```
1 function x = ERKTemplate(ButcherArray, f, T, x0)
     % Returns the iterations of an ERK method
3
     % ButcherArray: Struct with the ERK's Butcher array
     % A: Nstage x Nstage
4
5
     % b: Nstage x 1
 6
     % c: Nstage x 1
7
           (NB: both b and c must be standing vectors)
8
     % f: Function handle
9
     % Vector field of ODE, i.e., x \text{ dot} = f(t,x)
10
     % T: Vector of time points, 1 x Nt
11
     % x0: Initial state, Nx x 1
     % x: ERK iterations, Nx x Nt
12
13
     14
     % Define variables
     % Allocate space for iterations (x) and k1,k2,...,kNstage
15
16
     % It is recommended to allocate a matrix K for all kj, i.e.
17
     % K = [k1 k2 ... kNstage]
18
    A = ButcherArray.A;
19
    b = ButcherArray.b;
20
     c = ButcherArray.c;
21
22
    nx = size(x0,1);
23
     Nt = size(T, 2);
24
     Nstage = size(A,1);
25
   K = zeros(nx,Nstage);
26
27
    x = zeros(nx,Nt);
28
     x(:,1) = x0;
29
30
    31
     xt = x0; % initial iteration
32
     % Loop over time points
33
    for nt=2:Nt
34
         35
        % Update variables
        dt = T(nt) - T(nt-1);
36
37
38
        39
        % Calculation of the K vector relies on the A matrix having zeros
40
        % on and above the diagonal such that it's explicit RK.
41
        K(:,1) = f(nt, xt);
42
43
        % Loop that calculates k2,..., kNstage
44
        for nstage=2:Nstage
45
            K(:,nstage) = f(nt, xt + dt * sum(K .* A(nstage,:),2));
46
        end % for
47
        48
        % Calculate and save next iteration value x t
49
        xt = xt + dt * sum(K .* (b.'), 2);
50
        x(:,nt) = xt;
51
52
        53
     end % for
54 end % function
```