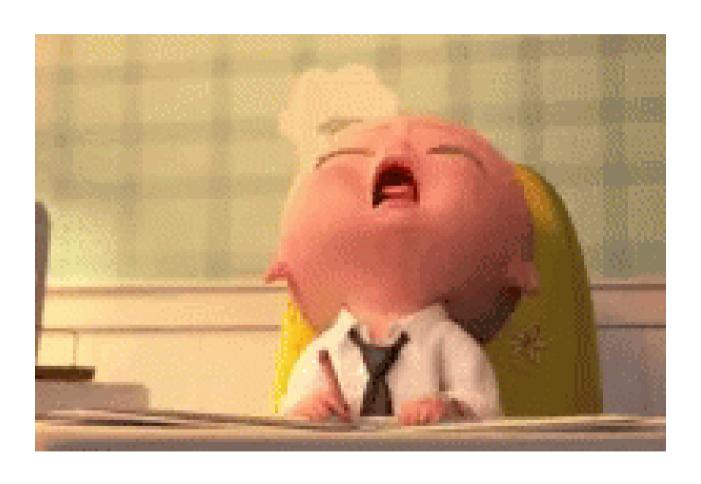


김수환

https://www.soohwan.kim



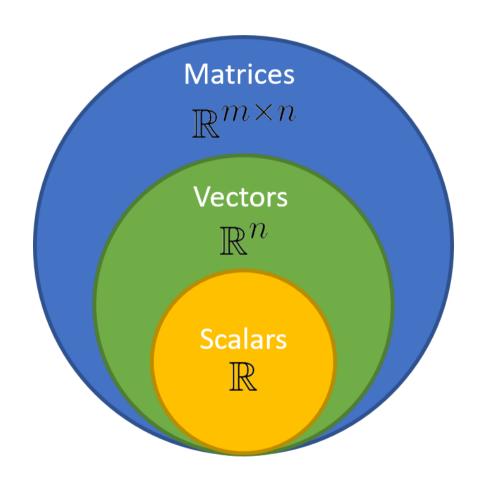
# 복습



https://giphy.com/gifs/bored-sleepy-boring-LTYT5GTIiAMBa



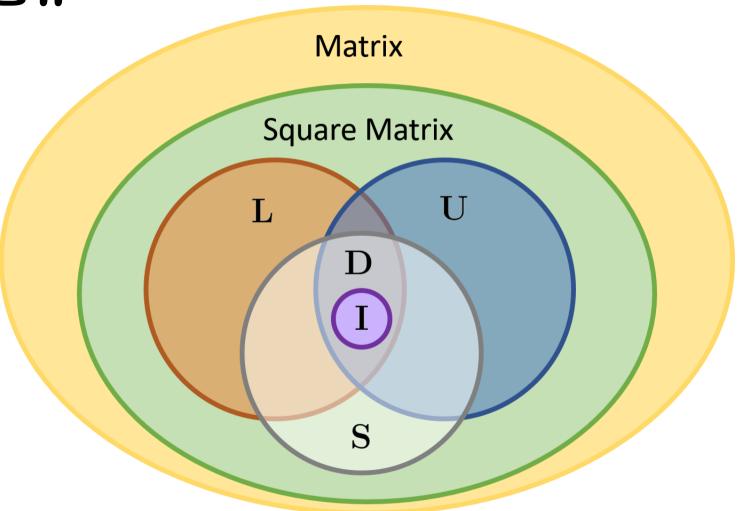
# 스칼라(Scalars) vs. 벡터(Vectors) vs. 행렬(Matrices)



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# 행렬의종류





### 벡터의 연산

● 두 벡터

$$\mathbf{a},\ \mathbf{b} \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

• 행렬의 덧셈/뺄셈

$$[\mathbf{a} \pm \mathbf{b}]_i = [\mathbf{a}]_i \pm [\mathbf{b}]_i$$

• 행렬의 스칼라배

$$[c\mathbf{a}]_i = c[\mathbf{a}]_i$$



### 행렬의 연산

● 두 행렬

$$\mathbf{A}, \ \mathbf{B} \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$$

