



Predicting Saves from Past Performance



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“Closers are one of the most volatile positions in fantasy baseball...Each year, closers drop like flies and many MLB teams make in-season changes due to injuries or poor performance.”

<https://www.rotoballer.com/mlb-saves-closers-depth-charts/226767>



Hello!

**My name is
Ethan Feldman**

I am here today to talk about how
we can leverage data to better
understand future baseball
performance

Agenda

- Methods and Data
- Models, Observations, and Error
- Predictions and Recommendations

What do we want to talk about with saves?

- ❑ Saves are very difficult to accurately predict
 - ❑ Injuries (occurring and recovering from)
 - ❑ ‘Position’ change
- ❑ The highest valued indicators are:
 - ❑ Opportunity
 - ❑ “Commanding a game”



Data and Features

How'd they do last year?

Where did the data come from?



What does the model target to predict?



- ❏ To predict the future, we will consider each year of a player's career as a moment in time
- ❏ We want to predict the number of saves they earned in the *following* year

Some assumptions about data



- ❑ Data drawn from players careers who have had at least one top ten finish of saves since 1985
- ❑ Final seasons of careers used as target, but never predictions
- ❑ 2020 not used as target for anyone

What were the initial features to consider?



Features			
Games Finished	Innings	SO/9	
Holds	Hits	Hits/9	
Saves	Walks	BB/9	
Save Opportunity	Runs	SO/BB	Complete Games
Games	Earned Runs	FIP	Shutouts
Blown Saves	Batters Faced	ERA+	Balks
Two Year Sum	W/L%	ERA	Hit by Pitch
Three Year Sum	Wins	WHIP	Wild Pitch
Cumulative Saves	Losses	Team	Age

What ended up in the model?



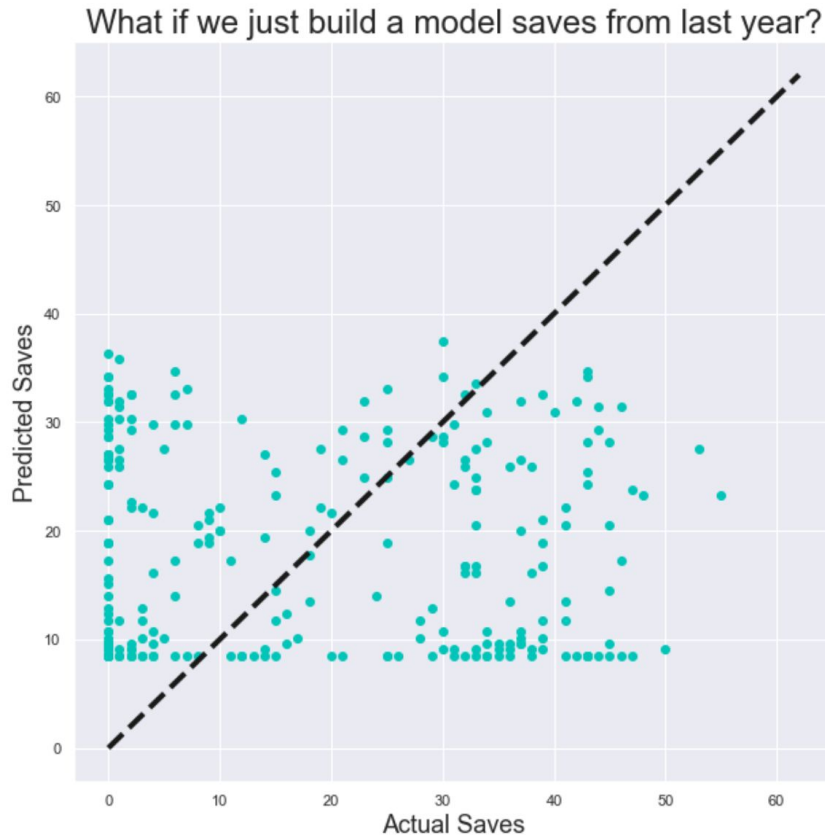
Features			
Games Finished	Innings	SO/9	Team Change
Holds	Hits	Hits/9	Mistakes/G
Saves	Walks	BB/9	BF/G
Save Opportunity	Runs	SO/BB	Complete Games
Games	Earned Runs	FIP	Shutouts
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Two Year Sum	W/L%	ERA	Hit by Pitch
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Cumulative Saves	Losses	Team	Age



Baseline Metric

How'd they do last year?

