# Package 'ACSdownload'

November 23, 2022

**Title** Obtain American Community Survey Summary File Data Tables from Census Bureau FTP Site (for EJ analysis, etc.)

Description This R package helps you download and parse raw data from the Census Bureau American Community Survey 5-year Summary Files, providing demographic data at the block and tract levels of resolution. You can obtain data from the entire USA all at once using this package, for one or more tables. Typically the Census Bureau makes it easy to obtain data from one state at a time, not every block group in the US. There are roughly 220,000 block groups in the US, and around 74,000 tracts.

Some options for obtaining Census ACS data are listed here: http://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/data.html

Other data sources that may be relevant include Census geodatabases at http://www.census.gov/geo/maps-data/data/tiger-data.html and data at http://www.census.gov/geo/maps-data/data/gazetteer.html

For any imported/suggested packages not on CRAN, see http://ejanalysis.github.io.

URL https://github.com/ejanalysis/ACSdownload, http://ejanalysis.github.io, http: //www.ejanalysis.com/

BugReports https://github.com/ejanalysis/ACSdownload/issues

**Depends** R (>= 3.1.0) **RoxygenNote** 7.2.1

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Repository GitHub

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### **Description**

This is to make it easier to update the package over time. It should be updated as needed, along with acsfirstyearavailablehere

acsdefaultendyearhere\_func

Earliest end.year available via this package

# Description

Earliest end.year available via this package

### Usage

acsdefaultendyearhere\_func()

| ACSdownload | Obtain American Community Survey Summary File Data Tables from<br>Census Bureau FTP Site |
|-------------|--|
|             |  |

### **Description**

THIS PACKAGE MAY BE MOSTLY OBSOLETE NOW THAT SOME CRAN PACKAGES OFFER MOST OF THESE TOOLS, ESPECIALLY SEE THE PACKAGE totalcensus (https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/totalcensus/index.html) which helps download Census data from the Census FTP site. As of 10/2022, only the github (development) version has info for ACS 2016-2020. devtools::install\_github("GL-Li/totalcensus")

This R package helps you download and parse (huge) raw data from the Census Bureau American Community Survey 5-year Summary Files, providing demographic data at the block and tract levels of resolution. You can obtain data from the entire USA all at once using this package, for one or more tables. Key function is get.acs, and also see set.needed, nhgis, and also see data(lookup.acs2020) HOWEVER, DATA FORMAT IS CHANGING FOR SUMMARY FILE ACS

DATA: SEE https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/data/summary-file/updates-to-acs-summary-Overview.html

#### **Details**

Typically the Census Bureau makes it easy to obtain data from one state at a time, not every block group in the US. There are roughly 220,000 block groups in the US, and around 74,000 tracts. The key function in this package is get.acs

```
For ACS documentation, see http://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs.html
Several options for obtaining Census ACS data are now listed here:
http://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/data.html
Limits on downloads via American Fact Finder (not all US tracts at once) are noted here: https://ask.census.gov/faq.php?id=5000&faqId=1653
Other data sources that may be relevant include Census geodatabases at
http://www.census.gov/geo/maps-data/data/tiger-data.html and data at
http://www.census.gov/geo/maps-data/data/gazetteer.html. Also see the help for get.acs
```

#### Author(s)

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### References

```
http://ejanalysis.github.io
http://www.ejanalysis.com
```

#### See Also

**tidycensus** to use a key to request ACS or Decennial Census data, but is slow if you want all blockgroups in a state or nationwide. **proxistat** package for block group points (lat lon), or **acs** package (http://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/acs/index.html) which lets one obtain more limited amounts of ACS data but provides better tools for working with the data once obtained.

```
acsfirstyearavailablehere
```

The earliest end.year of 5yr ACS datasets this package handles

### **Description**

This is to make it easier to update the package over time. It should be updated as needed, along with acsdefaultendyearhere

clean.mystates 5

clean.mystates

Utility to Clean Names of States for get.acs

#### **Description**

Utility function used by get.acs and download.datafiles

#### **Usage**

```
clean.mystates(mystates = "all", testing = FALSE)
```

#### **Arguments**

mystates Character vector, optional. Defines which states, using 2-character abbreviations

(case-insensitive), or 'all' for all available.

Default is 'all' which is 50 states plus DC, BUT NO LONGER PR (& not AS, GU, MP, UM, VI, US). If mystates is not specified or is 'all' then this returns the default. If mystates is specified, returns those defaults that match any of mystates. If mystates includes DC, PR, or US, those are returned, but "AS" "GU" "MP" "UM" "VI" are removed. One element of the vector can be 50, 51, or 52, where 50 represents the 50 states, 51 = 50 plus DC, or 52 = the 51 plus PR. In other words, the default could be written as c(50, 'DC', 'PR') or as c(51, 'PR')

or just 52. Redundant entries are dropped, e.g., c(51,'DC') becomes 51.

 ${\bf Logical\ value,\ optional,\ FALSE\ by\ default.\ LIMITS\ STATES\ TO\ DC\ AND\ DE}$ 

if TRUE.

#### **Details**

Not in FTP ACS Summary files and not returned by this function's default:

#53 60 AS American Samoa <NA>

#54 66 GU Guam <NA>

#55 69 MP Northern Mariana Islands <NA>

#58 78 VI U.S. Virgin Islands <NA>

#57 74 UM U.S. Minor Outlying Islands <NA>

Note: The function stops if any of mystates is not found in the full list that includes these, but it returns only those excluding these five above, so an invalid state like 'ZQ' causes an error but an invalid state like 'VI' is silently removed without any error.

Puerto Rico (PR, FIPS 72), the District of Columbia (DC, 11), and the 50 States are in ACS 2016-2020 and Census 2020. For info on Island Areas, see https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/decennial-census/technical-documentation/island-areas-censuses.html The 2020 Island Areas Censuses (IAC) include data for American Samoa (AS, FIPS 60), Guam (GU, 66), the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (MP, 69), and the U.S. Virgin Islands (VI. 78), but not U.S. Minor Outlying Islands (UM, 74). The 2020 Census counted people living in the U.S. Island Areas using a long-form questionnaire. Other surveys, such as the American Community Survey (ACS), are not conducted in the Island Areas. Therefore, the Census Bureau used a long-form questionnaire to meet the Island Areas' data needs for demographic, social, economic, and housing unit information. This long-form questionnaire was similar to the ACS questionnaire used in the 50 states, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. The 2020 IAC Demographic Profile Summary File provides access to all of the data. It provides data down to the place, county subdivision, and

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estate (USVI only) level - not block groups. The 2020 IAC Demographic Profile Summary File data are available through the Census Bureau's data exploration platform, data.census.gov. The 2020 IAC Demographic Profile Summary File is located on the U.S. Census Bureau's file transfer protocol (FTP) server at <a href="https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/decennial/2020/data/island-areas/">https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/decennial/2020/data/island-areas/</a>. The easiest way is to start at the 2020 Island Areas Censuses Data Products webpage at www.census.gov/programs-surveys/decennial-census/decade/2020/planning-management/release/2020-islandareas-data-products.html

#### Value

Returns character vector of 2-character State abbreviations, lower case.

#### See Also

get.acs and download.datafiles which use this, and get.state.info (from **ejanalysis** package) based on lookup.states or data(lookup.states, package=proxistat) using **proxistat** package

clean.sumlevel

Utility to Clean SUMLEVEL for get.acs

### **Description**

Utility function used by get.acs.

#### Usage

```
clean.sumlevel(sumlevel = "bg")
```

### **Arguments**

sumlevel

Character vector (1+ elements), optional, 'bg' by default. See details above.

### **Details**

Interprets as 'bg' any of these: 150, '150', 'blockgroup', 'block group', or 'bg' (or variants, ignoring case)

Interprets as 'tract' any of these: 140, '140', or 'tract' (or variants, ignoring case)

Interprets as 'both' any of these: 'both' or a vector that has both of the above terms (or variants, ignoring case).

### Value

Returns 'both', 'tract', or 'bg' (or stops with error if cannot interpret sumlevel input)

```
get.acs which uses this
```

datafile 7

datafile

Get name(s) of data file(s) for ACS 5-year summary file data

### **Description**

Returns name(s) of data file(s) based on state(s), a sequence file number, and end year.

### Usage

```
datafile(state.abbrev, seqfilenum, end.year = acsdefaultendyearhere_func())
```

## Arguments

state.abbrev Required vector of one or more 2-character state abbreviations like "DC"

seqfilenum Required sequence file number(s) used by ACS 5-year summary file (can be a single value like "0022" or a vector)

end.year Optional end year for 5-year summary file, as character or number

### Value

Returns character element that is name of data file such as e20105de0017000 or m20105de0017000

#### See Also

```
get.acs
```

download.datafiles

Download American Community Survey 5-yr data files

### **Description**

Attempts to download data files (estimates and margins of error) for specified states and tables, from the US Census Bureau's FTP site for American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file data.

# Usage

```
download.datafiles(
  tables,
  end.year = acsdefaultendyearhere_func(),
  mystates = 52,
  folder = getwd(),
  testing = FALSE,
  attempts = 5,
  silent = FALSE
)
```

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### **Arguments**

| tables   | Required character vector of table numbers, such as c("B01001", "B03002")                                    |
|----------|--|
| end.year | Character element, optional, like "2012". Defines last of five years of summary file dataset.                |
| mystates | Character vector, now optional - Default is 50 states + DC + PR here, but otherwise relies on clean.mystates |
| folder   | Default is getwd()   |
| testing  | Default to FALSE. If TRUE, provides info on progress of download.  |
| attempts | Default is 5, specifies how many tries (maximum) for unzipping before trying to redownload and then give up. |
| silent   | Optional, default is FALSE. Whether progress info should be sent to standard output (like the screen).       |

### Value

Effect is to download and save locally a number of data files.

