



# Jetstream2: Accelerating cloud computing via Jetstream

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### What is "the" Jetstream?

- Fast moving air currents
- Hot/Cold air boundaries
- An NSF-funded cloud environment
- A project that brought new resources to US researchers via the national cyberinfrastructure, continuing into Jetstream2







### Jetstream1

#### What worked?

- Allowing API access and full control (root privileges)
- "Indefinite workflows" allowing instances to run continuously – providing Pls renew their allocations
- Development of trial allocations



Flickr user MattHurst – Broken Blackberry

#### What didn't work?

- Forcing small allocations into the research allocation process
- Lack of multi-year allocations
- Lack of shared data set storage



### **Lessons learned**

#### Challenges -> Inspired changes

- Storage capacity -> Larger HDD pool and new flash storage
- Homogeneous hardware -> Inclusion of NVIDIA GPUs (w/MIG or vGPU) and memory diversity
- Separate OpenStack domains -> Unification of "Atmosphere" domain



D.Y. Hancock - Castello di Nipozzano 2017

- Virtual networking architecture/maintenance -> Increase offload capabilities via Cumulus Networks software and Mellanox hardware (NAT & simulation)
- Acceptance & integration into national CI ecosystem -> Changes to our metrics/KPIs & accounting processes
- Deployment diversity -> Leverage single technology for config management



# Big Memory, Larger Instances, GPUs

128 core nodes – AMD EPYC Milan

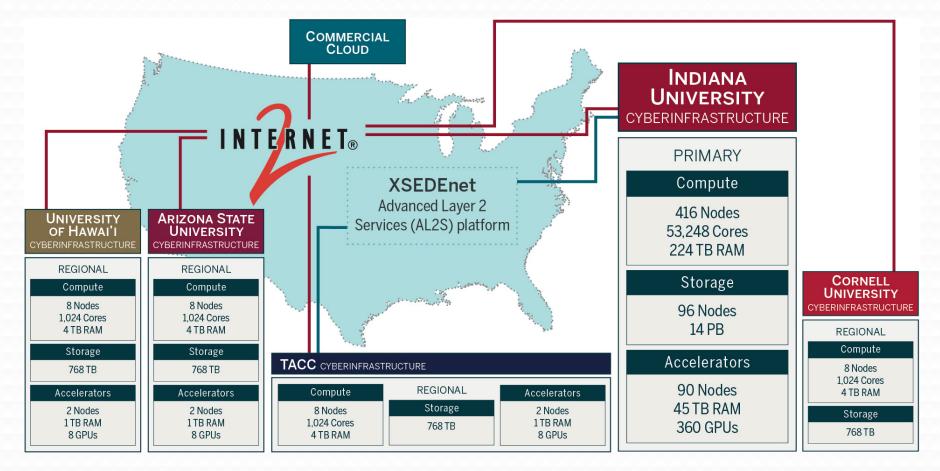
Smallest node has 512GB of memory

32 Larger 1TB memory nodes\*

A100 GPUs sliced and diced









# **Jetstream2 Capabilities**

#### Enhancing laaS model of Jetstream:

- Improved orchestration support
- Elastic virtual clusters
- Federated JupyterHubs
- Ease storage sharing (CephFS w/Manilla)

#### Commitment to >99% uptime

- Critical for science gateway hosting
- Hybrid-cloud support

#### Revamped User Interface

- Unified instance management
- Multi-instance launch





Feb 12, 2019 – Jet stream region called "Jet N6" NASA/JPL-Caltech/SwRI/MSSS/Kevin M. Gill

- >57K cores of next-gen AMD EPYC processors
- >360 NVIDIA A100 GPUs will provide vGPUs via NVIDIA's MIG/vGPU feature
- >17PB of storage (NVMe and disk hybrid)
- 100GbE Mellanox network

# **Startup Allocations**

- Primary cloud (IU) only
  - Jetstream (CPU Only) 200,000 SU (core hours)
  - Jetstream LM (1TB Large Memory nodes) 400,000 SU
  - Jetstream GPU (NVIDIA A100 GPU nodes) 600,000 SU
  - Jetstream Storage (requires one of the compute resources) 1TB
- Reference: <a href="https://docs.jetstream-cloud.org/general/resources/">https://docs.jetstream-cloud.org/general/resources/</a>
- Who can get an allocation?
  - Applying: <a href="https://docs.jetstream-cloud.org/alloc/startup/">https://docs.jetstream-cloud.org/alloc/startup/</a>
- What might be the best practice for SC22 reproducibility?