• 행렬의 덧셈

$$[\mathbf{A} \pm \mathbf{B}]_{ij} = [\mathbf{A}]_{ij} \pm [\mathbf{B}]_{ij}$$

• 행렬의 스칼라배

$$[c\mathbf{A}]_{ij} = c[\mathbf{A}]_{ij}$$

• 행렬의 전치

$$[{f A}^{ op}]_{ij} = [{f A}]_{ji}$$

● 두 행렬

$$\mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}, \ \mathbf{B} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times l}$$

• 행렬의 곱셈

$$[\mathbf{A}\mathbf{B}]_{ij} = \mathbf{a}_i^ op \mathbf{b}_j$$

• 행렬의 곱은 교환법칙이 성립하지 않는다

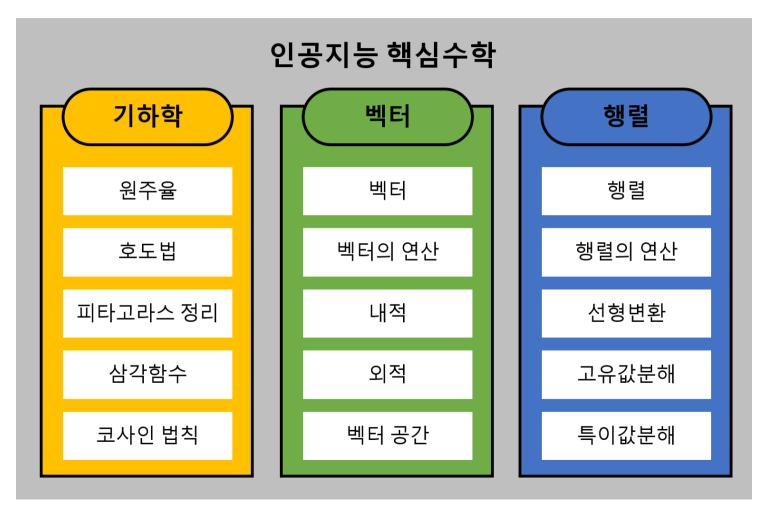
$$AB \neq BA$$

• 행렬의 대각합

$$\operatorname{Trace}(\mathbf{A}) = \sum_{i=1}^n [\mathbf{A}]_{ii}$$



# Big Picture



2022-2 인공지능 핵심수학







- 행렬
  - \_ 정의
  - 연산
    - \_ 덧셈 뺄셈

    - 스칼라배
    - 전치곱셈
  - 종류

- 블록행렬
  - ㅇ 정의
  - 연산

    - 덧셈 뺄셈
    - 스칼라배
    - 전치
    - 곱셈
  - 종류







### 블록행렬의 덧셈

#### 덧셈

$$\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{M}_{11} & \mathbf{M}_{12} & \cdots & \mathbf{M}_{1q} \\ \mathbf{M}_{21} & \mathbf{M}_{22} & \cdots & \mathbf{M}_{2q} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \mathbf{M}_{p1} & \mathbf{M}_{p2} & \cdots & \mathbf{M}_{pq} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{N}_{11} & \mathbf{N}_{12} & \cdots & \mathbf{N}_{1q} \\ \mathbf{N}_{21} & \mathbf{N}_{22} & \cdots & \mathbf{N}_{2q} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \mathbf{N}_{p1} & \mathbf{N}_{p2} & \cdots & \mathbf{N}_{pq} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{M}_{11} + \mathbf{N}_{11} & \mathbf{M}_{12} + \mathbf{N}_{12} & \cdots & \mathbf{M}_{1q} + \mathbf{N}_{1q} \\ \mathbf{M}_{21} + \mathbf{N}_{21} & \mathbf{M}_{22} + \mathbf{N}_{22} & \cdots & \mathbf{M}_{2q} + \mathbf{N}_{2q} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \mathbf{M}_{p1} + \mathbf{N}_{p1} & \mathbf{M}_{p2} + \mathbf{N}_{p2} & \cdots & \mathbf{M}_{pq} + \mathbf{N}_{pq} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ \hline 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & -1 & 1 \\ -2 & 1 & 0 & -2 \\ \hline 0 & 1 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & 2 & 5 \\ 3 & 7 & 7 & 6 \\ \hline 9 & 11 & 9 & 13 \end{bmatrix}$$



