



ML based RPC Current quality monitoring (Development status)

University of Sofia (Bulgaria)



CMS RPC detector - monitoring



RPC current:

- Depends on environmental parameters, applied HV, LHC parameters, ...
- Each chamber has unique behavior

Aim: Development of an Automatic Monitoring Tool able to spot abnormal RPC current behavior and warn for possible hardware problems.



Model version 1

To predict the RPC HV channel current taking into account Inst. Luminosity, Working Point and environmental parameters.:

$$I_{\text{pred}} = C_0 + C_1 * L_{\text{inst}} + C_2 * HV + C_3 * T + C_4 * L_{\text{inst}} * e^{(HV/P)} + C_5 * RH + C_6 * P + C_7 * \Delta t$$

C_i – parameters specific for each chamber

L_{inst} – instantaneous luminosity

HV – applied high voltage

T – environmental temperature

P – environmental pressure

RH – environmental relative humidity

Δt – the time interval since the origin for a given year



Model version 2



Removing the time dependent term and added a term including integrated luminosity and a term proportional to the time when the chamber is ON but the instantaneous luminosity is 0.

$$I_{\text{pred}} = C_0 + C_1 * L_{\text{inst}} + C_2 * HV + C_3 * T + C_4 * L_{\text{inst}} * e^{(HV/P)} + C_5 * RH + C_6 * P + C_7' * [\text{integrated luminosity}] + C_8 * [\text{time: ON and no Lumi}]$$



**Gas mixture quality studies
for the CMS RPC detectors during LHC Run 2**

Roberto Guida, Beatrice Mandelli
CERN

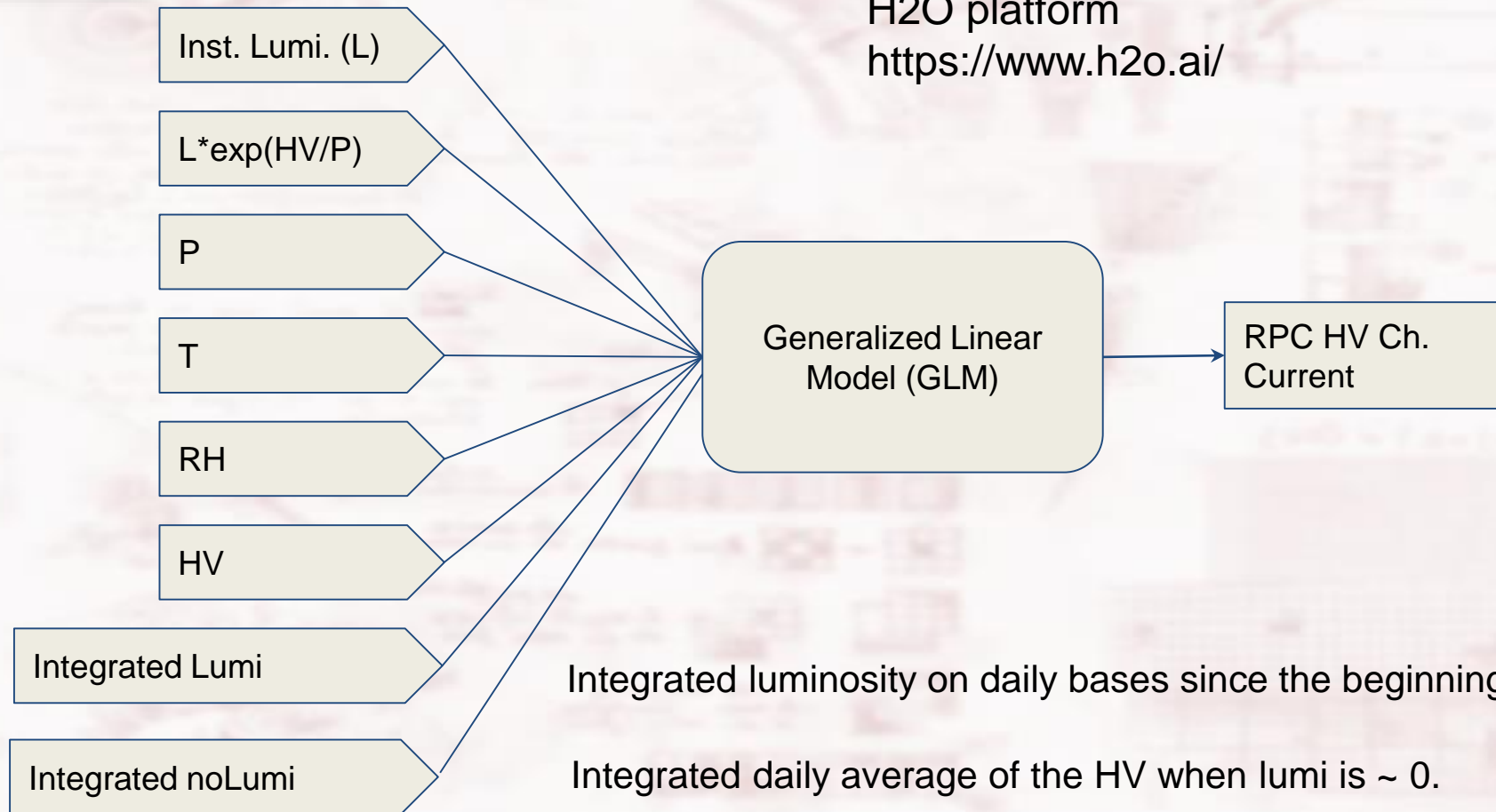
Andrea Gelmi on behalf of the CMS collaboration
(Università e INFN Bari)