Let's build a very simple model with one feature



The dotted line represents accurate predictions

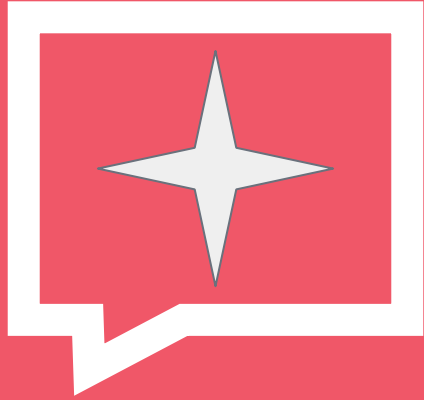
- Below the line represents underpredictions

- Above the line represents over predictions

Really gives a lower bound on predictions



- Really constrains our predictions
- This linear model accounts for about 29.4% of the variability in actual saves on test data
- Has an average error of about 12 saves (MAE)



Can we improve?

Let's include more features

After employing regularization and feature engineering



The dotted line represents accurate predictions

- Below the line represents underpredictions
- Above the line represents over predictions

After employing regularization and feature engineering



- LASSO regression analysis
- Points less constrained, fall closer to true values on average
- This model accounts for about 41.6% of the variability in actual saves on test data
- Has an average error of about 10 saves in either direction (MAE)



Big factors

Which features contribute most?

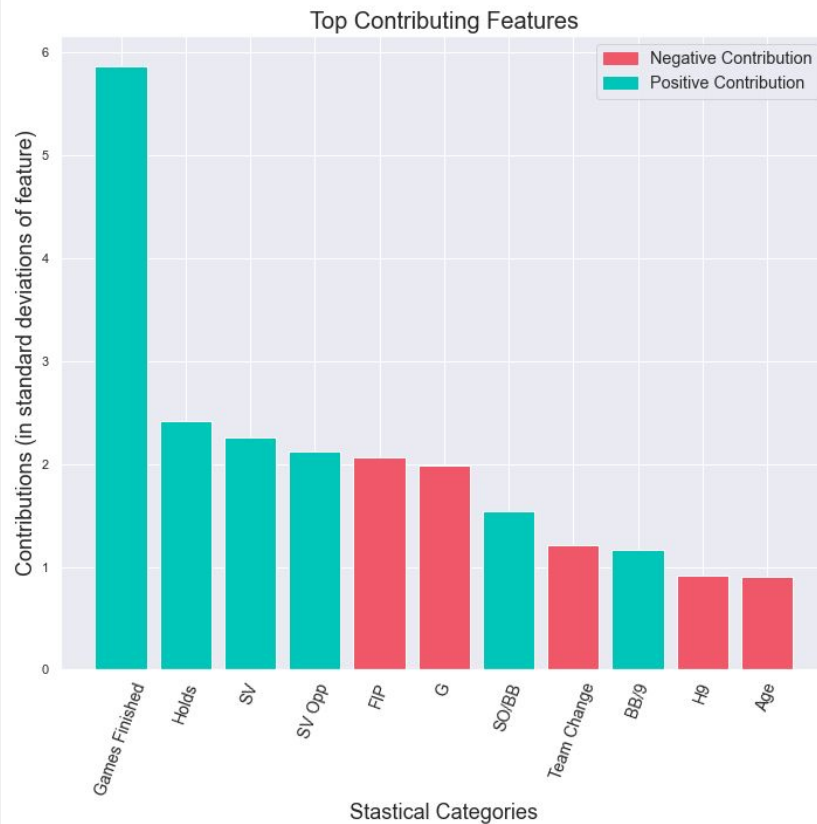
Why do we see so much error?

LASSO Regression Coefficients

Feature	Coefficient
Games Finished	5.87
Holds	2.42
Saves	2.27
Save Opportunity	2.12
FIP	-2.07
Games	-1.99
SO/BB	1.54
Team Change	-1.21
BB/9	1.17

