MSc Conversion 2000-2001 C/C++ Laboratory Examination

Imperial College

Tuesday 9 January 2001, 1:00pm - 3:00pm Rooms 202, 203, and 206

- You must complete and submit a working program by 3:00pm.
- © Copy the files in the folder \MscConversion\C exam from the docnt4labserver to the H: drive on your machine (you may like to create a subfolder to work in).
- Tou are required to create a header file words.h and a corresponding implementation file words.cpp according to the specifications overleaf.
- Use the file testWords.cpp to test your functions.
- Use the web-based submission system to submit your files.
- No communication with any other student or with any other computer is permitted, apart from those necessary to get the above mentioned files and to submit your solutions.
- Tou are not allowed to leave the lab during the first 30 minutes or the last 30 minutes.
- This question paper consists of 4 pages.

Problem Background

A **palindrome** is a word or phrase which contains the same sequence of letters when read forwards or backwards.

Characters other than letters (including spaces) are ignored and the case of letters (i.e. whether they are upper case i.e. A-Z or lower case i.e. a-z) is irrelevant. An empty string and a string containing a single letter are both palindromes (by definition).

For example,

- The words "rotor" and "Radar" are palindromes.
- The sentence "A man, a plan, a canal, Panama!" is a palindrome, and so is "Mr. Owl ate my metal worm."
- The strings "a. .." and ".. ..!" are palindromes.

An **anagram** is a word or phrase formed by reordering the *letters* of another word or phrase. Again, characters other than letters (including spaces) are ignored and the case of letters is irrelevant.

For example:

- "stain" is an anagram of "satin"
- "I am a weakish speller!" is an anagram of "William Shakespeare"
- "Here come dots..." is an anagram of "The Morse Code".

The purpose of this exercise is to write a set of functions which can be used to identify palindromes and anagrams.

Tasks

Your specific tasks are to:

1. Write a function reverse(str1, str2) which copies str1 into str2 backwards. Here str1 is an input parameter containing the string to be reversed, and str2 is an output parameter containing the reversed string. So the code:

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char reversed[9];
reverse("lairepmi", reversed);
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should result in the string reversed having the value "imperial". You may assume that the memory for string2 has been allocated and is sufficient to hold the output string (including sentinel character).

- 2. Write a recursive function compare(one, two) which compares two strings ignoring punctuation and letter case (where one and two are the two strings being compared). If the strings are the same, the function should return 1, else it should return 0. For example, compare("This and that", "this, and THAT!") should return 1 while compare("these are not the SAME", "these are the SAME") should return 0.
- 3. Write a function palindrome(sentence) which returns 1 if the given sentence is a palindrome, and 0 otherwise. You may not make any assumptions about the size of the input sentence.

 For example, the function call palindrome("Madam, I'm Adam") should return 1 while the function call palindrome("Madam, I'm not Adam") should return 0.
- 4. Write a function anagram(str1, str2) which returns 1 if string str1 is an anagram of string str2, and 0 otherwise.

For example, the function call anagram("William Shakespeare", "I am a weakish speller!") should return 1, while the call anagram("William Shakespeare", "I am a good speller!") should return 0.

Place your function implementations in the file words.cpp and corresponding function declarations in the file words.h. Use the file testWords.cpp to test your functions.

(The four parts carry, respectively, 20%, 30%, 20% and 30% of the marks)

Hints

- 1. Try to attempt all questions. Note that Questions 1 and 2 can be attempted independently, and if you have function prototypes for Questions 1 and 2, you can write Question 3. If you have the function prototype for Question 2, you can write Question 4.
- 2. The standard header <ctype.h> contains some library functions that you may find useful when answering Question 2. In particular:
 - int isalpha(char ch) returns nonzero if ch is a character between 'A' and 'Z' or between 'a' and 'z'.
 - char toupper(char ch) returns the upper case equivalent of character ch.
- 3. Please note that your solution to **Question 2** should be **recursive**, i.e. the function should call itself. If you cannot manage a recursive solution, up to 50% of the marks will be awarded for an iterative (non-recursive) solution.
- 4. Feel free to define any auxiliary functions which would help to make your code more elegant. In particular, when answering **Question 4**, you might find it useful to create an auxiliary case-insensitive string sorting function.