### 블록행렬의 뺄셈

#### 뺄셈

$$\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{M}_{11} & \mathbf{M}_{12} & \cdots & \mathbf{M}_{1q} \\ \mathbf{M}_{21} & \mathbf{M}_{22} & \cdots & \mathbf{M}_{2q} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \mathbf{M}_{p1} & \mathbf{M}_{p2} & \cdots & \mathbf{M}_{pq} \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{N}_{11} & \mathbf{N}_{12} & \cdots & \mathbf{N}_{1q} \\ \mathbf{N}_{21} & \mathbf{N}_{22} & \cdots & \mathbf{N}_{2q} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \mathbf{N}_{p1} & \mathbf{N}_{p2} & \cdots & \mathbf{N}_{pq} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{M}_{11} - \mathbf{N}_{11} & \mathbf{M}_{12} - \mathbf{N}_{12} & \cdots & \mathbf{M}_{1q} - \mathbf{N}_{1q} \\ \mathbf{M}_{21} - \mathbf{N}_{21} & \mathbf{M}_{22} - \mathbf{N}_{22} & \cdots & \mathbf{M}_{2q} - \mathbf{N}_{2q} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \mathbf{M}_{p1} - \mathbf{N}_{p1} & \mathbf{M}_{p2} - \mathbf{N}_{p2} & \cdots & \mathbf{M}_{pq} - \mathbf{N}_{pq} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ \hline 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & -1 & 1 \\ -2 & 1 & 0 & -2 \\ \hline 0 & 1 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & 4 & 3 \\ 7 & 5 & 7 & 10 \\ \hline 9 & 9 & 13 & 11 \end{bmatrix}$$



### 블록행렬의스칼라배

• 스칼라배

$$egin{aligned} c egin{bmatrix} \mathbf{M}_{11} & \mathbf{M}_{12} & \cdots & \mathbf{M}_{1q} \ \mathbf{M}_{21} & \mathbf{M}_{22} & \cdots & \mathbf{M}_{2q} \ dots & dots & \ddots & dots \ \mathbf{M}_{p1} & \mathbf{M}_{p2} & \cdots & \mathbf{M}_{pq} \end{bmatrix} = egin{bmatrix} c\mathbf{M}_{11} & c\mathbf{M}_{12} & \cdots & c\mathbf{M}_{1q} \ c\mathbf{M}_{21} & c\mathbf{M}_{22} & \cdots & c\mathbf{M}_{2q} \ dots & dots & dots & \ddots & dots \ c\mathbf{M}_{p1} & c\mathbf{M}_{p2} & \cdots & c\mathbf{M}_{pq} \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$2\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ \hline 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 & 6 & 8 \\ 10 & 12 & 14 & 16 \\ \hline 18 & 20 & 22 & 24 \end{bmatrix}$$



