

# New APIs for DTLS Multicast

## wolfSSL\_CTX\_mcast\_set\_member\_id

### Synopsis

```
#include <wolfssl/ssl.h>
```

```
int  
wolfSSL_CTX_set_mcast_member_id(WOLFSSL_CTX* ctx, word16 id);
```

### Description

Sets the multicast group member `id` for the provided wolfSSL context `ctx`. Group member IDs are constrained from 0 to 255, inclusive. All sessions made from this context will have the member ID set and will not perform a handshake.

### Return Values

- `SSL_SUCCESS`
- `SSL_FATAL_ERROR` – an error was encountered
- `BAD_FUNC_ARG` – `ctx` is NULL or `id` is an invalid value

## wolfSSL\_set\_secret

### Synopsis

```
#include <wolfssl/ssl.h>
```

```
int  
wolfSSL_set_secret(WOLFSSL* ssl, word16 epoch,  
    const byte* preMasterSecret, word32 preMasterSz,  
    const byte* clientRandom, const byte* serverRandom,  
    const byte* suite);
```

### Description

The multicast session is using keying material and a cipher suite dictated by the floating master. This function sets the premaster secret `preMasterSecret`, with size `preMasterSz`, for the `ssl` object as well as the `clientRandom` and `serverRandom` values used to calculate the master secret using the hash specified by the cipher `suite`. If the session is DTLS, the epoch is set to the value provided in the parameter `epoch`, otherwise the parameter is ignored.

### Return Values

- `SSL_SUCCESS` – keying material successfully set and keys generated
- `SSL_FATAL_ERROR` – an error was encountered
- `BAD_FUNC_ARG`

## wolfSSL\_mcast\_read

### Synopsis

```
#include <wolfssl/ssl.h>
```

```
int
wolfSSL_mcast_read(WOLFSSL* ssl, word16* id, void* data, int
    sz);
```

### Description

Attempts to read a record from the session's read socket. The decrypted record is placed into the provided buffer `data` which has a size of `sz`. The multicast member ID of the peer who sent the record is copied into `id` if the pointer is non-null. While this function is intended to be used with DTLS multicast sessions, it will work on non-multicast or non-DTLS session. (`id` will remain unchanged if the session is not multicast.)

### Return Values

- `>0` – Positive number of bytes copied into the `data` buffer.
- `0` – socket is closed or the session is closed
- `SSL_FATAL_ERROR` – An error was encountered while trying to read data. Check the error register for the error code. Note, some errors aren't truly fatal.
- `BAD_FUNC_ARG` – Either `ssl` or `data` was null or `sz` was 0. There may not be an `ssl` object to set the error code in.

### Errors

- `SSL_ERROR_WANT_READ`
- `SSL_ERROR_WANT_WRITE`
- `SSL_ERROR_ZERO_RETURN`
- `MEMORY_E`

## wolfSSL\_CTX\_mcast\_set\_highwater\_cb

### Synopsis

```
#include <wolfssl/ssl.h>
```

```
typedef (*CallbackMcastHighwater)(word16 peerId, word32 maxSeq,
    word32 curSeq, void* ctx);
```

```
int
wolfSSL_CTX_mcast_set_highwater_cb(WOLFSSL_CTX* ctx,
    CallbackMcastHighwater cb, word32 maxSeq,
    word32 first, word32 second);
```

### Description

Sets the multicast DTLS sequence number highwater mark callback function in the provided wolfSSL context object, `ctx`. This will be the callback function in any sessions made from the context.

The `maxSeq` value is the sum of all the highest sequence number of the messages received from all the peers. This is limit age of the key. The value `first` is the first warning threshold when the highwater callback function is called. The value `second` is the second warning threshold when the highwater callback function is called.

The prototype for the callback function has four parameters. The first parameter is the ID of the peer that triggered the callback. The next parameter is the `maxSeq` value. Next is the current sequence number, `curSeq`. Last the void pointer, `ctx`, is private data defined by the application to use by the callback function also provided by the application. It is not to be confused with the wolfSSL context.

As an example, set `maxSeq` to 1000, `first` to 750, `second` to 900. When a peer's received sequence number is 750, the callback function is called. At sequence number 900, the callback function is called again. The callback is called one final time at 1000.

### Return Values

- `SSL_SUCCESS`
- `BAD_FUNC_ARG` – Either `ssl` was null or the bounds did not make sense.

## wolfSSL\_mcast\_set\_highwater\_ctx

### Synopsis

```
#include <wolfssl/ssl.h>
```

```
int  
wolfSSL_mcast_set_highwater_ctx(WOLFSSL* ssl, void* ctx);
```

### Description

Sets the context for `ctx`, passed to the multicast DTLS sequence number highwater mark callback function for the session, `ssl`. The context data is not used by wolfSSL and is only meaningful to the application using wolfSSL providing the callback function.

### Return Values

- `SSL_SUCCESS`
- `BAD_FUNC_ARG` – `ssl` was null

## wolfSSL\_mcast\_peer\_add

### Synopsis

```
#include <wolfssl/ssl.h>
```

```
int  
wolfSSL_mcast_peer_add(WOLFSSL* ssl, word16 peerId, int remove);
```

### Description

Adds or removes a `peerId` from the multicast peer ID sequence number tracking. Datagrams from peers whose IDs are not in the list are ignored. When `remove` is zero, the ID is added; when `remove` is non-zero, the ID is removed.

### Return Values

- `SSL_SUCCESS`
- `BAD_FUNC_ARG` – `ssl` was null

## wolfSSL\_mcast\_get\_max\_peers

### Synopsis

```
#include <wolfssl/ssl.h>
```

```
int wolfSSL_mcast_get_max_peers(void);
```

### Description

Returns the maximum number of allowed peers (WOLFSSL\_MULTICAST\_PEERS).