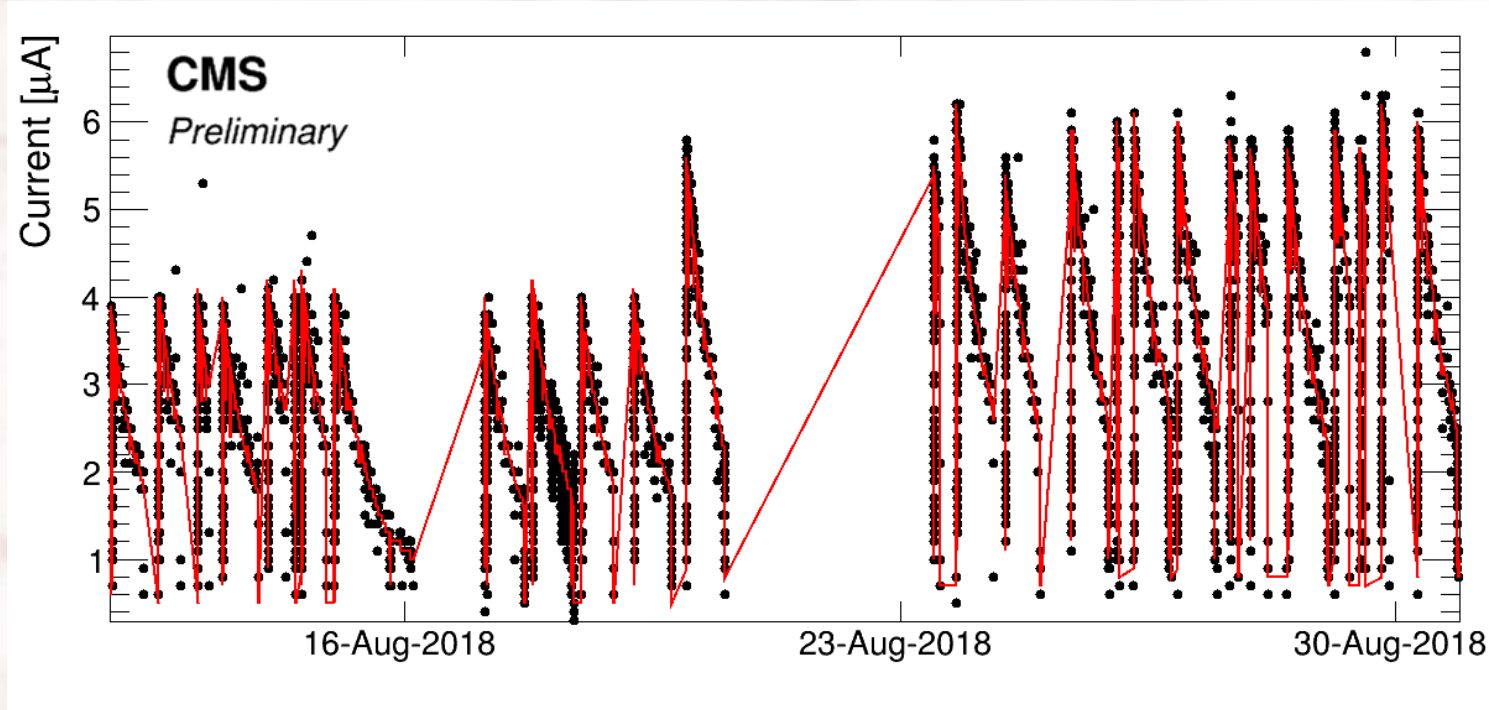
ML approach



H2O platform
<https://www.h2o.ai/>



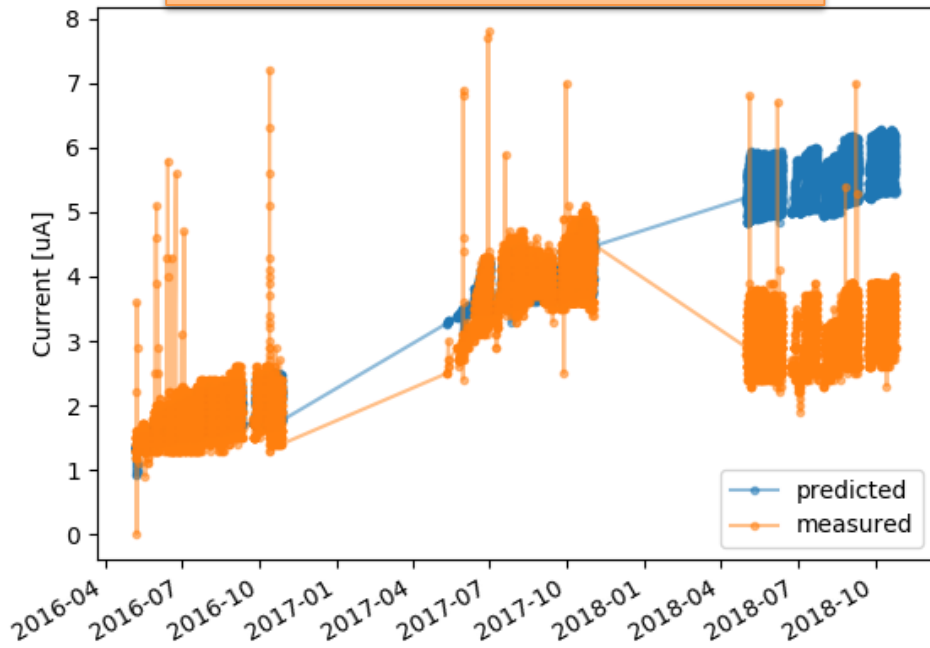
Predicted current follows the data points – version 1



