

TECHNICAL DEBT ISN'T TECHNICAL

EINAR W. HØST



WHAT IS TECHNICAL DEBT?

TECHNICAL DEBT AS A MEME

MEMETICS

SELF-REPLICATING UNIT OF THOUGHT

**COPIED FROM
BRAIN TO BRAIN**

VIRUS OF THE MIND

WHAT MAKES A MEME SUCCESSFUL?

SURVIVAL OF THE FITTEST?

**GREATEST
EXPLANATION
POWER?**

MOST EFFECTIVE AT
REDUCING COGNITIVE
DISSONANCE?

THE BEST IDEAS
VS
THE IDEAS THAT
MAKE US FEEL BEST

WHAT IS TECHNICAL DEBT?



SHIPPING FIRST TIME CODE IS LIKE GOING INTO DEBT.
A LITTLE DEBT SPEEDS DEVELOPMENT SO LONG AS IT
IS PAID BACK PROMPTLY WITH A REWRITE... **THE**
DANGER OCCURS WHEN THE DEBT IS NOT REPAYED.
EVERY MINUTE SPENT ON NOT-QUITE-RIGHT CODE
COUNTS AS **INTEREST ON THAT DEBT**. ENTIRE
ENGINEERING ORGANIZATIONS CAN BE BROUGHT TO A
STAND-STILL UNDER **THE DEBT LOAD** OF AN
UNCONSOLIDATED IMPLEMENTATION.

WHAT MAKES TECHNICAL DEBT A GOOD METAPHOR?

**GIVES US LANGUAGE
TO TALK ABOUT
SOMETHING IMPORTANT!**

**PUTS QUALITY ON
THE AGENDA!**

MAKES THE INVISIBLE VISIBLE!

**THANK YOU
WARD CUNNINGHAM!**

WHAT MAKES TECHNICAL DEBT A PROBLEMATIC METAPHOR?

**MONETARY DEBT
IS QUANTIFIED**

HOW MEASURABLE IS TECHNICAL DEBT?

HOW **BIG** IS OUR TECHNICAL DEBT?

**ARE WE
TECHNICALLY SOLVENT?**

CAN WE GO
TECHNICALLY BANKRUPT???

WHAT IS TECHNICAL DEBT REALLY?

HOW IT STARTED

HOW IT'S GOING

WHAT DOES TECHNICAL DEBT LOOK LIKE?

“TECHNICAL”?

“UGLY CODE”?

WHAT CAUSES TECHNICAL DEBT?

WHAT MAKES THE CODE **UGLY**?

LACK OF TIME?

MY PROJECT MANAGER DOESN'T UNDERSTAND ME?

THE UX PEOPLE ARE UNREALISTIC DREAMERS?

**THE PREVIOUS DEVELOPER
WAS INCOMPETENT?**

WHAT DOES TECHNICAL DEBT LOOK LIKE?

HEAPS OF FLAGS, BRANCHES AND INDIRECTIONS



I'LL JUST ADD
ANOTHER IF BRANCH

**DIFFICULT TO ISOLATE
CODE RELATED TO
A SINGLE FEATURE**

**DIFFICULT TO DETERMINE
WHERE ONE THING ENDS
AND ANOTHER BEGINS**

**DIFFICULT TO PREDICT
THE EFFECT OF CHANGES**

**DIFFICULT TO REASON
ABOUT THE CODE**

WHAT DOES THIS INDICATE?

**DOES IT MATCH OUR
EXPLANATIONS?**

NOT REALLY

SOMETHING MORE
FUNDAMENTAL
HAS GONE WRONG

**SOMETHING HAS GONE WRONG
IN THE PROCESS OF
ESTABLISHING CLEAR
BOUNDARIES IN THE CODE**

**SOMETHING HAS GONE WRONG
IN THE PROCESS OF
CAPTURING THE BUSINESS
DOMAIN IN SOFTWARE**

SOMETHING HAS GONE WRONG
IN THE PROCESS OF
**LETTING THE CODE CO-EVOLVE
WITH THE BUSINESS**

**WE HAVE A WORD
FOR THIS PROCESS**

MODELLING

MODELLING HAS FAILED

**MODELLING IS APPLYING
ABSTRACTION TO A
PROBLEM DOMAIN**

**MODELLING IS
DEFINING WHAT
THE PROBLEM DOMAIN IS**

WORKING CONTINUOUSLY TO
UNDERSTAND AND ARTICULATE
THE PROBLEM TO SOLVE IS NOT
BIG DESIGN UP FRONT

**“YOU'RE WISE TO MAKE THE SOFTWARE REFLECT YOUR
UNDERSTANDING AS BEST YOU CAN”**

HOW CAN WE PAY OFF TECHNICAL DEBT?

(EVERYBODY NOW)

REFACTORING!

WHICH REFACTORING
FIXES A TANGLED MESS OF
WEAK ABSTRACTIONS?



Using the Catalog ►

Tags

- associations
- encapsulation
- generic types
- interfaces
- class extraction
- GOF Patterns
- local variables
- vendor libraries
- errors
- type codes
- method calls
- organizing data
- inheritance
- conditionals
- moving features
- composing methods
- defining methods

Books

- Refactoring
- Ruby Edition
- appear only [explain](#)

#

- [Add Parameter](#)
- [Change Bidirectional Association to Unidirectional](#)
- [Change Reference to Value](#)
- [Change Unidirectional Association to Bidirectional](#)
- [Change Value to Reference](#)
- [Collapse Hierarchy](#)
- [Consolidate Conditional Expression](#)
- [Consolidate Duplicate Conditional Fragments](#)
- [Decompose Conditional](#)
- [Duplicate Observed Data](#)
- [Dynamic Method Definition](#)
- [Eagerly Initialized Attribute](#)
- [Encapsulate Collection](#)
- [Encapsulate Downcast](#)
- [Encapsulate Field](#)
- [Extract Class](#)
- [Extract Interface](#)
- [Extract Method](#)
- [Pull Up Constructor Body](#)
- [Pull Up Field](#)
- [Pull Up Method](#)
- [Push Down Field](#)
- [Push Down Method](#)
- [Recompose Conditional](#)
- [Remove Assignments to Parameters](#)
- [Remove Control Flag](#)
- [Remove Middle Man](#)
- [Remove Named Parameter](#)
- [Remove Parameter](#)
- [Remove Setting Method](#)
- [Remove Unused Default Parameter](#)
- [Rename Method](#)
- [Replace Abstract Superclass with Module](#)
- [Replace Array with Object](#)
- [Replace Conditional with Polymorphism](#)
- [Replace Constructor with Factor](#)

A REWRITE WILL END UP WITH THE SAME
PROBLEMS AS THE ORIGINAL UNLESS
YOU CLOSE THE UNDERSTANDING GAP.

