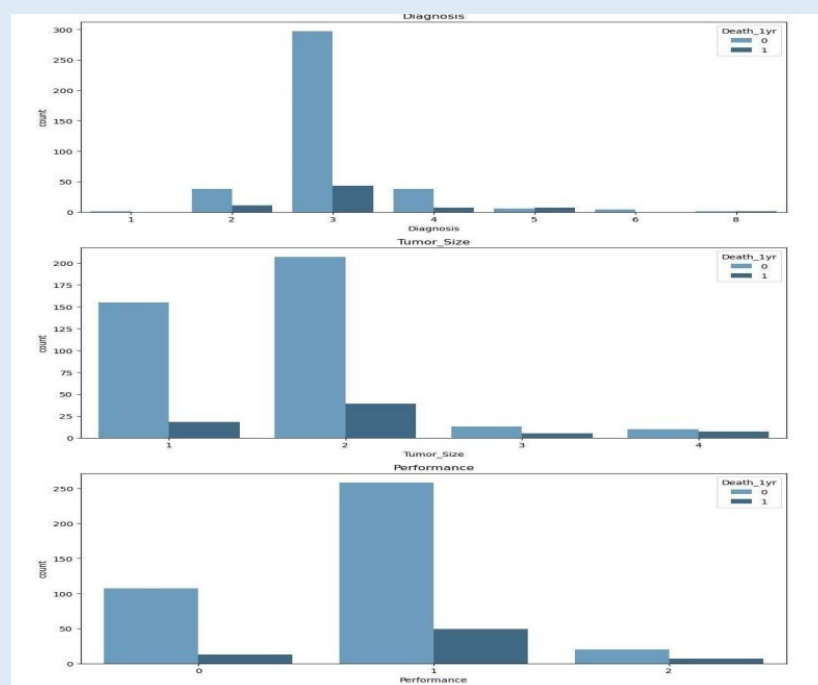
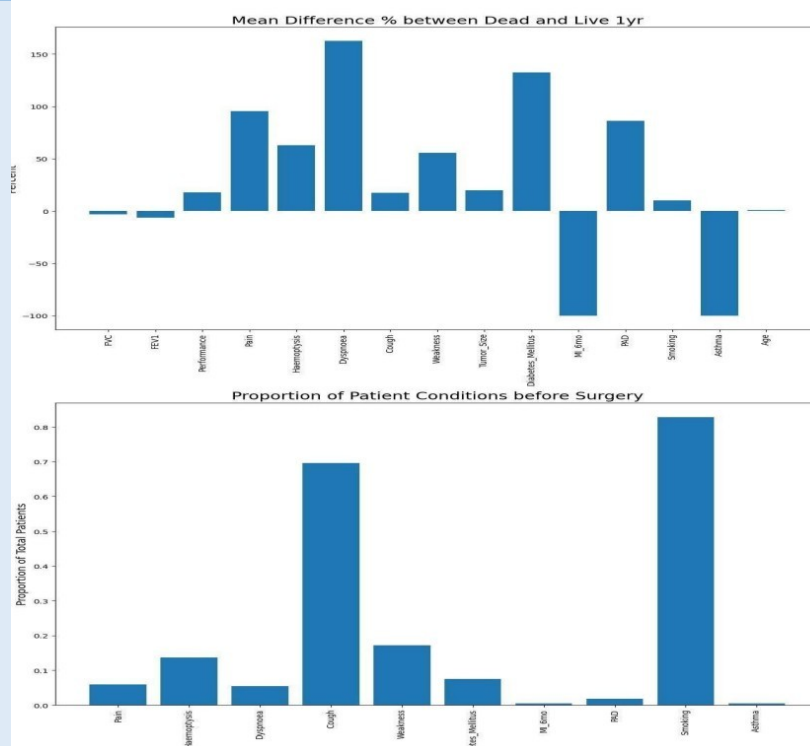
Date	15 July 2024
Team ID	739847
Project Title	One Year Life Expectancy post on Thoracic Surgery using Machine Learning
Maximum Marks	6 Marks