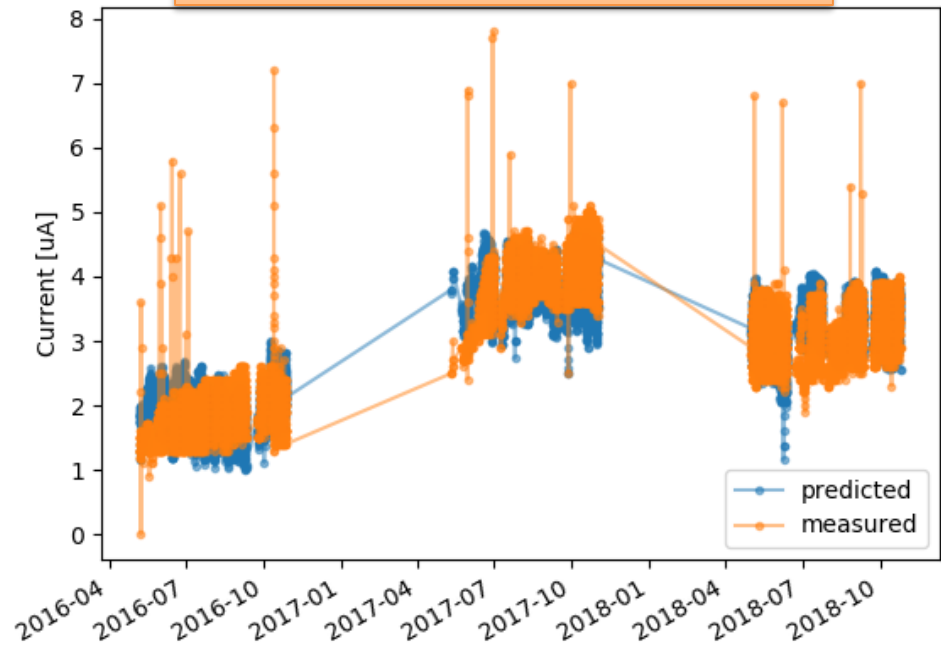
Predicted (**red line**) and the measured (black points) current are in good agreement although HV working point is changed by 200V of 19 Aug 2018.