— @SARAHMEI

**NO REFACTORING
WITHOUT REMODELLING**

**ANYTHING ELSE IS
DEVELOPER HUBRIS**

**SOFTWARE
CRAFTSMAN
TO THE
RESCUE**





**SO-CALLED BEST PRACTICES
ARE NOT ENOUGH!**

**CLEAN CODE CAN NOT
AND WILL NOT
SAVE A ROTTEN MODEL!**

**YOU WILL WASTE
TIME AND MONEY!**

**FIX THE MODEL FIRST
THEN THE CODE**

ARE WE DONE NOW?

HOW DO WE FIX THE MODEL?

WHAT CAUSES MODELLING DEBT?

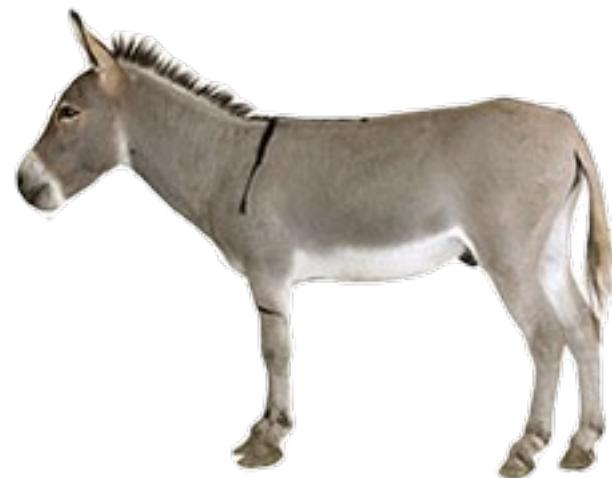
(OMG HERE WE GO AGAIN!)

THE STORY OF EQUEST

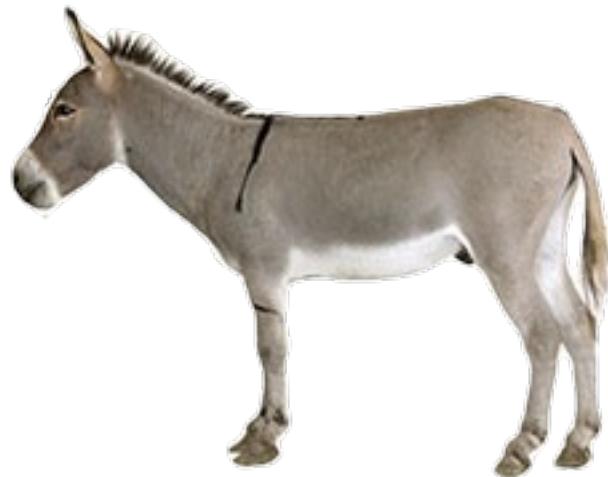
A HORSE



A NEW HORSE



A SHORT, STRONG AND STUBBORN HORSE



A HORSE?

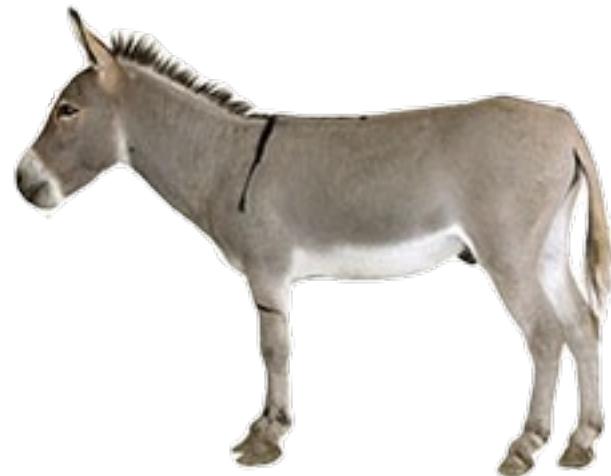
A HORSE?



A HORSE?



+



A **REGULAR** HORSE



A TYPICAL HORSE



A TRUE HORSE



AN OLD-FASHIONED HORSE



A HORSE-HORSE



```
if (horse.IsShort && horse.IsStubborn)
{
    // Logic for the new horse case.
}
else
{
    // Regular horse code here.
}
```

BUGS!

```
if (horse.IsShort &&
    horse.IsStubborn &&
    horse.Sound == Sound.HeeHaw)
{
    // Logic for the new horse case.
}
else
{
    // Regular horse code here.
}
```

A NEW NEW HORSE



**THE KIND OF HORSE THAT
IS THE OFFSPRING OF A
REGULAR HORSE-HORSE**



**AND A SHORT AND STUBBORN
HORSE THAT GOES HEE-HAW**

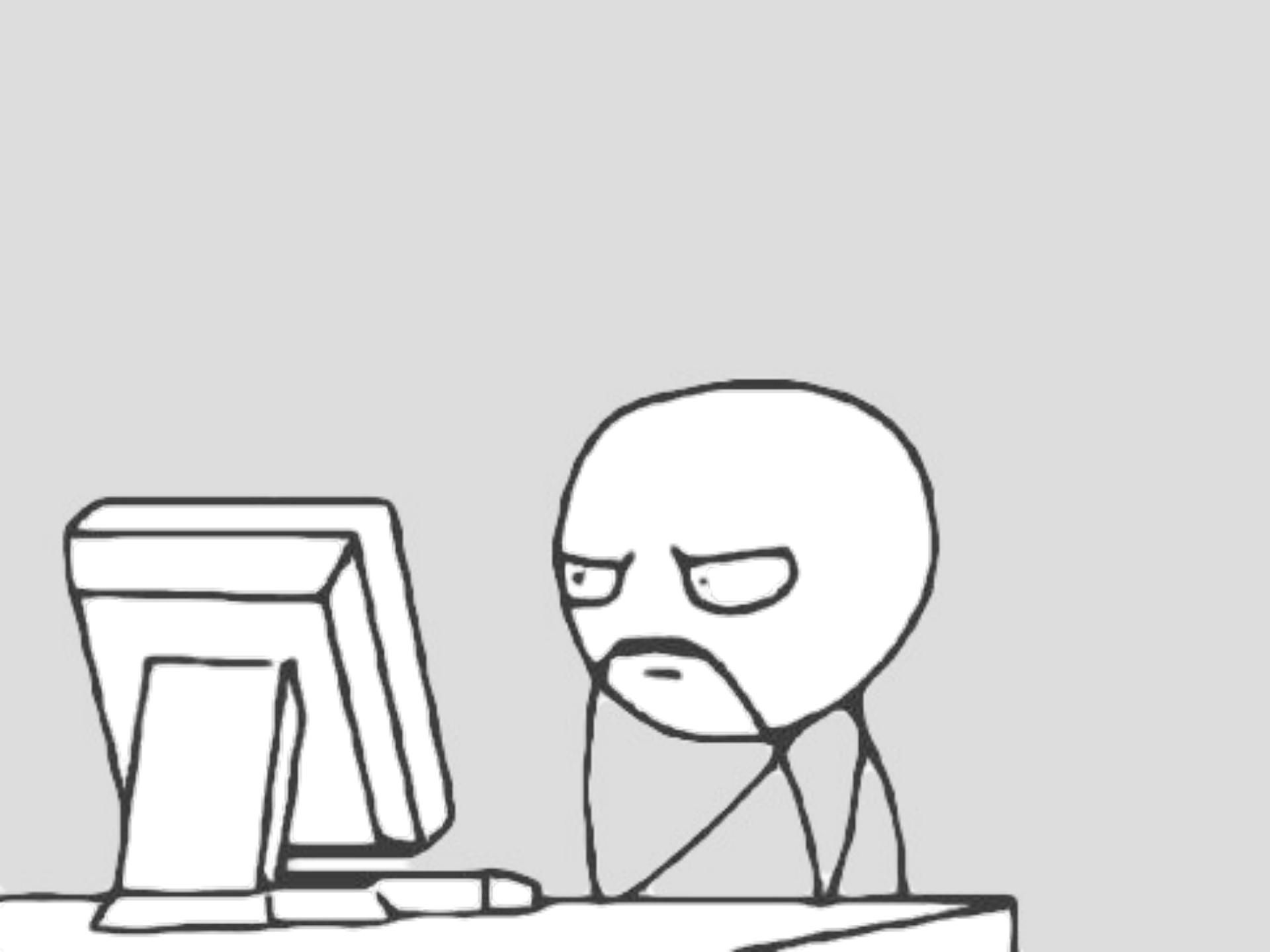
```
if (horse.IsShort &&
    horse.IsStubborn &&
    horse.Sound == Sound.HeeHaw) ||
(horse.Sire.IsShort &&
 horse.Sire.IsStubborn &&
 horse.Sire.Sound == Sound.HeeHaw) ||
(horse.Dam.IsShort &&
 horse.Dam.IsStubborn &&
 horse.Dam.Sound == Sound.HeeHaw))
{
    // Logic for both the new horse
    // and the new-new horse!
} else
{
    // Really regular horse code here.
}
```

