STEPS

1. Data Scraping

4. Long-Term

Stochastic

Forecasting

6. Disaggregation

and Combination

8. Markov Chain

Model

10. Hourly-Shape

Analysis

12. Cash Flow

Aggregation

2. Collinearity and

Dependency

Detection

5. Daily Volatility &

Spike Model

9. Predictive

Modeling

7. Judgmental

Adjustment

11. Resource

Dispatch

13. Scenario &

Hedge Analysis

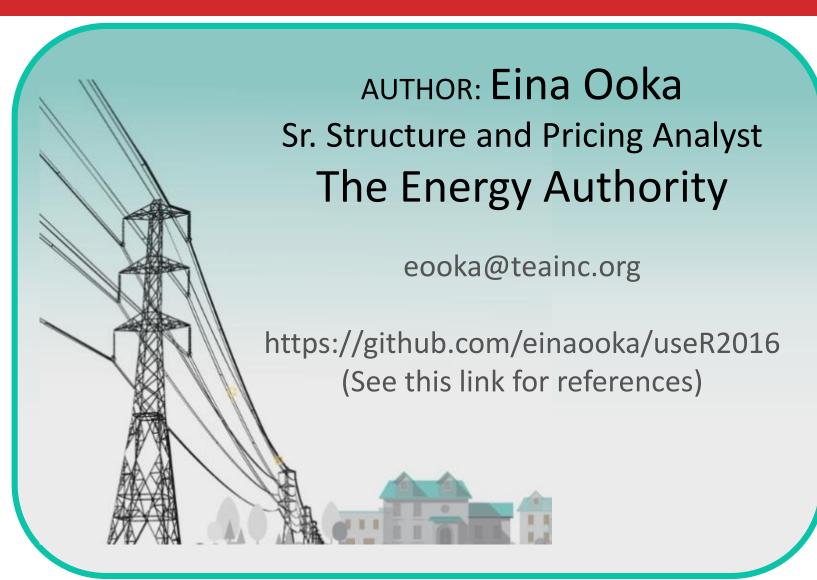
3. Multiplicative

Decomposition

Outlier + Seasonality x

Trend x Noise





Objective

- Quantify market risk that utilities are exposed to, through stochastic simulation of loads, resources and market prices.
- Portray appropriate tail risk with 1,000 or more stochastic iterations.
- Capture the following data characteristics:
- Autocorrelation
- Heteroscedasticity
- Seasonal and weekly shape
- Mutivariate cross-correlation and non-linear dependency
- Non-normal distributions
- Extreme peaks and drops
- vii. Negative prices
- viii. Max and min caps
- Reasonable long-term distributions
- Consistency with market and utility expectations

Background Facts

- The wholesale power market is the most volatile market of all commodity markets.
- Consumers pay a relatively flat electricity rate to utilities. This means that utilities need to manage market risks.
- Some utilities set annual budgets probabilistically, meaning that the chance of insolvency given a specified cash reserve must be below a certain threshold.
- Many utilities hedge risk by trading forwards or options.

DATA

[objective]

Daily historical data

- On-peak **Load**
- Off-peak Load
- **Hydro** generations
- Natural gas prices
- Power prices

[i – viii]

9

riable

Stocha

External LT forecasts in

monthly granularity. - Econometric load

- forecasts Metrological hydro
- forecasts

[i - v, viii - x]

Market settlement price data

Forward prices

Wind data is independent and does not fit AR model. [iii, v, viii]

Hourly congestion price shapes at multiple (10 - 30) nodes. [i – viii]

Generation by

thermal resources are determined economically based on prices and its capability. Need to take into account of future outage schedules set by utilities.

Ultimately, we want some Risk Metrics that guide us to avert risks.

> 14. Portfolio Optimization

METHODS

[packages::function]

Hierarchical Clustering

Collinear variables are taken out of the main AR model and derived later using predictive models. [stats::hclust]

Grubb's Outlier Test

Applied twice before and after decomposition. [outliers::grubbs.test]

Fourier series

LOESS [stats::loess]

Subset Regression

Weekly shapes and auto-regression factors are captured here. [leaps::regsubsets]

Multivariate Gaussian Model

Héston Model

ARIMA(1,2,0)

If an external LT forecast does not exist, it is derived from trend and seasonality components (step 3).