Version 1 vs. Version 2

VERSION 1

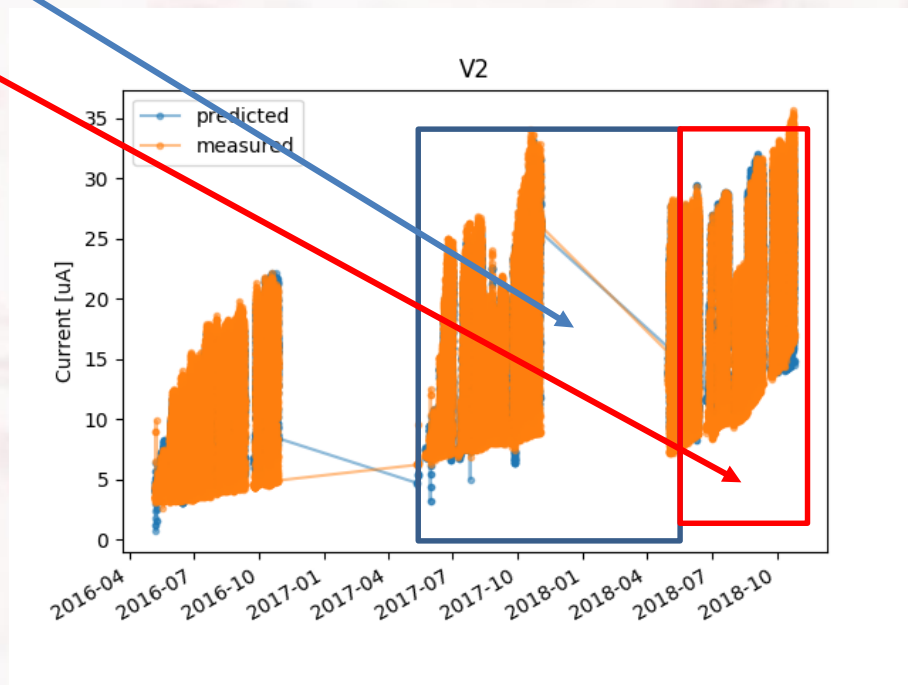


VERSION 2