BUGS!

**IS IT THE MOTHER
OR THE FATHER**

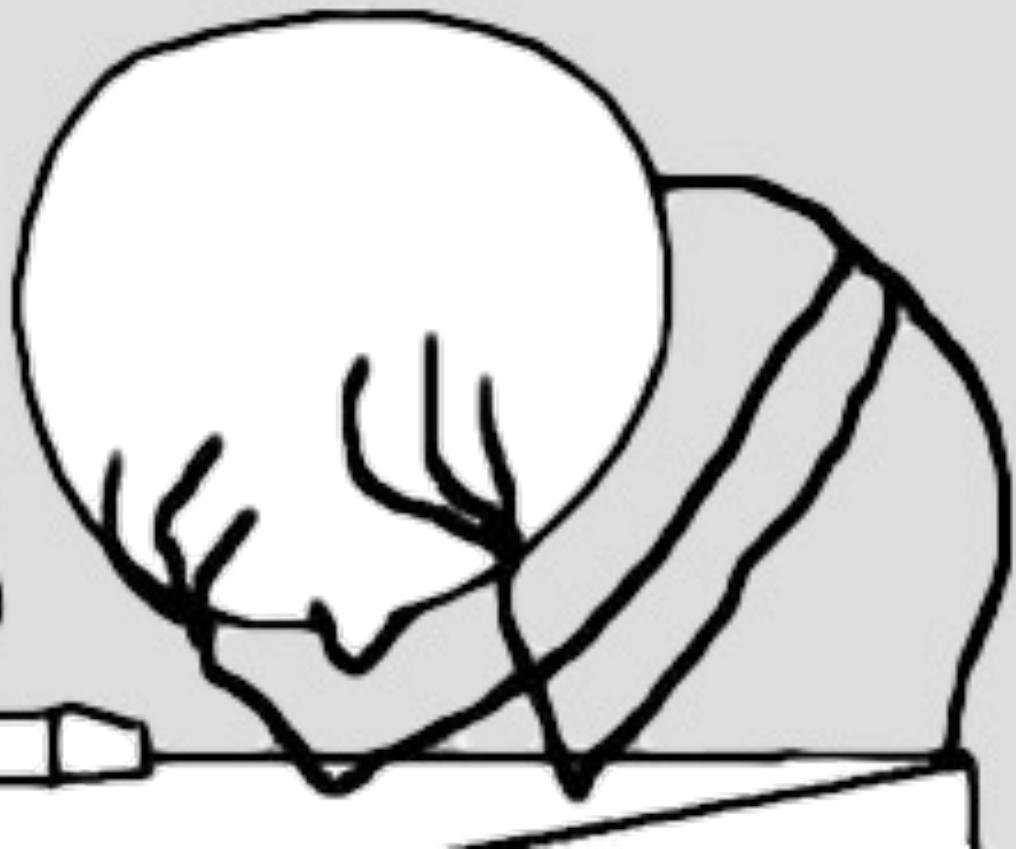


**THAT IS STUBBORN AND
STRONG AND GOES HEE-HAW?**



A NEW NEW NEW HORSE





MODELLING IS HARD!

MODELLING IS HARD FOR THREE REASONS

#1

REALITY

#2

CHANGE

#3

PEOPLE

WHY MODELLING IS HARD

#1

REALITY

**REALITY HAS NO INTEREST
IN BEING MODELLED**

**REALITY IS NOT TIDY
AND ORGANIZED**

**REALITY IS NOT EVEN
CONSISTENT**

**REALITY IS MESSY AND
ORGANIC, SLIPS AWAY
AND EVOLVES**

**WE ARE TRYING TO IMPOSE
STRUCTURE ON SOMETHING
UNSTRUCTURED**

WE ARE TRYING TO IMPOSE
STATIC STRUCTURE ON
SOMETHING UNSTRUCTURED
AND DYNAMIC

**INNOVATION MEANS
BREAKING MODELS**

RECOMMENDED READING

DATA AND REALITY

WILLIAM KENT

IDENTITY

(WHAT IS ONE THING?)

EQUALITY

(WHEN ARE TWO THINGS EQUAL?)

(WHEN ARE THEY THE SAME THING?)

CHANGE

(WHEN DO TWO THINGS BECOME DISTINCT?)
(WHEN HAS ONE THING BECOME ANOTHER?)

CATEGORY

[WHICH CATEGORY DOES A THING BELONG TO?]

[CAN A THING CHANGE CATEGORY?]

[IS IT THE SAME THING IF IT CHANGES CATEGORY?]

RECOMMENDED READING

**WOMEN, FIRE AND
DANGEROUS THINGS**

GEORGE LAKOFF

THE CLASSICAL THEORY
OF CATEGORIZATION IS
BASED ON PROPERTIES

CLASSES IN PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES LIKE SIMULA AND JAVA

**NECESSARY AND
SUFFICIENT PROPERTIES
DETERMINE CATEGORY
MEMBERSHIP**

WHAT DOES A BIRD LOOK LIKE?







