



Problem 1 (30 %) The Mean Value Theorem

- a Based on the Example A.2 (page 629) in the textbook, show that there exists one or more $\alpha \in (0, 1)$, given $x = [0, 0]^\top$ and $p = [2, 1]^\top$.
- b $f(x) = x^{\frac{1}{2}}$ is a continuous function. Explain why it is not Lipschitz continuous at $x = 0$. (See page 624 in the textbook for an explanation of Lipschitz continuity.)

Problem 2 (25 %) LP and KKT-conditions (Exam August 2000)

The following linear program is in standard form:

$$\min_x c^\top x \quad \text{s.t.} \quad Ax = b, \quad x \geq 0 \quad (1)$$

with $c \in \mathbb{R}^n$, $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$, and $b \in \mathbb{R}^m$. Derive the KKT conditions for (1).

Problem 3 (45 %) Linear Programming

In a plant three products R , S , and T are made in two process stages A and B . To make a product the following time in each process stage is required:

- 1 tonne of R : 3 hours in stage A plus 2 hours in stage B .
- 1 tonne of S : 2 hours in stage A and 2 hours in stage B .
- 1 tonne of T : 1 hour in stage A and 3 hours in stage B .

During one year, stage A has 7200 hours and stage B has 6000 hours available production time. The rest of the time is needed for maintenance. It is *required* that the available production time should be *fully utilized* in both stages.¹

The profit from the sale of the products is:

- R : 100 NOK per tonne.
- S : 75 NOK per tonne.
- T : 55 NOK per tonne.

We wish to maximize the yearly profit.

- a Formulate this as an LP problem.

¹This requirement is important when formulating the LP in part a).

- b** Which basic feasible points exist?
- c** Find the solution by checking the KKT conditions at all the feasible points found in **b**).
- d** Formulate the dual problem for the LP in **a**).
- e** Show that the optimal objective function value for the LP in **a**) equals the optimal objective function value for the dual problem in **d**) by showing that $c^\top x^* = b^\top \lambda^*$.
- f** If you can make either stage *A* or stage *B* more available (i.e., more production hours available because of more efficient maintenance), which of the production stages *A* or *B* would you choose to improve? Why? Check your answer by first increasing the capacity of *A* by 1 hour (i.e., to 7201 hours), and then by increasing *B* by 1 hour.