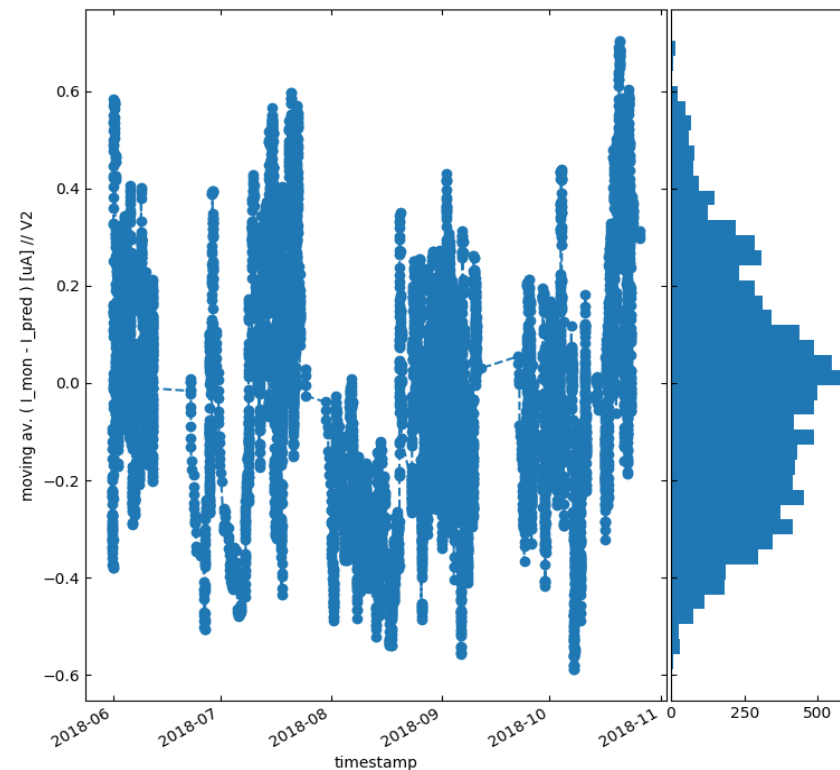
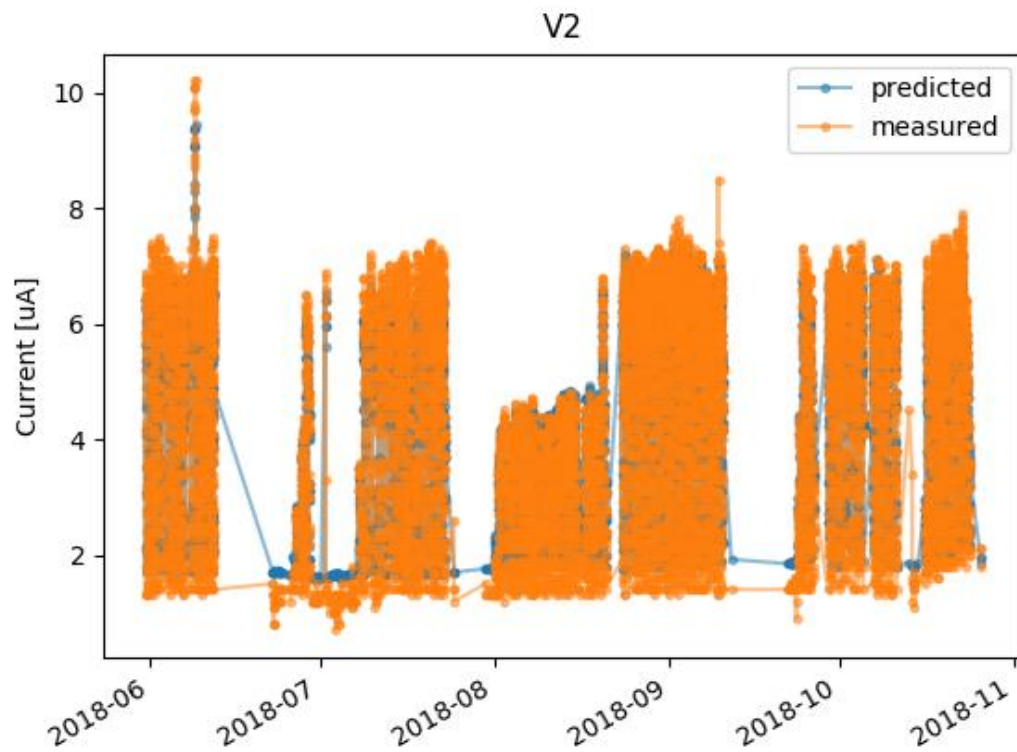
Training strategy