SOME MEMBERS OF A
CATEGORY ARE MORE
TYPICAL THAN OTHERS

A SPARROW IS MORE
BIRDY THAN A PENGUIN

A SPARROW IS MORE
BIRDY THAN A SHOEBILL

A SPARROW IS PROBABLY
THE BIRDIEST BIRD THERE IS

ELEANOR ROSCH PROTOTYPE THEORY

A SPARROW IS
THE PROTOTYPICAL BIRD

HOW UNTYPICAL IS TOO UNTYPICAL?

HOW UNEQUAL IS TOO UNEQUAL?

**WHEN DOES A DONKEY
BECOME A DONKEY?**

IT DEPENDS!

WHO'S ASKING?

WHO'S ANSWERING?

THE DONKEY DOESN'T CARE!

A DONKEY BY ANY OTHER
NAME WOULD SMELL
THE SAME

**WE PUT THINGS IN CATEGORIES
TO MAKE SENSE OF REALITY**

GENERALIZATION IS
A HYPOTHESIS ABOUT
THE FUTURE

**BEWARE ARTIFICIAL AD-HOC
GENERALIZATIONS!**

WHY MODELLING IS HARD

#2

CHANGE

FEATURES REQUIRE DECISIONS

**DECISIONS BUILD
ON ASSUMPTIONS**

**ASSUMPTIONS
ACCUMULATE OVER TIME**

**ASSUMPTIONS
LIMIT OUR FREEDOM**

ACCUMULATED ASSUMPTION LOAD



CHANGE!

**“HOW LONG DOES IT TAKE TO
IMPLEMENT THIS FEATURE?”**

HOW DOES THIS FEATURE CHANGE OUR DOMAIN MODEL?

HOW MANY ASSUMPTIONS ARE INVALIDATED?

HOW MANY DECISIONS MUST BE UNDONE AND REMADE?

HOW MUCH STRUCTURE RELIES ON OUR OBSOLETE ASSUMPTIONS AND DECISIONS?

