# Bonjour



Apple Inc.'s trade name for its implementation of Zeroconf,

## a service discovery protocol

http://developer.apple.com/networking/bonjour/faq.html

# Apple's Bonjour

- ref: <a href="http://opensource.apple.com/">http://opensource.apple.com/</a>
- A key component of Apple applications (e.g., iTunes, iPhoto), services (e.g., MobileMe) and devices (e.g., Apple TV, and Airport). Partage de fichiers audio, image, vidéo, ...
- Developers can easily leverage Bonjour from both Mac OS X and iOS.

## service discovery

- automatic discovery of computers, devices, and services on IP networks.
- no need to enter IP addresses or configure DNS servers.
- Bonjour enables automatic IP address assignment without a DHCP server, name to address translation without a DNS server, and service discovery without a directory server.
- exple: Bonjour Printing, game, ...

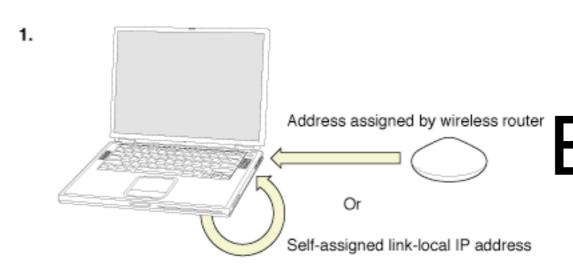
## Bonjour & IETF

- Dynamic Configuration of IPv4 Link-Local Addresses (RFC 3927 - Apple, Microsoft, Sun, May 2005) using 169.254.0.0/16
- Multicast DNS (Internet-Draft, Apple, Expires: August 18, 2011)
- DNS-Based Service Discovery (Internet-Draft, Apple, Expires: August 31, 2011)
- DNS Long-Lived Queries and Dynamic DNS Update Leases (Internet-Draft, Apple, Expired: Feb. 10, 2007)
- NAT Port Mapping Protocol (NAT-PMP)
   (Internet-Draft, Apple, Expired: Oct. 16, 2008)

#### Applications supporting NAT-PMP [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/NAT\_Port\_Mapping\_Protocol]

This list is <u>incomplete</u>; you can help by <u>expanding it</u>.

- **<u>BitTorrent</u>**, a BitTorrent file-sharing client.
- <u>Bitcomet</u>, a BitTorrent file-sharing client.
- Colloquy, an Internet Relay Chat client.
- Crashplan, an offsite backup program.
- <u>Deluge</u>, a BitTorrent file-sharing client.
- FarFinder, a remote file access application for OS X.
- FreeSWITCH, an open source telephony platform.
- Frostwire, a Gnutella file-sharing client.
- <u>Limewire</u>, a Gnutella file-sharing client.
- Mac OS X 10.4 and above.
- <u>\( \mu\) Torrent</u>, a BitTorrent file-sharing client.
- Nicecast, a music streaming program.
- Port Map, a manual port mapping configuration software for OS X.
- qBittorrent, a BitTorrent file-sharing client.
- <u>Transmission</u>, a BitTorrent file-sharing client.
- <u>Vuze</u>, a BitTorrent file-sharing client.
- RetroShare
- Stallone, a software implementation of NAT-PMP for linux/iptables: <a href="http://tedp.id.au/stallone/">http://tedp.id.au/stallone/</a>
- ShareTool, an automated VPN program for OS X.
- MobileMe, Apple Inc's mobile device synchronization service.