### See Also

get.distances which allows you to get distances between all points.

download.geo

Download GEO txt file(s) with geo information for ACS

# Description

Download text file from US Census Bureau with geographic information for American Community Survey. The geo file is used to join data file(s) to FIPS/GEOID/NAME/SUMLEVEL/CKEY. Used by get.acs

# Usage

```
download.geo(
  mystates,
  end.year = acsdefaultendyearhere_func(),
  folder = getwd(),
  testing = FALSE,
  attempts = 5,
  silent = FALSE
)
```

# Arguments

| mystates | vector of character 2-letter State abbreviations specifying which are needed                                 |
|----------|--|
| end.year | Specifies end year of 5-year summary file such as '2020'   |
| folder   | folder to use for saving files - default is current working directory  |
| testing  | Default to FALSE. If TRUE, provides info on progress of download.  |
| attempts | Default is 5, specifies how many tries (maximum) for unzipping before trying to redownload and then give up. |
| silent   | Optional, default is FALSE. Whether progress info should be sent to standard output (like the screen)        |

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#### **Details**

Downloads to the current working directory unless another folder is specified. In contrast to the data files, the geo file is not zipped so does not have to be unzipped once downloaded. Key functions used:

```
url.to.find.zipfilegeofiledata(lookup.states, package='proxistat')
```

#### Value

Side effect is downloading the file.

#### See Also

```
get.acs which uses this, and get.read.geo
```

### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
   download.geo("de")
   download.geo( c("pr", "dc") )
## End(Not run)
```

download.lookup.acs

Download File with Information about ACS 5-Year Summary File Tables

### **Description**

Download and read lookup table of information on American Community Survey (ACS) tables, from the Census Bureau, namely which sequence files on the FTP site contain which tables and which variables. NOTE: This is largely obsolete now that data(lookup.acs2013) and similar files for other years are in this package.

### Usage

```
download.lookup.acs(
  end.year = acsdefaultendyearhere_func(),
  folder = getwd(),
  silent = FALSE
)
```

# Arguments

end.year

Character, optional, like '2020', which specifies the 2016-2020 dataset. Defines which 5-year summary file to use, based on end-year. Can be acsfirstyearavailablehere or later. Data for end.year='2019' were released in December 2020, for example. The 2017-2021 American Community Survey 5-year estimates are scheduled to be released on Thursday, December 8, 2022.

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| folder | Optional path to where to download file to, defaults to current working directory. |
|--------|--|
| silent | Optional, default is FALSE. Whether to send progress info to standard output       |
|        | (like the screen)  |

#### **Details**

```
The URL scheme for lookup tables or datasets varies by year, for example, For 2012 it is ftp://ftp.census.gov/acs2012_5yr/summaryfile/Sequence_Number_and_Table_Number_Lookup.txt and for 2014 is http://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2014/documentation/user_tools/ACS_5yr_Seq_Table_Number_Lookup.txt and for 2016 is http://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2016/documentation/user_tools/ACS_5yr_Seq_Table_Number_Lookup.txt
```

The 2013-2017 dataset is here...

Data tables by state by seqfile were here:

```
https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2017/data/5_year_seq_by_state/Alabama/Tracts_Block_Groups_Only/such as
https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2017/data/5_year_seq_by_state/Alabama/Tracts_Block_Groups_Only/20175al0001000.zip
```

Geographies in Excel spreadsheets were here:

```
https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2017/documentation/geography/5yr_year_geo/such as https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2017/documentation/geography/5yr_year_geo/ak.xlsx
```

Lookup table of sequence files and variables was here:

```
https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2017/documentation/user_tools/ACS_5yr_Seq_Table_Number_Lookup.txt
```

```
The 2014-2018 folders are here:
```

```
https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2018/documentation/geography/https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2018/documentation/user_tools/
```

### Value

By default, returns a data.frame with these fields:

- \$ Table.ID : chr "B00001" "B00001" "B00001" "B00002" ...
- \$ Sequence. Number : chr "0001" "0001" "0001" "0001" ...
- \$ Line.Number: num NA NA 1 NA NA 1 NA NA 1 2 ...

format\_est\_moe 11

- \$ Start.Position: num 7 NA NA 8 NA NA 7 NA NA NA ...
- \$ Total.Cells.in.Table : chr "1 CELL" "" "1 CELL" ...
- \$ Table.Title : chr "UNWEIGHTED SAMPLE COUNT OF THE POPULATION" "Universe: Total population" "Total" "UNWEIGHTED SAMPLE HOUSING UNITS" ...
- \$ Subject.Area: chr "Unweighted Count" "" "" "Unweighted Count" ...

```
For ACS 2008-2012:
length(my.lookup[,1])
[1] 24741
names(my.lookup)
[1] "File.ID" "Table.ID" "Sequence.Number" "Line.Number" "Start.Position"
[6] "Total.Cells.in.Table" "Total.Cells.in.Sequence" "Table.Title" "Subject.Area"
```

### See Also

acs.lookup which does something similar but is more flexible & robust. Also see get.lookup.acs which does the same without downloading file – uses the copy in data() Also see data(lookup.acs2013) and similar data for other years. Also see get.acs, get.lookup.file.name, get.url.prefix.lookup.table

### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
lookup.acs <- download.lookup.acs()
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

format\_est\_moe

Reorder cols of estimates and MOE table

### **Description**

Start with a table that has all the estimates columns together, followed by all the MOEs columns, and create a new column sort order so that estimates will be interspersed with (next to) their MOE values, as FactFinder format provides.

### Usage

```
format_est_moe(my.list.of.tables)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
my.list.of.tables
```

Required list of tables from earlier steps in get.acs

### Value

List of tables like input but with columns sorted in a new order.

```
get.acs and intersperse
```

```
format_for_acs_package
```

Reformat ACS Data Obtained by get.acs for Import to the acs Package

### **Description**

```
Work in progress *****
```

Currently only works for 5-year summary file data from ACS. Use same format as American Fact Finder uses for downloaded csv of tract data, for example. Format is ESTIMATE, MOE, ESTIMATE, MOE... and KEY cols are GEOID, FIPS, AND NAME, but also SUMLEVEL (specifies if tract or blockgroup, for example), and not STUSAB (2-letter State abbreviation).

# Usage

```
format_for_acs_package(
    x,
    tableid = "",
    folder = getwd(),
    end.year = acsdefaultendyearhere_func(),
    savefile = TRUE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

| X        | Required list of tables from earlier steps in get.acs   |
|----------|---|
| tableid  | Used to name any saved file. Should be a string such as 'B01001'. Default is "  |
| folder   | Default is getwd() and specifies where to save csv if savefile=TRUE   |
| end.year | Optional, text to use in filename if savefile=TRUE. The acs package needs this in the filename to infer the year, or that can be specified as the endyear parameter in read.acs |
| savefile | Default is TRUE which means save a csv file to folder   |

# **Details**

Downloading C17002 from American Fact Finder results in a zip file with csv as follows:

 $ACS\_13\_5YR\_B01001\_with\_ann.csv \ or \ ACS\_12\_5YR\_C17002\_with\_ann.csv \ is \ format \ of \ the \ data \ file \ with \ estimates \ and \ MOE \ values$ 

First row is header with field names. Other rows are tract data.

Note that the fields are:

GEOID, FIPS, NAME, e1, m1, e2, m2, etc.

Columns 1,2,3 are geo information. Columns 4+ are data (estimate,moe,estimate,moe, etc.)

First 2 rows example:

GEO.id,GEO.id2,GEO.display-label,HD01\_VD01,HD02\_VD01,HD01\_VD02,HD02\_VD02,HD01\_VD03,HD02\_VD00000000001110015000050000000501,110015000050000000501,"Census Tract 5.01, Washington city, Washington city, District of Columbia, District of Columbia",3113,296,232,164,50,47,77,84,82,90,199,122,19,29,24

ACS\_12\_5YR\_C17002\_metadata.csv has the long and short variable names.

There is no header row. A header of field names would be these 2: "short.name", "long.name"

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Each row here corresponds to one column of the data/moe fields (after the geo fields) in the main data file.

First few rows example:

GEO.id,Id This is like GEOID field in acs via ftp GEO.id2,Id2 This seems to be like FIPS string portion of GEOID

GEO.display-label, Geography This is a full place name (NAME)

HD01\_VD01,Estimate; Total:

HD02\_VD01,Margin of Error; Total: HD01\_VD02,Estimate; Total: - Under .50

HD02\_VD02, Margin of Error; Total: - Under .50

e.g.,

GEO.id GEO.id2 GEO.display.label HD01\_VD01

1 Id Id2 Geography Estimate; Total:

- 2 1400000US24031700101 24031700101 Census Tract 7001.01, Montgomery County, Maryland 4477
- $3\ 1400000US24031700103\ 24031700103\ Census\ Tract\ 7001.03,\ Montgomery\ County,\ Maryland\ 5776$

JUST TRACTS were available from Fact Finder up to 2008-2012 ACS, so that is what acs package would typically import until recently.

Actually starting with 2009-2013 ACS, block groups are available via AFF, but only by specifying one (or each) county in a State.

### Value

Data.frame for use in acs package.

## See Also

get.acs to obtain acs data for use in this function, and then read.acs to read csv created by this function

geo

downloaded saved geographic information for 5-year summary file ACS dataset ending in given year

### **Description**

See get.read.geo. This data set is a geographic identifier file from the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file.

### **Format**

```
A data.frame 'data.frame': e.g., maybe 294334 obs. of 5 variables: $ STUSAB: chr "AL" "AL" "AL" "AL" ... $ SUMLEVEL: chr "140" "140" "140" "140" ... $ GEOID: chr "14000US01001020100" "14000US01001020200" "14000US01001020300" "14000US01001020400" ... $ FIPS: chr "01001020100" "01001020200" "01001020300" "01001020400" ... $ KEY: chr "al0004656" "al0004657" "al0004658" "al0004659" ...
```

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#### Source

```
http://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs
```

#### See Also

```
get.read.geo geofile download.geo
```

geofile

Get name(s) of GEO txt file(s) with geo information for ACS

### **Description**

Get name of text file used by US Census Bureau with geographic information for American Community Survey. That geo file can be used to join data file(s) to FIPS/GEOID/NAME/SUMLEVEL/CKEY.

### Usage

```
geofile(mystates, end.year = acsdefaultendyearhere_func())
```

### **Arguments**

mystates vector of character 2-letter State abbreviations specifying which are needed end.year end.year of 5-year summary file such as '2020'

### Value

Character vector of file names, example: "g20105md.txt" Note this is only needed once per state, not once per seqfile. (It might even be available as a single US file?)

### See Also

```
get.acs and download.geo which uses this
```

geoformat2018

geographic information for ACS dataset

### **Description**

This data set has the format used by geographic identifier files in the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file. The data and documentation for the 5 years ending in year X is typically available by December of the year X+1, so 2014-2018 would be available by Dec 2019.

