Cider-CI

Multi-service integration tests

Traditional CI:

Continous builds

single shell script

hooks around that script (before, after, ...)

Problems:

hard to make faster/parallelize hard to set up/manage complex setups

Cider-CI approach

- complex, but explicit configuration
- declarative dependencies
- very little assumptions about your workflow
- pro: hackability
- con: simples cases are relatively verbose

Cider-CI overview

Projects have 1 (git) Repo
Repo contains configuration for 1+ Jobs
Jobs run 1+ Tasks in parallel
Tasks run 1+ (shell) Scripts in order

Jobs can be **triggered** from branches and **depend** on each other

Tasks can be re-tried

Scripts can depend on each other

Details, quick walkthrough

(Excerpt from much longer Talk about Cider-CI)

- HTML: http://drtom.ch/talks/2015/CL/
- PDF: http://drtom.ch/talks/2015/CL/slides.pdf

4. CONCEPTS IN CONTEXT

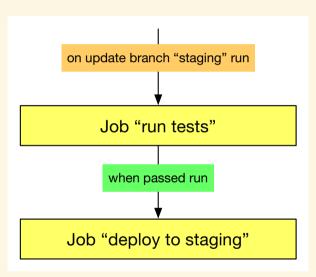


JOBS

EXAMPLES

- run test-suite
- perform static code checks
- build
- deploy

jobs can be **triggered** and can **depend on each other**



PROJECT CONFIGURATION

cider-ci.yml file in the project

```
jobs:
    deploy_test:
    name: Deploy to test

    depends-on:
    - type: job
     job: integration-tests
        states: [passed]

    run-on:
    - type: branch
        include-match: ^master$

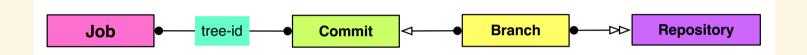
# specify tasks etc
```

The source is the truth.

configuration: reproducible, reviews, audits ???

CIDER-CI AND THE SOURCE CODE

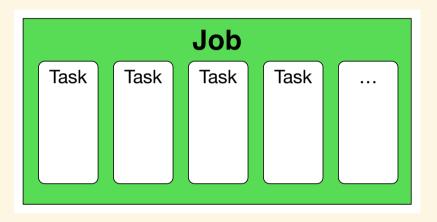
Cider-CI "knows" about commits, branches, submodules,...



tree-id: fingerprint of your source code

- reproducibility
- jobs can be **run at any time** (later)
- binary search for "bad" commits
- commit amends, squashing: existing job remains valid

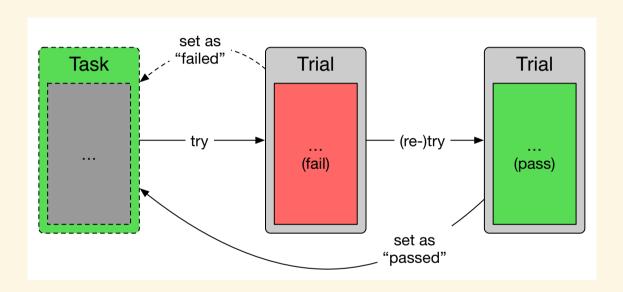
JOBS & TASKS



job: container and state aggregate for tasks

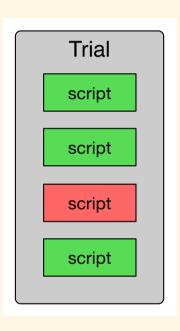
→ parallelization

TASKS & TRIALS



- blueprint
- container and state aggregate for trials

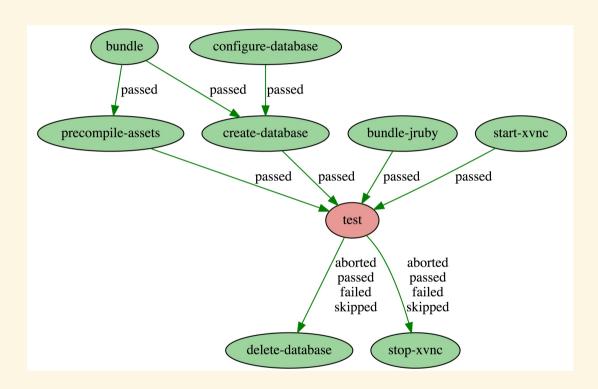
→ resilience



TRIAL & SCRIPTS

- actual unit of execution
- executed in the same context
- depend on each other

SCRIPT DEPENDENCIES



- traditional CI: one "build"
 ⇔ one script
- more modern: one main script + before and after "hooks"
- Cider-CI: scripts with dependencies

What is it good at?

Speed:

run lots of tasks in parallel & retry them

instead of sh tests/*

Continous Integration/Delivery/...

trigger and run different kinds of jobs

instead of sh tests/* && ./build && ./deploy

Flexibility

1 instance for your organization *or* 1 per project (re-)use existing infrastructure *or* "in the cloud"

What does it not do?

Access management

always trusts the repository control (push) access there

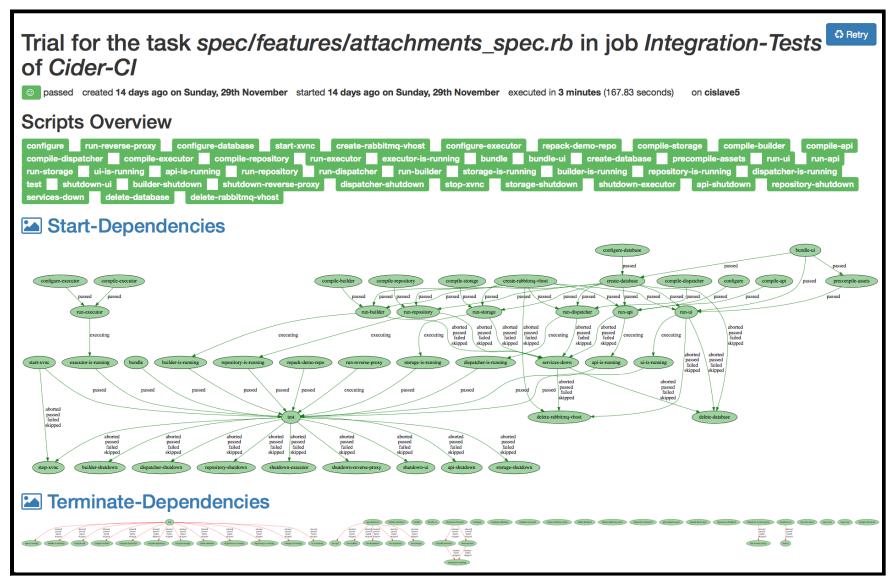
Secrets management

set up your own infrastructure and/or excutors, executors can be locked to "accepted repos"

Examples

- Jobs: "Test" triggers "Build" → "Release" →
 "Deploy-Docs"
- Job: "Good To Merge", depends on "Lint", "Unit Tests", "Feature Tests"

Complex example (CI-inception)



more features

- REST-ful API to implement any workflow you want
 - "nightly" builds and deploys
 - integrate with external services
- attachments
 - per Trial: for debugging (logs)
 - per git-tree: for build artefacts (binaries)
- good support for git submodules
- some github support: listen to update hook, set repo status

Try it out

free software, installs with two commands (ansible)

docs.cider-ci.info/

or read the sources: github.com/cider-ci/cider-ci

If you want to try something out here at the 32C3, contact me: 1@178.is

THX!