## Calculus A II One-to-One Tutoring

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Question 2.1 (Some Basic Derivatives).

Find the derivative with respect to x for the following functions:

- 1.  $y = x^n$ ;
- 3.  $y = a^x$ ;
- 5.  $y = \log_a x$ ;
- 7.  $y = \cos x$ ; and

- 2.  $y = e^x$ ;
- 4.  $y = \ln x$ ;
- 6.  $y = \sin x$ ;
- 8.  $y = \tan x$ ;

## Question 2.2 (Utilizing the Chain Rule).

Find the derivative of the following functions:

1. 
$$y = \sqrt[3]{e^x + 1}$$
;

$$2. \ y = e^{\tan \theta};$$

$$3. \ y = \sin\left(\frac{e^x}{1 + e^x}\right);$$

4. 
$$y = t \sin(\pi t)$$
;

5. 
$$y = \sin(\ln x)$$
;

6. 
$$y = \ln\left(\frac{x^a}{b^x}\right);$$
  
7.  $y = \frac{1}{\ln x};$ 

$$7. \ y = \frac{1}{\ln x};$$

8. 
$$y = \ln \left( (\sin x)^2 \right)$$
; and  
9.  $y = \frac{\ln x}{1 + \ln x}$ .

$$9. \ y = \frac{\ln x}{1 + \ln x}$$

 $\bf Question~2.3~(Applying~the~Chain~Rule).$ 

Use the fact that  $|x| = \sqrt{x^2}$  to find  $\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} (|x|)$ .

 ${\bf Question~2.4}$  (Applying the Chain Rule).

Find the derivative of  $y = x^x$ . (Hint: take log to both sides.)

## Question 2.5 (Comprehensive Applications).

Find the derivative of the following functions:

$$1. \ y = \sqrt[4]{x\sqrt[3]{x\sqrt{x}}};$$

2. 
$$y = (x-3)\sqrt{x^2+2x+3}$$
;

3. 
$$y = x^{(\ln x)^{111}};$$

$$4. \ y = \cos(\sin 3x);$$

5. 
$$y = e^t(1 + te^t);$$

$$6. \ y = x^3 e^x;$$

7. 
$$y = \frac{x}{e^x}$$
; and

7. 
$$y = \frac{x}{e^x}$$
; and  
8.  $y = \frac{e^x}{1 - e^x}$ .

Example 2.6.

Compute  $\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} (\sin(\cos 5x))$ .

Example 2.7.

Compute  $\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \left( \sin \left( 3\cos x \right) \right)$ .

Example 2.8.

Compute  $\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \left( \sin \left( \cos bx \right) \right)$  for  $b \in \mathbb{R}^+$ .

Example 2.9.

Compute  $\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \left( \sin \left( a \cos x \right) \right)$  for  $a \in \mathbb{R}^+$ .

Example 2.10.

Compute  $\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \left( \sin \left( a \cos bx \right) \right)$  for  $a, b \in \mathbb{R}^+$ .

Example 2.11.

Compute  $\frac{\partial w}{\partial x}$  for  $w = \sin(y \cos x)$ .

Example 2.12.

Compute  $\frac{\partial w}{\partial x}$  for  $w = z \sin(\cos x)$ .

Example 2.13.

Compute  $\frac{\partial w}{\partial x}$  for  $w = z \sin(y \cos x)$ .

## Example 2.14.

Find the first derivatives of the following functions:

- 1.  $w = x^4 + 5xy^3$ ;
- 2.  $w = x^2y 3y^4$ ;
- $3. \ w = x^3 \sin y;$
- 4.  $w = e^{xt}$ ;
- 5.  $w = \ln(x + t^2);$
- $6. \ w = \frac{e^x}{u + v^2};$
- 7.  $w = x^y$ ; and
- 8.  $w = \ln(x + 2y + 3z)$ .