### **Format**

```
A data.frame 'data.frame': In 2016 and 2017, for example, it had 53 obs. of 5 variables: $ varname : chr "FILEID" "STUSAB" "SUMLEVEL" "COMPONENT" ... $ description: chr "Always equal to ACS Summary File identification" "State Postal Abbreviation" "Summary Level" "Geographic Component" ... $ size : int 6 2 3 2 7 1 1 1 2 2 ... $ start : int 1 7 9 12 14 21 22 23 24 26 ... $ type : chr "Record" "Record" "Record" "Record" ...
```

geoformat2019 15

#### **Source**

Table found in given year dataset, info at https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/technical-documentation.html

### See Also

```
get.acs
```

geoformat2019

geographic information for ACS dataset

### **Description**

This data set has the format used by geographic identifier files in the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file. The data and documentation for the 5 years ending in year X is typically available by December of the year X+1, so 2015-2019 was available by Dec 2020.

### **Format**

A data.frame

```
'data.frame': 53 obs. of 5 variables:

$ varname : chr "FILEID" "STUSAB" "SUMLEVEL" "COMPONENT" ...

$ description: chr "Always equal to ACS Summary File identification" "State Postal Abbreviation" "S size : num 6 2 3 2 7 1 1 1 2 2 ...

$ start : num 1 7 9 12 14 21 22 23 24 26 ...

$ type : chr "Record" "Record" "Record" ...
```

#### **Source**

```
Table found in given year dataset, info at https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/library/handbooks/geography.html https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/data/data-via-ftp.html https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2020/data/5_year_entire_sf/2020_ACS_Geography_Files.zip
```

```
get.acs
```

16 geoformat2020

geoformat2020

geographic information for ACS dataset

### **Description**

This data set has the format used by geographic identifier files in the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file. The data and documentation for the 5 years ending in year X is typically available by December of the year X+1, so 2016-2020 was available by Dec 2021.

#### **Format**

A data.frame

```
'data.frame': 53 obs. of 5 variables: (at least for 2019 version)

$ varname : chr "FILEID" "STUSAB" "SUMLEVEL" "COMPONENT" ...

$ description: chr "Always equal to ACS Summary File identification" "State Postal Abbreviation" "State Postal Abbreviation"
```

### **Details**

```
geoformat2020 <- geoformat2019 # if they are assumed to be the same. metadata <- list(ejscreen_releasedate = 'late 2022', ejscreen_version = '2.1', ACS_version = '2016-2020', ACS_releasedate = '3/17/2022') # attributes(geoformat2020) <- c(attributes(geoformat2020), metadata) # OR... try attr(x, which=names(metadata[n])) <- metadata[n] attr(geoformat2020, which = 'ejscreen_releasedate') <- 'late 2022' attr(geoformat2020, which = 'ejscreen_version') <- '2.1' attr(geoformat2020, which = 'ACS_version') <- '2016-2020' attr(geoformat2020, which = 'ACS_releasedate') <- '3/17/2022' usethis::use_data(geoformat2020)
```

# see data at browseURL('https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary\_file/2019/data/5\_year\_seq\_by\_statbut that is not available in analogous URL for 2020.

##geo files: ## browseURL('https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary\_file/2019/documentation/geograsetwd('~/R/ACSdownload/inst/') download.file('https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary\_file/2019/documentation/geograsetwd('~/R/ACSdownload/inst/') download.file('https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary\_file/2019/documentation/geografile('https://www.acs/surveys/acs/surveys/acs/surveys/acs/surveys/acs/surveys/acs/surveys/acs/surveys/acs/surveys/acs/surveys/acs/

2018 and 2019 lack the normal geo file documentation they used to have also, read.geo() used read.fwf() at least for older years. 2018 or 2019 might have csv not just txt format now?

there is this:

https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary\_file/2018/documentation/tech\_docs/ACS\_2018\_SF\_5YR\_Applications.

```
@source Table found in given year dataset, info at https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/library/handbooks/geography.html https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/data/data-via-ftp.html https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2020/data/5_year_entire_sf/2020_ACS_Geography_Files.zip
```

#### See Also

get.acs

get.acs

Download Tables from American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year Summary File

### **Description**

NOTE: Census formats changed a lot, and some of the info below is obsolete. Also see newer get.acs.all() that will try to use new format for 5yr summary file ACS that makes it easier to get one table for every blockgroup in the US.

This function will download and parse 1 or more tables of data from the American Community Survey's 5-year Summary File FTP site, for all Census tracts and/or block groups in specified State(s). Estimates and margins of error are obtained, as well as long and short names for the variables, which can be specified if only parts of a table are needed.

It is especially useful if you want a lot of data such as all the blockgroups in the USA, which may take a long time to obtain using the Census API and a package like **tidycensus** 

Release schedule for ACS 5-year data is here: https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/news/data-releases.html The 2016-2020 ACS 5-year estimates release date is December 9, 2021.

### Usage

```
get.acs(
  tables = "B01001",
  mystates = "all",
  end.year = acsdefaultendyearhere_func(),
  base.path = getwd(),
  data.path = file.path(base.path, "acsdata"),
  output.path = file.path(base.path, "acsoutput"),
  sumlevel = "both",
  vars = "all",
  varsfile,
  new.geo = TRUE,
  write.files = FALSE,
  save.files = FALSE,
  write.acspkg = FALSE,
  testing = FALSE,
  noEditOnMac = FALSE,
  silent = FALSE,
  save.log = TRUE,
  filename.log = "log"
)
```

### **Arguments**

tables

Character vector, optional. Defines tables to obtain, such as 'B01001' (the default). NOTE: If the user specifies a table called 'ejscreen' then a set of tables used by that tool are included. Those tables in EJScreen 2.0 are c("B01001", "B03002", "B15002", 'C16002', "C17002", "B25034", 'B23025')

mystates Character vector, optional, 'all' by default which means all available states plus DC and PR but not VI etc. Defines which States to include in downloads of data

tables.

end.year Character, optional. Defines a valid ending year of a 5-year summary file. Can

be '2020' for example. Not all years are tested. Actually works if numeric like

2017, instead of character, too.

base.path Character, optional, getwd() by default. Defines a base folder to start from, in case data.path and/or output.path are not specified, in which case a subfolder under base.path, called acsdata or acsoutput respectively, will be created and

used for downloads or outputs of the function.

Character, optional, file.path(base.path, 'acsdata') by default. Defines folder data.path

(created if does not exist) where downloaded files will be stored.

Character, optional, file.path(base.path, 'acsoutput') by default. Defines folder output.path (created if does not exist) where output files (results of this function) will be

stored.

Default is "both" (case insensitive) in which case tracts and block groups are returned. Also c('tract', 'bg') or c(140,150) and similar patterns work. If "tract" or 140 or some other match, but not block groups, is specified (insensitive to case, tract can be plural or part of a word, etc.), just tracts are returned. If "bg" or 150 or "blockgroups" or "block groups" or some other match (insensitive to case, singular or plural or part of a word) but no match on tracts is specified, just block groups are returned. Non-matching elements are ignored (e.g., sumlevel=c('bg', 'tracs', 'block') will return block groups but neither tracts (because of the typo) nor blocks (not available in ACS), with no warning - No warning is given if

sumlevel is set to a list of elements where some are not recognized as matches

to bg or tract, as long as one or more match bg, tracts, or both (or variants as already noted).

Optional, default is 'all' (in which case all variables from each table will be returned unless otherwise specified – see below). This parameter specifies whether to pause and ask the user about which variables are needed in an interactive session in R. This gives the user a chance to prepare the file "variables needed.csv" (or just ensure it is ready), or to edit and save "variables needed.csv" within a window in the default editor used by R (the user is asked which of these is preferred). If vars is 'ask', the function just looks in data.folder for a file called "variables needed.csv" that, if used, must specify which variables to keep from each table. The format of that file should be the same as is found in the file "variables needed template.csv" created by this function - keeping the letter "Y" in the column named "keep" indicates the given variable is needed. A blank or "N" or other non-Y specifies the variable should be dropped and not returned by get.acs(). If the "variables needed.csv" file is not found, however, this function looks for and uses the file called "variables needed template.csv" which is written by this function and specifies all of the variables from each table, so all variables will be retained and returned by get.acs().

See help for set. needed for details. Optional name of file that can be used to specify which variables are needed from specified tables. If varsfile is specified, parameter vars is ignored, and the function just looks in folder for file called filename, e.g., "variables needed.csv" that should specify which variables to keep from each table.

Default is TRUE. If FALSE, just uses existing downloaded geo file if possible. If TRUE, forced to download geo file even if already done previously.

new.geo

sumlevel

vars

varsfile

| write.files  | Default is FALSE, but if TRUE then data-related csv files are saved locally – Saves longnames, full fieldnames as csv file, in working directory.   |
|--------------|---|
| save.files   | Default is FALSE, but if TRUE then various intermediate image files are saved as .RData files locally in working directory.   |
| write.acspkg | Default is FALSE. If TRUE, saves csv file of tracts and file of block groups, for each of the tables, in a format that the Census Bureau American Fact Finder provides as downloadable tables. That format can be easily read in by the very useful <b>acs</b> package. |
| testing      | Default is FALSE, but if TRUE more information is shown on progress, using cat() and while downloading, and more files (csv) are saved in working directory. But see silent parameter.  |
| noEditOnMac  | FALSE by default. If TRUE, do not pause to allow edit() to define which variables needed from each table, when on Mac OSX, even if vars=TRUE. Allows you to avoid problem in RStudio if X11 not installed.  |
| silent       | Optional logical, default is FALSE. Should progress updates be shown (sent to standard out, like the screen).   |
| save.log     | Optional logical, default is TRUE. Should log file be saved in output.path folder   |
| filename.log | Optional name (without extension) for a log file, which gets date and time and .txt extension appended to it. Default is "log"  |

#### **Details**

The United States Census Bureau provides detailed demographic data by US Census tract and block group in the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file via their FTP site. For those interested in block group or tract data, Census Bureau tools tend to focus on obtaining data one state at a time rather than for the entire US at once. This function lets a user specify (tables and) variables needed. This will look up what sequence files contain those tables. Using a table of variables for those selected tables, a user can specify variables or tables to drop by putting x or anything other than "Y" in the column specifying needed variables.