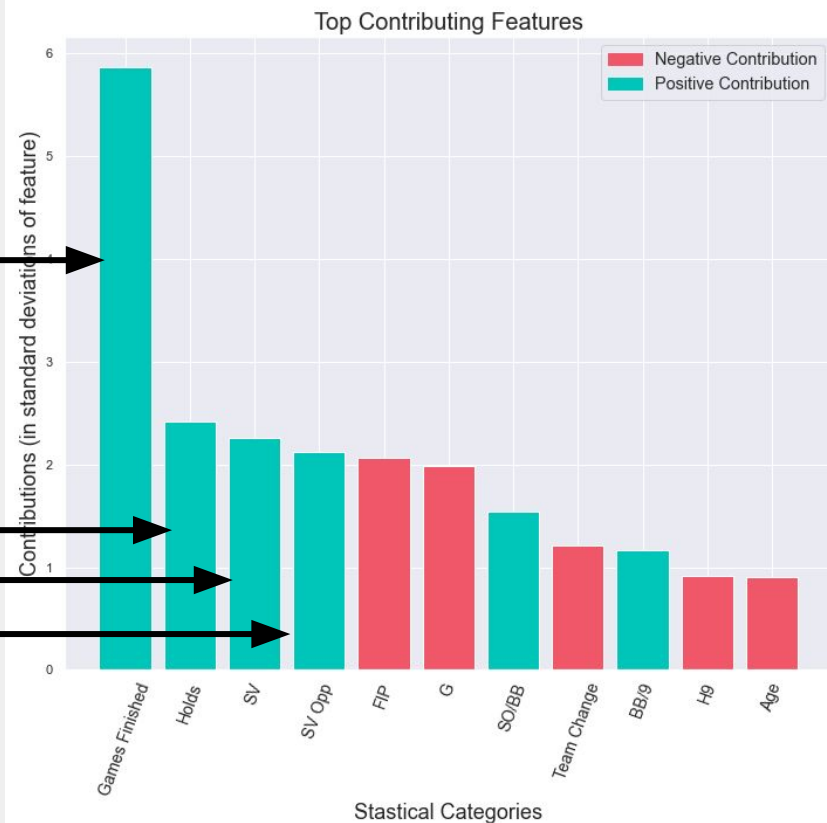
Feature	Coefficient
Hits/9	-.92
Age	-.90
Two Year Sum SV	-.6
Blown Saves	-.51
Mistakes/G	-.40
BF/G	-.28
ERA+	-.21
SO/9	.21

Which features contributed most heavily in our model?