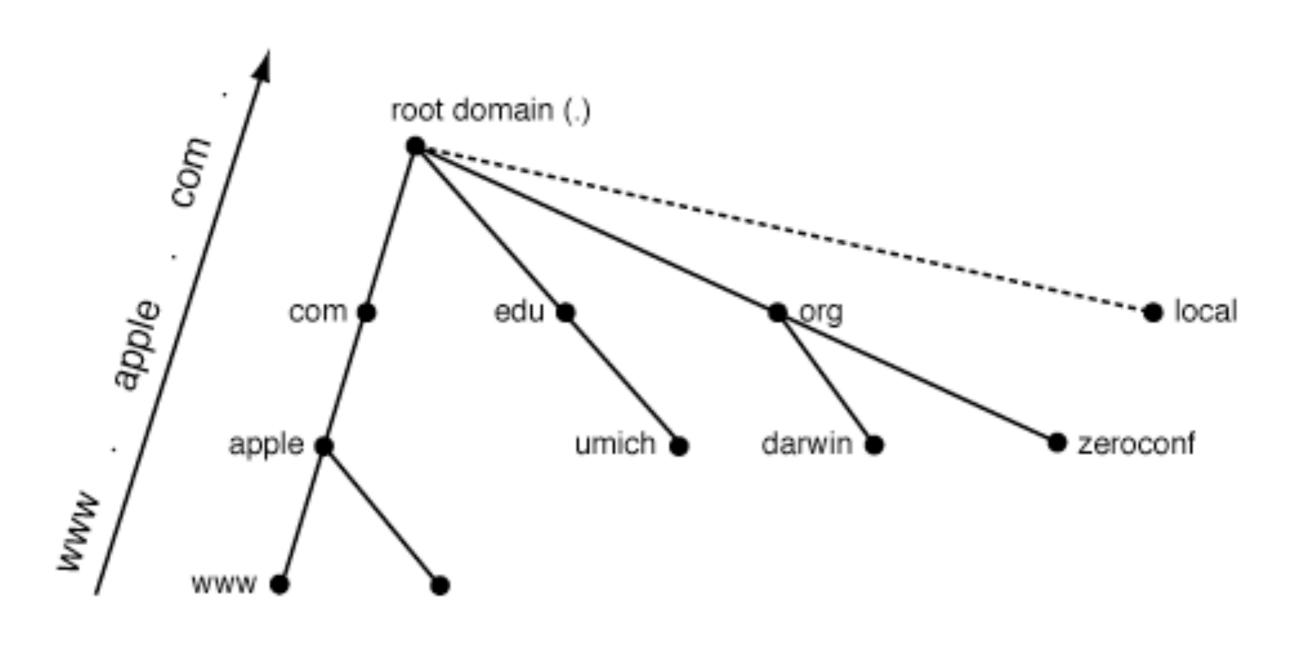
# Introduction to Bonjour Overview



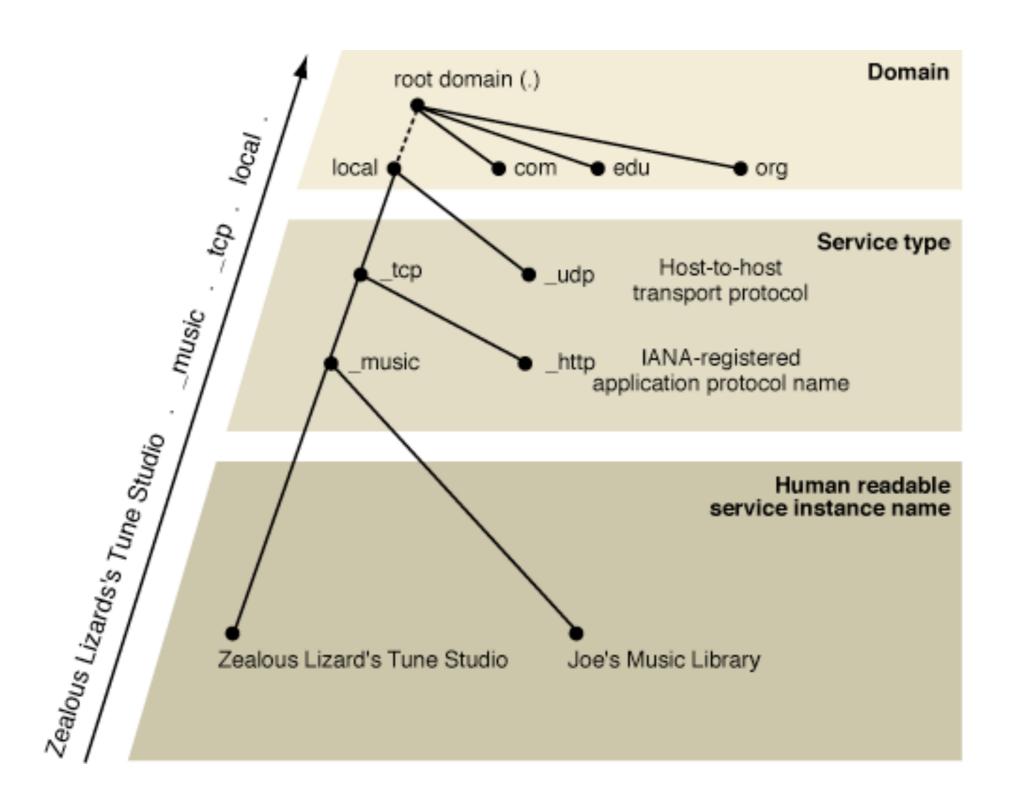




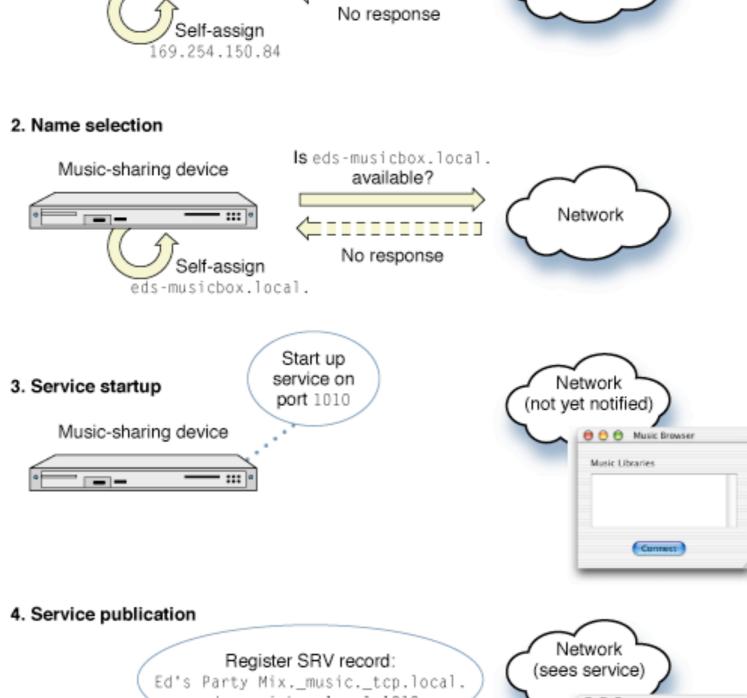
# DNS & Bonjour

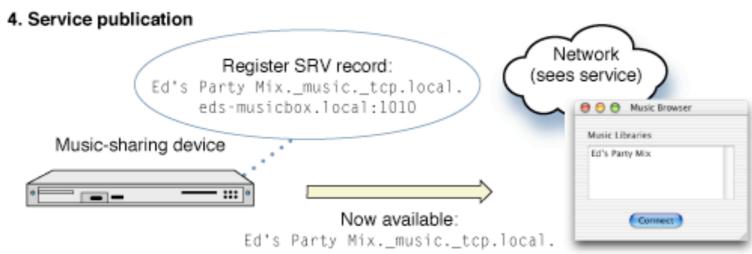


## Bonjour Names for Service Instances



#### 1. Address selection Is 169.254.150.84 Music-sharing device available? Network \* \*\*\* No response Self-assign 169.254.150.84 Is eds-musicbox.local. Music-sharing device available?