For ACS documentation, see for example:

http://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs.html

# Value

By default, returns a list of ACS data tables and information about them, with these elements in the list.

bg, tracts, headers, and info. The headers and info elements are data.frames providing metadata such as short and long field names. The same column names are found in x\$info and x\$headers, but headers has more rows. The info table just provides information about each data variable in the estimates tables. The headers table provides similar information but made to match the bg or tract format, so the headers table has as many rows as bg or tracts has columns – enough for the estimates and MOE fields, and the basic fields such as FIPS. The info data.frame can look like this, for example:

```
'data.frame': xxxx obs. of 9 variables:

$ table.ID : chr "B01001" "B01001" "B01001" "B01001" ...

$ line : num 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
```

```
$ shortname : chr "B01001.001" "B01001.002" "B01001.003" "B01001.004" ...
$ longname : chr "Total:" "Male:" "Under 5 years" "5 to 9 years" ...
$ table.title : chr "SEX BY AGE" "SEX BY AGE" "SEX BY AGE" "SEX BY AGE" ...
$ universe : chr "Universe: Total population" "Univer
```

#### Note

#### FOR ACS SUMMARY FILE DOCUMENTATION, SEE

https://www.census.gov/acs/www/data\_documentation/summary\_file/

#### LARGER THAN NECESSARY:

```
*** all states and all tables in one huge tar.gz file (plus a zip of all geography codes)
ftp://ftp.census.gov/acs2011_5yr/summaryfile//2007-2011_ACSSF_All_In_2_Giant_Files(Experienced-Upto://ftp.census.gov/acs2011_5yr/summaryfile//2007-2011_ACSSF_All_In_2_Giant_Files(Experienced-Upuntaryfile)/2011_ACS_Geography_Files.zip
2011_ACS_Geography_Files.zip #
Tracts_Block_Groups_Only.tar.gz # (THIS HAS ALL THE SEQUENCE FILES FOR EACH STATE IN ONE HUGE ZIP FOLDER)
```

or

#### MORE FOCUSED DOWNLOADS:

\*\*\* one zip file per sequence file PER STATE: (plus csv of geography codes)

http://www2.census.gov/acs2011\_5yr/summaryfile/2007-2011\_ACSSF\_By\_State\_By\_Sequence\_ Table\_Subset/DistrictOfColumbia/Tracts\_Block\_Groups\_Only/

20115dc0002000.zip (Which has the e file and m file for this sequence file in this state) g20115dc.csv (which lets you link FIPS to data)

so this would mean 50+ \* about 7 sequence files? = about 350 zip files?? each with 2 text files. Plus 50+ geo csv files. so downloading about 400 files and expanding to about 750 files, and joining into one big file.

OR

PREJOINED TO TIGER BLOCK GROUP BOUNDARIES SHAPEFILES/ GEODATABASES - ONE PER STATE HAS SEVERAL TABLES

http://www.census.gov/geo/maps-data/data/tiger-data.html

BUT NOT one file per sequence file FOR ALL STATES AT ONCE.

Estimates & margin of error (MOE), (ONCE UNZIPPED), and GEOgraphies (not zipped) are in 3 separate files.

also, data for entire US for one seq file at a time, but not tract/bg - just county and larger? - is here, e.g.: ftp://ftp.census.gov/acs2011\_1yr/summaryfile//2011\_ACSSF\_By\_State\_By\_Sequence\_Table\_Subset/UnitedStates/20111us0001000.zip GEO files:

Note the US file is not bg/tract level: geo for whole US at once doesn't have tracts and BGs ftp://ftp.census.gov/acs2011\_1yr/summaryfile//2011\_ACSSF\_By\_State\_By\_Sequence\_Table\_Subset/UnitedStates/g20111us.csv

#### OTHER SOURCES include

- **tidycensus** package for R uses API, requires a key, very useful for modest numbers of Census units rather than every block group in US
- acs package for R uses API, requires a key, very useful for modest numbers of Census units rather than every block group in US
- http://www.NHGIS.org (and see nhgis) very useful for block group (or tract/county/state/US) datasets
- DataFerrett (http://dataferrett.census.gov/AboutDatasets/ACS.html) not all tracts in US at once
- American Fact Finder (http://www.census.gov/acs/www/data/data-tables-and-tools/ american-factfinder/) (not block groups for ACS SF, and the tracts are not for the whole US at once)
- ESRI commercial
- · Geolytics commercial
- etc.

### See Also

**acs** package, which allows you to download and work with ACS data (using the API and your own key). To get the tables and variables used in EJSCREEN, see ejscreen.download. Also see nhgis which parses any files manually downloaded from NHGIS.org

#### **Examples**

```
##### Basic info on ACS tables:
 cbind(table(lookup.acs2020$Subject.Area))
                                                                   table.title table.ID
                                                                    SEX BY AGE B01001
                                              HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN BY RACE B03002
                  SEX BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT FOR THE POPULATION 25 YEARS AND OVER   B15002
AGE BY LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME BY ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH FOR THE POPULATION 5 YEARS AND OVER B16004
                    HOUSEHOLD LANGUAGE BY HOUSEHOLD LIMITED ENGLISH SPEAKING STATUS C16002
                            RATIO OF INCOME TO POVERTY LEVEL IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS C17002
                           EMPLOYMENT STATUS FOR THE POPULATION 16 YEARS AND OVER B23025
                                                                           YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT B25034
 # from the census website, see USA ACS tables:
mytables <- c("B01001", "B03002", "B15002", 'B23025', "B25034", "C16002", "C17002") # EJScreen-related
yr <- 2020 # ACS 5YR Summary File 2016-2020</pre>
geos <- '0100000US_0400000US72' \# US (just 50 States and DC) and PR:
https://data.census.gov/cedsci/table?q=acs%20B01001%20B03002%20B15002%20B23025%20B25034%20C16002%20C170028
myurl <- paste0('https://data.census.gov/cedsci/table?q=acs%20', paste(mytables, collapse= '%20'), '&g=', ge
# browseURL(myurl)
    B03002
              1 B03002.001
                                                                                Total:
2
    B03002
              2 B03002.002
                               Not Hispanic or Latino:
 3
      B03002
              3 B03002.003
                                                                           White alone
                                                        Black or African American alone
 4
      B03002
               4 B03002.004
 5
      B03002
                                                American Indian and Alaska Native alone
               5 B03002.005
 6
      B03002 6 B03002.006
                                                                           Asian alone
 7
      B03002 7 B03002.007
                                       Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone
 8
      B03002 8 B03002.008
                                                                 Some other race alone
 9
      B03002 9 B03002.009
                                                                     Two or more races
 12
     B03002 12 B03002.012 Hispanic or Latino
 ## Not run:
 t( get.table.info('B01001', end.year = acsdefaultendyearhere_func()) )
 t( get.table.info(c('B17001', 'C17002') ))
 get.field.info('C17002')
 ##### Data for just DC & DE, just two tables:
 outsmall <- get.acs(tables = c('B01001', 'C17002'), mystates=c('dc', 'de'),
 end.year = acsdefaultendyearhere_func(), base.path = '~/Downloads', write.files = T, new.geo = FALSE)
 summary(outsmall)
 t(outsmall$info[1, ])
 t(outsmall$bg[1, ])
  ## ENTIRE USA -- DOWNLOAD AND PARSE -- TAKES A COUPLE OF MINUTES for one table:
  acs_2014_2018_B01001_vars_bg_and_tract <- get.acs(</pre>
    base.path='~/Downloads', end.year='2018', write.files = TRUE, new.geo = FALSE)
 ##### Data for just DC & DE, just the default pop count table:
 out <- get.acs(mystates=c('dc','de'), end.year = acsdefaultendyearhere_func(), new.geo = FALSE)
 names(out$bg); cat('\n\n'); head(out$info)
 head(t(rbind(id=out\headers\$table.ID, long=out\headers\$longname, univ=out\headers\$universe,
     subj=out$headers$subject, out$bg[1:2,]) ), 15)
 cbind(longname=out$info$longname,
```

get.acs.all 23

```
total=colSums(out$bg[ , names(out$bg) %in% out$info$shortname ]))
  ### to see data on 2 places, 1 per column, with short and long field names
  cbind( out$headers$longname, t(out$bg[1:2, ]) )
  \#\#\# to see 7 places, 1 per row, with short and long field name as header
  head( rbind(out$headers$longname, out$bg) )[,1:7]
  ##### just 2 tables for just Delaware
  out <- get.acs(mystates='de', tables=c('B01001', 'C17002'))
  summary(out); head(out$info); head(out$bg)
  ##### uses all EJSCREEN defaults and the specified folders:
  out <- get.acs(base.path='~', data.path='~/ACStemp', output.path='~/ACSresults')</pre>
  summary(out); head(out$info); head(out$bg)
 ##### all tables needed for EJSCREEN, plus 'B16001', # b16001 has more details on specific languages spoken
   with variables specified in 'variables needed.csv', all states and DC and PR:
  out <- get.acs(tables=c('ejscreen', 'B16001'))</pre>
  summary(out); head(out$info); head(out$bg)
## End(Not run)
```

get.acs.all

get ACS summaryfile specified tables for entire USA, all blockgroups or all tracts

### **Description**

Uses Census Bureau new format files that offer the full USA in 1 file per table, via FTP or https. Does not get Puerto Rico (PR) as coded. Note API provides better list of variable names, in order as found on summary files, than documentation does.

# Usage

```
get.acs.all(
  tables = "B01001",
  end.year = 2020,
  dataset = "5",
  sumlevel = 150,
  output.path = file.path("~", "acsoutput")
```

### **Arguments**

tables 'ejscreen' or else one or more table codes like 'b01001' or c("B01001", "B03002")

end. year 2020 or another available year

dataset default is 5, for 5-year summary file data like 2016-2020 ACS

sumlevel default is 150 for blockgroups. 140 is tracts.

output.path folder / path where to save the downloaded files

### Value

list of data.frames, one per table requested

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get.bg

Get just the Census block group part of existing ACS data

### **Description**

Helper function to return just the block group resolution part of a dataset in get.acs

# Usage

```
get.bg(merged.tables.mine)
```

# Arguments

```
merged.tables.mine
```

Required set of tables in format used by get.acs

### Value

subset of the inputs, same format

### See Also

```
get.acs, get.tracts
```

```
get.datafile.prefix Get first part of ACS datafile name.
```

### **Description**

Get the first part of the datafile name for the ACS 5-year summary file datafiles on the US Census Bureau FTP site.