### 블록행렬의 곱셈

### • 곱셈

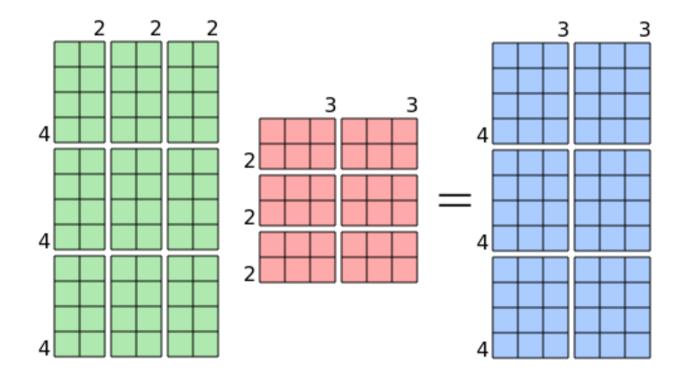
$$\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{M}_{11} & \mathbf{M}_{12} & \cdots & \mathbf{M}_{1q} \\ \mathbf{M}_{21} & \mathbf{M}_{22} & \cdots & \mathbf{M}_{2q} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \mathbf{M}_{p1} & \mathbf{M}_{p2} & \cdots & \mathbf{M}_{pq} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{N}_{11} & \mathbf{N}_{12} & \cdots & \mathbf{N}_{1r} \\ \mathbf{N}_{21} & \mathbf{N}_{22} & \cdots & \mathbf{N}_{2r} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \mathbf{N}_{q1} & \mathbf{N}_{q2} & \cdots & \mathbf{N}_{qr} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \sum_{i=1}^{q} \mathbf{M}_{1i} \mathbf{N}_{i1} & \sum_{i=1}^{q} \mathbf{M}_{1i} \mathbf{N}_{i2} & \cdots & \sum_{i=1}^{q} \mathbf{M}_{2i} \mathbf{N}_{ir} \\ \sum_{i=1}^{q} \mathbf{M}_{2i} \mathbf{N}_{i1} & \sum_{i=1}^{q} \mathbf{M}_{2i} \mathbf{N}_{i2} & \cdots & \sum_{i=1}^{q} \mathbf{M}_{2i} \mathbf{N}_{ir} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \sum_{i=1}^{q} \mathbf{M}_{pi} \mathbf{N}_{i1} & \sum_{i=1}^{q} \mathbf{M}_{pi} \mathbf{N}_{i2} & \cdots & \sum_{i=1}^{q} \mathbf{M}_{pi} \mathbf{N}_{ir} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ \frac{5}{9} & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ \hline 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ \hline 1 & 0 & -2 \\ \hline -1 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix} [-1 & -2] & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix} [1] \\ \hline \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 10 & 11 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + [12] [-1 & -2] & [9 & 10 & 11] \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + [12] [1] \end{bmatrix}$$
$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -8 & 0 \\ 9 & -20 & 0 \\ \hline 17 & -32 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$



# 블록행렬의곱셈

• 곱셈





### 블록행렬의 전치

• 전치(Transpose)

$$egin{bmatrix} \mathbf{M}_{11} & \mathbf{M}_{12} & \cdots & \mathbf{M}_{1q} \ \mathbf{M}_{21} & \mathbf{M}_{22} & \cdots & \mathbf{M}_{2q} \ dots & dots & dots & dots \ \mathbf{M}_{p1} & \mathbf{M}_{p2} & \cdots & \mathbf{M}_{pq} \end{bmatrix}^ op egin{bmatrix} \mathbf{M}_{11}^ op & \mathbf{M}_{21}^ op & \cdots & \mathbf{M}_{p1}^ op \ \mathbf{M}_{12}^ op & \mathbf{M}_{22}^ op & \cdots & \mathbf{M}_{p2}^ op \ dots & dots & dots & dots & dots \ \mathbf{M}_{p1}^ op & \mathbf{M}_{p2}^ op & \cdots & \mathbf{M}_{pq} \end{bmatrix}^ op egin{bmatrix} \mathbf{M}_{11}^ op & \mathbf{M}_{22}^ op & \cdots & \mathbf{M}_{pq}^ op \ \mathbf{M}_{1q}^ op & \mathbf{M}_{2q}^ op & \cdots & \mathbf{M}_{pq}^ op \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left[egin{array}{c|c|c|c} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \ 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \ \hline 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 \end{array}
ight]^ op = \left[egin{array}{c|c|c} 1 & 5 & 9 \ 2 & 6 & 10 \ \hline 3 & 7 & 11 \ \hline 4 & 8 & 12 \end{array}
ight]$$





