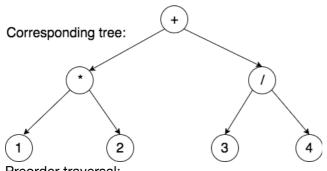
### **CSCI-SHU 210 Data Structures**

#### **Recitation 8 Binary trees**

In this recitation, we will practice Binary Tree.

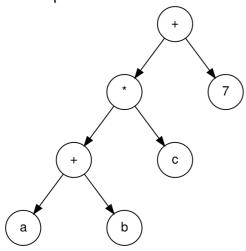
#### **Today's goals:**

- Please keep in mind, what is a
  - General Tree
  - Binary Tree (this recitation)
  - O Binary Search Tree (next week)
  - o AVL Tree (next week)
- Binary tree's property: left child / right child only
- Binary tree traversal algorithms (Pre, in, post, level)
- Can perform recursion on Binary tree data structure.
- Arithmetic expression tree



Preorder traversal: Inorder traversal: Postorder traversal: + \* 1 2 / 3 4 1 \* 2 + 3 / 4 1 2 \* 3 4 / +

#### Warmup Exercise:

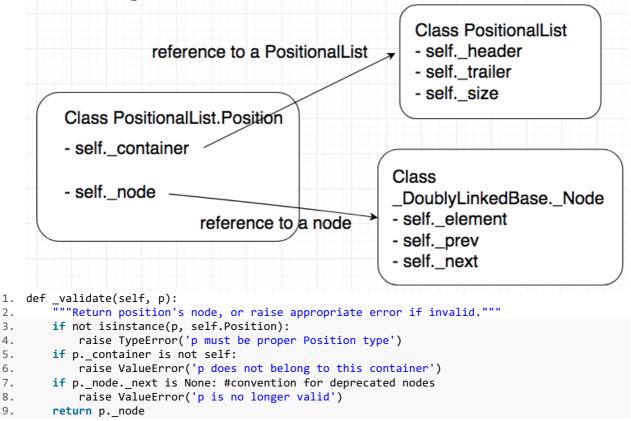


What is the preorder traversal result for the arithmetic expression tree above?

What is the inorder traversal result for the arithmetic expression tree above?

What is the postorder traversal result for the arithmetic expression tree above?

## Part I: A quick look at Positional List:



Your task 1: Take a look at class PositionalList. Try the test code, then type some test code on your own. Try to understand this class' structure.

## Part II: Simple Binary Tree (Just the Tree node class):

```
Your task 2: Let's continue from where we left off. Before we start 00P style, let's start from just the binary tree node.

Create a Simple tree for this infix expression: 3 * 2 + 5 - 2

Simple Binary Tree
(w/o parent)

class TreeWithoutParent:
    def __init_(self,element,left=None,right=None):
    self. element = element
    self. left = left
    self. right = right
    def __str_(self):
        return str(self. element)
```

Your task 3: Implement function PreOrderTraversal(tree) in simple\_Tree\_without\_parent.py.

This function should:

Prints all the elements with pre order traversal, the initial call parameter tree is the root node.

Your task 4: Implement function InOrderTraversal(tree) in simple\_Tree\_without\_parent.py.

This function should:

Prints all the elements with in order traversal, the initial call parameter tree is the root node.

Your task 5: Implement function PostOrderTraversal(tree) in simple\_Tree\_without\_parent.py.

This function should:

Prints all the elements with post order traversal, the initial call parameter tree is the root node.

Your task 6: Implement function LevelOrderTraversal(tree) in simple Tree without parent.py.

This function should:

Prints all the elements with Level order traversal, the initial call parameter tree is the root node.

# Part III: Binary Tree with OOP: 1. Getting familiar with 300 lines of code.

• Class	Tree:	
	class TreeNode	
	<ul><li>selfelement</li></ul>	
	<ul><li>selfparent</li></ul>	
	<ul><li>selfleft</li></ul>	
	• selfright	
0	len(self) Traversal functions	
0	iter(self)	
0	children(self, node)	
0	preorder(self)	
	inorder(self)	
0	postorder(self)	
0	_subtree_preorder(self, node)	
0	_subtree_inorder(self, node)	
0	_subtree_postorder(self, node)	
0	nodes(self)	
	Boolean functions	
	is_root(self, node)	
	is_leaf(self, node) is empty(self)	
	Function accessors	
	root(self)	
	parent(self, node)	
	left(self, node)	
0	right(self, node)	
0	sibling(self, node)	
0	num_children(self, node)	
	Public mutators	
0	add_root(self, e)	
0	add_left(self, node, e) add_right(self, node, e)	
0	replace(self, node, e)	
0	delete(self, node)	
0	1 ( 10 1 10)	
	Pretty printing	
0	pretty_print methods	
	· Today's tasks, starting at line 229	
0	preorderPrint(self, node)	# Task 1, optional
0	postorderPrint(self, node)	# Task 2, optional
0	inorderPrint(self, node)	# Task 3, optional
0	levelorderPrint(self, node)	# Task 4
0	height(self, node = None) depth(self, node)	# Task 5 # Task 6
0	return max(self)	# Task 0 # Task 7
0	flip node(self, node)	# Task 8
0	flip subtree(self, node)	# Task 9
_	1	

Your task 1 (Optional): Implement function preorderPrint(self,node) in BinaryTree.py.

This function should:

Prints all the elements with pre order traversal, treating parameter node as the root Position.

Your task 2 (Optional): Implement function postorderPrint(self, node) in BinaryTree.py.

This function should:

Prints all the elements with post order traversal, treating parameter node asthe root Position.

Your task 3 (Optional): Implement function inorderPrint(self, node) in BinaryTree.py.

This function should:

Prints all the elements with in order traversal, treating parameter node as the root Position.

Your task 4 (Optional): Implement function levelorderPrint(self, node) in BinaryTree.py.

This function should:

Prints all the elements with level order traversal, treating parameter node as the root Position.

Your task 5: Implement function height(self, node = None) in BinaryTree.py.

This function should:

Return the height of the subtree rooted at a given node.

If node is None, return the height of the entire (self) tree.

Your task 6: Implement function depth(self, node) in

BinaryTree.py.

This function should:

Return the depth of a given node, in the entire (self) tree.

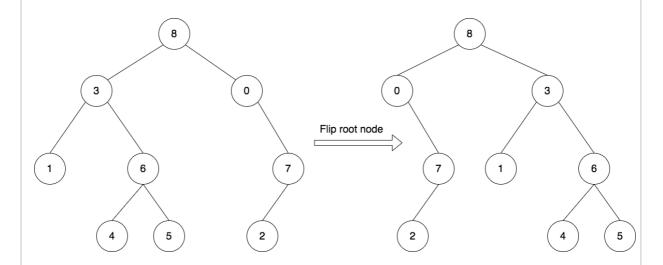
Your task 7: Implement function return\_max(self) in

BinaryTree.py.

This function should:

Traverse the tree and return the maximum value stored within the tree.

Your task 8: Implement method flip(self, node) in BinaryTree.py. which flips the left and right children of a given node.



Your task 9: Implement method flip\_subtree(self, node=None) in BinaryTre e.py which flips the left and right children all nodes in the subtree of given node, and if p is omitted it flips the entire tree.

Your method must be recursive.