### Usage

```
get.datafile.prefix(end.year = acsdefaultendyearhere_func())
```

### **Arguments**

end.year

Optional character, such as "2012", specifying last year of 5-year summary file data.

```
get.acs, datafile, geofile, get.zipfile.prefix
```

get.field.info 25

| get.field.info | Get short and long field names etc for ACS tables |
|----------------|---|
|----------------|---|

### **Description**

Get info on tables from US Census Bureau for American Community Survey 5-year summary file.

### Usage

```
get.field.info(
  tables,
  end.year = acsdefaultendyearhere_func(),
  table.info.only = FALSE,
  moe = FALSE,
  basic = FALSE,
  silent = FALSE
)
```

### **Arguments**

end.year Last year of 5-year summary file such as '2018'
table.info.only

FALSE by default. If TRUE, only return info about the table(s), not variables in table(s).

moe FALSE by default. Margin of error variables also included if TRUE, but their names are identical to those of estimates fields other than being MOE instead of estimate.

basic FALSE by default. If TRUE, a very limited subset of the info is returned (just variable number and name). This parameter is ignored if table.info.only=TRUE

silent Optional logical, FALSE by default. Whether to send progress info to standard

#### **Details**

```
Uses get.lookup.acs but for latest version could just use data(lookup.acs)
```

output (like the screen)

### Value

data.frame of information about each table and each variable in table: Value returned is data.frame of info about each table and also each variable in the table e.g., longname2 which is version where no spaces or colons or escaped quotation marks etc.

```
get.acs, get.table.info, and get.field.info
```

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#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
    finfo <- get.field.info(c('B17020A', 'B17020H'))
    cbind(
    names(tracts), substr(finfo$longname.unique[match(names(tracts), finfo$shortname)], 1, 100)
)
    foundnames <- names(tracts)[names(tracts) %in% finfo$shortname]
    cbind(
        foundnames, substr(finfo$longname.unique[match(foundnames, finfo$shortname)], 1, 100)
)

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

get.lookup.acs

Get Information about ACS 5-Year Summary File Tables

### **Description**

Get lookup table of information on American Community Survey (ACS) tables, from the Census Bureau, namely which sequence files on the FTP site contain which tables and which variables. NOTE: This uses lazy loading from datasets in the package.

### Usage

```
get.lookup.acs(end.year = acsdefaultendyearhere_func())
```

## Arguments

end.year

Character, optional, like '2020', which specifies the 2016-2020 dataset. Defines which 5-year summary file to use, based on end-year. Note: Function stops with error if given end.year is not yet added to this package or is too old.

### **Details**

Now folders are or were like: https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary\_file/2017/data/5\_year\_seq\_by\_shttps://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary\_file/2017/documentation/user\_tools/

### Value

```
returns a data.frame dim(lookup.acs2020) [1] 30326 9 names(lookup.acs2020) [1] "File.ID" "Table.ID" "Sequence.Number" [4] "Line.Number" "Start.Position" "Total.Cells.in.Table" [7] "Total.Cells.in.Sequence" "Table.Title" "Subject.Area"
```

# See Also

```
get.table.info and get.field.info.
```

Also see acs.lookup which does something similar but is more flexible & robust. Also see download.lookup.acs to download the file from the Census FTP site. Also see data(lookup.acs2020) and similar data for other years. Also see get.acs, get.lookup.file.name, get.url.prefix.lookup.table

get.lookup.file.name 27

### **Examples**

# Description

Returns name of text file provided by US Census Bureau, such as Sequence\_Number\_and\_Table\_Number\_Lookup.txt, which provides the sequence numbers (file numbers) and table numbers for data in the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file.

### Usage

```
get.lookup.file.name(end.year = acsdefaultendyearhere_func())
```

#### **Arguments**

end.year

Not yet implemented, but will be optional end year for 5-year summary file, as character

### Value

Returns character element that is name of file such as "Sequence\_Number\_and\_Table\_Number\_Lookup.txt"

# See Also

```
get.acs, get.lookup.acs, get.url.prefix.lookup.table. Also see data(lookup.acs).
```

get.read.geo

Download (if necessary) and merge GEO files for ACS

### **Description**

Returns a data.frame of all states merged geo info and saves geo.RData to working directory.

# Usage

```
get.read.geo(
  mystates,
  new.geo = FALSE,
  folder = getwd(),
  end.year = acsdefaultendyearhere_func(),
  testing = FALSE,
  silent = FALSE
)
```

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#### **Arguments**

mystates Character vector of 2-character state abbreviations, required.

new.geo Logical value, optional, FALSE by default. If FALSE, if geo exists in memory don't download and parse again.

folder Defaults to current working directory.

end.year optional character year to specify last year of 5-year summary file.

testing Default to FALSE. If TRUE, provides info on progress of download.

silent Default is FALSE.

#### **Details**

Uses download.geo() then read.geo(), and then does some cleanup.

Note that if this finds the geographic file in folder already, it will not download it again even if that file was corrupt. Read and compile geo data for entire USA with PR DC,

This takes some time for the entire USA:

2 minutes 48 seconds on

MacBook Pro 16 GB RAM, SSD, 2.7 GHz Intel Core i7 R version: R 3.0.2 GUI 1.62 Snow Leopard build (6558)

8 minutes 20 seconds on

R version 3.0.1

Dell Latitude E6400, x86 Family 6 Model 23 Stepping 6 GenuineIntel ~2260 Mhz,

Total Physical Memory 4,096.00 MB, Available Physical Memory 1.97 GB, Total Virtual Memory 2.00 GB, Available Virtual Memory 1.94 GB,

Microsoft Windows XP Professional

################

#### Value

Returns a data.frame of all states geo info. # FOR ACS 2008-2012, tract and block group counts: table(geo\$SUMLEVEL) 140 150 74001 220333

Remaining fields in geo:

"STUSAB" "SUMLEVEL" "GEOID" "FIPS" "KEY"

NOTE: do not really need GEOID or KEY.

GEOID is redundant, but might be useful for joining to shapefiles/ boundaries

Also, could specify here if "NAME" field from geo files should be dropped - it might be useful but takes lots of RAM and encoding of Spanish characters in Puerto Rico caused a problem in Mac OSX

### NOTE FROM CENSUS:

The ACS Summary File GEOID contains the necessary information to connect to the TIGER/Line Shapefiles, but it needs to be modified in order to exactly match up. Notice that the ACS GEOID, 05000US10001, contains the TIGER/Line GEOID string, 10001. In order to create an exact match of both GEOIDs, it is necessary to remove all of the characters before and including the letter S in the ACS Summary File. By removing these characters, the new GEOID in the ACS Summary File exactly matches the field GEOID in the TIGER/Line Shapefiles.

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### See Also

```
get.acs which uses this, and download.geo
```

get.table.info

Get field names etc for ACS tables

### **Description**

Get info on tables from US Census Bureau for American Community Survey 5-year summary file.

# Usage

```
get.table.info(
  tables,
  end.year = acsdefaultendyearhere_func(),
 table.info.only = TRUE,
 moe = FALSE
```

# **Arguments**

tables Required vector of tables such as "B01001" Last year of 5-year summary file such as '2012' end.year

table.info.only

TRUE by default. See get.field.info

FALSE by default. If TRUE, returns MOE versions of field names and descripmoe

### **Details**

Wrapper for get.table.info2 which is a wrapper for get.field.info

## Value

data.frame of information about each table and each variable in table: Table.ID. Line.Number, Table.Title, table.var, varname2

# Value returned is data.frame of info about each table and also each variable in the table:

Table.ID Line.Number Table.Title table.var varname2 7 B01001 NA SEX BY AGE <NA> SEXBYAGE 8 B01001 NA Universe: Total population <NA> UniverseTotal population 9 B01001 1 Total: B01001.001 Total 10 B01001 2 Male: B01001.002 Male

```
get.acs, get.table.info, and get.field.info
```

30 get.table.info2

get.table.info2

Get field names etc for ACS tables

### **Description**

Get info on tables from US Census Bureau for American Community Survey 5-year summary file.

### Usage

```
get.table.info2(
  tables,
  end.year = acsdefaultendyearhere_func(),
  table.info.only = TRUE,
  moe = FALSE
)
```

### **Arguments**

tables Required vector of tables such as "B01001"
end.year Last year of 5-year summary file such as '2018'

table.info.only

TRUE by default. See get.field.info

moe FALSE by default. If TRUE, returns MOE versions of field names and descrip-

tions.

### **Details**

```
Wrapper for get.field.info
```

# Value

data.frame of information about each table and each variable in table: Table.ID, Line.Number, Table.Title, table.var, varname2

# Value returned is data.frame of info about each table and also each variable in the table:

Table.ID Line.Number Table.Title table.var varname2
7 B01001 NA SEX BY AGE <NA> SEXBYAGE
8 B01001 NA Universe: Total population <NA> UniverseTotalpopulation
9 B01001 1 Total: B01001.001 Total
10 B01001 2 Male: B01001.002 Male

```
get.acs, get.table.info, and get.field.info
```

get.tracts 31

get.tracts

Get just the Census tracts part of existing ACS data

### **Description**

Helper function to return just the tract resolution part of a dataset in get.acs

### Usage

```
get.tracts(merged.tables.mine)
```

### **Arguments**

```
merged.tables.mine
```

Required set of tables in format used by get.acs

#### Value

subset of the inputs, same format

### See Also

```
get.acs, get.bg
```

get.url.prefix

Get URL prefix for FTP site folder(s) with ACS 5-year summary file data

# Description

Returns part of URL of folders (on Census Bureau FTP site) with zip file(s) based on end year.

### Usage

```
get.url.prefix(end.year = acsdefaultendyearhere_func())
```

### **Arguments**

end.year

Optional end year for 5-year summary file, as character, but ignored if url.prefix is specified

### Value

Returns character vector that is first part of URL such as "ftp://ftp.census.gov/acs2012\_5yr/summaryfile/2008-2012\_ACSSF\_By\_State\_By\_Sequence\_Table\_Subset"

```
get.acs, url.to.find.zipfile, download.geo
```

32 get.zipfile.prefix

```
get.url.prefix.lookup.table
```

Get first part of name(s) of URL(s) for ACS 5-year summary file data

# **Description**

Returns first part of URL(s) of folders (on Census Bureau FTP site) with zip file(s) based on end year.

# Usage

```
get.url.prefix.lookup.table(end.year = acsdefaultendyearhere_func())
```

### **Arguments**

end.year

Optional end year for 5-year summary file, as character, like '2018'

### Value

Returns character element that is first part of URL such as "ftp://ftp.census.gov/acs2012\_5yr/summaryfile/"

### See Also

```
get.acs, get.lookup.acs, get.lookup.file.name
```

```
get.zipfile.prefix
```

Get first part of ACS zip file name.

