

# **Rolling Challenges**

### **Objective**

To allow delegates to select their own level of challenge.

# **Beginner Challenges**

Grade reporting tool -

Allow users to put a score of between 0 and 100 into a program. The system should then return their grade based on the following scale:

>90 = A\*

> 80 = A

>70 = B

>60 = C

>50 = D

>40 = E

Anything under this score should be reported as an F

It should loop and allow users to put another grade in, or quit the system. There should also be validation to ensure they cannot put a score above 100 or below 0 into the program.

Areas and Volumes –

Write a program to work out the areas of a rectangle.

Collect the width and height of the rectangle from the keyboard

Calculate the area and display the result.

Extend this program to ask if they want to include a  $3^{rd}$  dimension and return the volume of the rectangular cuboid.

Speed reporting -



Write a program that will work out the distance travelled if the user enters in the speed and the time.

Get the program to tell you the speed you would have to travel at in order to go a distance within a certain time entered by the user.

## **Intermediate Challenges**

Rock, Paper, Scissors -

Create a game of Rock, Paper, Scissors where the uses plays against the computer.

Don't forget to randomize the selection from the computer.

Extension -

Make sure the user inputs a valid choice.

Add a loop structure to play several times and keep score

Password Strength Analyser –

Create a program which accepts a user password and tells them if it needs improving.

A strong password contains at least 1 of each of:

Capital letters

Lower case letters

Numbers

Symbols

And must be at least 8 characters long

The program must report what a password is missing. For example, the supplied password: LetmeInNow should return:

The password has no Symbols

The password has no Numbers

Fibonacci Sequence generator –

Create a Fibonacci sequence generator. (The Fibonacci sequence was originally used as a basic model for rabbit population growth). The Fibonacci sequence goes like this.



### 0,1,1,2,3,5,8,13

The Nth term is the sum of the previous two terms. So in the example above the next term would be 21 because it would be the previous two terms added together (8+13).

You will need create a list of Fibonnaci numbers up to the 50th term.

The program will then ask the user for which position in the sequence they want to know the Fibonacci value for (up to 50).

E.g

Which position in sequence? 6 (start counting at 0)

Fibonacci number is 8

# Advanced Challenges

Hangman -



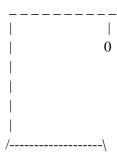
Create a game of hangman.

The program should randomly choose a word and present the user with the underscores as placeholders e.g.

\_\_\_\_\_

It should tell them the choices they have already made and prevent the user from choosing the same letter again.

It should also display a graphic of the state of hanging e.g.





Caesar Cypher -

Write a program to perform a basic 'Caesar' encryption and decryption on text.

This algorithm works by moving letters along by an 'offset'.

If the offset is 2 then  $b \longrightarrow d$ ,  $h \longrightarrow j$  etc.



Try to write two functions—One called 'encrypt' and one called 'decrypt'. Both will return a string.

The user selects whether the wish to encrypt or decrypt.

The user enters sentence to encrypt and the encryption key (i.e. How many we move the letters along—this is a smallish integer)

The program responds with the encrypted or decrypted version