

Assignment 6

due: 23:59 pm Wednesday 22 May, online

1. Use the Laplace transform to solve the following initial-value problem:

$$y'' - 2y' + y = e^{2x}, \quad y(0) = 1, \quad y'(0) = 0.$$

Check your answer is correct.

2. Use the second translation theorem to find:

$$(a) \mathcal{L}\{x u(x-2)\} \quad (b) \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{e^{-\pi s}}{s^2+1}\right\} \quad (c) \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{e^{-\pi s}}{s^2+2s+2}\right\}$$

3. Use Laplace transforms to solve the initial-value problem $y' + y = f(x)$, $y(0) = 0$ where

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \leq x < 1 \\ -1 & x \geq 1 \end{cases}.$$

4. Use the Laplace integral formula to find:

$$(a) \mathcal{L}\left\{\int_0^x \tau^3 e^{-2\tau} d\tau\right\} \quad (b) \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s^2(s-1)}\right\}.$$

1. Use Laplace transforms to solve the initial-value problem

$$y'' - 2y' + 2y = xe^x, \quad y(0) = y'(0) = 0.$$

Check your answer is correct.

2. Use the second translation theorem to find:

$$(a) \mathcal{L} \{ (\cos 2x) u(x - \pi) \} \quad (b) \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1 + e^{-3s}}{s + 2} \right\}$$

3. Use the Laplace integral formula for the indefinite integral of $\sin ax$ to find $\mathcal{L}^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{s(s^2 + a^2)} \right\}$.

4. Use Laplace transforms to solve the integro-differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 - x - \int_0^x y(\tau) d\tau, \quad y(0) = 0.$$

Check your answer is correct.