### **Description**

Get the first part of the zipfile name for the ACS 5-year summary file datafiles on the US Census Bureau FTP site.

# Usage

```
get.zipfile.prefix(end.year = acsdefaultendyearhere_func())
```

# Arguments

end.year

Optional character, specifying last year of 5-year summary file data.

```
get.acs, get.datafile.prefix, datafile, geofile, get.zipfile.prefix
```

getseqnumsviafilenames

Infer Sequence file numbers based on ACS 5-yr filenames in folder

### **Description**

Helper function to look for unzipped csv files of estimates for American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file data obtained from US Census FTP site, based on pattern matching, and infer seqfile numbers based on those filenames.

### Usage

```
getseqnumsviafilenames(folder = getwd())
```

### **Arguments**

folder

Default is current working directory.

### Value

Returns a character vector of unique sequence file numbers

### See Also

read.concat.states which uses this

getstatesviafilenames Infer US States based on ACS 5-yr filenames in folder

### **Description**

Helper function to look for unzipped csv files of estimates for American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file data obtained from US Census FTP site, based on pattern matching, and infer State abbreviations based on those filenames.

# Usage

```
getstatesviafilenames(folder = getwd())
```

## **Arguments**

folder

Default is current working directory.

### Value

Returns a vector of unique upper case US State abbreviations

#### See Also

read.concat.states which uses this

34 join.geo.to.tablist

gettablesviaseqnums

Look up ACS table IDs of tables in given sequence number files

### **Description**

Helper function to look for which American Community Survey (ACS) tables are in given sequence files as obtained from the US Census FTP site.

### Usage

```
gettablesviaseqnums(x, end.year = acsdefaultendyearhere_func())
```

### **Arguments**

x Required character vector of table IDs such as "B01001"

end. year Optional character variable providing the end year of the 5-year ACS survey, to

ensure the proper sequence file to table ID matching is used.

### Value

Returns a character vector of table IDs such as "B01001"

### See Also

read.concat.states which uses this, and get.lookup.acs which is used by this

```
join.geo.to.tablist Join US ACS data and US geo files on FIPS
```

# Description

Read the processed csv files of estimates and MOE (margin of error) for American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file data obtained from US Census FTP site, and join with geographic information from geo file.

# Usage

```
join.geo.to.tablist(
  mygeo,
  my.list.of.tables,
  save.csv = FALSE,
  sumlevel = "both",
  folder = getwd(),
  testing = FALSE,
  end.year = acsdefaultendyearhere_func()
)
```

list\_files\_ftp 35

### **Arguments**

### Value

Returns a list of data.frames, where each element of the list is one ACS table, such as table B01001.

### See Also

```
get.acs and get.read.geo
```

list\_files\_ftp

list\_files\_ftp Attempt to get list of filenames on an FTP site

### **Description**

list\_files\_ftp Attempt to get list of filenames on an FTP site

# Usage

```
list_files_ftp(
  url,
  credentials = "",
  sleep = NA,
  sort = FALSE,
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

# **Arguments**

```
\begin{array}{ccc} \text{url} & \text{URL} \\ \text{credentials} & \text{empty} \\ \text{sleep} & \text{NA} \\ \text{sort} & \text{FALSE} \\ \text{verbose} & \text{FALSE} \end{array}
```

### Value

file names

36 lookup.acs

### **Description**

list\_files\_ftp\_worker Attempt to get list of filenames on an FTP site. See list\_files\_ftp() Uses RCurl::getURL(url, dirlistonly = TRUE)

### Usage

```
list_files_ftp_worker(url, credentials, sleep, verbose)
```

### **Arguments**

| url         | URI |
|-------------|-----|
| credentials | ?   |
| sleep       | ?   |
| verbose     | ?   |

### Value

list of file names

lookup.acs

LATEST ACS\_5yr\_Seq\_Table\_Number\_Lookup.txt for ACS dataset

# Description

This data set provides information about variables in tables forming the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file.

This data set provides information about variables in tables forming the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file.

#### **Format**

A data.frame with these fields:

'data.frame': 29501 obs. of 9 variables:

- \$ File.ID : chr "ACSSF" ...
- \$ File.ID : chr "ACSSF" "ACSSF" "ACSSF" "ACSSF" ...
- \$ Table.ID : chr "B01001" "B01001" "B01001" "B01001" ...
- \$ Sequence.Number : chr "0001" "0001" "0001" "0001" ...
- \$ Line.Number : num NA NA 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 ...
- \$ Start.Position: num 7 NA ...
- \$ Total.Cells.in.Table : chr "49 CELLS" NA NA NA ...

lookup.acs 37

- \$ Table. Title: chr "SEX BY AGE" "Universe: Total population" "Total:" "Male:" ...
- \$ Subject.Area : chr "Age-Sex" NA NA NA ...

A data.frame

#### **Details**

```
See attributes(lookup.acs) to check vintage of dataset. The data and documentation for the 5 years
ending in year X is typically available by December of the year X+1. dim(lookup.acs2020) [1]
30326 9 names(lookup.acs2020) [1] "File.ID" "Table.ID" "Sequence.Number" [4] "Line.Number"
"Start.Position" "Total.Cells.in.Table" [7] "Total.Cells.in.Sequence" "Table.Title"
"Subject.Area"
 # example of how data was imported after download
setwd('./inst/')
download.file('https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2020/documentation/user
               destfile = 'ACS_5yr_Seq_Table_Number_Lookup.txt')
lookup.acs <- readr::read_csv('ACS_5yr_Seq_Table_Number_Lookup.txt')</pre>
lookup.acs <- data.frame(lookup.acs, stringsAsFactors = FALSE) # so it is not a tibble</pre>
metadata <- list(ejscreen_releasedate = 'late 2022', ejscreen_version = '2.1', ACS_version = '2016-
attributes(lookup.acs) <- c(attributes(lookup.acs), metadata)</pre>
# save(lookup.acs, file = './data/lookup.acs.rdata') # or
usethis::use_data(lookup.acs)
See attributes(lookup.acs) to check vintage of dataset. The data and documentation for the 5 years
ending in year X is typically available by December of the year X+1. dim(lookup.acs2020) [1]
30326 9 names(lookup.acs2020) [1] "File.ID" "Table.ID" "Sequence.Number" [4] "Line.Number"
"Start.Position" "Total.Cells.in.Table" [7] "Total.Cells.in.Sequence" "Table.Title"
"Subject.Area"
# example of how data was imported after download
setwd('./inst/')
download.file('https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2020/documentation/user
              destfile = 'ACS_5yr_Seq_Table_Number_Lookup.txt')
lookup.acs <- readr::read_csv('ACS_5yr_Seq_Table_Number_Lookup.txt')</pre>
lookup.acs <- data.frame(lookup.acs, stringsAsFactors = FALSE) # so it is not a tibble</pre>
metadata <- list(ejscreen_releasedate = 'late 2022', ejscreen_version = '2.1', ACS_version = '2016-
attributes(lookup.acs) <- c(attributes(lookup.acs), metadata)</pre>
# save(lookup.acs, file = './data/lookup.acs.rdata') # or
usethis::use_data(lookup.acs)
```

38 lookup.acs2018

#### See Also

acs.lookup which does something similar but is more flexible & robust. Also see get.lookup.acs which downloads these files. Also see get.acs.

acs.lookup which does something similar but is more flexible & robust. Also see get.lookup.acs which downloads these files. Also see get.acs.

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
data(lookup.acs2019, package='ACSdownload')
# or
lookup.acs <- ACSdownload::get.lookup.acs(2019)
# or related info from
acs::acs.lookup()
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

lookup.acs2018

ACS\_5yr\_Seq\_Table\_Number\_Lookup.txt for ACS dataset

#### **Description**

This data set provides information about variables in tables forming the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file. The data and documentation for the 5 years ending in year X is typically available by December of the year X+1, so 2014-2018 would be available by Dec 2019. @details # example of how data was imported after download # # setwd('~/R/ACSdownload/inst/') # download.file('https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary\_file/2018/documentation/user\_tools/ACS\_5yrdestfile = 'ACS\_5yr\_Seq\_Table\_Number\_Lookup-2018.txt') # lookup.acs2018 <- readr::read\_csv('ACS\_5yr\_Seq\_Table\_2018.txt') # lookup.acs2018 <- data.frame(lookup.acs2018, stringsAsFactors = FALSE) # setwd('~/R/ACSdownload/data # save(lookup.acs2018, file = 'lookup.acs2018.rdata')

#### **Format**

A data.frame with these fields:

'data.frame': approx 25074 obs. of approx 8 variables:

- \$ Table.ID : chr "B00001" "B00001" "B00001" "B00002" ...
- \$ Sequence.Number : chr "0001" "0001" "0001" "0001" ...
- \$ Line.Number: num NA NA 1 NA NA 1 NA NA 1 2 ...
- \$ Start.Position: num 7 NA NA 8 NA NA 7 NA NA NA ...
- \$ Total.Cells.in.Table : chr "1 CELL" "" "1 CELL" ...
- \$ Total.Cells.in.Sequence: num NA ...
- \$ Table.Title: chr "UNWEIGHTED SAMPLE COUNT OF THE POPULATION" "Universe: Total population" "Total" "UNWEIGHTED SAMPLE HOUSING UNITS" ...
- \$ Subject.Area : chr "Unweighted Count" "" "" "Unweighted Count" ...

#### See Also

acs.lookup which does something similar but is more flexible & robust. Also see get.lookup.acs which downloads these files. Also see get.acs.

lookup.acs2020 39

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
data(lookup.acs2016, package='ACSdownload')
# or
lookup.acs <- ACSdownload::get.lookup.acs(2018)
# or related info from
acs::acs.lookup()
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

lookup.acs2020

ACS\_5yr\_Seq\_Table\_Number\_Lookup.txt for ACS dataset

#### **Description**

This data set provides information about variables in tables forming the American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file. The data and documentation for the 5 years ending in year X is typically available by December of the year X+1, so 2016-2020 was planned for Dec 2021 but actually out March 2022.

