GROUP 9:

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HANDS ON 02:

```
import java.util.*;
    private String itemName;
   private double itemPrice;
private int itemQuantity;
    private double amountDue;
    public String getItemName() {
       return itemName;
       return amountDue;
    public void setItemName(String name) {
      itemName = name;
    public void setTotalCost(int quantity, double price) {
        amountDue = price * quantity;
       Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
       System.out.print("Enter the name of the item that you are purchasing: ");
       System.out.print("Enter the quantity and price separated by a space: ");
       itemQuantity = s.nextInt();
itemPrice = s.nextDouble();
        setTotalCost(itemQuantity, itemPrice);
    public void writeOutput() {
        System.out.println("You are purchasing " + itemQuantity + " " + getItemName() + "(s) " + "at " + itemPrice + " each.");
        System.out.printf("Amount due is %.2f", getTotalCost());
    public static void main(String[] args) {
       LabExer2 labExer2 = new LabExer2();
        labExer2.readInput();
```

EXAMPLE OUTPUTS:

```
Enter the name of the item that you are purchasing: table Enter the quantity and price separated by space: 8 1500.00 You are purchasing 8 table(s) at 1500.0 each.

Amount due is 12000.00
```

```
Enter the name of the item that you are purchasing: bag
Enter the quantity and price separated by space: 3 1475.50
You are purchasing 3 bag(s) at 1475.5 each.
Amount due is 4426.50
```

EXPLANATION:

- On the first line we imported the java.util.* package, which includes
 the Scanner class for input. On line 3, we declared a class named
 LabExer2 that will serve as our main class. Meanwhile you would see
 that there are private instance variables to store item details that we
 needed.
- In the main method we created an instance of LabExer2 named labexer2 then after that using the created labexer2 object, we used the readInput() method of that object to start the program.
- There are setter method to set the itemName. and setter method to calculate amountDue based on quantity and price. There are also getter methods which are getItemName() that returns the itemName variable and getTotalCost() that returns the amountDue variable
- The method **readInput()** uses the created Scanner object named **s** inside the method to get user input for item name, quantity, and price.
 - First, we asked the user to enter the name of the item that the user is purchasing.
 - Second, we asked the user to enter the quantity and price of the item that the user is purchasing.
 - Third, the program calls the setTotalCost() method to calculate the total cost for the item.
 - Finally, inside the readInput() method, writeOutput() method is called to print out the results.