



$h = \frac{v^2}{2g} \Rightarrow v = \sqrt{2gh}$
 Durchfluss $\Rightarrow Q = v \cdot A = \sqrt{2gh} \cdot A$

$H_1 = \frac{H_0 \cdot A - \Delta t \cdot Q}{A} = \frac{H_0 \cdot A - \Delta t \cdot v \cdot A}{A}$

$H_1 = H_0 - \Delta t \cdot v = H_0 - \Delta t \cdot \sqrt{2gh}$

$H_1 - H_0 = \Delta h = -\Delta t \cdot \sqrt{2g} \cdot \sqrt{h}$

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{h}} \Delta h = -\sqrt{2g} \Delta t \Rightarrow \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{h}} \Delta h = -\sqrt{2g} \int \Delta t$

$\Rightarrow 2\sqrt{h} = -\sqrt{2g} \cdot t + C$

$h = \left[\frac{-\sqrt{2g} \cdot t + C}{2} \right]^2$

$h(t) = \frac{2gt^2 - 2\sqrt{2g}tC + C^2}{4}$

$h(t=0) = H_0 = \frac{C^2}{4} \Rightarrow C = 2\sqrt{H_0}$

$h(t) = \frac{2gt^2 - 2\sqrt{2g}t \cdot 2\sqrt{H_0} + 4H_0}{4}$

$= \frac{1}{2}gt^2 - \sqrt{2g} \cdot \sqrt{H_0} t + H_0 \checkmark$

when empty? $h(t) = 0$

$0 = \frac{1}{2}gt^2 - \sqrt{2g} \sqrt{H_0} t + H_0$

~~$-H_0 = t \left(\frac{1}{2}g - \sqrt{2g} \sqrt{H_0} \right)$
 $-\frac{H_0}{t} = \frac{1}{2}g - \sqrt{2g} \sqrt{H_0}$~~

$a = \frac{1}{2}g \quad b = -\sqrt{2g} \sqrt{H_0} \quad c = H_0$

$t_{1,2} = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$

$= \frac{-(-\sqrt{2g} \sqrt{H_0}) \pm \sqrt{2gH_0 - 4H_0 \cdot \frac{1}{2}g}}{2 \cdot \frac{1}{2}g}$

$= \frac{\sqrt{2g} \sqrt{H_0} \pm \sqrt{2gH_0 - 2gH_0}}{g} = \frac{\sqrt{2g} \sqrt{H_0} \pm \sqrt{0}}{g}$

$= \frac{\sqrt{2g} \sqrt{H_0}}{g} = \frac{\sqrt{2H_0}}{\sqrt{g}} \checkmark$