```
# example of how data was imported after download
#
# setwd('./inst/')
# download.file('https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/summary_file/2019/documentation/us
# lookup.acs2019 <- readr::read_csv('ACS_5yr_Seq_Table_Number_Lookup.txt')
# lookup.acs2019 <- data.frame(lookup.acs2019, stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
# save(lookup.acs2019, file = './data/lookup.acs2019.rdata') # or usethis::use_data(lookup.acs2019)</pre>
```

#### **Format**

```
A data.frame dim(lookup.acs2020) [1] 30326 9 names(lookup.acs2020) [1] "File.ID" "Table.ID" "Sequence.Number" [4] "Line.Number" "Start.Position" "Total.Cells.in.Table" [7] "Total.Cells.in.Sequence" "Table.Title" "Subject.Area"
```

## See Also

acs.lookup which does something similar but is more flexible & robust. Also see get.lookup.acs which downloads these files. Also see get.acs.

```
## Not run:
data(lookup.acs2019, package='ACSdownload')
# or
lookup.acs <- ACSdownload::get.lookup.acs(2019)
# or related info from
acs::acs.lookup()
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

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merge\_tables

Concatenate several ACS data tables into one big table

## **Description**

Concatenate several ACS data tables into one big table

# Usage

```
merge_tables(my.list.of.tables)
```

## **Arguments**

```
my.list.of.tables
```

Required list of data tables from prior steps in get.acs

## Value

Returns one big data.frame with all columns of all input tables

## See Also

```
get.acs
```

nhgis

Read and Parse NHGIS.org ACS Data Files and Codebooks - not tested or updated

# Description

Read downloaded and unzipped csv and txt files obtained from NHGIS.org, with US Census Bureau data from the American Community Survey (ACS).

Needs to be updated for 2022 formats, etc.

# Usage

```
nhgis(
  base.path = getwd(),
  code.dir = file.path(base.path, "nhgiscode"),
  data.dir = file.path(base.path, "nhgisdata"),
  silent = FALSE,
  savefiles = FALSE
)
```

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#### **Arguments**

| base.path | Optional base path, default is getwd()   |
|-----------|--|
| code.dir  | Optional path where extra code is. Not used.   |
| data.dir  | Optional path where data files are stored and output could be saved. Default is nhgiscode folder under base.path |
| silent    | Optional, FALSE by default, whether to print info about progress, filenames found, etc.                          |
| savefiles | Optional, FALSE by default, whether to save .RData and maybe csv files of output returned.                       |

#### **Details**

This was designed to read and parse csv and txt files obtained from NHGIS.org and already unzipped in a local folder. It only reads one set of files at a time, meaning the data and codebook files all have to be for the same set of ACS tables (a single NHGIS query) (but can be a separate data & codebook file pair for each spatial resolution like county, state, etc.) Obtaining NHGIS.org data requires an account at <a href="https://data2.nhgis.org/main">https://data2.nhgis.org/main</a>, <a href="https://dww.nhgis.org">https://dww.nhgis.org</a> Data can be downloaded by selecting, for example,

tracts and block groups, all in US, acs2007-2011, and specifying the desired ACS Table(s).

Research using NHGIS data should cite it as:

Minnesota Population Center. National Historical Geographic Information System: Version 2.0. Minneapolis, MN: University of Minnesota 2011.

Documentation for NHGIS datasets is available here. Research using NHGIS data should cite it as: Steven Manson, Jonathan Schroeder, David Van Riper, Tracy Kugler, and Steven Ruggles. IPUMS National Historical Geographic Information System: Version 16.0 [dataset]. Minneapolis, MN: IPUMS. 2021. http://doi.org/10.18128/D050.V16.0 For policy briefs or articles in the popular press, we recommend that you cite the use of NHGIS data as follows: IPUMS NHGIS, University of Minnesota, www.nhgis.org

#### Value

Returns a named list, one element per summary level found (names are, e.g., 'us', 'states', etc.). Each summary level has a list of the following: data, contextfields, fields, tables, geolevel, years, dataset

For example:

summary(x[['us']]) Length Class Mode data 279 data.frame list contextfields 3 data.frame list fields 4 data.frame list tables 4 data.frame list geolevel 1 -none- character years 1 -none- character dataset 1 -none- character

## See Also

nhgisread used by this function. Also, for other ways to obtain ACS data see get.acs

```
## Not run:
x <- nhgis(data.dir = '~/Desktop/nhgis0009_csv')
# save state data as csv
write.csv(x$states$data, file='statedata.csv', row.names = FALSE)
# Which geolevels were found (and what years)?
summary(x)
t(cbind(sapply(x, function(y) y[c('geolevel', 'years')])))</pre>
```

42 nhgisfind

```
summary(x[['counties']])
# Which Census Bureau tables were found?
x[['states']]$tables
# See the data for one State
t(x[['states']]$data[1, ])
# How many counties are in each State?
dat <- x[['counties']]$data
cbind(sort(table(dat$STATE)))
# How many counties have population > 1 million, for each State?
cbind(sort(table(dat$STATE[dat$B01001.001 > 1E6])))
## End(Not run)
```

nhgisfind

Find NHGIS ACS Files on Disk

#### **Description**

Look in specified path to find any downloaded and unzipped csv and txt files from NHGIS.ORG, with American Community Survey (ACS) data from the US Census Bureau.

#### Usage

```
nhgisfind(folder = getwd(), silent = FALSE)
```

# Arguments

folder Optional path to look in. Default is getwd().

silent Optional, default is FALSE. Prints filenames if TRUE.

#### **Details**

This is designed to get a list of filenames that match the format of csv and txt files obtained from NHGIS.org and already unzipped in a local folder. Obtaining NHGIS.org data requires an account at https://data2.nhgis.org/main, https://www.nhgis.org Data can be downloaded by selecting, for example,

block groups, all in US, acs2007-2011, and specifying the desired ACS Table(s). Research using NHGIS data should cite it as:

Minnesota Population Center. National Historical Geographic Information System: Version 2.0. Minneapolis, MN: University of Minnesota 2011.

## Value

A named list with datafiles= a vector of one or more filenames (estimates and also MOE files) and codebooks= a vector of one or more filenames. The function also prints the information unless silent=TRUE.

#### See Also

nhgis, nhgisread

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nhgisfips

Assemble FIPS Code from State, County, Tract, Blockgroup Portions

#### **Description**

Helper function for reading demographic data files downloaded from NHGIS.org

## Usage

```
nhgisfips(
   x,
   validfields = c("STATEA", "COUNTYA", "TRACTA", "BLKGRPA"),
   fullname = c("FIPS.ST", "FIPS.COUNTY", "FIPS.TRACT", "FIPS.BG"),
   leadz = c(2, 3, 6, 1)
)
```

# Arguments

| X           | Data.frame or matrix with appropriate colnames, containing portions of FIPS code in separate columns.  |
|-------------|--|
| validfields | Optional, default is colnames used in datasets downloaded from NHGIS.org as of 8/2015 for ACS data. Defaults: c("STATEA", "COUNTYA", "TRACTA", "BLKGRPA")  |
| fullname    | Optional, default is based on default for validfields parameter: c("FIPS.ST", "FIPS.COUNTY", "FIPS.TRACT", "FIPS.BG"). Specifies colname for the output, which depends on how many cols of fips portions are in x. |
| leadz       | Optional, default is based on default for validfields parameter: c(2, 3, 6, 1) Defines total number of characters in correctly formatted portions of FIPS, such  |

#### **Details**

This can also be used more generically in other contexts, by specifying appropriate parameters.

as 2 for State FIPS (e.g., "01").

#### Value

A 1-column data frame with same number of rows as x. Provides assembled FIPS for each row.

## See Also

```
nhgis, nhgisread, clean.fips
```

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```
row.names = c(NA, -3L), class = "data.frame")
x
nhgisfips(x[ , 1, drop=FALSE])
nhgisfips(x[ , 1:2], fullname=c('stfips', 'countyfips', 'tractfips', 'bgfips'))
nhgisfips(x[ , 1:3])
nhgisfips(x[ , 1:4])
nhgisfips(x)
## End(Not run)
```

nhgisread

Read NHGIS.org ACS Data Files and Codebooks

## **Description**

Helper function used by nhgis to read downloaded and unzipped csv and txt files obtained from NHGIS.org, with US Census Bureau data from the American Community Survey (ACS).

## Usage

```
nhgisread(
  datafile,
  codebookfile = gsub("\\.csv", "_codebook.txt", datafile),
  folder = getwd()
)
```

## **Arguments**

datafile Names of files

codebookfile Optional name(s) of codebook files. Default is to infer from datafile

folder Optional path where files are found. Default is getwd()

## Value

Returns a named list: data, contextfields, fields, tables, geolevel, years, dataset

## See Also

nhgis which uses this, nhgisreadcodebook for reading codebook files, get.acs, get.datafile.prefix, datafile, geofile, get.zipfile.prefix

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nhgisreadcodebook

Read NHGIS.org ACS Codebook File

# Description

Helper function used by nhgis to read downloaded and unzipped codebook files obtained from NHGIS.org, for US Census Bureau data from the American Community Survey (ACS).

## Usage

```
nhgisreadcodebook(codebookfile, folder = getwd())
```

## **Arguments**

```
codebookfile Name(s) of codebook file(s).

folder Optional path where files are found. Default is getwd()
```

#### Value

Returns a named list: data, contextfields, fields, tables, geolevel, years, dataset

#### See Also

nhgis which uses this, nhgisread for reading datafiles, get.acs, get.datafile.prefix, datafile, geofile, get.zipfile.prefix

read.concat.states

Read and concatenate State files of ACS data

## **Description**

Read the unzipped csv files of estimates and MOE (margin of error) for American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year summary file data obtained from US Census FTP site. These State-specific csv files are combined into a single national result for each Census data table.

## Usage