Pitchers in higher leverage situations saw more saves

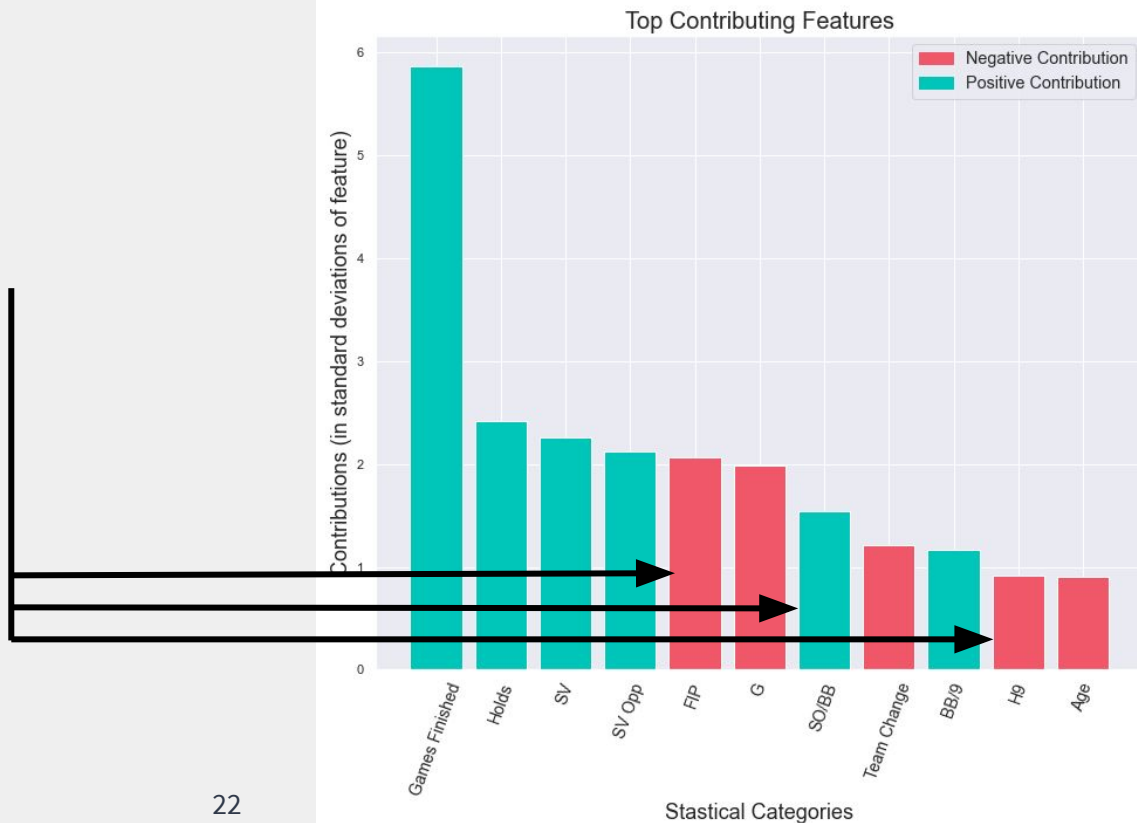
**Opportunity
Opportunity
Opportunity**



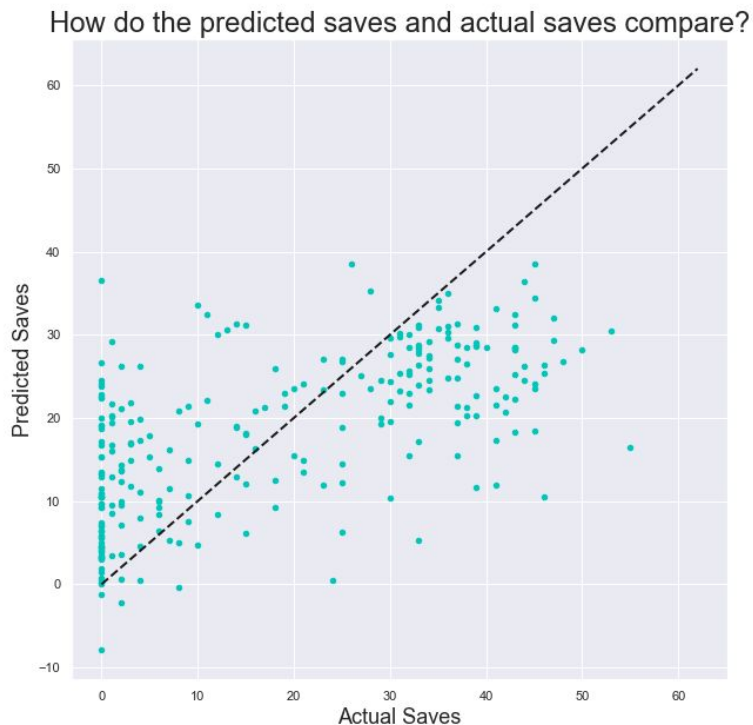
More success with less chance (balls in play) or mistakes

Pitchers Who “Control The Game”

- Lower FIP
- Higher SO/BB
- Fewer Hits
- More SO



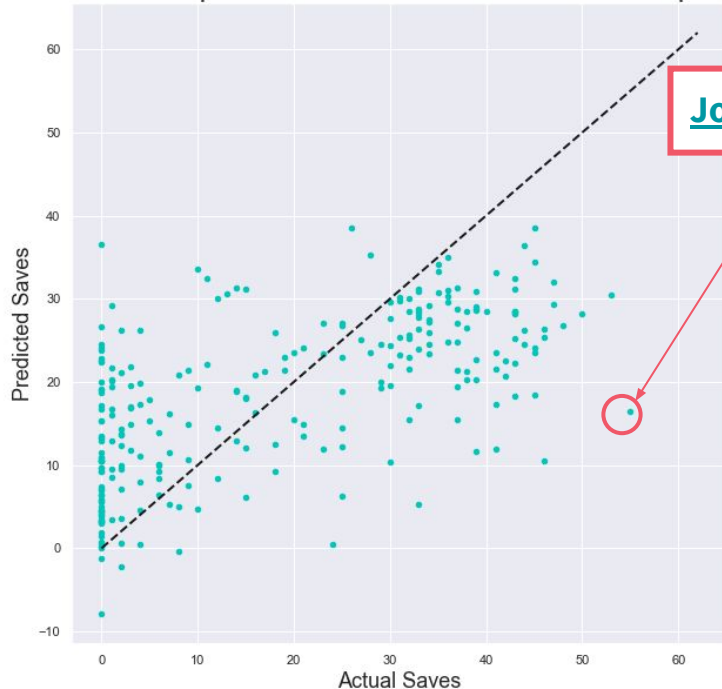
Can we identify traits of players further from the line?