#### 1. Query by service type

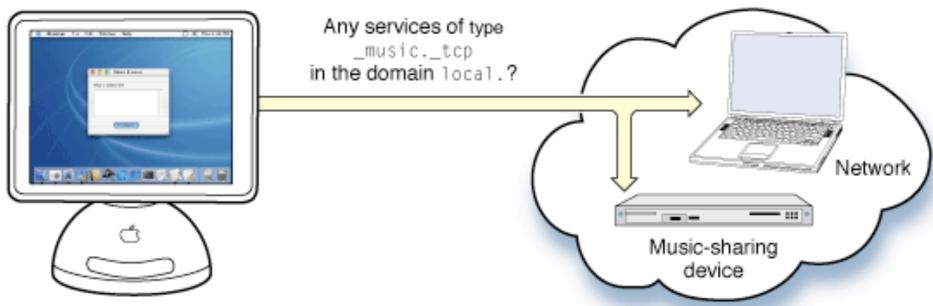
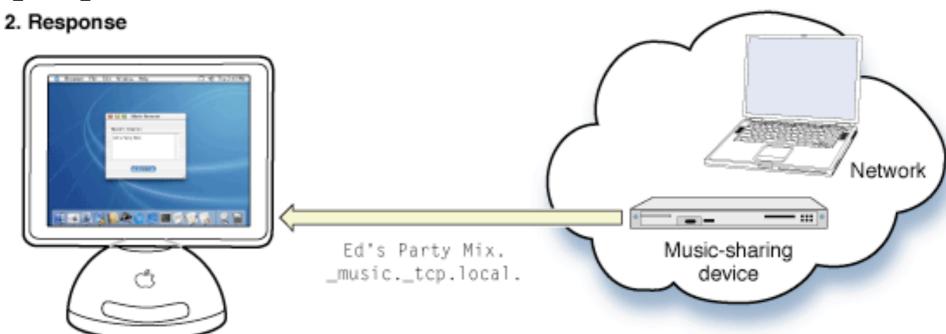
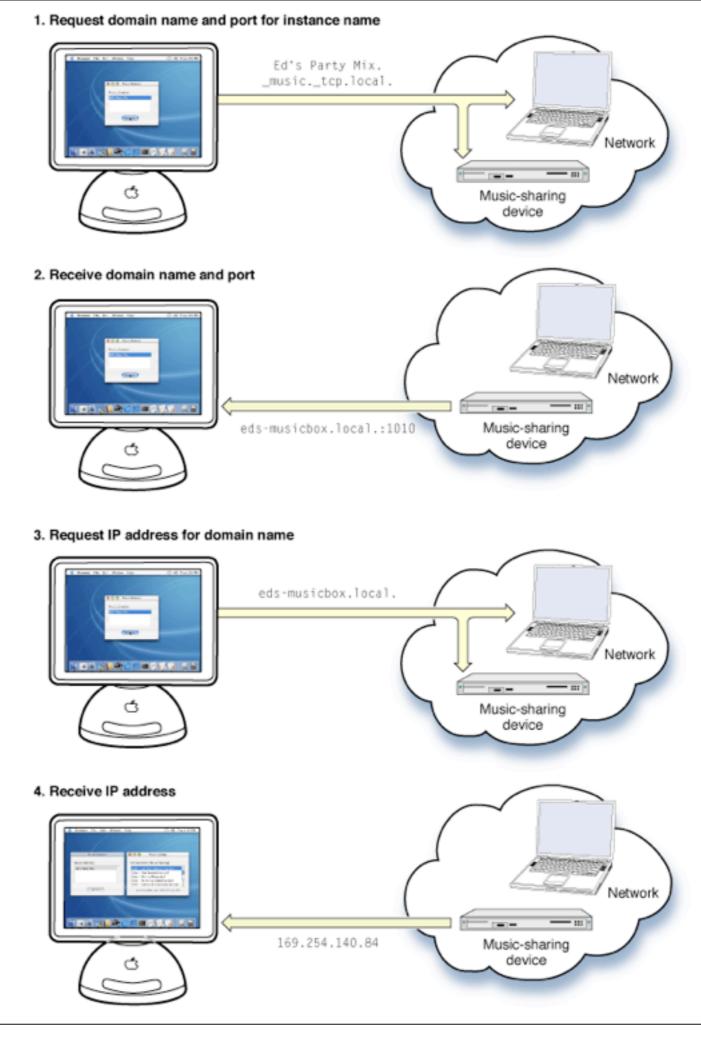