```
read.concat.states(
  tables,
  mystates,
  geo,
  needed,
  folder = getwd(),
  output.path,
  end.year = acsdefaultendyearhere_func(),
  save.files = TRUE,
  sumlevel = "both",
  testing = FALSE,
  dt = TRUE,
  silent = FALSE
)
```

46 read.geo

## **Arguments**

| tables   | Optional character vector of table numbers needed such as 'B01001', but default is all tables from each sequence file found.  |
|----------|---|
| mystates | Optional character vector of 2-character state abbreviations. Default is all states for which matching filenames are found in folder.   |
| geo      | Optional table of geographic identifiers that elsewhere would be merged with data here. If provided, it is used here to look up data file length, based on state abbrev's list. See <a "blockgroups"="" "both"="" "tracts"="" be="" both".="" href="geo!geo!geo!geo!geo!geo!geo!geo!geo!geo!&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;needed&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Optional data.frame specifying which variables to keep from each table. Default is to keep all. See set.needed and get.acs&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;folder&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Default is current working directory. Specifies where the csv files are to be found.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;output.path&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Default is whatever the parameter folder is set to. Results as .RData files are saved here if save.files=TRUE.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;end.year&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Optional, specifies end year of 5-year summary file.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;save.files&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Default is TRUE, in which case it saves each resulting table/ data file on disk.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;sumlevel&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Default is " if="" or="" returned.<="" should="" specifies="" td=""></a> |
| testing  | Default is FALSE. If TRUE, prints filenames but does not unzip them, and prints more messages.  |
| dt       | Optional logical, TRUE by default, specifies whether data.table::fread should be used instead of read.csv   |
| silent   | Default is FALSE. Whether to send progress info to standard output.   |

## **Details**

This can use read.csv (takes about 1 minute total for one table, all states, est and moe). It can use data.table::fread (default method), which is faster.

## Value

Returns a list of data.frames, where each element of the list is one ACS table, such as table B01001.

## See Also

get.acs

| read.geo | Read and concatenate state geo files from Census ACS |
|----------|--|
| read.geo | Redd and concurrence state geo fies from census ries |

# Description

Reads and merges geo files that have been obtained from the US Census Bureau FTP site for American Community Survey (ACS) data. It uses read.fwf() at least for older years. 2018 or 2019 might have csv not just txt format now?

read.geo 47

#### Usage

```
read.geo(
  mystates,
  folder = getwd(),
  end.year = acsdefaultendyearhere_func(),
  silent = FALSE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

mystates Character vector of one or more states/DC/PR, as 2-character state abbrevia-

tions. Default is all states/DC/PR.

folder Optional path to where files are stored, defaults to getwd()

end. year End year of 5-year data, like "2018"

silent Default is FALSE. Whether to send progress info to standard output.

#### **Details**

Note that if this finds the geographic file in folder already, it will not download it again even if that file was corrupt. Extracts just block group (SUMLEVEL=150) and tract (SUMLEVEL=140) geo information (not county info., since data files used in this package lack county info.) The NAME field works on pc but mac can hit an error if trying to read the NAME field. Due to encoding? specifying encoding didn't help.

(name is very long and not essential)

Error in substring(x, first, last):

invalid multibyte string at '<f1>onc<69>to Chapter; Navajo Nation Reservation and Off-Reservation Trust Land, AZ–NM–UT

Format of files is here: ftp://ftp.census.gov/acs2012\_5yr/summaryfile/ACS\_2008-2012\_ SF\_Tech\_Doc.pdf

# Value

Returns a large data.frame of selected geographic information on all block groups and tracts in the specified states/DC/PR, with just these fields:

"STUSAB", "SUMLEVEL", "LOGRECNO", "STATE", "COUNTY", "TRACT", "BLKGRP", "GEOID"

#### See Also

```
get.acs, download.geo
```

```
## Not run:
  geo <- read.geo( c("dc", "de") )
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

48 set.needed

set.needed

Specify which ACS Variables are Needed

#### **Description**

Utility used by get.acs to help user specify which variables are needed. User can specify this in a file in the working directory, modifying "variables needed template.csv" that this function can create based on tables parameter, to create user-defined "variables needed.csv"

#### Usage

```
set.needed(
  tables,
  lookup.acs,
 vars = "all"
 varsfile,
  folder = getwd(),
 noEditOnMac = FALSE,
 end.year = acsdefaultendyearhere_func(),
 silent = TRUE,
 writefile = TRUE
```

# **Arguments**

tables Character vector, required. Specifies which ACS tables.

Data.frame, optional. Defines which variables are in which tables. Output of lookup.acs

get.lookup.acs

Optional default is all, which means all fields from table unless varsfile specified. vars

Specifies what variables to use from specified tables, and how to determine that. If varsfile is provided, vars is ignored (see parameter varsfile). If vars="ask", function will ask user about variables needed and allow specification in an inter-

active session.

varsfile Optional name of file that can be used to specify which variables are needed from specified tables. If varsfile is specified, parameter vars is ignored, and the

function just looks in folder for file called filename, e.g., "variables needed.csv" that should specify which variables to keep from each table. If not found in folder, then all variables from each table are used (same as if vars="all" and varsfile not specified). The format of that file should be the same as is found in the file "variables needed template.csv" created by this function. If the filename (e.g., "variables needed.csv" file) is not found, it looks for and uses the file called "variables needed template.csv" which is written by this function and specifies all of the variables from each table. The column called "keep" should have an upper or lowercase letter Y to indicate that row (variable) should be kept. Blanks or other values (even the word "yes") indicate the variable is not needed from

that data table and it will be dropped.

Optional path, default is getwd(), specifying where to save the csv files that

define needed variables.

folder

unzip.datafiles 49

| noEditOnMac | FALSE by default. If TRUE, do not pause to allow edit() when on Mac OSX, even if vars=TRUE. Allows you to avoid problem in RStudio if X11 not installed. |
|-------------|--|
| end.year    | Optional, – specifies last year of 5-year summary file that is being used.   |
| silent      | Optional, defaults to TRUE. If FALSE, prints some indications of progress.   |
| writefile   | Optional, defaults to TRUE. If TRUE, saves template of needed variables as "variables needed template.csv" file to folder.                               |

## Value

Returns data.frame of info on which variables are needed from each table, much like annotated version of lookup.acs.

## See Also

```
get.acs which uses this
```

unzip.datafiles

Unzip ACS datafile per state, downloading missing ones first

# Description

Unzip ACS datafile for each specified US State, extracting specified table(s), downloading missing zip files first.

# Usage

```
unzip.datafiles(
  tables,
  mystates,
  folder = getwd(),
  end.year = acsdefaultendyearhere_func(),
  testing = FALSE,
  attempts = 5,
  silent = FALSE
)
```

# Arguments

| tables   | Character vector of table numbers needed such as 'B01001'  |
|----------|--|
| mystates | Character vector of 2-character state abbreviations. Default is all states.                                  |
| folder   | Default is current working directory.  |
| end.year | optional – specifies last year of 5-year summary file.   |
| testing  | Default is FALSE. If TRUE, prints more info.   |
| attempts | Default is 5, specifies how many tries (maximum) for unzipping before trying to redownload and then give up. |
| silent   | Default is FALSE. Whether to send progress info to standard output.  |

50 url.to.find.zipfile

#### Value

Side effect is unzipping file on disk (unless testing=TRUE)

#### See Also

```
get.acs
```

```
url.to.find.zipfile Get URL(s) for FTP site folder(s) with ACS 5-year summary file data
```

#### **Description**

Returns URL(s) of folders (on Census Bureau FTP site) with zip file(s) based on end year.

#### Usage

```
url.to.find.zipfile(
  mystates,
  end.year = acsdefaultendyearhere_func(),
  url.prefix
)
```

## **Arguments**

character vector of one or more states/DC/PR, as 2-character state abbreviations. Default is all states/DC/PR.

Optional end year for 5-year summary file, as character, but ignored if url.prefix is specified

Optional character element that defaults to what is returned by get.url.prefix(end.year)

## Details

See help for download.lookup.acs for more details on the URLs used for the data. The zip files look like this for example: "20135dc0001000.zip"

The 2009-2013 summary file by state-seqfile combo is in folders that look like this:

```
ftp://ftp.census.gov/acs2013_5yr/summaryfile/2009-2013_ACSSF_By_State_By_Sequence_
Table_Subset/DistrictOfColumbia/Tracts_Block_Groups_Only
```

The 2008-2012 summary file by state-seqfile combo is in folders that look like this:

```
http://www2.census.gov/acs2012_5yr/summaryfile/2008-2012_ACSSF_By_State_By_Sequence_Table_Subset/Alabama/Tracts_Block_Groups_Only
```

The 2007-2011 summary file by state-seqfile combo is in folders that look like this:

```
ftp://ftp.census.gov/acs2011_5yr/summaryfile/2007-2011_ACSSF_By_State_By_Sequence_
Table_Subset/DistrictOfColumbia/Tracts_Block_Groups_Only/
http://www2.census.gov/acs2011_5yr/summaryfile/2007-2011_ACSSF_By_State_By_Sequence_
```

which.seqfiles 51

#### Table\_Subset/DistrictOfColumbia/Tracts\_Block\_Groups\_Only/

URL must be the ftp site, not the http version.

But 2010-2014 was on http only, not ftp, as of mid Dec 3 2015 release day.

#### Value

Returns character vector that is URL(s) such as "ftp://ftp.census.gov/acs2012\_5yr/summaryfile"

#### See Also

```
get.acs, url.to.find.zipfile, download.geo
```

which.seqfiles

Find Which Sequence Files Contain Given ACS Table(s)

## **Description**

The US Census Bureau provides 5-year summary file data from the American Community Survey in sequence files on their FTP site. This function reports which sequence files contain the specified tables. Used by get.acs

#### Usage

```
which.seqfiles(tables, lookup.acs, end.year = acsdefaultendyearhere_func())
```

#### **Arguments**

tables character vector, required. Defines which ACS table(s) to check, such as 'B01001'

lookup.acs data.frame, optional (if not provided then it is downloaded from Census). Spec-

ifies what variables are in which tables and which tables are in which sequence

files on the FTP site.

end.year Character element, optional. Defines end year for 5-year dataset. Valid years

are limited. Ignored if lookup.acs is specified, however. If they imply different

years, the function stops with an error message.

#### Value

Returns a vector of one or more numbers stored as characters, each defining one sequence file, such as "0001".

#### See Also

get.acs and acs.lookup from the acs package, which does something related but is more flexible & robust. Also see get.acs which uses this.

52 zipfile

zipfile

Get name(s) of zip file(s) for ACS 5-year summary file data

# **Description**

Returns name(s) of zip file(s) based on state(s), a sequence file number, a prefix, and end year.

## Usage

```
zipfile(
  mystates,
  seqfilenum,
  zipfile.prefix,
  end.year = acsdefaultendyearhere_func()
)
```

# **Arguments**

mystates Required vector of 2-character state abbreviation(s)

seqfilenum Required single sequence file number used by ACS 5-year summary file zipfile.prefix Optional character element, defaults to value looked up based on end.year. Optional end year for 5-year summary file, as character, like '2018'

## Value

Returns character element that is name of zip file such as "20115dc0113000.zip"

## See Also

```
get.acs
```

# **Index**

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