### Data Exploration and Preprocessing Report

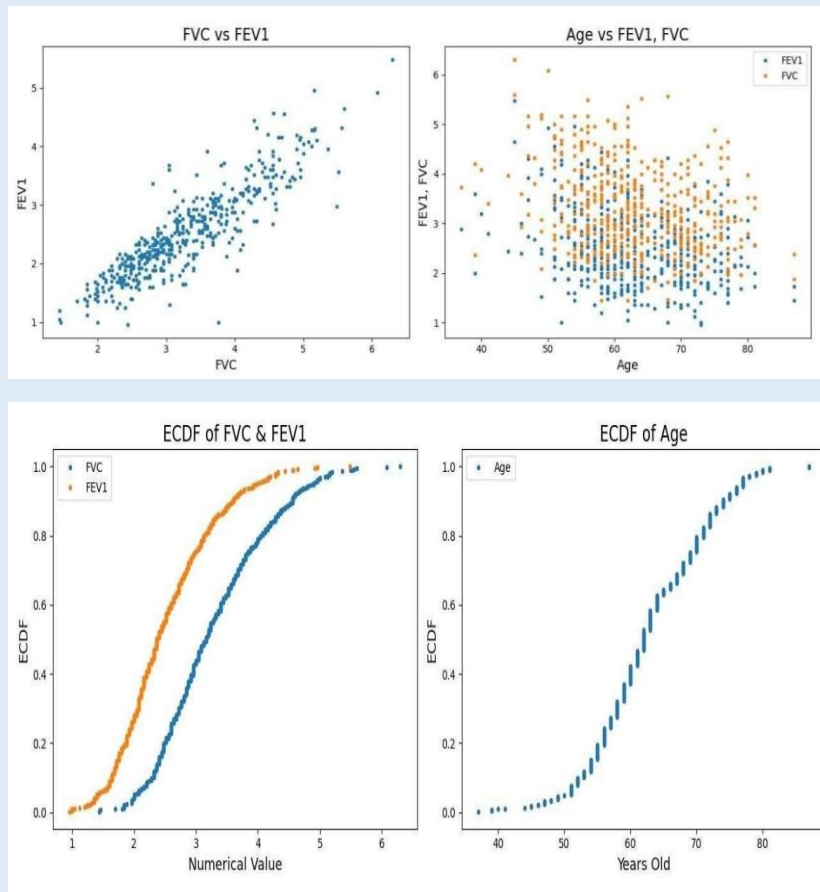
Dataset variables will be statistically analyzed to identify patterns and outliers, with Python employed for pre-processing tasks like normalization and feature engineering. Data cleaning will address missing values and outliers, ensuring quality for subsequent analysis and modeling, and forming a strong foundation for insights and predictions.

Section	Description
Data Overview	<u>Dimension:</u> 454 rows × 17 columns
	<u>Descriptive statistics:</u>

## Exploratory Data analysis



## Correlation Coefficient



## Data Preprocessing Code Screenshots

### Loading Data

```
In [29]: # Import necessary libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, f1_score, classification_report, confusion_matrix
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier, GradientBoostingClassifier
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
import itertools
import warnings

# Ignore warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')

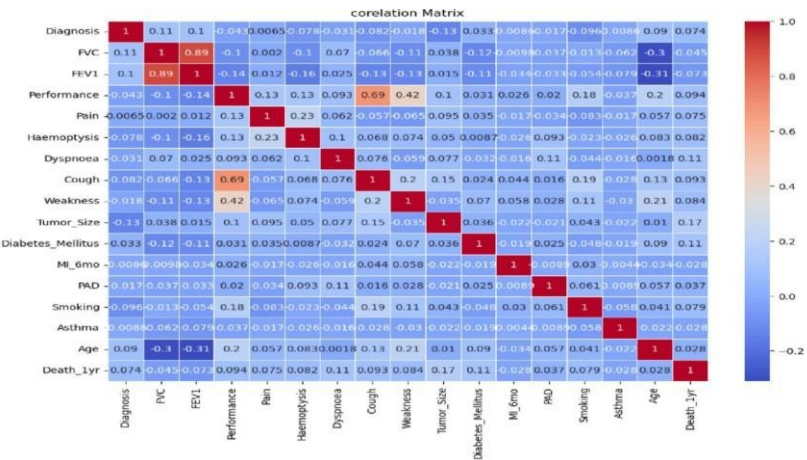
# Load your dataset
df = pd.read_csv('ThoracicSurgery.csv')

# Feature selection
# Select features relevant for prediction
features = ['FVC', 'FEV1', 'Performance', 'Pain', 'Haemoptysis', 'Dyspnoea',
           'Cough', 'Weakness', 'Tumor_Size', 'Diabetes_Mellitus', 'MI_6mo',
           'PAD', 'Smoking', 'Asthma', 'Age']
target = 'Death_1yr'

# Prepare the data
X = df[features]
y = df[target]

# Split the data into training and testing sets
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
```

### Correlation Matrix



### Data Transformation

```
In [24]: xndf.iloc[:,0:15].values
          yndf.iloc[:,15:16].values

In [25]: x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.2,random_state=0)

In [26]: print('Shape of x_train {}'.format(x_train.shape))
          print('Shape of y_train {}'.format(y_train.shape))
          print('Shape of x_test {}'.format(x_test.shape))
          print('Shape of y_test {}'.format(y_test.shape))

          Shape of x_train (363, 15)
          Shape of y_train (363, 1)
          Shape of x_test (91, 15)
          Shape of y_test (91, 1)

In [27]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler

          # Standard scaling
          sc = StandardScaler()
          x_train = sc.fit_transform(x_train)
          x_test = sc.transform(x_test)
```

### Feature Engineering

Attached the codes in final submission.

### Save Processed Data

Data saved in the form of model .pkl file