

Problem Set 3, Math 54-Lec 3, Linear Algebra, Fall 2017

SEPTEMBER 8TH, 2017

Problem 1. Let $T : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$ be a linear transformation. Prove that T is one-to-one iff $T(\vec{x}) = \vec{0}$ implies $\vec{x} = \vec{0}$, that is to say the **only** vector in \mathbb{R}^n whose image under T is the zero vector is the zero vector itself.

Problem 2. Let $T : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$ be a linear transformation. Let $\{\vec{v}_1, \vec{v}_2, \dots, \vec{v}_k\}$ be a linearly independent set in \mathbb{R}^n . Prove that if T is one-to-one then $\{T(\vec{v}_1), T(\vec{v}_2), \dots, T(\vec{v}_k)\}$ is also linearly independent. [*Hint:* use the result from Problem 1, above.]