Figure 2 Discovering music sharing services

Figure 2 illustrates a client application browsing for music sharing services. In step 1, the client application issues a query for services of type \_music.\_tcp in the local. domain to the standard multicast address 224.0.0.251. Every Multicast DNS responder on the network hears the request, but only the music sharing device responds with a PTR record (step 2). The resulting PTR record holds the service instance name, Ed's Party Mix.\_music.\_tcp.local. in this case.





# Bonjour API Architecture

Foundation Framework API (NSNetService/NSNetServiceBrowser)

Core Services Framework API (CFNetService/CFNetServiceBrowser)

> Low-Level Socket based API (dns-sd.h)

Multicast DNS Responder

Java-based API

Low-Level Socket based API (dns-sd.h)

Multicast DNS Responder



#### NSNetServices and CFNetServices Programming Guide

#### NSNetServiceBrowser

The NSNetServiceBrowser class provides methods for browsing for available Bonjour network services.

Browsing for Bonjour network services takes three steps:

- 1. Initialize an NSNetServiceBrowser instance and assign a delegate to the object.
- 2. Begin a search for services of a specific type in a given domain.

```
id delegateObject; // Assume this exists.

NSNetServiceBrowser *serviceBrowser;

serviceBrowser = [[NSNetServiceBrowser alloc] init];

[serviceBrowser setDelegate:delegateObject];

[serviceBrowser searchForServicesOfType:@"_music._tcp" inDomain:@""];
```

3. Handle search results and other messages sent to the delegate object.

#### NSNetServices and CFNetServices Programming Guide

**Publishing** a Bonjour network service takes four steps:

- 1. Set up a valid socket port for communication.
- 2. Initialize an NSNetService instance with name, type, domain and socket information, and assign a delegate to the object.

3. Publish the NSNetService instance

```
[service publish];
```

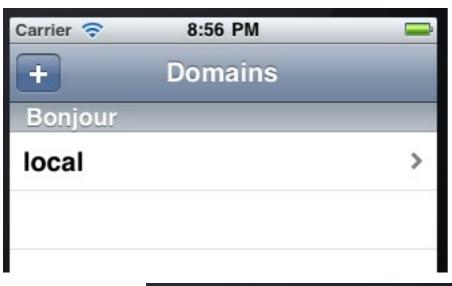
4. Respond to messages sent to the NSNetService object's delegate.

#### NSNetServiceDelegate

```
1 - netServiceWillPublish:
2 - netService:didNotPublish:
3 - netServiceDidPublish:
4 - netServiceWillResolve:
5 - netService:didNotResolve:
6 - netServiceDidResolveAddress:
7 - netService:didUpdateTXTRecordData:
8 - netServiceDidStop:
```