### 행렬의두가지관점

• 행렬: 가로보기

$$\mathbf{A} = egin{bmatrix} rac{a_{11} & a_{12} & \cdots & a_{1n}}{a_{21} & a_{22} & \cdots & a_{2n}} \ dots & dots & \ddots & dots \ \hline a_{m1} & a_{m2} & \cdots & a_{mn} \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{m imes n}$$

• 행벡터의 열벡터

$$\mathbf{A} = egin{bmatrix} - & \mathbf{a}_1^ op & - \ - & \mathbf{a}_2^ op & - \ dots & dots \ - & \mathbf{a}_m^ op & - \ \end{pmatrix}, \;\; \mathbf{a}_i \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

• 행렬: 세로보기

$$\mathbf{A} = \left[egin{array}{c|cccc} a_{11} & a_{12} & \cdots & a_{1n} \ a_{21} & a_{22} & \cdots & a_{2n} \ dots & dots & \ddots & dots \ a_{m1} & a_{m2} & \cdots & a_{mn} \end{array}
ight] \in \mathbb{R}^{m imes n}$$

• 열벡터의 행벡터

$$\mathbf{A} = egin{bmatrix} ig| & ig| & ig| & ig| \ \mathbf{a}_1 & \mathbf{a}_2 & \cdots & \mathbf{a}_n \ ig| & ig| & ig| \end{pmatrix}, \;\; \mathbf{a}_i \in \mathbb{R}^m$$



# [돌아보기] 행렬의 곱셈: 정의

• 두 행렬

$$\mathbf{A} = egin{bmatrix} a_{11} & \cdots & a_{1n} \ a_{21} & \cdots & a_{2n} \ dots & \ddots & dots \ a_{m1} & \cdots & a_{mn} \ \end{pmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{m imes n}, \;\; \mathbf{B} = egin{bmatrix} b_{11} & b_{12} & \cdots & b_{1l} \ dots & dots & \ddots & dots \ b_{n1} & b_{n2} & \cdots & b_{nl} \ \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{n imes l}$$

• 두 행렬의 곱셈

$$\mathbf{AB} = egin{bmatrix} \sum_{i=1}^n a_{1i}b_{i1} & \cdots & \sum_{i=1}^n a_{1i}b_{il} \ dots & \ddots & dots \ \sum_{i=1}^n a_{mi}b_{i1} & \cdots & \sum_{i=1}^n a_{mi}b_{il} \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{m imes l}$$



### 행렬의 곱셈: 두 블록행렬의 곱셈

(행벡터의) 열벡터, (열벡터의) 행백터

$$\mathbf{A} = egin{bmatrix} - & \mathbf{a}_1^ op & - \ - & \mathbf{a}_2^ op & - \ & dots \ - & \mathbf{a}_m^ op & - \ \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{m imes n}, \quad \mathbf{B} = egin{bmatrix} | & | & | & | \ \mathbf{b}_1 & \mathbf{b}_2 & \cdots & \mathbf{b}_n \ | & | & | \ \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{n imes l}$$

• (행벡터의) 열벡터와 (열벡터의) 행백터의 곱 (Outer Product)

$$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{B} = egin{bmatrix} \mathbf{a}_1^ op \mathbf{b}_1 & \cdots & \mathbf{a}_1^ op \mathbf{b}_l \ dots & \ddots & dots \ \mathbf{a}_m^ op \mathbf{b}_1 & \cdots & \mathbf{a}_m^ op \mathbf{b}_l \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{m imes l}$$



# [돌아보기] 행렬의 전치: 정의

- 전치
  - 轉: 구르다, 회전하다, 예: 회전, 운전, 역전, 반전, 전화위복, 기승전결, 심기일전
  - 置: 두다, 예: 위치, 배치
- 행렬

$$\mathbf{A} = egin{bmatrix} a_{11} & \cdots & a_{1n} \ a_{21} & \cdots & a_{2n} \ dots & \ddots & dots \ a_{m1} & \cdots & a_{mn} \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{m imes n}$$