TECHNICAL STRUCTURE

**ASSUMPTIONS AND DECISIONS
ARE WOVEN INTO THE CODE
AND THE ARCHITECTURE**

ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE

ECONOMIC STRUCTURE

POWER STRUCTURE

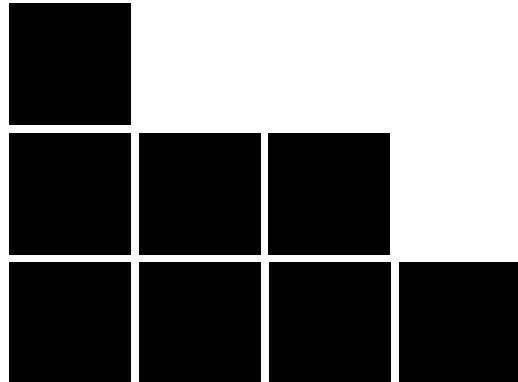
INTERTWINED & MUTUALLY REINFORCING STRUCTURES

RESPONDING TO CHANGE UNDER CONSTRAINTS ON TIME AND MONEY

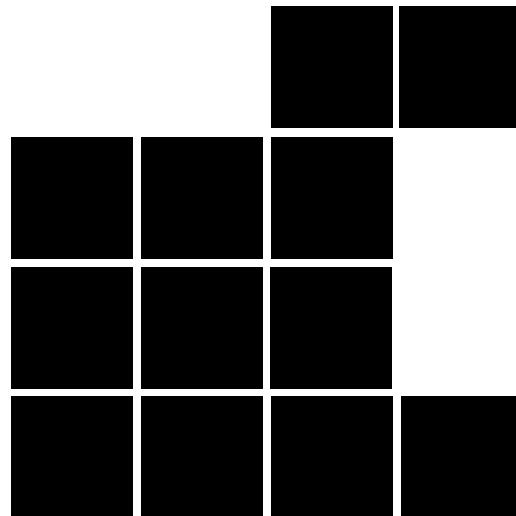
**RESPONDING TO CHANGE
TENDS TO BE IMPERFECT
AND LEAVE A RESIDUE**



ASSUMPTION

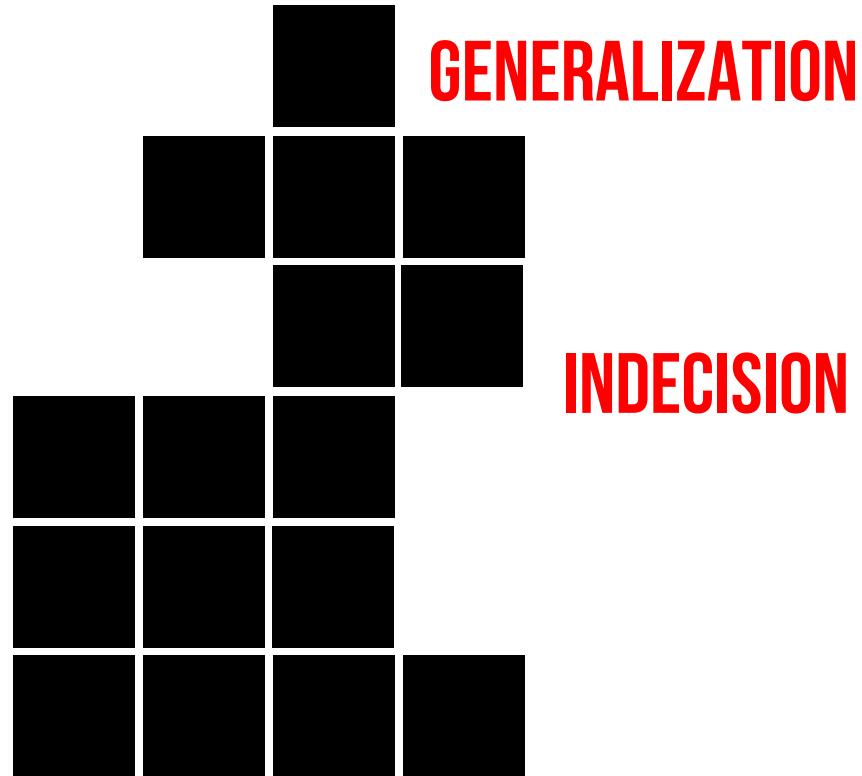


ASSUMPTION

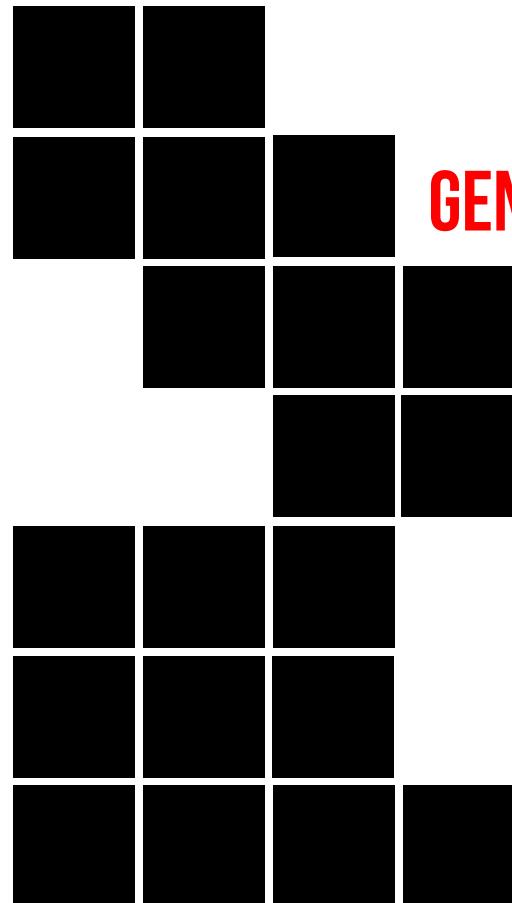


INDECISION

ASSUMPTION



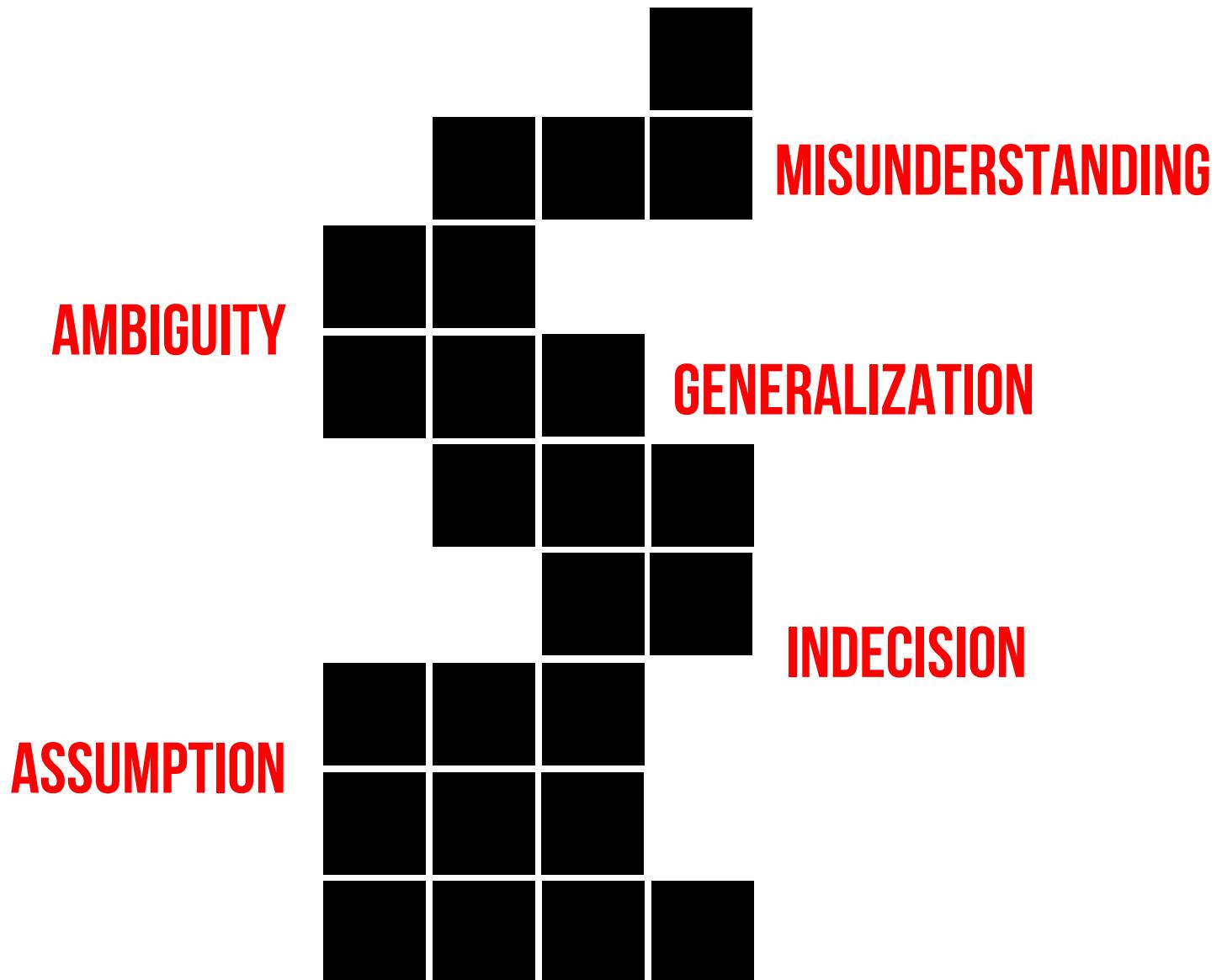
AMBIGUITY

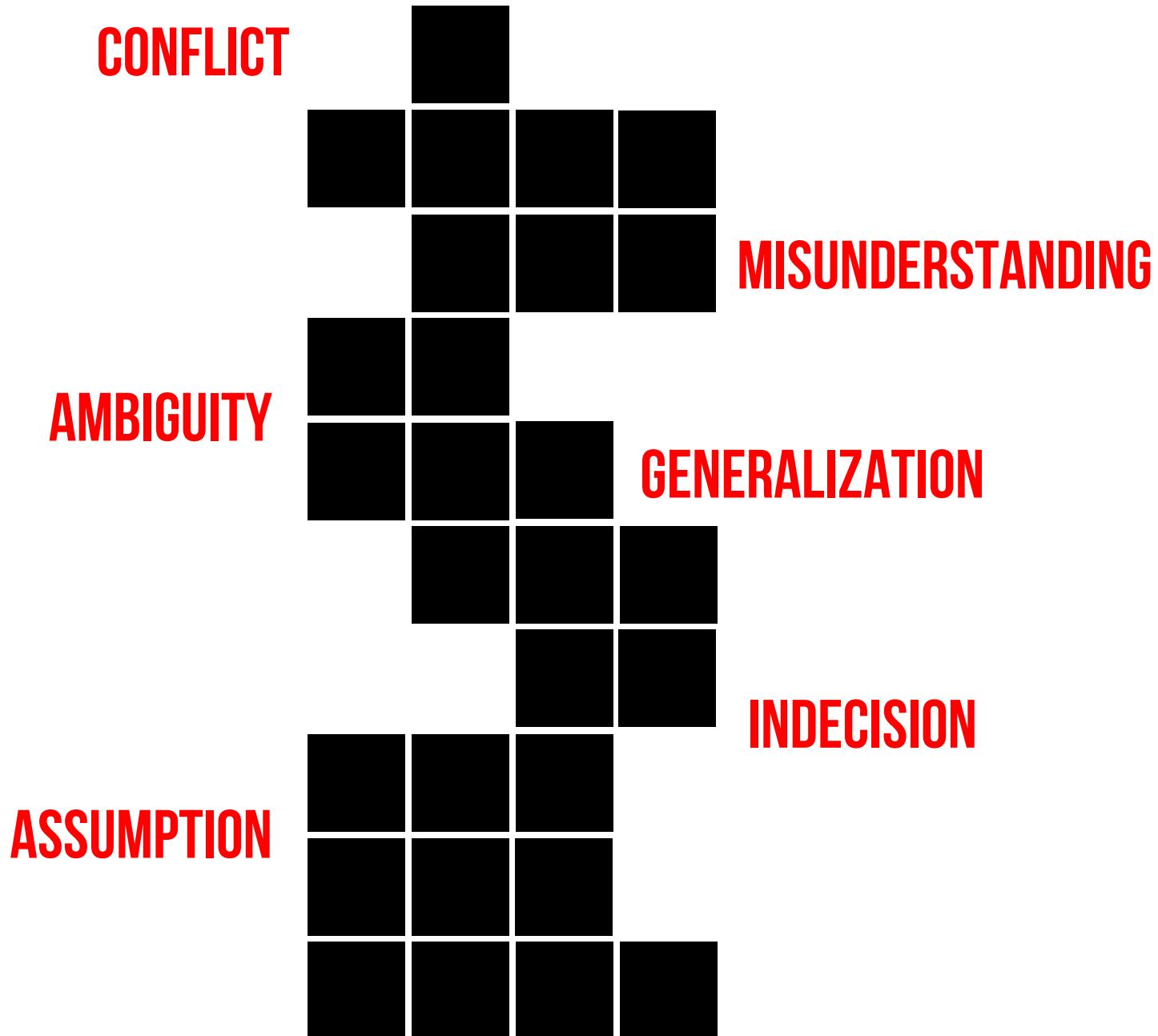


GENERALIZATION

INDECISION

ASSUMPTION





CONFLICT

MISUNDERSTANDING

AMBIGUITY

GENERALIZATION
GAME OVER

INDECISION

ASSUMPTION

HOW TO PLAY WELL?

WHY MODELLING IS HARD

#3

PEOPLE

MODELLING IS HARD

**MODELLING IS
META-PROGRAMMING
THE MIND**