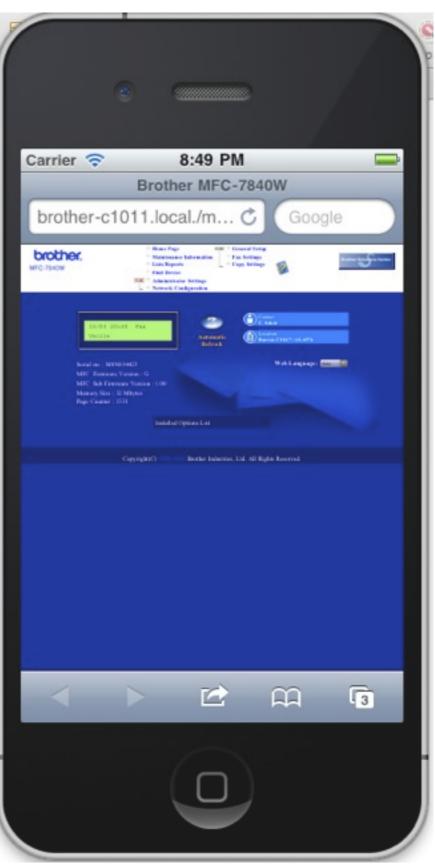
BonjourVVeb



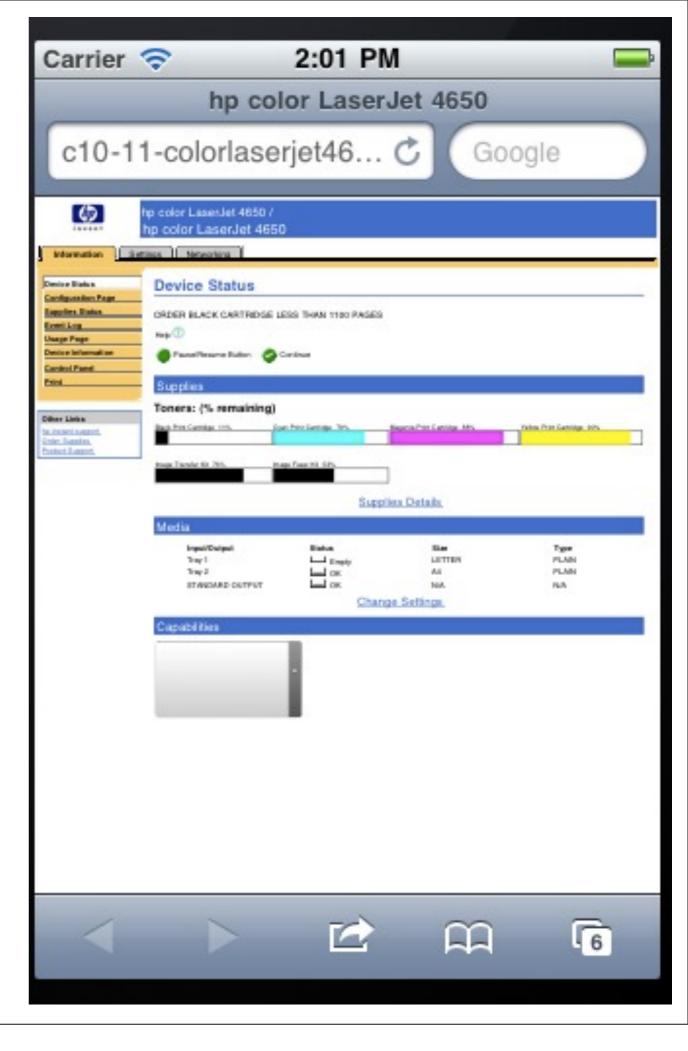


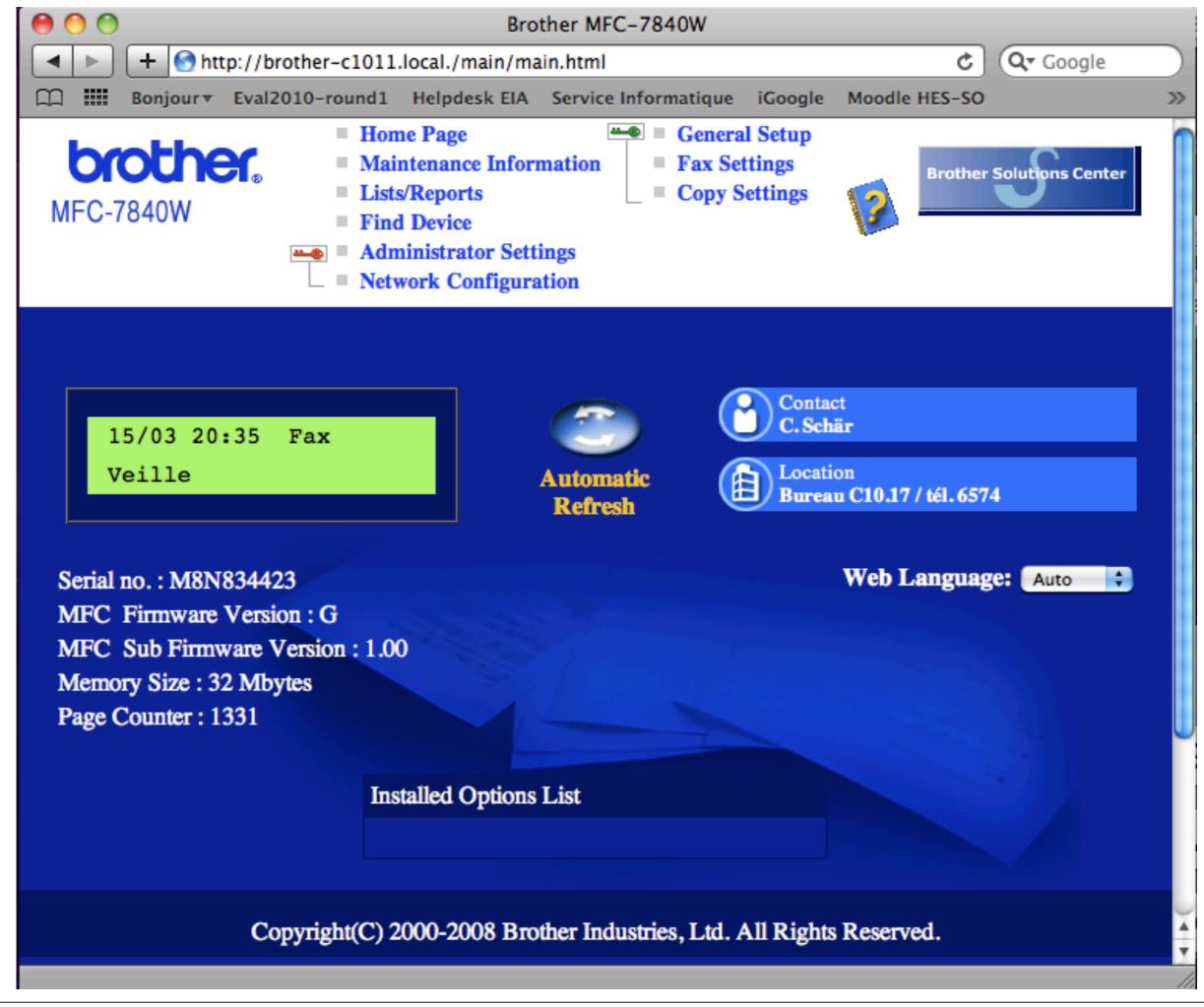


**Brother MFC-7840W** 









### http://brother-c1011.local./main/main.html

```
Stream Content
GET /common/image/back img.gif HTTP/1.1
Host: brother-c1011.local.
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (iPhone Simulator; U; CPU iPhone OS 4 2 like Mac OS X; en-us) AppleWebKit/533.17.9
(KHTML, like Gecko) Version/5.0.2 Mobile/8C134 Safari/6533.18.5
Referer: http://brother-c1011.local./main/main.html?refresh=off
Accept: */*
Accept-Language: en-us
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Connection: keep-alive
HTTP/1.0 200 0K
Content-Length: 43457
Content-Type: image/gif
Connection: close
Server: debut/1.08
$.....*...i...i....i...e.#.....
$....*...*...
.....!....q..}.*...x....u......q......!.....!......
.H.....*\.....#J.H.....*h..q
..k0..I.R.?.7.X.qe..0c.:9H....s....)W
....Q.)U..y....IU.$...U~.Qr.`....`..
.,...y.+^<.f..n?2.L....9]V..Y...."..L.4+.\..^.z.X.n[....([.S5...G.....A..6x......^H.!......z
+....wA..w.....7.....7......9$..[M.D7w....'....p...VC...Q]v.. 5..h...
H.6.]b.#...aeu8!4.....c.Z...cR3.....F#V*....(.(....KV.....kl5...32..."R9.V.,h";3...^@:C..D>.%
&g.A.!....&z(.d...gn..f.j..b.mv.....
```