Seasonal Block Bootstrapping Multiple Regression

Denton Disaggregation

Monthly LT forecasts (step 4) need to be disaggregated into daily time series, before combining with daily noise (step 5). [modified 'tempdisagg']

Temporal Hierarchical Reconciliation

Generated stochastic data is reconciled so that means match with market expectations.

Random Forest/GLM

Collinear or dependent variables (step 2) are derived using predictive models. All trees of RF are utilized (with Bayesian inference) to capture variability. [caret::train, stats::glm, randomForest::randomForest]

K-Means Clustering [stats::kmeans] Multinominal Logistic Regression

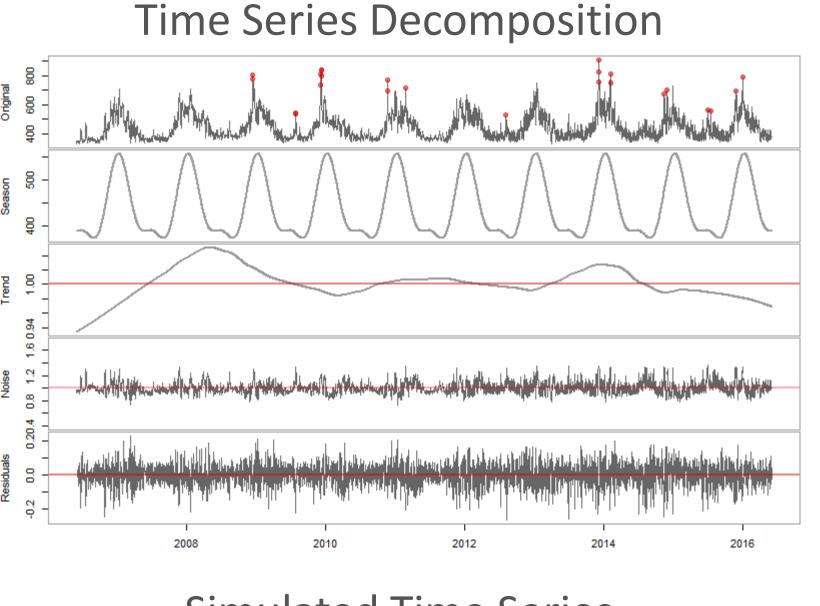
Each day is categorized to a particular hourly shape based on daily averages. [nnet::multinom]

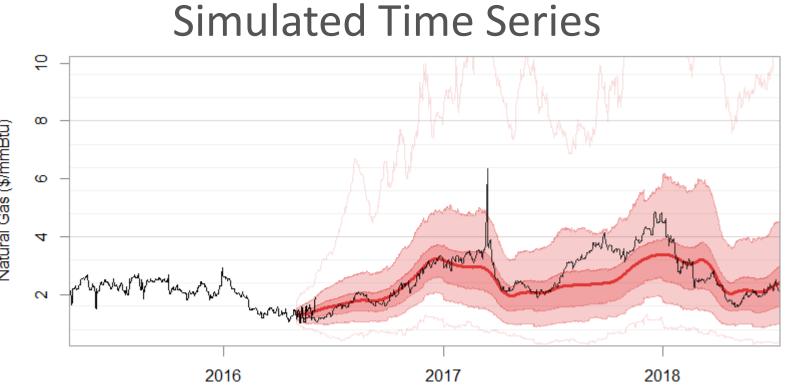
Logical Dispatch Calculation

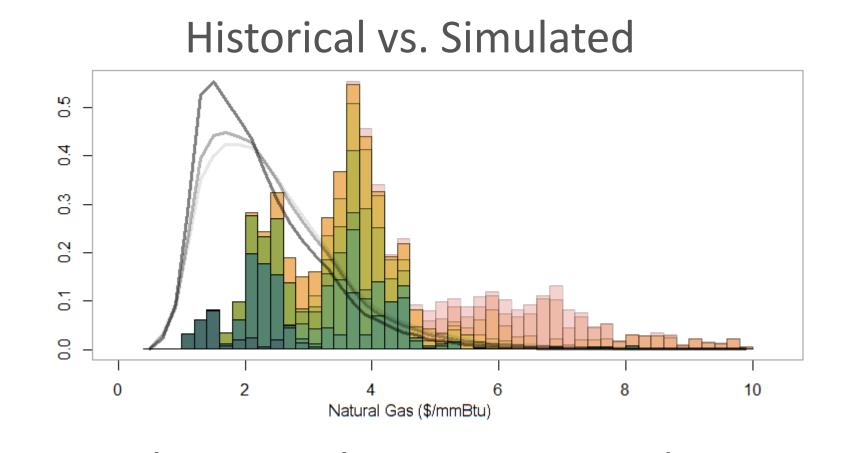
Given resource unit specifications, determine the optimal economic dispatch schedule for each stochastic iteration.