- Training period – from 01 May 2017 till 30 May 2018
- Validation period – from 31 May 2018 till the end of Nov 2018



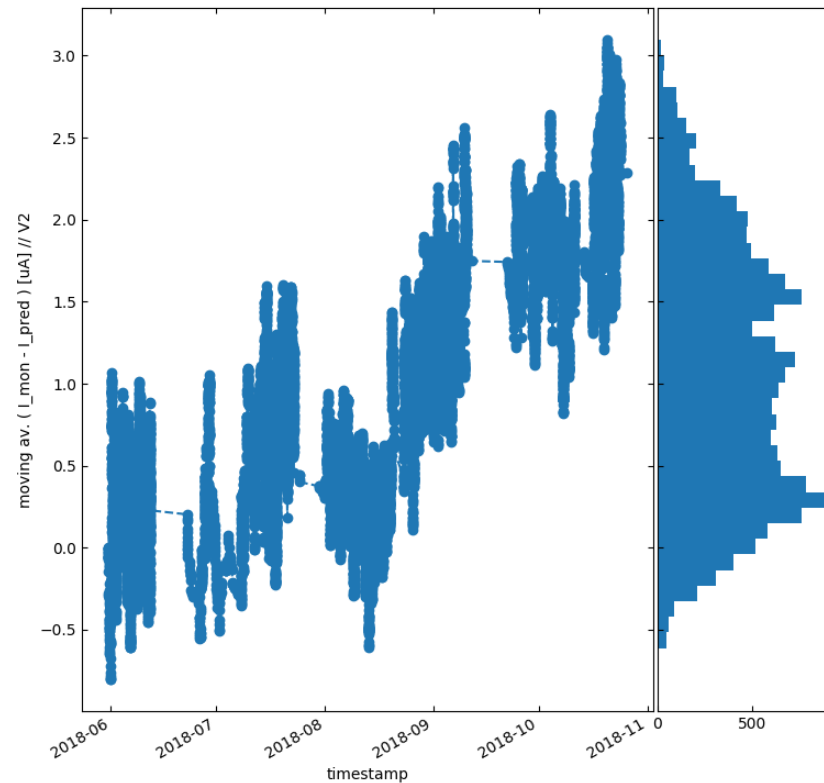
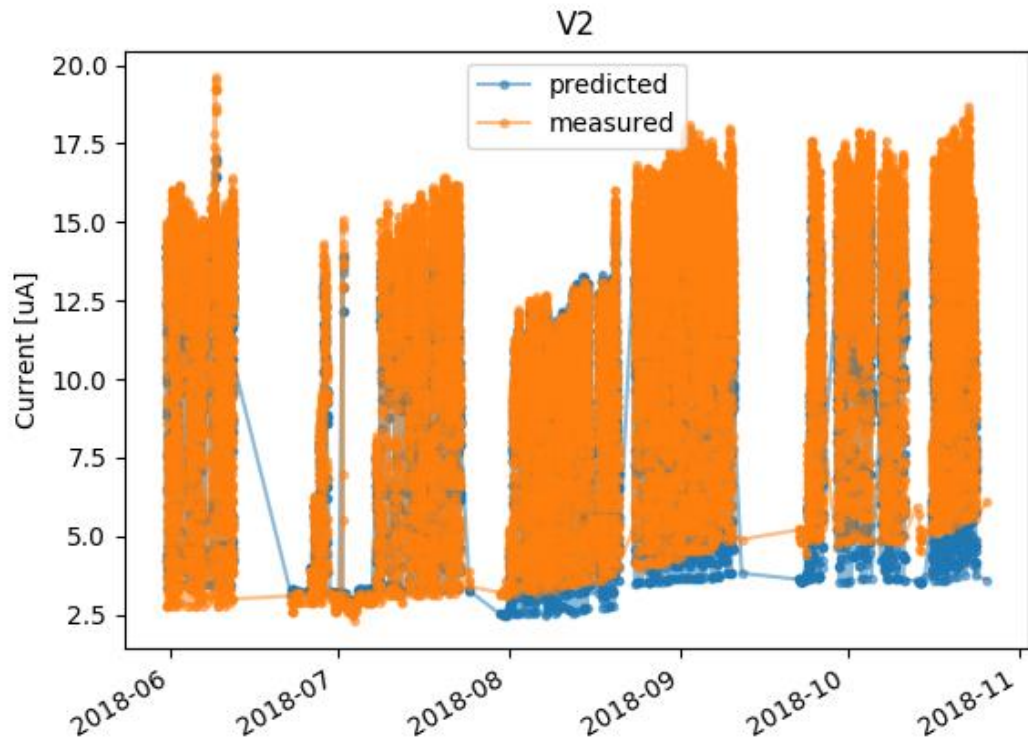