**WE CHANGE THE BUILDING
BLOCKS WE USE TO THINK
ABOUT THE PROBLEM**

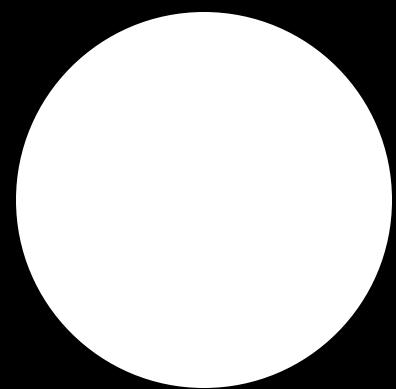
IT CAN BE UNCOMFORTABLE

**“WHY ARE YOU MAKING
THINGS SO DIFFICULT?”**

COMMUNICATION IS SCARY

COMMUNICATION ABOUT
HARD THINGS THAT PEOPLE
DON'T WANT TO HEAR
IS EVEN SCARIER

RELUCTANCE TO TALK



AMBIGUITY

THE DESK FORCE

THE LAND OF UNKNOWN TRUST

OUR MUTUAL TRUST
DETERMINES
THE INFORMATION CONTENT

THEY TOO MIGHT BE
RELUCTANT TO TALK

**ARTICULATE
THE PROBLEM**

JUSTIFICATION OF OPINIONS

DISCUSSIONS & NEGOTIATIONS

POSSIBILITY OF CONFLICT

**WHY IS THERE
AN AMBIGUITY?**

MAYBE SOMEONE'S BAD AT
EXPRESSING THEMSELVES

MAYBE THERE'S
INDECISION AND CONFLICT
HIDDEN THERE

DO I WANT TO
TRIGGER THAT?

SELF-DEFENSE MECHANISMS

**THEY'RE PROBABLY
VERY BUSY**

I CAN'T BOTHER THEM
WITH THIS

**NO-ONE ELSE ASKS
THESE QUESTIONS**

**WHAT ABOUT
THE ESTIMATES?**

(WON'T SOMEONE PLEASE
THINK OF THE ESTIMATES?!)

CAN I SOLVE IT BY
MAKING AN ASSUMPTION?