### **VM flavors**

Table 1. VM CPU Instance Configurations							
Instance Type	vCPUs (128 total)	RAM (500GiB available)	Ephemeral Storage (in GB)	Instances/Node			
m3.tiny	1	3	20	128			
m3.small	2	6	20	64			
m3.quad	4	15	20	32			
m3.medium	8	30	60	16			
m3.large	16	60	60	8			
m3.xl	32	125	60	4			
m3.2xl	64	250	60	2			
m3.3xl	128	500	60	1			

**Table 2. VM GPU Instance Configurations** 

Instance Type	vCPUs (128 total)	vGPUs (7 slices)* + GPU RAM	RAM (500GiB available)	Ephemeral Storage (in GB)	Instances/Node
g3.small	4	1 / 5gb	15	60	28**
g3.medium	8	2 / 10gb	30	60	16
g3.large	16	3 / 20gb	60	60	8
g3.xl	32	7 / 40gb	125	60	4

<sup>\*7</sup> GPU slices = 1 NVIDIA 40GB Ampere A100 GPU

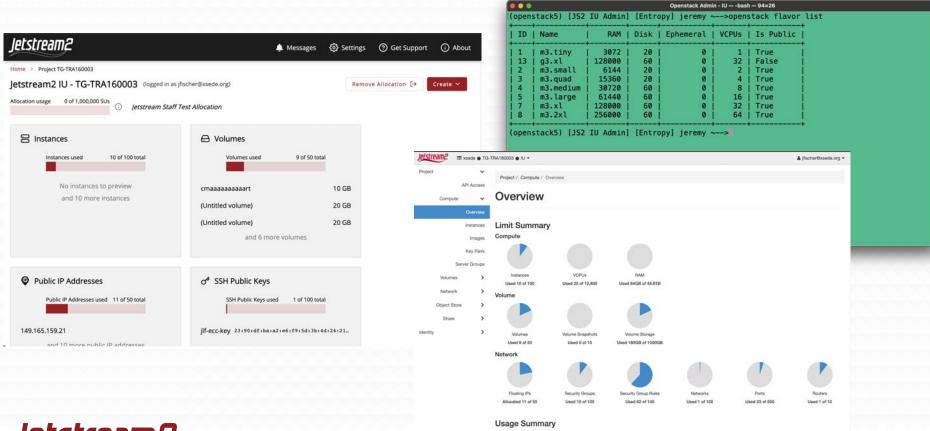
**Table 3. Large Memory Instance Configurations** 

Instance Type	vCPUs (128 total)	RAM (1000GB available)	Ephemeral Storage (in GB)	Instances/Node
r3.large	64	500GB	60	2
r3.xl	128	1000GB	60	1



<sup>\*\*</sup> https://docs.nvidia.com/datacenter/tesla/mig-user-guide/#a100-profiles - 7 slices max

How do I access Jetstream2?





## Using and preserving VMs

- You can install just about anything\*
  - But generally limited to Linux\*\*
- Snapshots are fairly simple and easily shared with your allocation
- One general practice is often to pull from Git(hub/lab) or pull a container
- \* Standard warnings about licensed software here.
- \*\* Here there be dragons.



### **Timeline**

- Jetstream now in 5th year of operations
- Jetstream extension granted by the NSF through November 2021
- Extension through end of March 2022 in process
- Jetstream2
  - Early operations in progress as of February 2022
  - Production operations by end of March 2022/early April 2022



Flickr user Oiluj Samall Zeid - Lejos de Yulín





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# Jetstream2 partners



