• 정의: 전치행렬

$$\mathbf{A}^ op = egin{bmatrix} m{a}_{11} & a_{21} & \cdots & a_{m1} \ dots & dots & \ddots & dots \ m{a}_{1n} & a_{2n} & \cdots & a_{mn} \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{n imes m}$$

전치: 열과 행을 바꾼다.  $[\mathbf{A}^{ op}]_{ij} = \mathbf{A}_{ji}$ 



### 행렬의 전치: 블록행렬의 전치

(행벡터의) 열벡터 ⇒ (열벡터의) 행벡터

$$\mathbf{A} = egin{bmatrix} - & \mathbf{a}_1^ op & - \ - & \mathbf{a}_2^ op & - \ & dots \ - & \mathbf{a}_m^ op & - \ \end{bmatrix} \; \Rightarrow \; \mathbf{A}^ op = egin{bmatrix} | & | & | & | \ \mathbf{a}_1 & \mathbf{a}_2 & \cdots & \mathbf{a}_m \ | & | & | \ \end{bmatrix}$$

(열벡터의) 행벡터 ⇒ (행벡터의) 열벡터

$$\mathbf{A} = egin{bmatrix} egin{bmatrix} - & \mathbf{a}_1 & - \ \mathbf{a}_1 & \mathbf{a}_2 & \cdots & \mathbf{a}_n \ dash & ert & ert & ert \end{bmatrix} \hspace{0.2cm} \Rightarrow \hspace{0.2cm} \mathbf{A}^ op = egin{bmatrix} - & \mathbf{a}_1^ op & - \ - & \mathbf{a}_2^ op & - \ dot & dot \ - & \mathbf{a}_n^ op & - \end{bmatrix}$$





# [돌아보기] 행렬의 연산

● 두 행렬

$$\mathbf{A}, \ \mathbf{B} \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$$

• 행렬의 덧셈

$$[\mathbf{A} \pm \mathbf{B}]_{ij} = [\mathbf{A}]_{ij} \pm [\mathbf{B}]_{ij}$$

• 행렬의 스칼라배

$$[c\mathbf{A}]_{ij} = c[\mathbf{A}]_{ij}$$

• 행렬의 전치

$$[\mathbf{A}^{ op}]_{ij} = [\mathbf{A}]_{ji}$$

● 두 행렬

$$\mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}, \ \mathbf{B} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times l}$$

• 행렬의 곱셈

$$[\mathbf{A}\mathbf{B}]_{ij} = \mathbf{a}_i^ op \mathbf{b}_j$$

• 행렬의 곱은 교환법칙이 성립하지 않는다

$$AB \neq BA$$

• 행렬의 대각합

$$\operatorname{Trace}(\mathbf{A}) = \sum_{i=1}^n [\mathbf{A}]_{ii}$$



## 블록행렬의 연산

● 두 행렬

$$\mathbf{A} = [\mathbf{M}_{ij}], \; \mathbf{B} = [\mathbf{N}_{ij}] \in \mathbb{R}^{m imes n}$$

• 행렬의 덧셈

$$[\mathbf{A} \pm \mathbf{B}]_{ij} = \mathbf{M}_{ij} \pm \mathbf{N}_{ij}$$

• 행렬의 스칼라배

$$[c{f A}]_{ij}=c{f M}_{ij}$$

• 행렬의 전치

$$[\mathbf{A}^{ op}]_{ij} = \mathbf{M}_{ji}^{ op}$$

● 두 행렬

$$\mathbf{A} = [\mathbf{M}_{ij}] \in \mathbb{R}^{m imes n}, \; \mathbf{B} = [\mathbf{N}_{ij}] \in \mathbb{R}^{n imes l}$$

• 행렬의 곱셈

$$[\mathbf{AB}]_{ij} = \sum_{k=1}^n \mathbf{M}_{ik} \mathbf{N}_{kj}$$







### References

• 칸아카데미 - 행렬