



**University  
of Dayton**

*AEE 556 — Compressible Flow*

*Department of Mechanical and Aerospace Engineering*

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# Homework 1

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## Contents

## Nomenclature

$A$	=	amplitude of oscillation
$a$	=	cylinder diameter
$C_p$	=	pressure coefficient
$C_x$	=	force coefficient in the $x$ direction
$C_y$	=	force coefficient in the $y$ direction
$c$	=	chord
$dt$	=	time step
$F_x$	=	$X$ component of the resultant pressure force acting on the vehicle
$F_y$	=	$Y$ component of the resultant pressure force acting on the vehicle
$f, g$	=	generic functions
$h$	=	height
$i$	=	time index during navigation
$j$	=	waypoint index
$K$	=	trailing-edge (TE) nondimensional angular deflection rate

## 1 Problem 1

In an inviscid flow, a small change in pressure  $dp$ , is related to a small change in velocity,  $du$ , by

$$dp = -\rho u du$$

which is referred to as Euler's equation and is derived from the conservation of momentum.

### 1.1

Using this relation, derive a differential relation for the fractional density change  $d/\rho$  as a function of the fractional change in velocity  $du/u$ , with the fluid's compressibility  $\beta$  as a coefficient.

### 1.2

$$\frac{d\rho}{\rho}$$

### 1.3

### 1.4

### 1.5

### 1.6

## **2 Problem 2**

### **2.1 Problem Statement**

### **3 Problem 3**

#### **3.1 Problem Statement**

## **Appendix A   Problem 1 Python Code**

## **Appendix B   Problem 2 Python Code**



## Appendix C Problem 3 Python Code