We see large error values in a few main circumstances:

Positional change accounted for many large errors

How do the predicted saves and actual saves compare?



John Smoltz

We see large error values in a few main circumstances:

- Players transition from starter one year to closer the next (John Smoltz)

Injuries added large error for some players

Duane Ward



John Smoltz

We see large error values in a few main circumstances:

- Players transition from starter one year to closer the next (John Smoltz)
- Players become or return from injury (Duane Ward)

Short lived success for closers



We see large error values in a few main circumstances:

- Players transition from starter one year to closer the next (John Smoltz)
- Players become or return from injury (Duane Ward)
- High volatility and short careers as closers (Go to zero)



Big Takeaways

What we learned here

What can we say about predicting saves?

- ❑ Saves are very difficult to accurately predict
 - ❑ Unexpected Twists such as:
 - ❑ Pitchers transition quickly from starter to closer
 - ❑ High frequency of injury
- ❑ The highest valued indicators are:
 - ❑ Opportunity (games finished, holds, etc)
 - ❑ “Commanding a game” (SO/BB, fewer hits, etc)



But let's pretend

What would our model predict for the 2020 shortened season (60 of 162 games)?

What did our model say about 2020?

Name	Tm	Predictions 2020	Shortened 2020
Brad Hand	CLE	9.706878	16
Liam Hendriks	OAK	10.582459	14
Josh Hader	MIL	12.635866	13
Alex Colomé	CHW	7.986627	12
Brandon Kintzler	CHC	3.515879	12
Ryan Pressly	HOU	7.578048	12
Kenley Jansen	LAD	10.028261	11
Trevor Rosenthal	TOT	1.550649	11
Mark Melancon	TOT	4.944614	11
Daniel Hudson	TOT	4.598647	10
Taylor Rogers	MIN	11.192820	9
Zack Britton	NYY	5.819833	8
Raisel Iglesias	CIN	10.236867	8
Greg Holland	ARI	4.885251	6
Edwin Díaz	NYM	7.752255	6
Sergio Romo	TOT	6.863781	5
Andrew Miller	STL	4.420868	4
Aroldis Chapman	NYY	11.012168	3
Craig Kimbrel	CHC	2.090575	2
Wade Davis	COL	4.241749	2

Name	Tm	Predictions 2020	Shortened 2020
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Josh Hader	MIL	12.635866	13
Taylor Rogers	MIN	11.192820	9
Aroldis Chapman	NYY	11.012168	3
Roberto Osuna	HOU	10.926190	1
Felipe Vázquez	PIT	10.784351	0
Liam Hendriks	OAK	10.582459	14
Will Smith	SFG	10.477584	0
Raisel Iglesias	CIN	10.236867	8
Kenley Jansen	LAD	10.028261	11
Brad Hand	CLE	9.706878	16
Ian Kennedy	KCR	9.365204	0
Ken Giles	TOR	8.551171	1
Alex Colomé	CHW	7.986627	12
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Shane Greene	TOT	7.496317	0
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**Injuries/
Leave**

**Team
Change**

**Converted
Stater**

31

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Next Steps

How might we gain more insight?

Based on these findings, next steps would include:

- ❏ Dig deeper into metrics for pitchers who dominate
 - ❏ Velocity, spin rate, swing/miss%, etc
- ❏ Do any of the above stats or others project injury?
- ❏ Is there a way to predict opportunity?
 - ❏ Managers, teams, strength of teammates, etc.
- ❏ Is a linear model appropriate? Maybe classification?



Thanks!

Any questions?

You can find me at:

ejfeldman7@gmail.com



Appendix



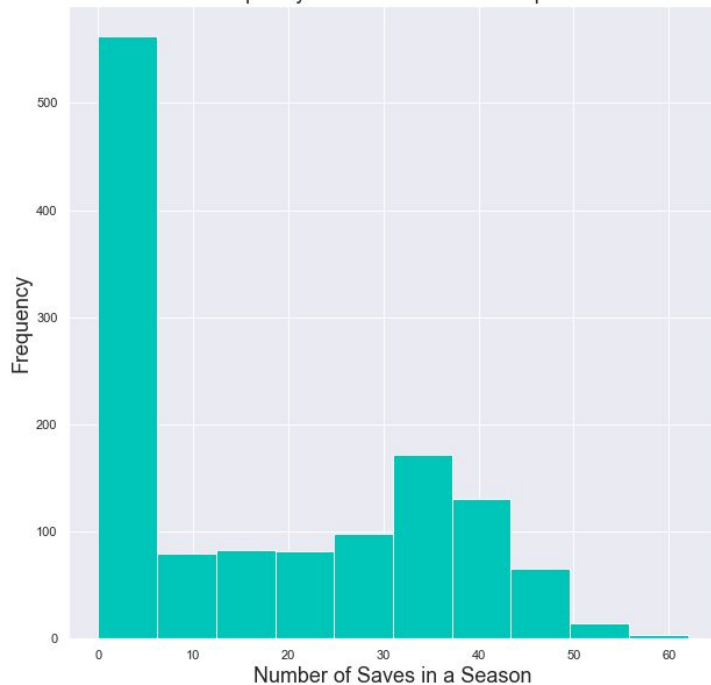
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“Wins may be the most challenging part of fantasy baseball to figure out, but closers are the most frustrating.”

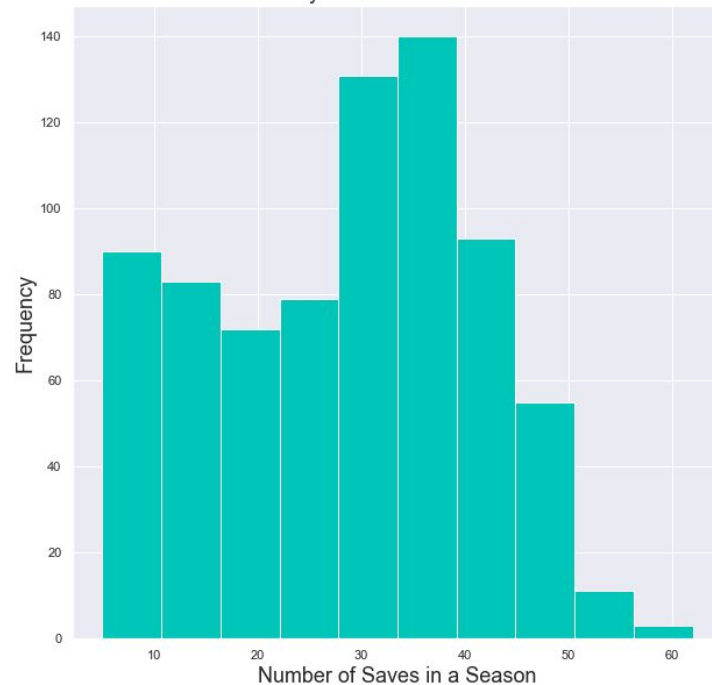
<https://www.si.com/mlb/2020/02/22/fantasy-baseball-the-save-game>

How do saves break down over the years?

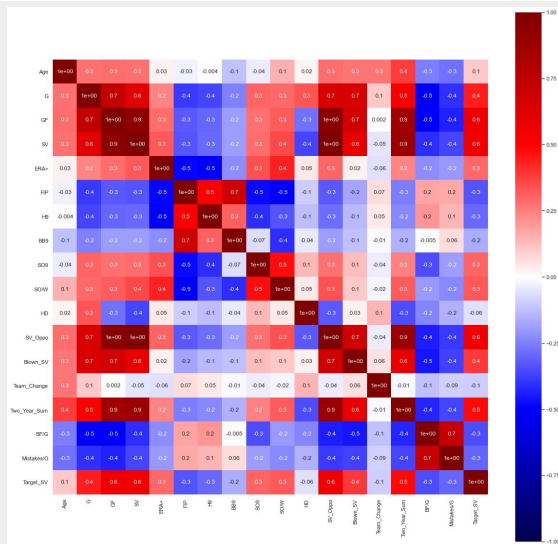
How frequently do save totals occur for pitchers?



Zoom in on only seasons with more than 5 saves



How does our smaller subset of features correlate?



0.1	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.3	-0.3	-0.3	-0.2	0.3	0.3	-0.06	0.6	0.4	-0.1	0.5	-0.3	-0.3	1e+00
Age	G	GF	SV	ERA+	FIP	H9	BB9	SO9	SOW	HD	SV_Oppo	Blown_SV	Team_Change	Two_Year_Sum	BF/G	Mistakes/G	Target_SV