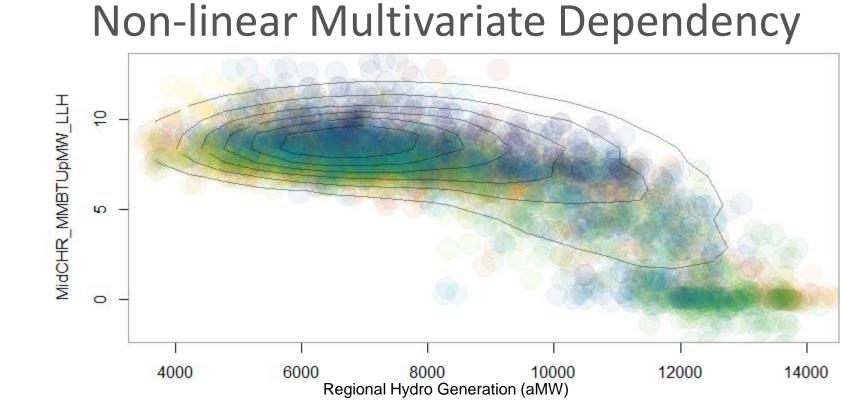
A user can interactively analyze stochastic scenarios and run hypothetical forward or option trades through shiny app. [shiny, shinhdashboard, rhandsontable]

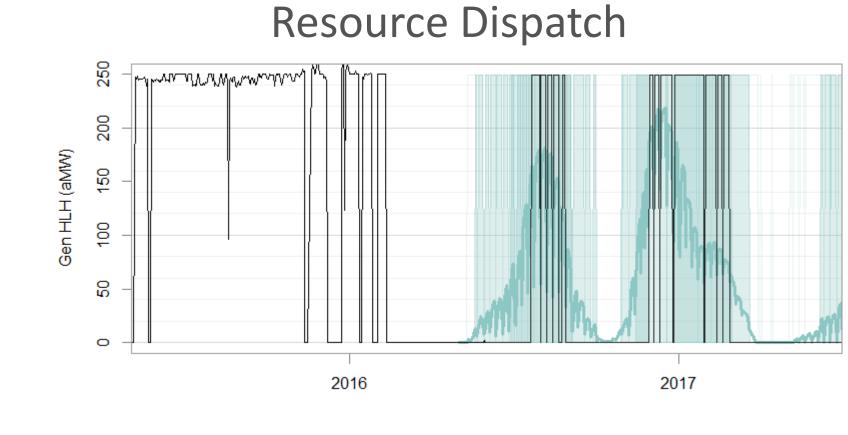
Report through Rmarkdown

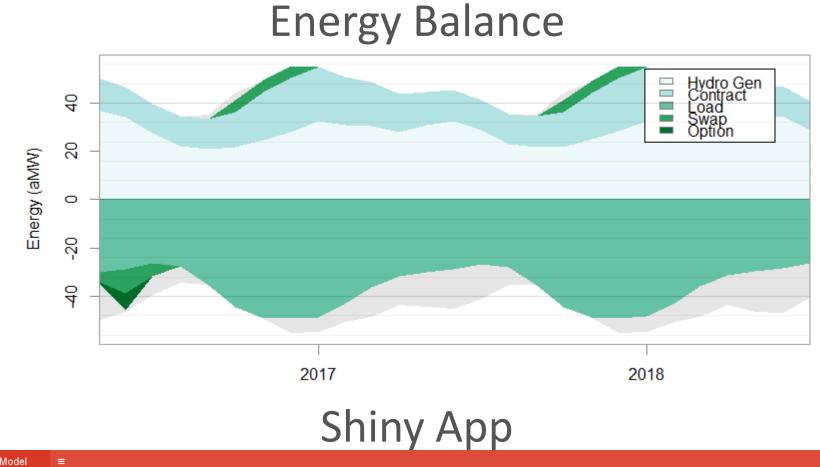
















Portfolio Analysis through R-Shiny App

Hedge analysis can be made into a html report through the app. [knitr]

Optimization Dispatch esource

alysi

Demand

[iv, x]