Example 1

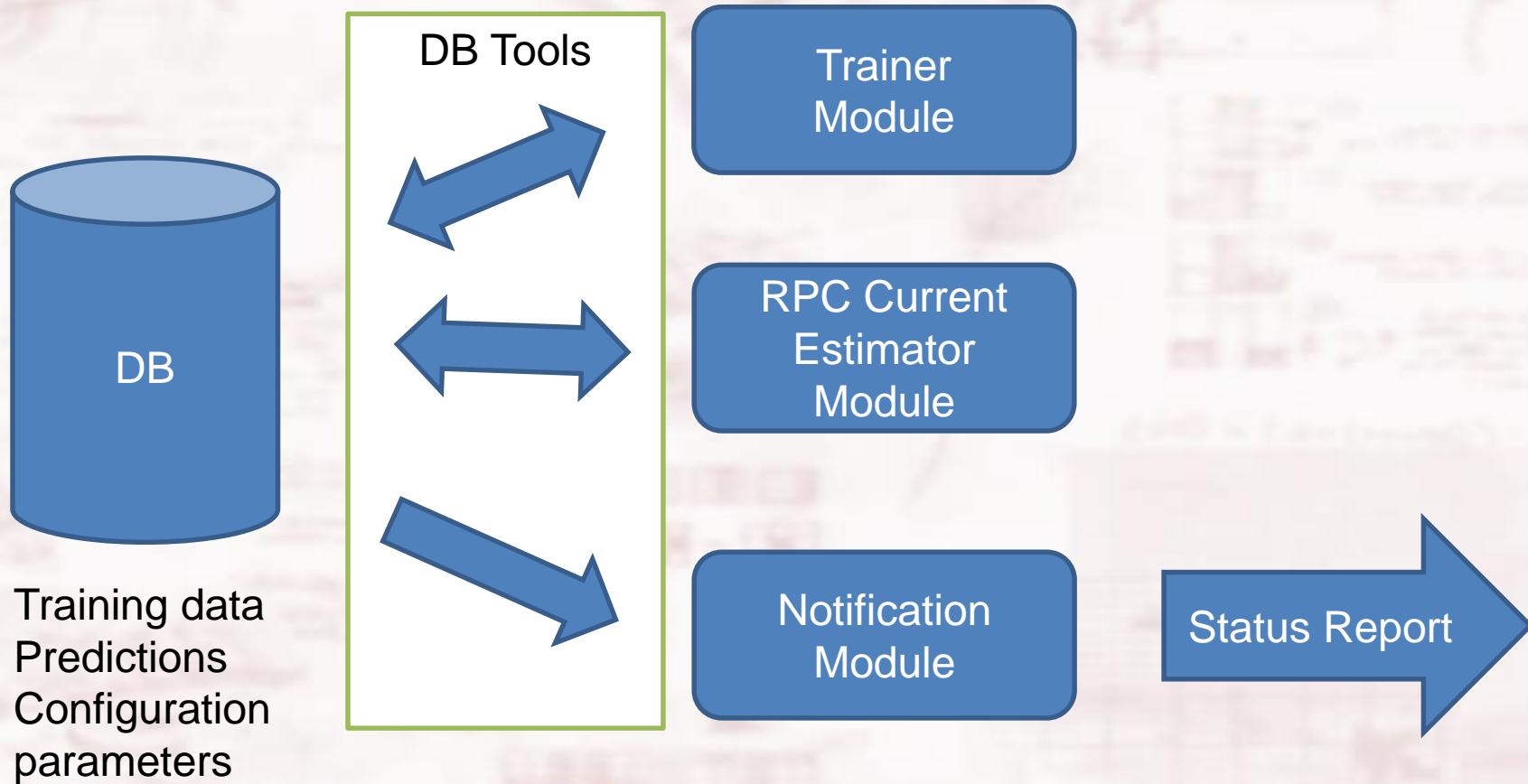




Example 2



Implementation layout





Development strategy



- Programming Language – Python
- DB independent
- ML platform independent
- Low DB load – avoid performance demanding SQL queries
- Performance optimization on low performance virtual machine with locally installed MariaDB server - openstack.cern.ch



Important DB Tables objects

TrainingDataTable

```
change_date : str
dpid : str
flag : str
hours_without_lumi : str
imon : str
instant_lumi : str
integrated_lumi : str
uxcDP : str
uxcP : str
uxcRH : str
uxcT : str
vmon : str

get_insert_data_query(chdate, imon, vmon, dpid, flag, inst_lumi, p, t, rh, int_lumi, hrs_wo_lumi)
set_change_date_col(name, type)
set_flag_col(name, type)
set_hours_without_lumi(name, type)
set_imon_col(name, type)
set_inst_lumi_col(name, type)
set_integrated_lumi(name, type)
set_pdid_col(name, type)
set_uxc_dp(name, type)
set_uxc_p(name, type)
set_uxc_rh(name, type)
set_uxc_t(name, type)
set_vmon_col(name, type)
```

PredictedCurrentsTable

```
dpid : str
measured_value : str
model_id : str
predicted_for : str
predicted_value : str
predicted_value_error : str

get_insert_query(model_id, dpid, predicted_for, predicted_value, predicted_value_error, measured_value)
get_select_by_dpid_model_id_dpid_timewindow_query(dpid, model_id, begw, endw)
set_dpid(name, type)
set_measured_value(name, type)
set_model_id(name, type)
set_predicted_for(name, type)
set_predicted_value(name, type)
```

MLModels

```
dpid : str
model_id : str
model_path : str
modelconf_id : str
mojo_path : str
mse : str
r2 : str

get_insert_query(modelconf_id, dpid, r2, mse, model_path, mojo_path)
get_model_query(modelconf_id, dpid)
get_update_model_query(model_id, modelconf_id, dpid, r2, mse, model_path, mojo_path)
set_dpid(name, type)
set_model_path(name, type)
set_modelconf_id(name, type)
set_mojo_path(name, type)
set_mse(name, type)
set_r2(name, type)
```