ASSUMPTION

GUESS

MAKING STUFF UP

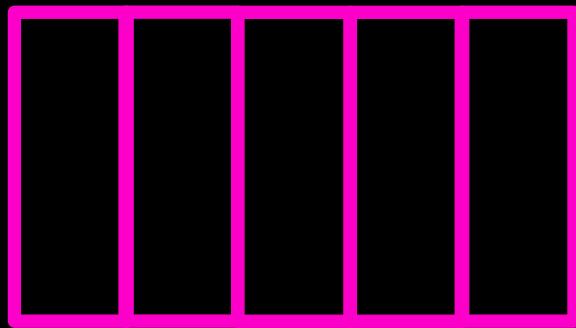
BETS AGAINST THE FUTURE

THE BACKLOG AS DECOUPLING MECHANISM BETWEEN BUSINESS AND IT

ANTIPATTERN

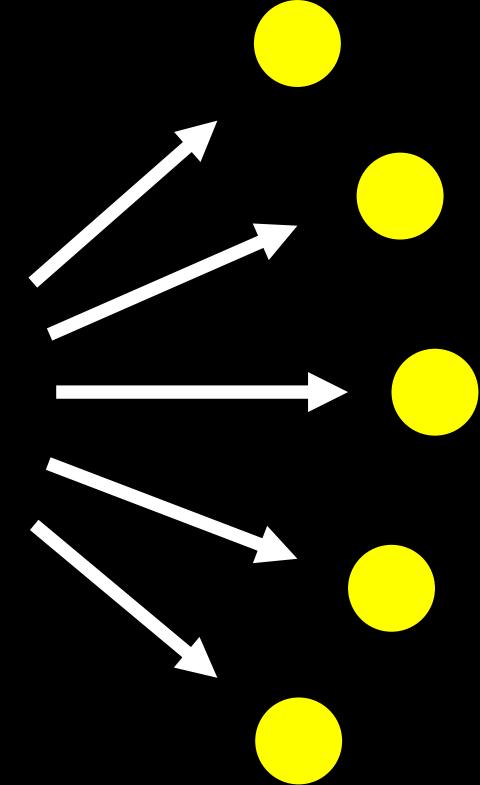
THE BACKLOG AS
DECOUPLING MECHANISM
BETWEEN BUSINESS AND IT

BUSINESS

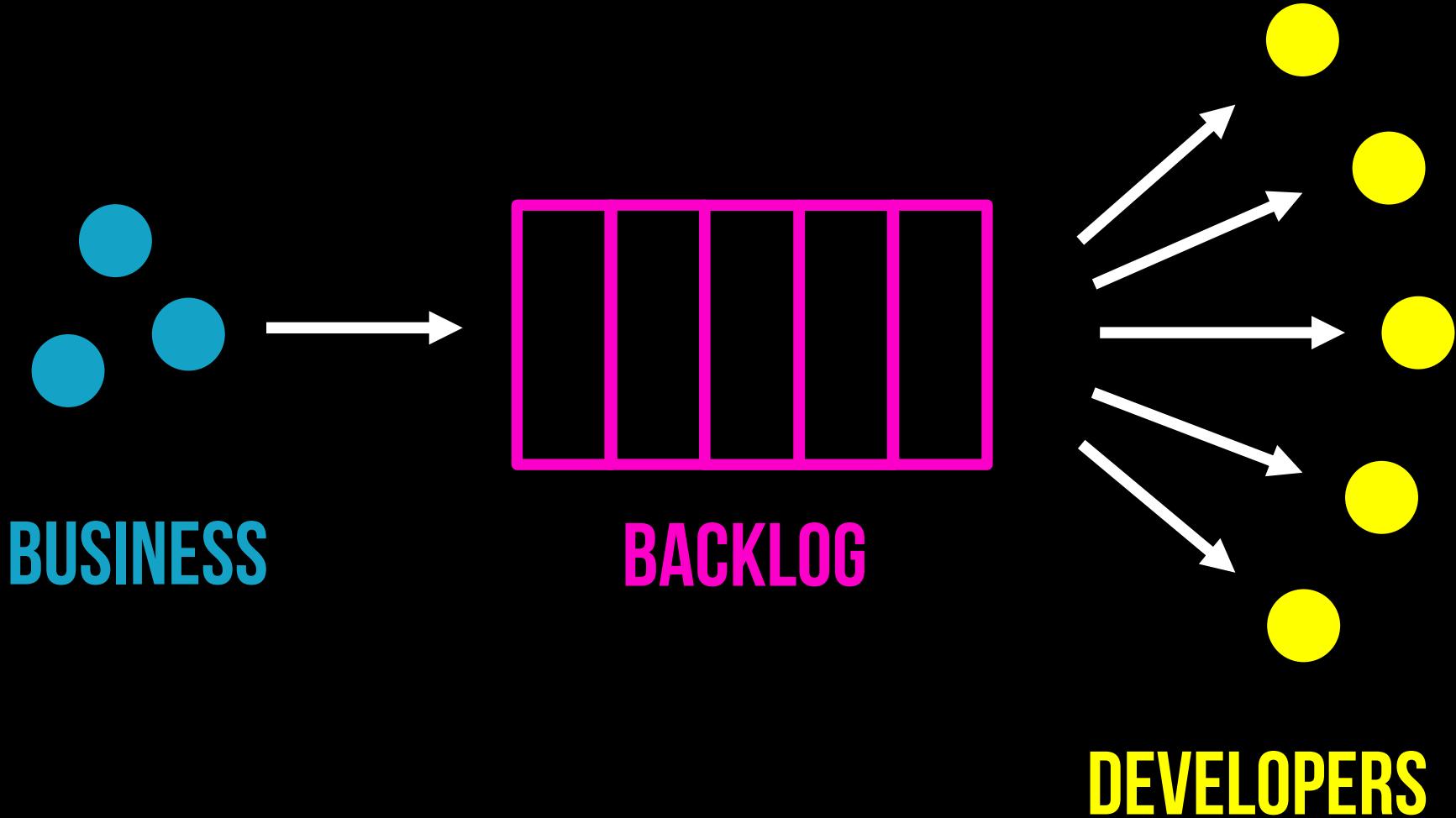


BACKLOG

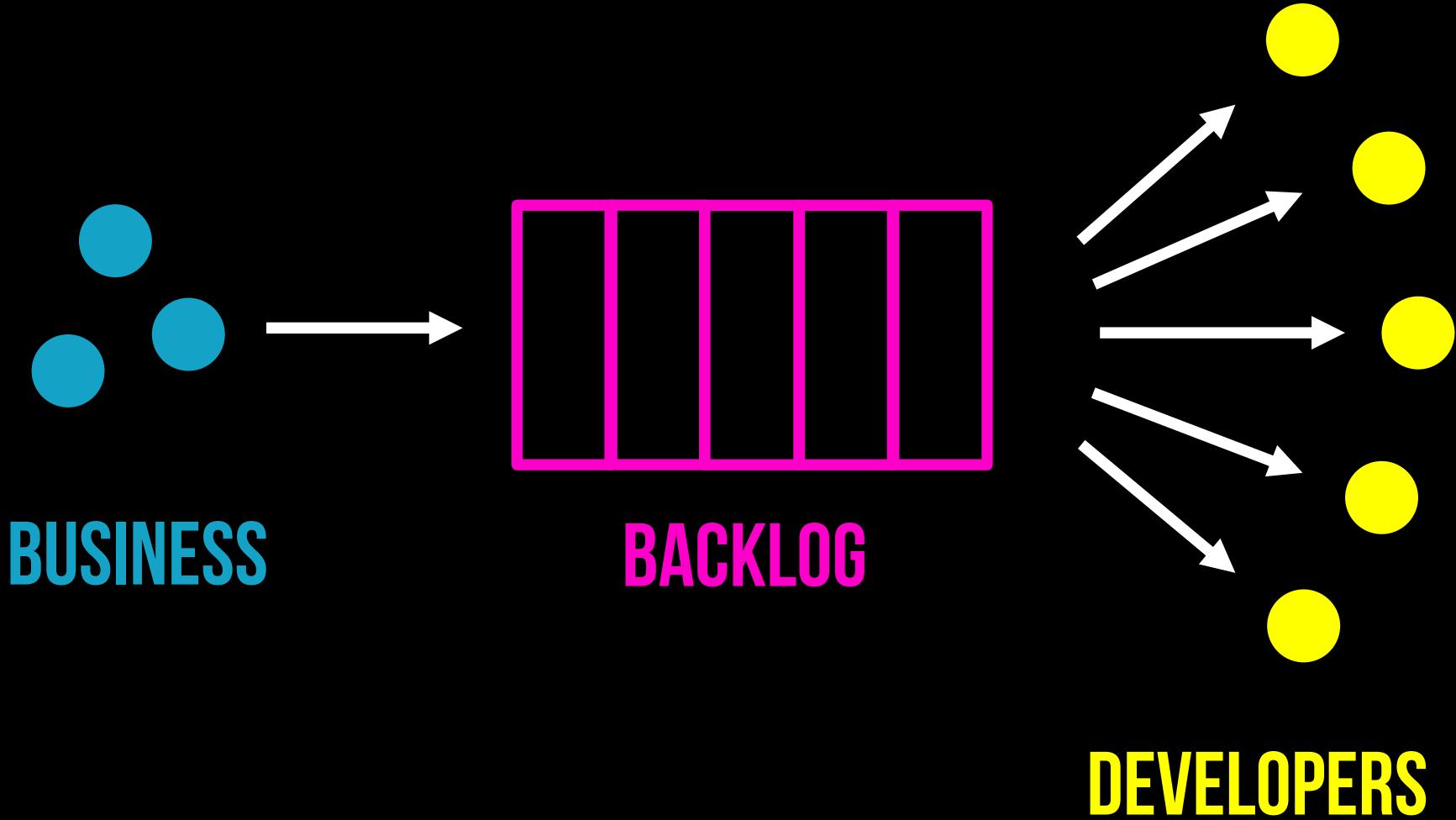
DEVELOPERS



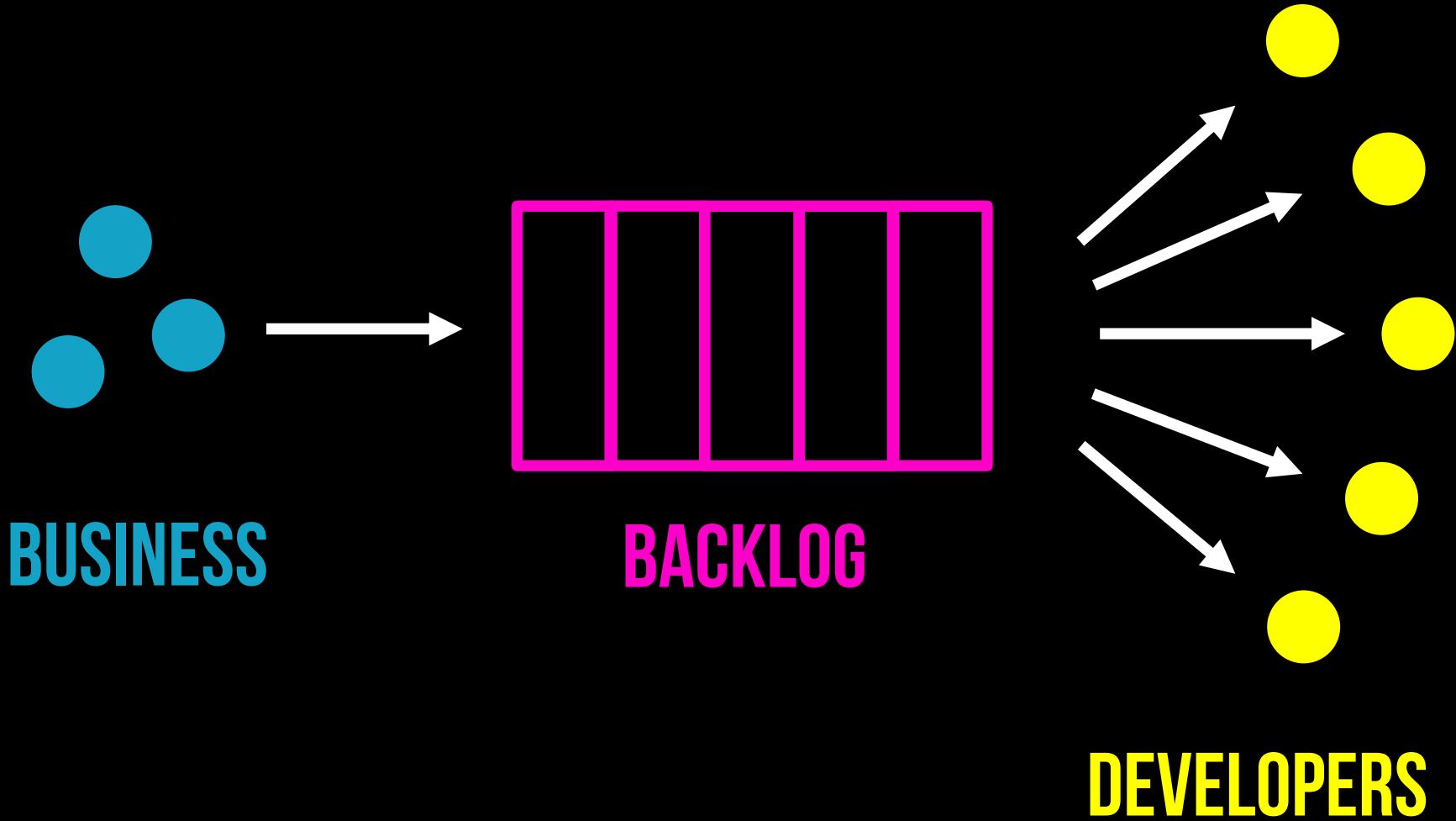
NO FEEDBACK



NO CONVERSATION



ASSUMPTIONS



THE BY-PRODUCT OF
THE FEATURE FACTORY IS
SOCIO-TECHNICAL DEBT

CONVERSATIONS THAT DIDN'T HAPPEN

MENTAL MODELS THAT ARE WEAK AND OUTDATED

CODE
THAT ISN'T WHAT IT SHOULD BE

**IF YOU REMAKE AWFUL SOFTWARE FROM SCRATCH
WITHOUT CHANGING THE CULTURE THAT CREATED
IT YOU'LL REMAKE AWFUL SOFTWARE.**

— **@MALK_ZAMETH**

**WE HAVE COME A LONG
WAY FROM UGLY CODE!**

WHY DO WE STILL TALK ABOUT TECHNICAL DEBT?

THE CONSEQUENCES ARE
MADE **MANIFEST** AND **VISIBLE**
