Android + JSON + PHP + MySQL

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1. Open Application > XAMPP > manager-osx
   2. Start mysql & webserver service
   3. Test in browser by typing http://localhost
   4. Create a folder "mobile" inside "/Applications/XAMPP/htdocs/"
   5. \text{ Open} DreamWeaver \rightarrow Create hello.html (File \rightarrow New \rightarrow HTML) to print
      "Hello"
   6. Test: http://localhost/mobile/hello.html
   7. Follow the example at <a href="https://goo.gl/jssd">https://goo.gl/jssd</a>
   Create a table named 'people'
   1. CREATE TABLE 'people' (
   2. id` int not null auto increment primary key,
   3. `name` VARCHAR( 100 ) NOT NULL ,
   4. `sex` BOOL NOT NULL DEFAULT '1',
   5. `birthyear` INT NOT NULL
   6.)
//PhP
<?php
      //mobile/people.php
      mysgl connect('localhost','root', '', '');
      mysql_select_db("PeopleData");
      $q=mysql_query("SELECT * FROM people WHERE 1");
      while($e=mysql_fetch_assoc($q))
              $output[] = $e;
      print(json_encode($output));
      mysql_close();
      // 1 "A" 1 1970
      // 2 "B" 0 1990
//Android
7.1 Create a new project "JsonApp"
7.2 Create Client.java in the same path with MainActivity
7.3 Implement AsyncTask<Void, Void, Void> on Client.java
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?>

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- Insert onPostExecute function inside Client.java class
7.4 Inside onCreate function of MainActivity
   TextView tv = (TextView)findViewById(R.id.textView);
   - Client c = new Client();
   - c.tv = tv;
   - c.execute();
//0. Put these two lines above doInBackground
public TextView tv;
String result = "";
//1. Inside doInBackground
HttpClient a = new DefaultHttpClient();
//the year data to send
ArrayList<NameValuePair> nameValuePairs = new ArrayList<NameValuePair>();
nameValuePairs.add(new BasicNameValuePair("year", "1980"));
//http post
try{
         HttpClient httpclient = new DefaultHttpClient();
         //Localhostj-> 10.0.2.2
         HttpPost httppost = new
         HttpPost("http://10.0.2.2/mobile/getAllPeopleBornAfter.php");
         //10.0.2.2 for emulator connected to localhost
         httppost.setEntity(new UrlEncodedFormEntity(nameValuePairs));
         HttpResponse response = httpclient.execute(httppost);
         HttpEntity entity = response.getEntity();
         InputStream is = entity.getContent();
         //Copy line 19 ~ 27 from the example
         BufferedReader reader = new BufferedReader(new
         InputStreamReader(is, "UTF-8"),8);
         StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();
         String line = null;
         while ((line = reader.readLine()) != null) {
             sb.append(line + "\n");
         is.close();
        //parse json data
        JSONArray jArray = new JSONArray(sb.toString());
         for(int i=0;i<jArray.length();i++) {</pre>
            JSONObject json_data = jArray.getJSONObject(i);
```

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result += "\n\n id: "+json_data.getInt("id")+
                     "\n name: "+json_data.getString("name")+
                     "\n sex: "+json_data.getInt("sex")+
                     "\n birthyear: "+json_data.getInt("birthyear");
         }
      }catch(JSONException e) {
         Log.e("log_tag", "Error parsing data "+e.toString());
      }catch(Exception e) {
         Log.e("log_tag", "Error in http connection "+e.toString());
      return null;
}
@Override
protected void onPostExecute(Void aVoid) {
   super.onPostExecute(aVoid);
   tv.setText(result);
}
//2. Inside Manifest
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.INTERNET" />
//3. Inside "build.gradle (Module:app)" file, put
useLibrary 'org.apache.http.legacy'
//inside android { buildToolsVersion ... }, and sync it then.
```