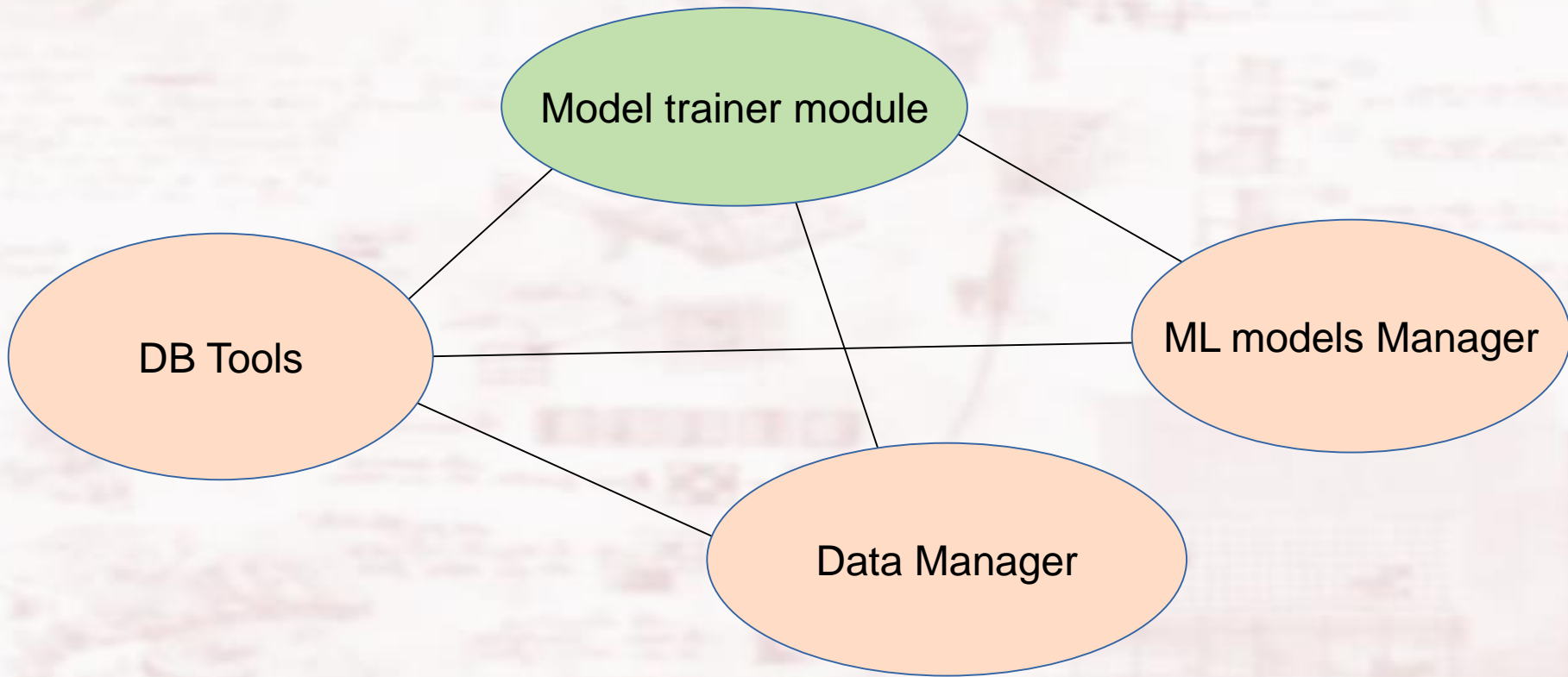
MLModelsConf

```
input_cols : str
last_update : str
mlclass : str
modelconf_id : str
name : str
output_cols : str
test_from : str
test_to : str
train_from : str
train_to : str

get_insert_query(name, mlclass, input_cols, output_cols, train_from, train_to, test_from, test_to)
get_select_query_by_model_name(name)
get_select_query_by_modelconf_id(modelconf_id)
set_input_cols(name, type)
set_mlclass(name, type)
set_name(name, type)
set_output_cols(name, type)
set_test_from(name, type)
set_test_to(name, type)
set_train_from(name, type)
set_train_to(name, type)
update_by_modelconf_id_query(modelconf_id, name, mlclass, input_cols, output_cols, train_from, train_to, test_from, test_to)
update_by_name_query(name, mlclass, input_cols, output_cols, train_from, train_to, test_from, test_to)
```




Trainer Module





ML Model Conf Object



- It has an unique name and defines the set of parameters:
 - ML model class – important for preparing the input data
 - Input column names of the Training Table
 - Output column name of the Training Table
 - Beginning and end of the training period
 - Beginning and end of the test period –optional



ML Model Object



Uniquely determined by the ML Model Conf and the DPID of the HV Channel:

- modelconf_id
- dpid
- r2
- mse
- model_path
- mojo_path



How to train a model - example



Create ML model configuration if not present in the DB:

```
rpccurrml = dbase.mysql_dbConnector(host='localhost',user='*****',password='*****')
```

```
rpccurrml.connect_to_db('RPCCURRML')
```

```
mconf_manager = MLModelsConfManager(rpccurrml,table_mlmodelsconf)
```

```
mconf = MLModelConf()
```

```
mconf.name = "test_conf"; mconf.mlclass = "GLM_V2"
```

```
mconf.input_cols = ",".join([table_training.vmon,table_training.uxcP, table_training.uxcT,  
table_training.uxcRH, table_training.instant_lumi, table_training.integrated_lumi,  
table_training.hours_without_lumi])
```

```
mconf.output_cols = table_training.imon
```

```
mconf.train_from = "2016-05-01"; mconf.train_to = "2016-11-30"
```

```
mconf.test_from = "2017-06-01"; mconf.test_to = "2017-11-30"
```

```
mconf_manager.RegisterMLModelConf(mconf)
```

Write the model conf to DB



How to train a model – example – cont.

```
import h2o  
import RPCHVChannelModel
```

```
h2o.init()
```

```
RPCHVChannelModel.init("test_conf")
```

```
dpid = 315
```

```
flag = 56
```

```
RPCHVChannelModel.train_and_register_for_dpid(dpid,flag)
```



Summary

- Source code repo (public): <https://github.com/peichopetkov/rpc-currents-ml>
- Training data preparation => **Ready**
- Trainer Module => **Ready**
- Different ML methods can be easily implemented
- Current Estimator module => **Ongoing**



Next steps...

- Implement Current Estimator module
- Notification manager