AT THE TECHNICAL LEVEL

**DEVELOPERS LOOK FOR
TECHNICAL SOLUTIONS TO
SOFT PROBLEMS**

**TECHNICAL TASKS
ARE TEMPTING!**

**THEY FIT OUR TRAINING
AND EXPERTISE**

THEY INVOLVE LITTLE IN
TERMS OF PSYCHOLOGY
AND POLITICS

THEY RARELY LEAD
TO CONFLICT

**TECHNICAL WORK IS
PUZZLE SOLVING**

**MODELLING WORK
REVEALS TENSIONS**

WE MAY NEED TO
INVOLVE BUSINESS PEOPLE

WHO OWNS TECHNICAL DEBT?

**THE REST OF THE
ORGANIZATION WOULD
LOVE FOR TECHNICAL DEBT
TO BE THE PROBLEM OF
THE IT DEPARTMENT**

**THE IT DEPARTMENT
WOULD ALSO
LOVE FOR TECHNICAL DEBT
TO BE THE PROBLEM OF
THE IT DEPARTMENT**

BUT IT'S NOT GOING TO WORK

WE'LL LOSE THE GAME

WHAT MAKES A MEME SUCCESSFUL?

**GREATEST
EXPLANATION
POWER?**

MOST EFFECTIVE AT
REDUCING COGNITIVE
DISSONANCE?

**WE HAVE TO WORK TOGETHER
TO REDUCE THE AMOUNT OF
TECHNICAL DEBT
PRODUCED OVER TIME**

THERE ARE
NO TECHNICAL SOLUTIONS
TO TECHNICAL DEBT

**TECHNICAL DEBT
ISN'T TECHNICAL**